"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Rain to-day; fair, colder Sunday; high south, shifting to west, winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,468. • • • NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

UNCOVER NEW PLOT AGAINST HUERTA

Heavy Guards Stationed Around the Palace and Capitol Garrison Sleeps Under Arms.

OUTLAWS SEIZE A TRAIN

Set Great Tunnel Afire and Escape with Seven Captive Americans—Posses In Chase.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 6.—The Government discovered to-day what it considered a widespread plot for a military uprising. The details are unavailable at a late hour to-night.

Gen. Blanquet held a long conference at the palace and himself posted the commanders of all forces stationed at the capital.

The guards were strengthened and the garrison was ordered to sleep on its arms to-night.

Rumors are current that a detachment stationed at Tlalnepantla, on the outskirts of the capital, had threatened a revolt.

BANDITS SEIZE AMERICANS.

Castillo's Band Fire Tunnel and Train and Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 6.—Seven American railroad officials, engineers and conductors, are prisoners of Castillo's bandits in the mountains of Western Chihuahua, and the big Cumbre tunnel on the Mexico Northwestern Railway is a mass of flames and falling timbers, as a result of the outlaw's latest exploit.

A passenger train which left Juarez Wednesday morning was captured near Cumbre by the bandits, turned loose and sent crashing into stock cars which had been shunted into the mouth of the tunnel and set on fire.

Six of the men taken captive by Castillo are reported to be:

M. J. Gilmartin, superintendent of the railroad.

H. Schoefield, superintendent of terminals at Juarez.

Lee Williams, assistant manager of the railroad commissary.

E. J. McCutcheon, engineer of the passenger train.

J. E. Webster, conductor.

H. F. Mardens, express agent.

Aroused to anger by the capture of the train and the wrecking of the tunnel, posses are forming in the Guerro district to assist the rebels in running down the bandits. The posses are reported to consist of cowboys from the Hearst ranch, railroad employes, and men from the Madero Lumber Company's plant.

From Madera comes a rumor, which is generally discredited, that when the train was sent crashing into the burning tunnel, the passengers, including the Americans, were locked inside the cars and perished.

In previous exploits of the kind Castillo has treated the passengers with consideration, and when the telegraph wire to Madera was restored this afternoon. railroad officials there threw doubt on the rumor.

Gen. Francisco Villa, commander of the rebel forces, who is now at Chihuahua. was enraged at the news of Castillo's outrage, and in a telegram which passed through here to-day instructed Gen. Felipe Macias, operating in the Casas Grandes district, to shoot every man who could not satisfactorily account for his presence there.

The bandits are believed to be operating in two forces of about thirty men each.

Cumbre is a hard day's ride from El Valle, near Casas Grandes, where, according to reports that have arrived here, outlaws were captured and executed Tuesday by a rebel flying cavalry column, sent out to exterminate them. Col. Macias has been severely reprimanded by Gen. Villa for not preventing the work of destruction and will be held responsible for any more such events.

Villa has telegraphed to Casas Grandes, ordering 300 more cavalry to take the field and trail the outlaws until they are captured.

A detachment, which is thought to be under the command of Castillo himself, is believed to have wrecked the tunnel probably in revenge for the fate of his men at El Valle. According to another report, Castillo destroyed two neighboring bridges, one of them of steel, and ran two locomotives over the embankment into a canyon.

The Cumbre tunnel fired by the bandits is one of the best pieces of railroad engineering in Mexico. It is 3,785 feet long, and it required eighteen months to bore it. Wooden cribs line its entire length, and it is believed that the flames have absolutely ruined it.

An order for 10,000 Mauser rifles and 1,000,000 rounds of Mauser ammunition has been sent to a New York firm by rebel purchasing agents here with instructions to rush them as fast as possible. Nothing but Mauser rifles will be ordered by the revolutionists in the future, as Gen. Villa wants all his troops to be equipped with the same type of firearm.

Under the order from Washington, releasing munitions of war seized before the lifting of the embargo, rebel leaders asked that 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition and one field gun held in El Paso be turned over to them.

The road from Eagle Pass to the City of Mexico via Torreon, where the next big battle of the revolution is expected to take place, was reported open to-day.

MASSING TO ASSAIL TAMPICO.

Rebels Cut Water Supply and Threaten to Fire Oil Tanks.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 6.—That the rebels are concentrating in strong force for an immediate attack on Tampico is indicated in a wireless dispatch received today from Clarence A. Miller, United States Consul there.

Consul Miller says the rebels, after being repulsed in a small fight near Laguna Puerta on Wednesday, retreated to Los Esteros. During the night several trainloads of reinforcements arrived from Victoria, and the following day the rebels left Los Esteros and made a rapid advance movement on Altamira and Tampico, driving in the Federal advance guard and openly expressing the intention to take Tampico by storm last night or to-night.

Apparently, however, the attack was

Continued on Page 2.

DISASTER DUE TO WIRELESS?

French Electrician Attributes Volturno Fire to Hertzian Waves.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Saturday, Feb. 7.—A startling suggestion is advanced by M. Duroquier, a French electrician, which The Journal publishes this morning.

M. Duroquier, while experimenting at the wireless station at Anche, in Touraine, noticed repeatedly that the most delicate instruments were deranged when the wireless stations at Rochefort and the Eiffel Tower were exchanging messages. It appeared that the waves when crossing one another caused a certain interference. By means of Hertzian waves he even exploded little glass bulbs filled with gas.

Anche is exactly half way between Paris and Rochefort. The electrician continued his researches, and now makes the following suggestion:

If the three wireless stations at Glace Bay, Clifden, and Bizerta be joined on the map by straight lines running to the Eiffel Tower, it will be noticed that the middle of the lines thus traced—that is to say, the point where the waves of each station cross one another—coincides exactly with the spot where recently some catastrophe has occurred, due either to an explosion or a fire.

On the mid-point of the line between Paris and Glace Bay, he says, occurred the Volturno disaster; on the midpoint between Paris and Clifden the explosion in a Cardiff coal mine, and on the mid-point between Paris and Bizerta the gunpowder explosions on the French cruisers at Toulon.

"DON'T GRAB," SAYS PAGE.

American Ambassador's Blunt Speech on Mexico to Englishmen.

NEWCASTLE, Eng., Feb. 6.—Walter H. Page, the American Ambassador, speaking to-night before the Newcastle Chamber of Commerce touched upon the Monroe Doctrine and the situation in Mexico.

Mr. Page said the United States desired no more territory, as it now had sufficient for a self-governing unit.

The Monroe Doctrine, the Ambassador asserted, stood for self-government. The United States desired no European Government in America because it wished to dedicate the American Continent to self-government by the peoples, who live there.

Referring to Mexico, Mr. Page said the United States could send an army into the Southern republic to harry the land, but that would be to establish a protectorate—that would not be self-government.

Mr. Page is visiting Newcastle as the guest of Lord Joicey.

Referring to complaints that investors were losing money in Mexico, Mr. Page said nothing could be done; that dividends would not come any quicker through the sending of a United States army there.

"When men who love to fight as a pastime have been restrained for twenty-five years," the Ambassador continued, "they must fight for four or five years before they arrive at an ordinary state of equilibrium. Therefore, if they fight long enough and get tired, why should we not some day have peace and order? I see no other way for it."

In concluding Mr. Page said:

"Come to our country and invest your wealth in our enterprises and you will be heartily welcomed. I hope you will come and reap richer rewards than ever. As far as the United States is concerned you are equally welcome to invest in Mexico, but don't come under the pretense of making an investment and grab the Government. If you do, wherein are you better than revolutionary generals?"

GOETHALS MADE SUPREME.

Wilson Gives Him Power to Organize Canal Force and Fix Salaries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—By order of President Wilson, the organization of the permanent force to operate the Panama Canal is intrusted to Col. George W. Goethals, who becomes Governor of the Canal Zone on April 1. Under the Executive order, issued at the request of Mr. Garrison, the Secretary of War, and made public to-day, Col. Goethals is authorized to make appointments and fix salaries, exercising his own judgment as to the force needed. It is estimated that the total canal force will number about 2,500 men. Col. Goethals is expected to retain as many of the present staff as can be profitably employed.

The President's order, setting forth in detail the conditions of employment for individuals, accord with the present regulations in general, with such modifications as are regarded necessary to meet the changed conditions from the actual operation of the canal. The only exceptions to the new Governor's right of appointment are in the cases of the District Judge, the District Attorney, and the Clerk of the Court, whose designation is retained in the hands of the President under the terms of the Canal act.

In fixing salaries, the only restriction is provided in the law that pay on the Isthmus shall not exceed the salaries paid for similar services in the continental United States by more than 25 per cent.

Col. Goethals expects to sail from Colon next Wednesday for the United States, and will confer with Secretary Garrison about the details of the reorganization plan.

BIG COLD WAVE COMING.

Whole West Nipped by Blast, and It Is Sweeping Eastward.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—A big cold wave, the worst of this Winter, is coming eastward in a hurry. A special bulletin to that general effect was issued by the United States Weather Bureau to-day. The cold wave is expected to reach the Middle Atlantic States by Sunday morning. Even Florida will get a touch of it.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Zero weather today extended as far south as Texas and in the Northwest States the mercury went to 40 degrees below zero.

Extreme temperatures were: Havre, Mont., 42 below; St. Joseph, Mo., zero; Denver, 12 below; Amarillo, Texas, 2 above; Bismarck, N. D., and Winnipeg, Man., 30 below; Spokane, Wash., 4 below; Hemingford, Neb., 15 below; Cheyenne, Wyo., 22 below.

Farmers, in the grain belt are gratified by the snow because it affords protection to Winter wheat.

DENVER, Feb. 6.—With a temperature of 15 degrees below zero to-day, Denver got the first real cold wave of the season. At Cheyenne, Wyo., the mercury dropped to 22 below zero.

DALLAS, Texas, Feb. 6.—Severe Winter weather, the first of the season, visited the Southwest to-day. In the Texas Panhandle temperatures dropped to zero. In Oklahoma snow accompanied the extreme cold. At Vernon, Texas, the temperature fell from 52 degrees above to 16 above zero in 3 hours.

TOLLS EXEMPTION WRONG, SAYS WILSON

Mistaken Policy and an Aid Only to Monopoly, He Writes to Friend.

HIGH PRAISE FOR BRYAN

Secretary Should Command Nation's Respect and Admiration—Fight Coming in the House.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 6.—President Woodrow Wilson, in a letter to William L. Marbury of this city, which will be published in The Baltimore Sun tomorrow, says that the exemption of American coastwise shipping from Panama Canal tolls "constitutes a very mistaken policy from every point of view," and "benefits for the present, at any rate, only a monopoly." The President also pays a high tribute to Secretary of State Bryan, who, he says, deserves "not only our confidence but our affectionate admiration."

The letter follows:

White House.
Washington, Feb. 5, 1914.

My Dear Mr. Marbury: I have your letter of Jan. 30. * * * With regard to the question of canal tolls, my opinion is very clear. The exemption constitutes a very mistaken policy from every point of view. It is economically unjust; as a matter of fact it benefits for the present, at any rate, only a monopoly, and it seems to me in clear violation of the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

There is, of course, much honest difference of opinion as to the last point, as there is, no doubt, as to the others; but it is at least debatable, and if the promises we make in such matters are debatable, I for one do not care to debate them. I think the country would prefer to let no question arise as to its whole-hearted purpose to redeem its promises in the light of any reasonable construction of them rather than debate a point of honor.

Your reference to the Secretary of State shows how comprehensively you have looked on during the last few months. Not only have Mr. Bryan's character, his justice, his sincerity, his transparent integrity, his Christian principle, made a deep impression upon all with whom he has dealt; but his tact in dealing with men of many sorts, his capacity for business, his mastery of the principles of each matter he has been called upon to deal with, have cleared away many a difficulty, and have given to the policy of the State Department a definiteness and dignity that are very admirable.

I need not say what pleasure and profit I, myself, have taken from close association with Mr. Bryan or how thoroughly he has seemed to all of us who are associated with him here to deserve not only our confidence but our affectionate admiration.

Sincerely yours,
(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.

Mr. Wm. L. Marbury,
Baltimore, Md.

FIGHT ON TOLLS REPEAL.

Wilson Urges It to Pay for British Aid in Mexico, Says Knowland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—President Wilson's advocacy of the repeal of the provision in the Panama Canal act of Aug. 24, 1912, exempting American coastwise trade vessels from payment of tolls when using the canal, will be vigorously fought in the House of Representatives. Chairman William C. Adamson of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, which framed the original draft of the Panama Canal act, stands with President Wilson in favor of the repeal, as well as a majority of the committee, but there is a "fighting minority" in the committee against the repeal.

This minority, which was responsible for the enactment of the toll exemption provision, consists of Representatives Joseph R. Knowland of California, Frank E. Doremus of Michigan, J. Harry Covington of Maryland, and a few others. They were defeated in the committee two years ago, when an attempt was made to insert a "free tolls" provision in the canal act, but in the House forced the adoption in the canal act of the provision in favor of no payment of tolls by American coastwise ships.

Representative Knowland of California announced his intention to-day to lead the same fight for the retention of this provision in a statement in which he inferred that the Wilson Administration was undertaking to repeal the clause in payment for the friendship of the British Government during the Mexican imbroglio.

"We are paying a dear price," said Mr. Knowland, "for the friendship of Great Britain, even though it may help us out in Mexico. The proposed bill will, I predict, precipitate one of the most spirited debates which have been heard in Congress for years, and will provoke a very free and full discussion of our foreign policy.

"To meet fully the objections of Great Britain, a full and complete surrender of American rights at Panama will be necessary. The mere repeal of the coastwise provision will not suffice, as a careful reading of the British protests will demonstrate.

"The British objections are more far-reaching and have a greater significance than is generally appreciated. Those who have closely followed events leading up to and following the receipt of the several British notes are convinced that it was Section 11 of the act, the railroad provision, that was originally responsible for the objections from across the water.

"As one of the proofs of this statement, I direct attention to the fact that the first discussion of the question in Parliament concerned the railroad section. On June 18, 1912, Mr. Hewins interrogated the Secretary for Foreign Affairs as to whether his attention had been called to the section of the Canal bill prohibiting railroad owned ships from using the canal where they competed with themselves for traffic. On July 5, 1912, a cable dispatch, dated London, July 4, (a rather significant date) appeared in the papers of the United States stating that with the arrival of Robert L. Borden, Canadian Premier, and his colleague, the Canadian statesmen were to discuss with the British Government the pro-

Continued on Page 2.

American Liberty in Danger, Declares Judge Cullen

Former head of the Court of Appeals says the most important question of the day is the rapid subversion of individual rights.

IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

PANKHURST SISTERS IN SUFFRAGE SPLIT

Sylvia Bolts the Militant Organization Because It Won't Fight.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Another division has occurred in the camp of the militant suffragettes, Sylvia Pankhurst having broken away from the Women's Social and Political Union, which her sister Christabel has been directing from Paris.

Some months ago Sylvia formed the East London Federation of the Women's Social and Political Union, but in future this will be a separate organization. It is suggested that Sylvia has been cold-shouldered by the official body because for some time she has been adopting a militant policy of her own.

The split is all the more remarkable because it marks a division of opinion between the two sisters. While Christabel has been issuing instructions from Paris that the Women's Social and Political Union was to be kept independent of all political parties, the movement led by Sylvia has been showing Socialistic tendencies. The formation of a "people's army," with the object of resisting alleged police brutality, was the latest of Sylvia's feats.

This is the third split since the militant movement started. First Mrs. Despard and others broke away and formed the Women's Freedom League; then Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, disagreeing with Mrs. Pankhurst's militant methods, severed their connection and carried on their own campaign.

A new suffragist society has made its appearance in London. It consists of men and women and is called the United Suffragists. The promoters believe that both sexes can usefully co-operate on equal terms in an organization for the enfranchisement of women. An appeal is made to all classes for support, and subscriptions are not obligatory for members. The essential qualification for membership is to regard woman suffrage as the foremost political issue of the day and to be willing to further the cause without considering the interest of any political party.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Reports of dissensions in the inner circles of the militant organization involving the Pankhurst triumvirate have been in circulation for some time. According to these, Christabel Pankhurst is anxious to end her long exile in Paris and return to London and take control of the organization; for it is doubtful if her mother, Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who is still in Switzerland, will be well enough for some months to resume her arduous duties of Commander in Chief.

But Christabel, the reports have it, desires to come back under the conditions that will not make necessary frequent terms of imprisonment for her under the "Cat and Mouse act." Therefore, it is said, she wants militancy dropped. In this stand she has the support of many of the older members of the organization, who believe that, while militancy has accomplished the purpose of bringing the suffrage question to the front, a continuance of militant tactics will be injurious to the cause.

KAISER BEGAN TRUST WAR?

Berlin Paper Says He Is Imitating America to Flatter Us.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The Kleine Journal, a semi-sensational weekly, publishes a story that the recent raid on the German branch of the American Tobacco Company at Dresden was an expression of the Kaiser's desire to imitate the Roosevelt and Wilson methods in fighting trusts.

It is alleged that the Emperor last Autumn summoned to a confidential conference the late Privy Councillor, Ludwig Max Goldberger, who was called the best-posted man in Germany on American business affairs, and received from him an account of the trust controversy in the United States.

The Kaiser thereupon, according to The Kleine Journal, determined to flatter the American Government, on whose good-will and friendship he lays much stress, by emulating its anti-corporation tactics.

German has plenty of trusts, but no legislation corresponding to the interstate commerce laws or the Sherman act, and The Kleine Journal goes on to explain that the Kaiser, therefore, induced the Saxon police to proceed against the Tobacco Trust's Dresden branches under a paragraph in the Penal Code which makes secret dealings a misdemeanor.

The article, which must be taken with several grains of salt, intimates that the Kaiser was also inspired by a desire to make his subjects think that he was democratically inclined.

HATHAWAY MONKEYS BURN.

Twenty Performing Animals Were Valued at $20,000.

In a fire that destroyed the home of Charles Critian at 31 Tiffany Street, Irvington, N. J., early yesterday, twenty performing monkeys, valued at $20,000, were burned to death. The animals had been on vaudeville circuits in this country and Europe. They were known as Hathaway's Monkeys.

The fire started from some undetermined cause near the monkey cages. Critian, who is a trainer of monkeys, was awakened with other members of his family by the squealing of the animals. They hurried to where the monkeys were quartered, but the whole building was in flames, and to save the animals was impossible.

HUNT STATE OFFICER WHO FAILS WHITMAN

Process Server Is Sent After State Treasurer Kennedy with a Subpoena.

A process server from the District Attorney's office started last night on a hunt for State Treasurer John J. Kennedy. The process server had instructions to serve a Grand Jury subpoena on the State Treasurer commanding him to appear in New York County as a witness in the graft investigation. The process server may have to go to Buffalo to find the State Treasurer.

Mr. Kennedy was to be a witness yesterday in the John Doe investigation. He had been invited to testify, and it was understood that he would appear about noon. As a matter of courtesy a subpoena was not served.

When the State Treasurer had not arrived at noon, Assistant District Attorney Embree telephoned to Albany and reached him in his office. Mr. Kennedy explained that he did not want to testify in the John Doe investigation before he had consulted his lawyer, who lived in Buffalo. Mr. Embree insisted that everything was in readiness for the hearing and that Mr. Kennedy should hasten to New York. Mr. Embree finally said that he would consult with District Attorney Whitman. He told the State Treasurer that he would call him on the telephone again within twenty minutes.

Before the twenty minutes had passed Mr. Embree again called Mr. Kennedy's office. This conversation followed:

"Is the State Treasurer in?"
"No, he's out."
"This is Mr. Embree of New York. I had an appointment with Mr. Kennedy."
"Well's he just left."
"Has he gone for the day?"
"Yes, he's taken his bag and he's gone."
"To New York?"
"No, to Buffalo."
"Who are you?"
"I'm the deputy."
"What is your name?"
"I'm one of the employes."
"What is your name?"
"Batten."

It was expected that Mr. Kennedy and ex-Gov. Sulzer would appear as witnesses yesterday. The absence of the State Treasurer caused a postponement of the John Doe hearing until Monday.

When District Attorney Whitman heard what had happened he instructed a process server to look for Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Whitman wants the State Treasurer's testimony on matters relating to Barge Canal Contracts 71A and 72A, awarded by the Canal Board in 1912 and 1913. Mr. Kennedy has been a member of the Canal Board since Jan. 1, 1911. He was a witness before the Grand Jury last week, but Mr. Whitman wants to question him further.

Ex-Gov. Sulzer, it is expected, will be a witness Monday. The Grand Jury will meet again on Tuesday.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Feb. 6.—Treasurer Kennedy was not at his home here to-night. Personal friends said that they thought he was in Albany. They believed that he would come here to-morrow.

PLEA FOR RADIUM CURE.

Secretary Lane Sees a Conservation Lesson in Mr. Bremner's Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Secretary Lane of the Department of the Interior sees in the death of Representative Robert G. Bremner of New Jersey, a plea for an increased supply of radium to be used in fighting cancer. Mr. Lane, who is advocating legislation for the conservation of the nation's radium, issued a statement in which he said:

"The surgeons in charge of the Baltimore Hospital were reluctant to use the radium treatment in Mr. Bremner's case because, as they said, the one gram of radium that they could bring together in the United States would be entirely inadequate for attacking, with any hope of success, the giant cancerous growth that was sapping the life of the young member of Congress.

"But Mr. Bremner was anxious that the experiment be tried, so that even a failure might teach lessons that would help the common cause. His death is another of the thousands of pathetic appeals for treatment of cancer in its early stages, and for larger supplies of radium to help the surgeons in all parts of the country in the fight against this dread disease."

Chaplain Couden at the opening of to-day's session of the House, paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Bremner. Mr. Couden said the sunny smile and sympathetic interest of the New Jersey member would be missed in Congress, and in every walk of life.

'UNCLE JOE' CANNON LONELY

Says He'd Like to be Back in Congress—May Be a Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, at a dinner given here last night by Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, announced that he was lonely and anxious to came back to Washington. He made it plain that unless some of the youngsters out in his district got busy pretty soon he would be out in the open fighting for re-election.

"I am not exactly unhappy," said the former Speaker. "I would rather be back in Danville than wearing a path in the pavements of Washington. But, I'll be frank with you, I'd rather be back here in the halls of Congress where I served 38 years. I would be happier here. When I went back to Danville last Spring I said, as I have since said to the young bloods there, I want to see the youngsters get into the fight. I want to see them take my old district and carry it back to the Republican column. I wanted to give the youngsters a chance.

"I made this very well known. Then my friends came to me and said: 'Cannon, we have followed you in conventions for a great many years. We never saw a time in those conventions when you did not ask for the nomination. We followed you; we fought for you. Now, don't you think it is about time that we had something to say about this?'

"Danville is a prosperous, lovely city. It's the sort of place where every one knows what every one else is doing. But every one there is busy looking after his own business."

WOMAN MURDERED BY VEILED VISITOR

Mrs. Harriet Manning Shot in Mother's Home by Stranger in a Black Dress.

SLAYER POSSIBLY A MAN

Fires at Victim as She Enters Room, and Then Flees—Mrs. Manning Recently Left Her Husband.

A heavily veiled person in woman's garb, who may have been a man in disguise, went to the home of Mrs. Harriet Cobb at 219 Warren Street, Newark, last night and killed Mrs. Harriet Manning, the 28-year-old daughter of Mrs. Cobb. Mrs. Manning had been living with her mother since her separation several months ago from her husband, Charles Manning, who is said to be a well-to-do garage owner of 43 Greenwood Avenue, Montclair.

According to the story told to the police by Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Mary Riley, a younger married sister of the dead woman, it was a few minutes before 8 o'clock when the slayer arrived at the Warren Street home. Mrs. Cobb, who had been to a nearby grocery store to do some shopping, was just entering the house through a rear door when the door bell rang. Mrs. Manning was in the dining room and with her was Mrs. Riley. Mrs. Riley went to the front door to answer the bell.

A figure wearing a black dress, over which was a gray raincoat, stood in the door. The visitor was heavily veiled and very low voiced.

"Is Mrs. Manning in?" the stranger asked.

"Yes," Mrs. Riley answered½ "do you wish to see her?"

"Yes, I do," the stranger replied. "Please tell her that an old friend of hers from Philadelphia would like to see her for a few moments."

"What name shall I give?" Mrs. Riley asked.

"Oh, no name at all, just say an old Philadelphia friend."

Mrs. Riley without further ado ushered the visitor into the parlor and went back to the dining room, where she delivered the message to her sister. Mrs. Manning was puzzled, saying that she had no old friends so far as she knew in Philadelphia. However, she decided to see what the woman wanted and went into the dimly lighted parlor.

"I am Mrs. Manning. Who are you?" Mrs. Manning asked.

Mrs. Manning Shot Twice.

"Why, don't you know me?" the stranger replied.

Then as Mrs. Manning remarked that she would get more light the visitor pointed a pistol at her and fired. A second shot followed as Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Riley rushed into the room. Mrs. Manning sank to her knees beside a couch, her head falling on the couch. The first bullet entered her head just below the left ear and the other passed through her neck.

The stranger pointed the pistol at Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Riley next, and, commanding them to keep quiet, began to back out of the parlor. The women were too frightened to obey the command and screamed, whereupon the slayer fired two shots into the wall and then ran out of the house.

Warren Street was deserted at the time, not even a policeman being in the immediate neighborhood as developments showed. Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Riley, panic stricken, ran to the home of Mrs. D. Murray, two doors away, and told her that Mrs. Manning had been murdered by a strange woman. The three women hurried back to the Cobb house, and on the way met Policeman Frank Farrell, who went into the house with them. They found Mrs. Manning on her knees beside the couch. Farrell summoned an ambulance from the City Hospital, but the doctor who responded said that Mrs. Manning could not possibly have lived more than a minute or two after she was shot, if she lived that long. Either wound, he said, was a fatal one.

Farrell in the meantime had notified Chief of Detectives Tuite who hurried to the house with several of his men and began an investigation. In the hall they found a wet umbrella supposedly left there by the slayer who had forgotten it in the hurry to make an escape. On the parlor floor was found the pistol with four of the chambers empty. That four shots had been fired was proved by the fact that there was a bullet hole in the ceiling of the room and another embedded in the wall behind a framed picture through which it had passed.

Police Question Husband.

Capt. Tuite questioned both Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Riley at great length, and finally decided to take them to Police Headquarters. Capt. Tuite asked the mother and sister to try to remember the names of any of Mrs. Manning's friends—either men or women—with whom she was not on the best of terms. They gave the names of a number of persons, among them several men.

Two persons, a man and a woman, were brought to Newark Police Headquarters shortly after midnight this morning. The man was Charles Manning, husband of the dead woman. He said that he was entirely ignorant of any of the facts attending the crime, and that the first he knew of it was when told about it by the Newark detectives. Manning was still being questioned by Capt. Tuite at 1 A. M.

The woman brought to headquarters was veiled, and all information concerning her was refused by the police. She was brought to Headquarters in a taxicab.

Capt. Tuite admitted that the case was one of the most puzzling that he had been called upon to solve in years. He has no description of the face of the slayer, and at the present time his only clues are the statements of Mrs. Riley to the effect that the stranger was tall and wore a black dress, a black hat, and gray raincoat. The entire detective force of Newark is at work, and the New York, Jersey City, and Hoboken police have been asked to aid.

From Mrs. Catherine Boylan and her daughter Nellie, who occupy the floor above the Cobb apartments, the police learned little. Mrs. Boylan is quite deaf and heard no shooting, and the girl says she heard some shots fired, and when she told her mother there was shooting going on downstairs they became so frightened that they did not make an investigation. They did not hear any one ring the front-door bell, and they also said they saw no one leave the house.

FROM HAREM TO COLLEGE.

Ottoman Government Admits Women to the Universities.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 7.—The Daily Telegraph's Constantinople correspondent says that the Ottoman Government has decided to admit women to the universities, where a special course of lectures on hygiene, domestic economy, and the rights of women will be delivered for their benefit.

In enlightened Ottoman circles the Government's new measure is regarded as an appropriate means for regenerating the world of Islam and placing it on a level with the civilization of the West.

THREE ARMY OFFICERS GONE

No Trace Found of Lieuts. Smith, McCune, and Farnham.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Three army officers have disappeared in the last few weeks and no trace of them can be found. They are Second Lieut. Spencer M. Smith of the Nineteenth Infantry, which is at Texas City, Texas; First Lieut. Frank C. McCune, an infantry officer not attached to any regiment, but on duty at the military prison on Alicatraz Island, California, and First Lieut. Clarence H. Farnham of the First Infantry, stationed at Texas City.

The commanders under whom these officers have been serving have informed the War Department that they have no knowledge whatever of their whereabouts or the reasons for their disappearance. Their accounts appear to be correct, and all of them have been regarded as efficient officers heretofore.

$7,000 ALIENATION AWARD.

Ten Eyck Conover Wins Verdict, Despite Brutality Testimony.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 6.—Ten Eyck Conover, a farmer of Browntown, won a verdict of $7,000 to-day in his suit against Ernest L. Phelps, who has a school of design at 254 West Twenty-third Street, New York. He had charged that Phelps alienated the affections of his wife.

The verdict came as a surprise, for the plaintiff's case had been subjected to blow after blow during the day's testimony in which Mrs. Conover and her daughter, Isabella Conover, told stories of Conover's extreme brutality. The daughter said that he always called her mother by unspeakable names, and that one night he dragged them both out of bed, and turned them out into the cold, with the flourish of a revolver as they retreated before him.

Mrs. Conover said her husband had tortured a girl with a monkey wrench, had beaten another, and had hung another to a rafter by her thumbs. There was much of this sort of testimony, but the jury found for Conover.

FIND CHILD CHAINED UP.

Screams Draw Constable to House—Father Locked Up.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 6.—With his face cut and swollen and with a heavy chain and padlock dangling from his right wrist, nine-year-old Ernest Kurzan was brought to the police station here this afternoon by Constable Wallsich, who said he had found the child chained to a bed in the Kurzan home at 747 Second Street, when he was drawn there with others by the sound of screams coming from within.

The screams had come from the boy and from his fourteen-year-old sister, Florence, whom the constable found backed against the wall, while her father, holding her there with one hand, was beating her in the face with his fist. Huddled in a corner of the room were the seven other children, too scared to interfere.

The little boy said it was one of his father's tricks to come home drunk and beat the first of his children to cross his path. To-day he had not gone to work at all, but had returned to the house about 9 o'clock.

The father is locked up on a cruelty charge; the little boy is in the General Hospital, and neighbors have taken in the other children. Kurzan is a widower.

ROCKEFELLER STARTS EAST.

Leaves Cleveland Secretly on Next to Last Day for Tax Returns.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 6.—With only one day left him under the law to list personal property for taxation, as demanded by the Ohio officials, John D. Rockefeller left for the East this afternoon, presumably on his way to his residence at Pocantico Hills, N. Y.

Mr. Rockefeller had stayed much longer than usual at Forest Hill, owing to the illness of Miss Lucy Spellman, Mrs. Rockefeller's sister, and had hinted that he might spend the Winter here, as he found the golf playing excellent. A fews days ago, however, the Tax Assessors decided that under the Warner law in Ohio the oil man ought to pay taxes in East Cleveland, where he had lived most of the time. They therefore served notice at Forest Hill that unless he paid taxes, figured at over $10,000,000, within a few weeks they would sue. They did not reach Mr. Rockefeller, but served his secretary.

This afternoon Mr. Rockefeller, accompanied by a young man, went to the 105th Street Station of the Lake Shore and was aboard the train before Tax Assessors or reporters, who had been watching for him, knew of it.

That Mrs. Rockefeller did not go along is taken here to indicate that he may not stay long in the East. Miss Spellman was taken to Tarrytown in care of a nurse about a week ago.

DRINK REFORM FOR RUSSIA.

Council of the Empire to Abrogate Night Licenses for Spirits.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 6.—The Council of the Empire to-day adopted drastic clauses in the bill for the regulation of the sale of alcohol. The new clauses prohibit the sale of spirits in towns between 11 o'clock at night and 9 o'clock in the morning, and after 6 o'clock in the evening in country districts. They prohibit entirely the sale of liquors in a number of public establishments, including Government offices, refreshment rooms in theatres, concert halls, and moving picture shows, and in public gardens.

Count Serge Witte, former Premier, recently made a dramatic appeal to the Council of the Empire to check the consumption of spirits, which he declared was leading Russia to ruin.

Sometimes a Pipe's the Only Thing
To keep a boy from ruin—
For every snare the world can fling
Is set for his undoin';
Wreathed in gray films, in careless slouch,
His firm mind he'll recover—
And thank the Alltogether Pouch
That's Alltogether Rubber!—Adv.

BUYS A RAPHAEL FOR OVER $700,000

P. A. B. Widener Pays Record Price in America for "Small Cowper Madonna."

IT IS ONLY 24 BY 17 INCHES

But Considered by Art Experts One of the Very Finest Works of the Famous Painter.

LOSS A BLOW TO ENGLAND

Attempt to Raise a Fund to Keep It There Failed—Bought Last Fall for More Than $500,000.

The "Small Cowper Madonna," also known as the "Panshanger Raphael," the most valuable picture ever brought to this country, has been sold by Duveen Brothers of this city to P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia for a price said to exceed $700,000.

The picture was bought by the Duveens last Fall in London from the Cowper collection and they gave out the purchase price at that time as more than $500,000. There have been rumors of the sale of the picture to an American at prices ranging up to $1,000,000 for several days. These rumors started with the arrival of the picture by the White Star Olympic on Jan. 21 but were denied by the Duveens. Yesterday it was learned the Madonna had been sold to Mr. Widener.

Neither Benjamin nor Joseph Duveen would give the exact figure at which the painting had been sold but they admitted that $700,000, which is by far the largest price ever paid for a picture in this country, was very near the figure.

Other paintings which have been bought by art collectors here at high prices are:

"The Mill," by Rembrandt, purchased by P. A. B. Widener for $500,000.

One of the Cattaneo collection by Van Dyck, purchased by Mr. Widener for $500,000.

"Portrait of the Duke of Olivares," by Velasquez, purchased by Mrs. Collis P. Huntington for $400,000.

"Portrait of Self, Wife, and Child," by Frans Hals, purchased by Duveen Brothers for $400,000.

"St. Roch," by Rubens, purchased by Andrew Carnegie for $300,000.

"Portrait of the Hon. Anne E. Duncombe," by Gainsborough, purchased by A. C. Frick for $400,000.

"Portrait of Margaret Wyatt," by Holbein, purchased by Benjamin Altman for $250,000.

"A Merchant," by Rembrandt, purchased by H. C. Frick for $250,000.

History of the Picture.

The famous little Raphael Madonna acquired by Mr. Widener measures only 24 inches by 17, and is one of three painted about 1505 in Florence, during the first flush of Raphael's enthusiasm for new masters and in the first flowering of his most gracious and delicate manner. He had left behind him the mannerisms of Perugino but not that artist's serenity and child-like outlook on the world. He was responding to the rich and mysterious influence of Leonardo, who, with Michelangelo at the time of Raphael's first visit to Florence, was exciting Italy by cartoons of the battle of Anghieri and the war with Pisa. He was becoming acquainted with Florentine sculpture and finding in that also much to stimulate his art. Donatello largely inspired his sketch of St. George and the Dragon, Fra Bartolommeo helped him to his profound knowledge of spacious composition, Masaccio said something to him of drama, Signorelli incited him to the study of the human form from life and research into problems of anatomy. The whole Florentine world was pouring its riches into the hands of this youth who coming almost a boy to the beautiful city was received by the masters on equal terms.

Nearly all the Madonnas of Raphael have nicknames. The "Madonna di Sant' Antonio" is the one in the Morgan collection. The "Madonna Nicolini" is the somewhat larger Madonna of the Cowper collection, the "Madonna del Gran Duca" is in the Pitti Gallery, called for the Grand Duke of Tuscany, who once upon a time bought it for 571 crowns. The "Madonna di San Sisto" in the Dresden Gallery has the distinction of being the only picture painted by Raphael upon canvas.

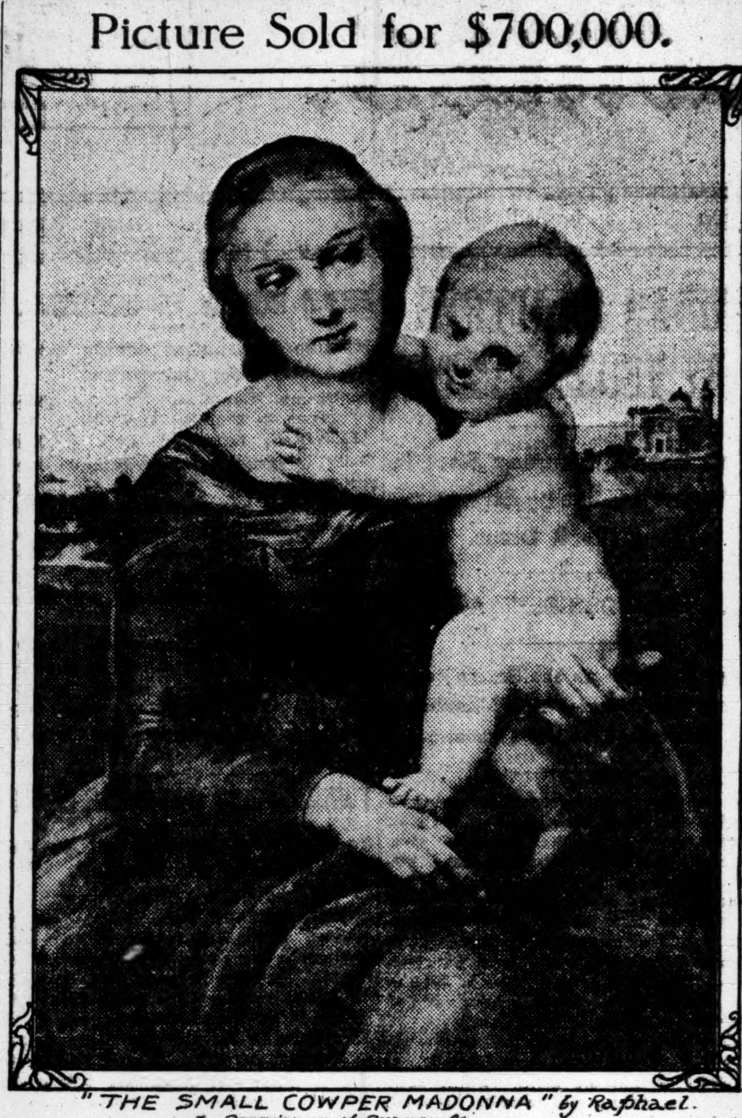
Sir Claude Phillips last December protested in The Daily Telegraph against so lovely a painting as the small Cowper Madonna being tagged by so ugly a name as the Panshanger Raphael, the name by which it was commonly known in England because it hung in the Cowper collection at Panshanger, Hertfordshire, the family seat of its owners. In the art literature of Germany it is called the "Small Cowper Madonna," to distinguish it from its larger companion in the same collection.

Loss Felt in England.

This collection was counted one of the glories of England before it was broken up to scatter its treasures over two continents. It contained the great "Holy Family," by Fra Bartolommeo, Andrea del Sarto's "History of Joseph," a large equestrian portrait by Rembrandt, and a number of full length Van Dycks, but the Raphael was its purest gem. In concluding his article Sir Claude Phillips ends on a note of mourning:

"That the Desborough collection should lose," he says, "and the nation fail to secure so exquisite a thing as this Panshanger Raphael is a catastrophe that we should not cease to deplore, though it is one among the many that of late years we have been compelled to suffer. The blows of this kind follow one another with such regularity and at such short intervals that they must in the long run harden those upon whom they descend. But this is one of the keenest. This Raphael would undoubtedly have been a most desirable addition to the National Gal-

Picture Sold for $700,000.



"THE SMALL COWPER MADONNA" by Raphael.
By Permission of Braun & Co.

lery, which contains many Raphaels, but no Madonna of a beauty so suave or so characteristic of the Urbinate in his profoundly interesting time of transition. The Panshanger Raphael would have been—we repeat—a most delightful addition to the Umbrian group, and its acquisition would have given the national collection a lovelier Madonna by the Urbinate than at present it can boast."

This Raphael had been in the possession of the Cowper family since 1780, when the third Earl, who was British Minister at Florence, acquired it. Negotiations for its purchase by Duveen Brothers were not completed until the National Gallery authorities and their friends had had opportunity to make every possible effort to raise the money asked for it, and it is interesting to recall that the previous failure on the part of the nation to respond occurred in connection with Rembrandt's "Mill," which is now in Philadelphia. An intense silence surrounded the whole matter while the "National Arts Collection Fund" was attempting the impossible, and it is said that the Duveens extended the period originally named for the conclusion of their purchase in order to give England a liberal chance.

The experts on Raphael's work consider this Madonna an unsullied example of the master's own brush. It was painted when Raphael was only 22 years old, and shows an already extraordinary technical mastery. According to Sir Claude Phillips, it has "all the exquisiteness of the moment of transition between the Umbrian and the Florentine manners." The Virgin is a characteristic type, young, mild, and beautiful. She wears a red tunic, cut square across the breast, and a blue mantle lined with green. She holds the child on her right hand, his arms are about her neck. In the background is a river winding toward blue hills, on the right are the marble porch and campanile of the church that Cronaca had built on the road to S. Miniato, called by Michelangelo his "bella villanella."

Reputed Van Dyck Brings $5,515.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—At the Christies' sale of the Reiss collection pictures the portrait of Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles I., ascribed to Van Dyck, was sold to-day for $5,515, and Lord Leighton's "Bacchante" for $630. Whistler's "Bleu et Violet—La Belle du Jour," a charming trifle 6½ inches by 4, was bought by Knoedler for $1,365. Sir John Millais's "Portrait of a Lady in a Black Dress" brought $135, and C. Fielding's "Vessels Off Bridlington" $1,575.

TOLLS EXEMPTION WRONG, SAYS WILSON

Continued from Page 1.

posal that no ships owned by a railway shall be allowed the use of the Panama Canal.

"It is significant that the first British note was dated July 8, 1912. Quick action was evidently obtained in the interests of the Canadian Transcontinental railroads.

"Section 11, it will be recalled, prevents ships owned or controlled by railroads subject to the Interstate Commerce act from passing through the canal when these ships 'compete' for traffic with their rail lines. The section, it is understood, was aimed to prevent transcontinental railroads from minimizing the value of the canal as a competitor by paralleling their lines with steamships.

"The Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern report to the Interstate Commerce Commission, and when the law was passed it was stated openly on the floor that it was the opinion of the commission that these Canadian transcontinental railroads came under the act. They are very likely to engage in the same practices which the section seeks to prevent American transcontinental railroads from engaging in, and, being in competition with American roads should be subjected to the same restrictions.

"In the note of Sir Edward Grey, dated Nov. 14, 1912, this statement is made:

> If the provision (the railroad provision) is intended to apply under any circumstances to British ships, they (his Majesty's Government) must reserve their right to examine the matter further and raise such contentions as may seem justified.

"In other words, Great Britain demands all the benefits of the act for British ships, but will not submit to the same restrictions.

"In the policy of surrendering everything to Great Britain it will be necessary to abrogate our treaty with the Republic of Panama. In the British note occur these words:

> There is also exception for the exemptions granted by Article XIX. of the convention with Panama of 1903.

"And, finally, in order to emphasize its claim of complete control over this American canal, in the construction of which we have expended $400,000,000 of American gold, the British note takes exception to the provision in the bill aimed to allow this Government to pass its own battleships, revenue cutters, transports, and other craft without toll. The British note objects to the words 'other than for vessels of the United States.' The American Congress must recall this provision and pay for its own ships."

ATTACKS BRYAN DIPLOMACY.

Returned American Says It Does Not Fit Conditions in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Feb. 6.—Americans and other foreigners in Mexico City are disgusted with Bryan diplomacy, according to refugees from the Mexican capital passing through here. P. L. Echols of Fort Smith, Ark., was outspoken in his denunciation of the Secretary.

"Twelve months ago nearly all Americans in Mexico were pronounced Democrats," said Mr. Echols, "and there was general rejoicing in President Wilson's election, particularly because it meant the end of the Knox dollar diplomacy. Bryan was popular among Americans in Mexico, and they were pleased with the announcement that he had been selected for Secretary of State. To-day they are disgusted with him. His dreams of world peace will not fit the present situation in Mexico.

"Nothing can save the situation except intervention. A policy of action instead of dreams must be adopted by the United States or anarchy will reign throughout that republic."

LAND COMMISSION HALTS.

No American Appointed, with 800 Claims to be Adjudicated.

Much dissatisfaction prevails in Panama, according to the local newspaper, because of the practical dissolution of the Joint Land Commission. This was formed to adjust land claims in the Canal Zone, and now the two members representing the United States Government have resigned, with 800 claims left undecided.

The commission is supposed to consist of four members, two appointed by the United States and two by the Government of Panama. No session has been held since the resignation of Dr. Rowe in September. Dr. Roland F. Faulkner, the other American representative, returned to the United States on Dec. 16, having tendered his resignation, it is reported, at a request from Washington.

The last joint commission dissolved in August, 1908, and from that date until March, 1913, there was no commission in session. Of this period, The Star and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in English in Panama, says: "During this five years the work on canal construction went on unimpeded or unhampered by the protests of those whose properties were taken for canal purposes, either forcibly or otherwise."

"Many instances might be cited of the seizure and destruction of private property in the Canal Zone without compensation to the owner," continues the newspaper. "One would naturally assume that the courts would be able to accord some measure of satisfaction, but such is not the case.

"The Government of the United States and the Isthmian Canal Commission cannot be sued in the Canal Zone courts, nor can officials of the Government be enjoined from seizing property that may be needed for canal or railway purposes, because of a clause in the treaty between the United States and Panama, which provides that no part of the work on the canal or railroad shall be prevented, delayed, or impeded pending proceedings to determine damages to the owners of private property seized. The courts, therefore, being powerless to render aid, the joint commission is the sole and only tribunal in which jurisdiction is vested to pass upon claims of this nature.

"For six months the commission was in session, and its awards were far from high. However that may be, some compensation was allowed to the property owners, and the mere fact that this tribunal was assembled seemed to indicate that the Government of the United States, through its administrative officers in the Canal Zone, was at last willing that justice should be no longer denied.

"The resignation of Dr. Rowe, however, has afforded the opportunity to effect the practical dissolution of this Treaty Board. Article XV. of the treaty provides that in the event of the death, absence, or incapacity of a member, his successor shall be appointed. Instead of adhering to the solemn provisions of a compact, of which it is a signatory, the United States has demanded the resignation of its remaining Commissioner.

"Meantime, there are hundreds of claims pending before the commission. All visual evidence of the existence thereof is being gradually destroyed, and later an emphatic denial of the validity of all such claims will doubtless be made. Naturally, the claimants are disgruntled and feel that it is hopeless to expect fair and honorable treatment.

"They assert that Governmental agents have attempted to force them to accept meagre and unsatisfactory settlements of their claims, stating that the dissolution of the Joint Commission has been obtained and that none will be assembled within five or ten years."

MAY DEFEND JOHN BURKE.

Former Circuit Judge Collins Arrives at Panama.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Feb. 6.—Lorin C. Collins, former Circuit Judge of the Canal Zone, arrived at Colon yesterday on the steamship Turrialba from New Orleans.

It is reported that he is here to defend John Burke and others in expected prosecutions for fraud in the Commissary Department. The investigation is being pushed by Secret Service Agent Nye. Legal action is expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The decision by the Attorney General that legal action may be taken in the case of John Burke of the purchasing department of the Panama Railroad Company was followed to-day by an order from Secretary of War Garrison to Col. George W. Goethals, head of the Panama Canal Commission, to forward at once to H. Snowden Marshall, United States Attorney, District of New York, all the evidence in his possession in regard to the alleged acceptance by Burke of gratuities from contractors for supplies for the railway.

This evidence has been partly obtained on the Isthmus and partly in the United States and Europe. It is said to consist of the testimony of members of firms that had dealings with the Commissary Department of the Panama Railway.

SAYS SOUTH FEARS NEGROES

Vardaman Declares Women There Are Living in State of Siege.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—After another day's debate on the race question, the Senate agreed to vote to-morrow on the final passage of the Lever Agricultural Extension bill.

Senator Gallinger started to-day's argument with a statement in favor of the Jones amendment to provide that negro agricultural colleges in the South shall share in the administration of the proposed fund for farm demonstration.

This brought forth extended remarks upon the negro by Senator Vardaman, who declared it would be a Godsend if the negro was not permitted to vote in any State. The women of the Southern States were living in a state of siege, with more dread than in the days when the wild man and wild beast roamed the frontier.

"And yet," he added, "some men who know no more about the subject than I do about the political economy of the planet Mars would tell you all about the negro problem."

Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan expressed the opinion that the possession in the South of $500,000,000 worth of property by the negroes was a tribute to the latent ability of the race.

AUSTRALIA WILL EXHIBIT.

Asks Panama Fair Authorities for 50,000 Square Feet.

MELBOURNE, Feb. 6.—Formal notification has been sent to the authorities of the Panama-Pacific Exposition by Patrick McMahon Glynn, Minister for External Affairs, that the Commonwealth of Australia will be represented at the exposition. He is asking for the allotment of 50,000 square feet for Australian exhibits and 27,900 square feet for a national court.

McCALL PRAISES ENGINEERS

Pays Tribute to Subway Workers at Troy Polytechnic Dinner.

The ninetieth anniversary of the founding of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of Troy was celebrated last night by a dinner at the Biltmore, which was described on the menu cards as "a tribute to the engineering profession." As guests of honor the Dinner Committee invited the Presidents and other representatives of the four leading engineering associations and men well known in the engineering profession.

Chairman Edward E. McCall of the Public Service Commission, one of the speakers, talked about the subways and paid a high tribute to the engineers who made the work possible. The subways to be built in New York, he said, furnished more difficult engineering problems than the building of the Panama Canal. In fact, he said that comparison was ridiculous.

"A learned Justice of the Supreme Court before whom a case in connection with the proposed subway in the south section of the city was brought," said Mr. McCall, "told me that he was amazed and astounded at what the papers dealing with the plans revealed. To him, he said, it was like reading a chapter out of the 'Arabian Nights.' Well, he was right to say so, when you consider that the section of the subway in question was to extend beneath the towering skyscrapers."

When Mr. McCall began to speak he was received with three rousing cheers. He mentioned that fact, saying:

"I noticed that when Howard Elliott was greeted he received three cheers and a tiger. Now, I couldn't understand the absence of that tiger at the end of the cheers for me. I'll have to find out from Elliott in what district he belongs."

The Rensselaer men responded by a resounding cheer, ending with three tigers. Mr. McCall followed up with another sally.

Nelson P. Lewis, a member of the class of 1879, presided. He called upon Howard Elliott, Chairman of the New Haven lines, and Mr. Elliott told the engineers that he believed it was their duty to aid, by their knowledge, in helping to solve the economic and social problems of to-day. In his business, he said, there had been in the last few years a narrowing margin between what the great transportation interests put into their business and what they took out.

Mr. Elliott predicted that little by little a firm foundation would be built under the New Haven property by winning the confidence of the staff, of the people, and of the public bodies which were brought into touch with the railroad.

FOR UNEMPLOYED WOMEN.

Plans to Aid Them to be Made at Meeting To-day.

The Committee on Ways and Means appointed at the meeting on Friday in the rooms of the Women's Trade Union League, 43 East Twenty-second Street to devise plans for providing work for the many unemployed women in this city, selected these officers yesterday: Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Chairwoman; Mrs. J. H. Wise, Secretary, and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Treasurer. The situation was discussed at yesterday's meeting and plans for providing work were outlined, which will be presented at a general meeting of the women who started the movement, called for this morning.

A brief statement was made after the meeting, which said that there were many ways in which a large number of unemployed women could get work through the co-operation of those who are in sympathy with the movement.

The women who have interested themselves in the present movement on behalf of unemployed girls include Mrs. Amos Pinchot, Miss Anna Rhodes, Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Mrs. Ogden Reid, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mrs. Walter Maynard and Mrs. Grant La Farge.

It was announced yesterday that a free employment bureau for women had been established at the Women's Trade Union League headquarters, which is near the centre of a large district of garment and other factories.

CALLS WHITMAN INSINCERE.

T. D. Robinson Attacks Him and Both Old Party Leaders.

District Attorney Whitman and the men who dominate the Republican party at Albany were attacked by Theodore Douglas Robinson, State Chairman of the National Progressive Party, and a nephew of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, in an address at Richmond Hill before the members of the Progressive Club of Richmond Hill and Woodhaven on Thursday night.

"I haven't the same admiration for Whitman that some men have," said Robinson, "and I hope he won't ever be Governor of this State. He is a 'four-flusher.' He gets away with the goods sometimes, but he isn't sincere."

Robinson flayed both the Republican and Democratic Parties in the State, said he expected both to split over candidates for Governor next Fall, and predicted that the Progressives would win.

"If the Democrats don't look out all their available candidates for Governor will be in jail before they are ready to consider them," said he.

DENIES STORY FROM RAMON PRIDA'S BOOK

Ex-Ambassador Wilson Says Huerta Didn't Dictate His Dispatch.

REPORTED MADERO'S DEATH

Said He Was Killed by Guards, but Thirteen "Eye-Witnesses" All Told Different Stories.

Henry Lane Wilson, former Ambassador to Mexico, who has arrived at the Waldorf from the West, yesterday denied the story of the dispatch containing the news of Madero's death, as told by Ramon Prida in the extract from his forthcoming book, "From Despotism to Anarchy," which was published in THE TIMES last Sunday. Mr. Wilson intimated that the only reason why he did not proceed against Mr. Prida was irresponsibility on the part of the latter, and that a similar charge from a responsible Mexican source, or from an official of the United States Government or Congress, would meet with a different reception from him.

Prida made the charge that the account of the killing of Madero was penned in the presence of Huerta, and written in the military headquarters, and that from there Ambassador Wilson telephoned for an employe of the embassy to call for the message and deliver it at the cable office. He conveyed the intimation that Huerta dictated the telegram.

"The trouble about a matter of this kind is that one dislikes to dignify the unimportant individual who makes the charge," said Mr. Wilson. "It is a great pity that the unfortunate Madero, who was an honest, if a misguided, man, should have his story told by untruthful historians having no personal knowledge of the events themselves. The statement referring to my action in connection with the death of Madero is false in every detail, as the entire staff of the embassy in Mexico will bear me witness.

"It is incredible that any American should believe for one moment that a diplomatic representative of this country could be so far forgetful of the dignity of his position and its obligations as to permit an executive officer of another Government to dictate, or even suggest, the character of a communication to this Government.

"Now, in the first place, no telegram of the character indicated by this imaginative Mexican patriot was sent to the Department of State. The dispatch that was sent reported simply that the automobile conveying the President and Vice President from one prison to another had been attacked, and that in the struggle which followed both had been killed by their guards.

"I do not know that this story is wholly true. I simply reported the best information I could obtain. I may tell you that I examined thirteen supposed eye-witnesses of the event afterward, and the stories of every one of them differed in every detail.

"In the second place, the story of my being summoned to the presence of Huerta and of his dictating a telegram which was afterward carried to the cable office by an employe of the American Embassy, is a malicious fabrication. I was not out of the precincts of the embassy for more than a week after Madero's death, and I did not see Gen. Huerta until some two weeks after that event. Like all other diplomats and foreigners, I was profoundly shocked by the tragic events which followed the success of the revolution, and for some two weeks, as is known to all the Diplomatic Corps in Mexico and to our embassy staff, I avoided all official contact with the new Government, with the single exception of Mr. de la Barra, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, from whom, and from whom only, I received information, not as from the Minister of a recognized Government, but as from an official of a de facto Government, and as a from a friend whom I had known as Mexican Ambassador in Washington, and who is known throughout this hemisphere as a humane and altogether excellent man.

"It is useless to attempt to meet stories told by those Mexicans who seem to be endeavoring to destroy their own country from a foreign soil. Whenever any Mexican of recognized standing and authority makes a charge against me, sustained by credible evidence, I shall be glad to pay serious attention to it; and whenever this charge or any similar to it is fathered by any person officially representing the Government of the United States or by any member of Congress, I shall respond by such action as will leave the result beyond any question of doubt."

Speaking of the raising of the embargo on the exportation of arms from the United States to the rebels, Mr. Wilson said:

"The material effects will not be great, for the reason that the revolutionists have been obtaining arms and ammunition sufficient to meet their requirements constantly. But there is another side which is serious. Raising the embargo amounts in effect to setting the approval of the American Government on the use of those arms for the taking of human life and the destruction of property. This would seem hardly to fill the description of what the President has called 'a policy, not of expediency, but of morals.'

"Most of these arms will be at the disposal of Villa, whose character as a brigand and as a ruthless destroyer of human life and property is known to all people who know Mexico. During the revolution against Madero, this man, while serving under Huerta, made a special business of raiding and robbing American properties. Finally he captured an American, Capt. Fontaine, and shot him to death without trial. For this crime he was arrested at my request, tried by a court-martial, and sentenced to the penitentiary. He had been there nearly a year when he escaped, and he was in arms against Madero when the latter's government fell.

"This man Villa evidently now has an American tutor who is telling him what to say; but all the flattery and the promises and excuses Villa can utter can never explain the massacres of Ojinaga, of Chihuahua and of Juarez."

WON'T USE BRITISH RIFLES.

Canadians Insist on Aperture, Not Open Sights, for Bisley.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 6.—There is a lively fight on between the British War Office and the Canadian Militia Department. The Dominion House of Commons got the details to-day from Col. Hughes, Minister of Militia in the Canadian Government.

Col. Hughes said the British Army was armed with an obsolete rifle, fitted with an open sight, while the Canadian militia carried a most modern weapon, fitted with an aperture sight. The British War Office had recently ruled that an aperture sight was unsuited for field work, though that it was the best sight for active service, Col. Hughes asserted, and had been demonstrated by the United States, whose soldiers were armed with a modern rifle, he said, equipped with an aperture sight.

The shooting skill of the British empire is tested each year at Bisley, where picked marksmen from Great Britain, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Canada compete. For several years past Canadians, armed with their service rifle, have been taking the chief prizes at Bisley. This year, at the instance of the War Office, Bisley officials have ruled that aperture sights cannot be used in Bisley matches. Col. Hughes said this meant that the Canadian marksmen would have to shoot with the British rifle or stay out of the meet, as there were no open sight on the Canadian rifles.

"Let me say plainly to the British War Office," said Col. Hughes, "that no Canadian marksman will have to bow to its autocratic ruling. If we are obliged to abandon our Canadian rifle or use the obsolete British weapon at the decree of the War Office, we will retire from the contest."

DELAY IN CASSIDY CASE.

Arguments on Certificate of Reasonable Doubt Set for Tuesday.

At the request of District Attorney Cropsey, the arguments on certificates of reasonable doubt asked for by Joseph Cassidy and Louis T. Walter, Jr., convicted of conspiracy to sell a Supreme Court nomination to William Willett, was adjourned yesterday until Tuesday. Assistant District Attorney Freshman told Supreme Court Justice Blackmar of Brooklyn, who is to hear the argument, that as the order to show cause why the certificates should not be granted had been served only the day before the District Attorney had not had time to prepare his papers in opposition.

The adjournment acts automatically as a stay, and Cassidy and Walter will remain in the Raymond Street Jail. They were to have been taken from there on Monday—Cassidy to Sing Sing and Walter to the penitentiary. Should the certificates be granted on Tuesday, the prisoners will be released under bail until their appeal from the conviction is decided.

UNCOVER NEW PLOT AGAINST HUERTA

Continued from Page 1.

deferred to await the arrival of reinforcements from the south. These are expected to arrive on Sunday night and force a passage across the Panuco River to help in the general assault by an attack on the undefended south side of the city.

The rebels yesterday destroyed the water tank service fifteen miles up the river from Tampico, leaving only a three days' supply of water in the city reservoir. The rebels have planned to fire the oil tanks of the five foreign oil companies and turn the blazing streams into the river, destroying or compelling the immediate retreat down the stream of the Mexican gunboats guarding the east and west approaches to the city. The Vera Cruz is the only gunboat now at Tampico, but others are expected.

The Federal garrison at Tampico has been greatly depleted, owing to the dispatch of troops to help defend San Luis Potosi and the attempt to reopen the railroad from San Luis Potosi to Tampico, to which much damage has been done recently by rebel raiders.

Tampico is now isolated except through communication by the wireless of the war ships.

The movement of the rebels indicates a radical change in the plans adopted after the repulse in the first attack on Tampico in December. It was then expected to concentrate all efforts to reduce Monterey before resuming the attack on the oil port.

MERLIN, Feb. 6.—The German Minister to Mexico to-day requisitioned the German steamship Ypiranga for the removal of German subjects from Tampico.

REBELS CANNOT GET KRAGS.

Would-Be Purchasers Foiled by Garrison, Enforcing Regulation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Renewed efforts of representatives of the Mexican rebels or persons assuming to act for them to buy arms from the United States Government were foiled to-day by Secretary Garrison, who refused to modify the regulations in regard to the sale of discarded rifles. When such arms have been sold in any considerable numbers to dealers, it has been the rule to require that they be shipped "over seas" and a bond given for the faithful performance of this condition.

It is understood the constitutionalist junta wants to buy 20,000 Krags, and that it was the plan to ship them across the border at Laredo or El Paso. This plan is now upset and an effort will be made, it is hinted, to arrange for making the shipment to France, and thence back to Tampico, which the Constitutionalists expect to capture soon.

TO ARM 4,500 MORE INDIANS.

Great Insurgent Activity Is Shown in Every Quarter.

CULICAN, Sinaloa, Feb. 6.—From all sides to-day came reports to Constitutionalist headquarters of renewed insurgent activity in northern Mexico.

Gen. Carranza was advised that all was ready for the attack by Gen. Villa on Torreon.

Gen. Gonzales, commander of the northwestern zone, reported eight brigades were moving south to attack the principal points of central Mexico.

Gen. Obregan received orders to-day to recruit at once 5,000 men to be armed with rifles which have been ordered from the United States.

From the hills surrounding Guayamas, Yaqui, and Mayo Indians began pouring into the rebel stations to-day. They had been refused rifles previously because of scarcity of arms. It was estimated that 4,500 Indians would be armed at once, increasing the Indian regiments to more than 10,000 men.

PLAN TO BUY WARSHIPS.

Ambitious Rebels Talk of Procuring Two 15,000-Ton Vessels.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Feb. 6.—Statements from sources friendly to Huerta that the lifting of the embargo would do the Constitutionalist cause no good because the rebels had no money were met to-day by assertions by Carranza agents that they not only had money enough to buy rifles by the hundred thousand, but were financially able to purchase warships of sufficient destructive power to blow the Federal navy out of the water.

Two warships of 15,000 tons displacement each are to be purchased at once for operations along the Pacific Coast of Mexico, according to a statement made here to-day. It was hinted that these vessels were already selected.

WILSON "IMPRACTICABLE."

London Globe Thinks Lifting of Embargo a Dangerous Policy.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—While "respect for his high character and fine ideals" moves The Globe to wish President Wilson well out of his troubles in connection with Mexico, Peru, and Haiti, whose "blood-stained Administrations" challenge the President's policy of nonrecognition, it considers his position impracticable. The newspaper continues:

"The expedient of sanctioning and supporting civil war in a neighboring State is a declaration of war in a form which can hardly be reconciled with the comity of nations. The danger of the situation from the point of view of the United States is that there is no retreat with honor from the uncompromising if impracticable position President Wilson has taken up."

MADRID, Feb. 6.—President Huerta to-day telegraphed to The Spanish-American Union here, replying to its request that he bring about an armistice in Mexico in order to arrange a compromise with the revolutionists. He stated that he was increasing the Federal army with the object of pushing forward his campaign against the rebels. Gen. Huerta at the same time invited the newspapers of Madrid to send correspondents to Mexico to view the situation.

The Spanish press commented freely on the Mexican situation to-day. Several leading newspapers accused the United States Government of "fomenting anarchy." El Diario Universal, the organ of Count Romanones, a former Premier, affirms that if the revolutionists in Mexico are supplied with arms from the United States, the Government at Washington is bound to impose respect for the lives and property of foreigners in Mexico.

SAILING TO GET ARMS.

The Zaragoza Leaves Vera Cruz for New Orleans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 6.—The gunboat Zaragoza sailed at noon to-day for New Orleans under secret orders.

Some prominent members of the French colony in Mexico were aboard, also Ignacio Melgaro, an engineer, who is reported to have authority to buy arms.

TERRAZAS GOES TO WORK.

Alberto, Once Governor of Chihuahua, to Till a California Farm.

EL PASO, Feb. 6.—With his huge income tied up by three years of revolutions, Alberto Terrazas has been compelled to seek a means of livelihood. He left to-day for Pasadena and expects to buy or lease a small farm, where he can make a living until tranquillity is restored and he can regain control of some of the family property, estimated to be worth $35,000,000 to $40,000,000. Even then it may be lost, for the rebels have declared it confiscated.

"I do not mind going to work; it may be a good thing," he said to friends before his departure.

Terrazas was once Governor of Chihuahua but did not work for a living. Now, according to himself, he is to labor for bread and butter. He learned much of farming and the breeding of horses and cattle on his own ranches, and his friends say he will be able to get along.

The Terrazas fortune was founded by Don Luis Terrazas, now an octogenarian refugee in this city. Land grants from Presidents Juarez and Diaz were constantly enlarged and the Terrazas domain now stretches from Juarez 375 miles south to Jiminez and west to Casas Grandes. All this was the property of the senior Terrazas and his three sons, Juan, now in the City of Mexico; Luis, Jr., held at Chihuahua as a hostage by the rebels, and Alberto. The latter, it is said, would not accept aid from his father's reduced store, preferring to fight his own way. When he and his wife and children boarded the train, the only servant in the party was an old nurse.

HOHLER TO SUCCEED CARDEN?

First Secretary Arrives Here, but Is Diplomatic in Meeting Query.

Thomas B. Hohler, First Secretary of the British Legation in Mexico, arrived last night from London on the Cunarder Lusitania and left later for Washington where he will see Sir Cecil Spring-Rice and then proceed to Mexico City via Key West, Havana, and Vera Cruz, to relieve Sir Lionel Carden, the Minister. When asked if he had been appointed Minister to Mexico to take the place of Sir Lionel Carden, who, it was said, had been ordered home, Mr. Hohler smiled and replied diplomatically:

"I am going to Mexico City to take charge of the British Legation while Sir Lionel goes home on leave."

Persons in England, who had large investments in Mexico, were naturally concerned over the condition of affairs in that country, he added, but it was not a matter of general interest.

It is understood on good authority, that Mr. Hohler's appointment as Minister to Mexico will be announced by the British Government after Sir Lionel Carden has arrived in London, and his appointment to another post is decided upon.

WOULDN'T BAR ALL HOLDING CONCERNS

Untermyer for Defining "Good" and "Bad" Companies in Anti-Trust Prohibition.

SEES FLAWS IN MEASURES

Even Disapproves Ban on All Interlocking Boards—Doubts the Validity of the Definitions Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Samuel Untermyer of New York appeared before the House Judiciary Committee to-day with an argument against prohibiting all holding companies in the application of the Sherman law.

Mr. Untermyer suggested that a line of demarcation should be drawn between holding companies that might be termed "good," and others which might be regarded as "bad," and that in framing legislation care should be taken to lodge discretionary power to pass upon their character. Mr. Untermyer thought that the proposed trade commission might determine just what holding companies should be allowed to continue in operation.

Mr. Untermyer does not agree with those who would absolutely prohibit all corporations from acquiring or holding the stocks of other companies. There were many cases, he thought, in which this sweeping prohibition was neither wise nor practicable. A law aimed at all holding companies would prevent the organization of purely security-holding companies, which Mr. Untermyer thought were very desirable as a means of equalizing the risks of investment for small holders. A law which made no distinction between "good" and "bad" holding companies, would, Mr. Untermyer argued, prevent many useful co-operative enterprises from exploiting mines, patents, and similar enterprises.

The prohibition against holding companies, Mr. Untermyer thought, should be confined to competing companies and to protecting minority holders against injustice and oppression. Mr. Untermyer argued that no stockholder should be compelled to submit to control of the property in which he was a partner by another company in the same line of business, and that every corporation should be managed solely in its own interest and never in the interest of another company.

As to holding companies that should be prohibited, Mr. Untermyer thought no corporation should be permitted to own or hold shares of or be interested in the business of an actual or potential competitor, and that no corporation should hold interests in any other corporation whatever, even though noncompetitive, except with the consent of the Interstate Commerce Commission or of the proposed Trade Commission.

While favoring, generally, the Administration's anti-trust bills known as the "Five Brothers," Mr. Untermyer believed these measures contained flaws that ought to be corrected. The need of the Trade Relations bill, seeking to prevent so-called cut-throat competition and to prohibit price-cutting and other practices, does not particularly impress Mr. Untermyer, who thinks most of the remedies sought could be obtained by the Sherman law.

One provision of the bill Mr. Untermyer thought might be enacted into law was its prohibition against discriminations in the sale of coal.

Mr. Untermyer said he would not prohibit all interlocking Directorates, as proposed, but would have the prohibition applied to all interstate corporations whose gross annual business exceeded, say, $2,000,000, or had capital or assets exceeding, say, $1,000,000.

Mr. Untermyer criticised the final section of the so-called Sherman Law Definitions bill, questioning its constitutionality on the ground that it proposed to limit the constitutional rights of the courts by limiting their right of review in anti-trust cases.

Hearings were continued before the Interstate Commerce Committee to-day on the Trade Commission bill, when James E. Finneran of Boston and Prof. C. F. Nixon of Massachusetts, representing the National Association of Retail Merchants, were heard. They urged some provision granting to manufacturers of a patented or copyrighted article the right to fix the price at which such article should be sold.

The witnesses said there were certain big chains of drug stores throughout the country which would buy certain patented articles and sell them at greatly reduced prices as a leader, the effect of this being to drive small and independent dealers out of business. In this connection the United Cigar Stores Company and the Riker-Hegeman drug stores were mentioned.

Members of the committee told the witnesses that they need not expect this Congress to enact any law that would allow price-fixing, or that would put the Government into the price-fixing business.

TO NATURALIZE WOMEN.

Socialists Expect to See Equal Suffrage in 1915.

The Women's Committee of Local New York of the Socialist Party has opened a naturalization instruction bureau for women at 1,459 Third Avenue in the hope that the women of New York State will have the vote in 1915. Circulars were sent to all the different union headquarters of working women. The circular contains the list of questions usually put to aliens applying for naturalization papers, and says:

"You need not be a Socialist to avail yourself of this opporunity. We wish to help you to become a citizen regardless of your political opinions. Women vote in Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Wyoming, Washington, Oregon, California, Arizona, and Kansas. In New York State the Legislature passed a Woman Suffrage bill in January, 1913. This bill will come up for a second vote before the next Legislature, and if passed again will be submitted to the male voters in 1915. If the male voters prove themselves intelligent and progressive the women of New York State will be enfranchised in 1915."

The bureau is to be open every Thursday evening from 8 to 10 o'clock for the instruction of women who want to become citizens.

MAY DIE FOR POLITENESS.

Car Hits Man Escorting Two Women Over Busy Street.

Two elderly women waiting at Columbus Avenue and Sixty-first Street last night in the rain to make the crossing through the press of taxicabs and automobiles bound for the theatre district were accosted by a middle-aged man of good manners with another of shelter under his umbrella and aid in crossing the street. The women had just passed over the street car rails when their escort was hit and carried on by a northbound Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue car.

Screams and shouts finally brought the motorman to a stop. The man was picked from under the fender unconscious and will probably die. The motorman said his glass weather shield was fogged with rain and he could not see ahead. There were no arrests.

The dying man carried a bank pass book of the New York Savings Bank, at Eighth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, made out in the name of Andrew Emmert. He was about 40 years old, five feet eight inches tall, and of 180 pounds weight. He was taken to the Polyclinic Hospital, and all efforts there failed to revive him.

FOLK FOR WILSON PLANS.

Praises Trades Commission and the Mexican Policy.

Joseph W. Folk, Solicitor for the State Department and ex-Governor of Missouri, said yesterday that the trades commision proposed by President Wilson should be welcomed by all business men. Discussing the proposed commission at the Waldorf, Mr. Folk said:

"The business man who desires to obey the law will be able to go to the trades commission and have the way pointed out in which he can act with the assurance of his Government's approval.

"If he is uncertain whether he should do a certain thing he may present his proposition to the commission and if it is improper he will be so advised. If it is legal and proper, he will be told to go ahead. Thus he can act with certainty and avoid the endless complications and trouble that arise when business men cannot tell when they are within the law and when not."

Mr. Folk predicted the establishment of a trades commission and with it the adoption of the other recommendations of the President.

"A Presidential primary law will be enacted," he said, "whereby the people will be able to select their own nominees without the intervention of conventions. Also it will not be very long before the Mexican problem will be solved in accordance with the policy of the President and Secretary Bryan. The result will be one of the greatest triumphs of diplomacy in the history of international law."

Mr. Folk spoke on these topics last night before the People's Institute in Cooper Union.

WOULD ENJOIN MITCHEL.

J. J. O'Reilly Asks Writ Restraining Mayor from Advocating Police Bill.

Describing the Goethals Police bill as a measure tending to "re-establish slavery as it existed among the colored people prior to the civil war," Joseph J. O'Reilly, editor of The Chief, a civil service journal, yesterday filed an application in the Supreme Court for an injunction restraining Mayor Mitchel from advocating the adoption of legislation that would give the Police Commissioner absolute control of the department, with power of dismissal without appeal. Mr. O'Reilly seeks the injunction as a taxpayer through his attorney, Florence J. Sullivan, who is counsel for a police benefit organization.

The present civil service laws, says Mr. O'Reilly, give the Commissioner ample power to remove incompetent or dishonest policemen or to fine or otherwise discipline members of the department, but the Mayor now proposes methods by means of which he and the Commissioner could impose fines, penalties, and dismissals whether just or unjust.

Of Mayor Mitchel's endeavors to procure Col. Goethals as Police Commissioner the application says:

"Mayor Mitchel has been in office one month and five days, and his present Police Commissioner is an efficient official of wide experience. He is in all respects eminently qualified to discharge the functions of his office to the entire satisfaction of all voters and citizens of New York City. There is no just cause for the change of Police Commissioners."

SCHOONER GOES ASHORE.

Crew of the Helen H. Benedict Rescued by Life Savers.

NAGS HEAD, N. C., Feb. 6.—The schooner Helen H. Benedict of New Haven, Conn., from Perth Amboy to Fernandina, with a crew of nine men, was driven ashore near here to-day in a gale. Life savers took off her crew in a breeches buoy.

The schooner Helen H. Benedict belonged to the Benedict-Manson fleet. She was thirty-three years old and was worth about $8,000. Her Captain was Windsor W. Torrey of Deer Isle, Me.

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POLICEMAN, SHOT BY GUNMAN, DIES

Murtha Expires a Few Hours After Being Wounded—Second Man in Serious Condition.

HASTEN TRIAL OF ASSAILANT

Commissioner McKay Praises Policemen Who Caught Him—Department Honors for Murtha.

Policeman Edward Murtha of the Butler Street Station, Brooklyn, who was shot by a gunman at Hoyt and Fourth Streets, that borough, on Thursday night, died at 7:55 o'clock yesterday morning in the Holy Family Hospital. James O'Connor, a stationary fireman of 333 Warren Street, who was shot in the abdomen by the gunman while attempting to prevent his escape, and was removed to the same hospital, is still in a serious condition, although the physicians said last night that he was in no immediate danger of death.

The assailant, who was caught by Policeman Charles Stuckle after he had been chased through the streets for half a mile by an angry mob, was arraigned before Magistrate Reynolds in the Butler Street Court yesterday charged with homicide. When he was arrested he gave his name as Joseph Arino. Yesterday he told the police that his correct name was Giuseppe Marendi. He is 25 years old, a Sicilian, and has been in this country eleven months. For the last two weeks, he said, he has lived with a cousin in Avenue A, between Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets, Manhattan.

Despite the fact that the prisoner was taken to the hospital immediately after he was arrested and there positively identified by Policeman Murtha and by O'Connor as their assailant, he denied in court yesterday that he did the shooting. He was examined through an interpreter. Magistrate Reynolds committed him to the Raymond Street Jail for a hearing on Wednesday.

As soon as the hearing before Magistrate Reynolds was ended, all the witnesses who appeared in court ready to give testimony as to the guilt of the gunman, were taken before the Grand Jury. District Attorney Cropsey wants to bring the man to trial next week.

Out of respect to the memory of Policeman Murtha Commissioner McKay ordered yesterday that the flags at Headquarters and at every police station be placed at half-mast. Policeman Charles Stuckle, Patrick Griffin, and James M. Cusick, who were instrumental in the capture of the assailant, came to Police Headquarters yesterday accompanied by Inspector Daly and Capt. Boettler. The Commissioner praised them and gave Griffin and Cusick "excellent" in police duty and Stuckle honorable mention.

The funeral of Policeman Murtha will take place on Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock from his home, 344 Seventeenth Street. Inspector Schmittberger has directed that one Sergeant and seven patrolmen act as an escort and that two Lieutenants, two Sergeants, and forty patrolmen of the Butler Street Station attend the funeral. The police band will head the funeral procession to the Church of St. John the Evangelist at Twenty-first Street and Fifth Avenue. The interment will be in Holy Cross Cemetery.

SCHOOL CHILDREN STRIKE.

Parents Back Them and Are Threatened with Arrest.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 6.—Fifty out of the sixty students of a public school in West Park, a suburb of Paterson, went on strike to-day against an order of the school's teacher requiring them to enter the building by a side door instead of by the front door.

The trouble started at 9 o'clock this morning, when twenty-five parents appeared with their children. They demanded admission by the front door and when it was refused they took their children home again. Plans are being made to-night to extend the strike until it includes all children on the rolls.

Mrs. Florence Bryant, Principal of the school, takes pride in the appearance of the front entrance. She found that if the children walked up the broad cement sidewalk leading to the front door they left foot prints, most of the footprints being molded in a sticky brown clay common in the neighborhood. As members of the Board of Education frequently visited the school, Mrs. Bryant was anxious to impress them with its tidiness and the cleanliness of its approach. She therefore ordered the children to enter only by a side door that led direct from a clay field. The parents say their children arrived home with clay and mud clinging to their shoes.

Morris Kammelhor, a Justice of the Peace, who has three children in the school, headed the revolt. After presenting the matter to the Principal, without results, and vainly protesting to the Board of Education, he organized the strike. When threats were made to arrest him to-day he offered to go to his own office and swear out a warrant against himself.

The Board of Education by vote tonight agreed to invoke the law making it a misdemeanor for parents to keep their children away from school. Notice was sent to all parents that they would be arrested unless their children should come to school on Monday, and enter by the side door.

EUSTIS OFF FOR BRAZIL.

Service Commissioner to Visit Daughter, Who Is a Missionary.

Public Service Commissioner John E. Eustis will sail to-day by the steamship Vauban for Brazil. He is going to San Paulo to visit his daughter, Miss Helen F. Eustis, who is a missionary there, and will then visit Argentine, Chile, and Peru and will return by way of Panama.

The term, for which Commissioner Eustis was appointed to the Public Service Commission ended on Feb. 1, but he stays in office until his successor is appointed. He is the last but one of the original five Commissioners to retire, and has served already six and a half years. He said yesterday that he would have liked to remain in the city to greet his successor, but his trip had been arranged for some time and he could not very well postpone it indefinitely.

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POULTRY TRUST MEN LOSE THEIR APPEAL

Appellate Division Upholds Conviction of Thirteen Dealers with Jail Sentences.

FIRST CASE ON RECORD

Monopoly 'Maintained by Criminal Methods,' Says Court—Pending Indictments to be Taken Up Soon.

The efficacy of a statute fifty years old to fix individual guilt for monopolies in restraint of trade was upheld yesterday, when thirteen poultry dealers, convicted after a three months' trial before General Sessions Judge Rosalsky, lost their appeals from conviction and sentences to serve three months in the penitentiary and pay fines of $500 each. The case was hailed as the first in which jail sentences had been upheld by an appellate court in an anti-trust prosecution.

The thirteen defendants fought the case bitterly. Before Judge Rosalsky they were represented by ex-District Attorney William Travers Jerome. In the Appellate Division Chairman Edward E. McCall of the Public Service Commission, and a former Supreme Court Justice, appeared for them. The conviction which was upheld was under a State statute.

The monopoly in live poultry was characterized by Justice McLaughlin, writing the unanimous decision of the Appellate Division, "as complete as their ingenuity could devise and as effective as combined action could make it." Elsewhere in the opinion the court, dismissing the plea that there was no criminal intent, pronounced the poultry combination an organization "created for an illegal purpose and maintained by criminal methods." Among these criminal methods, the court found that the combination outbid independent wholesalers to corner the incoming supply of live poultry, and established rival stores close to the establishments of independent retailers to drive them out of business by selling below cost.

The books of the combination showed that this ruinous warfare had been effective in about three weeks. These were humorously noted in the books kept by the Treasurer of two associations forming the pool by these marginal statements:

"War will be declared very soon."

"Three weeks of unrest."

"It's all over."

At the end of the three weeks, the evidence showed that the combination had its own way in fixing the prices of live and fresh slaughtered poultry in the New York and Brooklyn markets.

The convicted men are Erving V. Dwyer, Arthur G. Dwyer, Charles Westerberg, William W. Smith, Charles R. Jewell, James N. Norris, William H. Norris, Charles T. Hawk, Charles Thatcher, Clenen Bishop, Samuel Werner, Solomon Frankel, and Charles Werner.

Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford conducted the prosecution of the case. He and Mr. Jerome had frequent personal arguments during the trial. The Appellate Division found yesterday that most of these were provoked by Mr. Jerome, and said that his clients could not plead that their case had suffered because De Ford got the best of him in the court room repartee.

District Attorney Whitman said yesterday that the result of the prosecution was especially gratifying to him as it was the first conviction in the United States in which a jail sentence had been imposed on defendants found guilty of restraint of trade, an appeal taken, and in which the judgment had been affirmed upon appeal. He said:

"The result is especially noteworthy because practically every State in the Union has a statute commonly known as an anti-trust law. The Federal Government prohibits conspiracies to restrain trade by the Sherman act. In Kentucky a violation of the Sherman act was tried in connection with the traffic in turpentine. Convictions of two of the defendants were obtained, but the case was reversed upon appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. In the bath tub trust and the National Cash Register cases, also arising from the Sherman act, jail sentences were imposed, but the appeals in these two cases are still pending."

Mr. Whitman also said that at the present time eighty indictments against wholesale poultry dealers were pending. They will be taken up shortly in view of the Appellate Division decision of yesterday.

The combination for which convictions were sustained yesterday was formed in June, 1906, and was operated until the time of the indictment. It received and distributed substantially all the live poultry received in the New York market. At one time the pool was known as the "General Pooling Mechanism," and at another as the "Four Borough Pool."

The jobbers in the poultry trust combination pooled each week the profits they had earned during that week. This pool was placed in the hands of one of the members. The commission men who received the poultry also pooled their commissions in the hands of one of their members designated to act as treasurer. It was shown that in secret meetings held in an office in West Washington Market, the centre of the live poultry trade in New York City, the price of poultry at which the commission men diverted the poultry to jobbers was fixed on Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays of each week. There was a Receivers' Association, composed of the commission men. At their meetings each member filled in upon a card the number of cars of live poultry invoiced to him during the week, whether ordinary or coop cars. A total was then made by the secretary of the so-called Receivers' Association. The amount of poultry left over from the preceding week's supply was estimated also and placed in the hands of the secretary. With this information in hand the members of the combination proceeded to fix the prices of poultry.

'THE HUMAN FLY' ARRESTED.

Picture Man Says Law Threatened to Kill Him.

Rodman Law, bridge jumper, "human fly," and professional dare devil, was arrested last night at 6 o'clock in the office of Clarkson F. Ryttenberg at 220 West Forty-second Street. He had gone there to collect $30 he said Ryttenberg owed him for some motion picture work. Ryttenberg telephoned for the police, while Law was cooling his heels in the ante room. The complainant said that Law had threatened to kill him.

Detective Mahoney was sent from the West Thirty-seventh Street Station and stepping quickly to Law's side he searched him. The procedure was resented and as Law jumped to his feet, a clasp knife with its four inch blade open, dropped from his sleeve. On the strength of that and Ryttenberg's stories of threats, Law was arrested on a charge of attempted assault and on a charge of having had the open knife concealed.

Law was accompanied by Miss Constance Bennett, the girl who on Thursday jumped with him from the Williamsburg Bridge for the benefit of a motion picture camera. She gathered his friends and arrangements for a bail bond was made immediately.

OUTRANKED IN HAITI.

Capt. Russell Defers to Commander of Small British Cruiser.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—A situation has occurred at Port-au-Prince which was printed to-day showing the incongruity of the grades of rank in the American Navy when an American naval officer is called on to act in concert with officers of a foreign navy.

A few weeks ago Rear Admiral Fletcher at Tampico was confronted with the prospect of being required to take second place to Rear Admiral Craddock of the British Navy, who ranked him. Unpleasantness was avoided by the good sense of the British Admiral, who politely called on the American Admiral and deferred to him throughout the attack on Tampico. At Port-au-Prince Capt. Russell, commanding the battleship South Carolina, finds himself outranked by the Captain of the British cruiser Lancaster, and the British Captain has taken the lead in dealing with the concert of the foreign naval commands in protecting the foreign residents of the island.

The humor of the situation appears from the comparison of the respective commands. The Lancaster is a little cruiser of 9,800 tons with a crew of 480 men. The South Carolina is a battleship of 17,600 tons with a crew of 900 men. And to add to this the British Captain is a good many years the junior of Capt. Russell and has had much less experience at sea.

Last night, according to official reports to the Navy Department, the commander of the Lancaster called to his ship all the foreign commanders in the harbor for a conference as to arrangements in the disposition of the marines and bluejackets of the foreign vessels to protect the foreign residents in Haiti. A plan of action was discussed and adopted to protect the lives and property of all foreigners without interfering in the politics of the republic. Both the Lancaster and the French cruiser Condé have landed marines to guard the British and French Legations in Port au Prince.

The commander of the British gunboat Mutine, at St. Marc, reported today that the army of Gen. Zamor had left St. Marc for Port au Prince, and that a part of the force had gone by the railroad. Lieut. Commander Nulton, commanding the Nashville, has had orders to land marines at Cape Haitien to protect lives and property of foreigners. His reports indicate that Gen. Theodore is losing ground, and will be forced to give up Cape Haitien. Theodore has announced himself President, and selected a Cabinet. A special session of Congress has been called, but the date has not been fixed. The Diplomatic Corps is trying to arrange for the peaceable entry of such troops as surround the city.

HUSBAND'S AUTO LIABILITY.

Not Responsible if His Wife, in Car, Runs Down Persons.

A husband who supplies his wife with a motor car, and lets her run it, cannot be held responsible in damages for injuries caused by her running down other persons on the public highway. Giving this as the law, the Appellate Division set aside yesterday a verdict in favor of Miss Helen Tanzer against Henry P. Read. The Appellate Division said that Miss Tanzer's only redress was against Mrs. Read. Justice Hotchkiss, writing the unanimous opinion of the court, said:

"The important question is as to the husband's liability. The injuries were caused by an automobile belonging to the husband, which had been purchased by him for the mutual pleasure of himself and his family, including his wife, who was privileged to use the same. The husband had provided a chauffeur for the operation of the car and at the time of the accident the chauffeur was in the car, but he had shortly before the accident given up the wheel to the wife, who alone was operating the car when the accident occurred.

"The use of the car on the occasion in question was purely for the wife's recreation and not on any business of the husband. I know of no law which compels a husband to afford to his wife either the opportunity or means for recreation, but if he does so I do not think that while engaged in such recreation she is in any sense acting as her husband's agent, even though she utilizes his property as a means for her pleasure."

STILL FIGHT FOR SCHMIDT.

Priest's Lawyers Will Appeal from Conviction of Murder.

Alphonse G. Koelble, attorney of record for Hans Schmidt, who was convicted on Thursday of murder in the first degree, said yesterday that immediate steps would be taken to carry the case to the Court of Appeals, as the Penal Code requires. Motions for a new trial and to set aside the verdict will be made by Terence J. McManus on Feb. 12, which was fixed as the date of sentence. It is said that the appeal will be based largely on a single phrase in Justice Davis's charge. That phrase was to the effect that Schmidt was legally responsible if he knew the act was "wrong—against the law." Schmidt's lawyers will contend that the terms "wrong" and "against the law" are not synonymous.

Mr. Koelble said yesterday that Schmidt was not the murderer of Anna Aumuller and that his reticence is due to his desire to shield some one else. Mr. Koelble would not enlarge on that statement, but it was suggested that he believes that the girl died from the effects of a criminal operation and that Schmidt dismembered her body in order to dispose of it more easily.

BOY CRIPPLE ARRESTED.

Held for Carrying Blackjack on Complaint of School Head.

Moer Sloinikoff, a seventeen-year-old cripple, was arrested at the Hospital of Hope Trade School for the Injured and Crippled yesterday morning on the charge of carrying a blackjack. The Superintendent of the school, R. Johnston Landone, had complained that the boy, who is paralyzed on the right side, had drawn the weapon against him.

The boy admitted that he had a grudge against the Superintendent, the burden of his complaint being that after eleven months of work in the school he was still waiting for the job that had been promised him at the end of six months. Sloinikoff lives at 780 Trinity Avenue, the Bronx. He was held for the Grand Jury in $1,000 bail.

MAYOR MAY TAKE VACATION.

Board of Estimate Not to Meet for Two Weeks.

Mayor Mitchel, it was said yesterday, is considering the appointment of Delos R. Willcox to be Tax Commissioner of Queens in place of John J. Halleran. Mr. Willcox was formerly chief of the Franchise Bureau of the Public Service Commission. The Tax Commissionership pays $7,000 a year.

T. J. Burden, a Republican of Queens, is an active candidate for Deputy Water Commissioner of that borough to succeed Michael Walsh, who is a Democrat. The Mayor said yesterday he did not expect to make any appointments until next week at the earliest.

The Mayor may take a vacation for a few days to rest up from his recent arduous labors. In expectation of this the Board of Estimate decided yesterday not to meet again for two weeks.

Cuts Off Children in Codicil.

Ulysses S. Lutz, whose will was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office, after leaving $500 to each of four children, cut them off in a codicil and gave his entire estate to Laura Foster of Cape May, N. J., his housekeeper. Her parents, also of Cape May, received minor bequests. Miss Foster's "sterling qualities" as a housekeeper prompted him in his disposition of his property, Lutz says. No other reason was given for the disinheritance of his children. The will was filed without a petition.

OSBORN WILL ACCEPT IF COMMITTEE CALLS

Ready to be State Chairman on Virtually Unanimous Vote, He Says After Talk with Glynn.

BUT PALMER WON'T RESIGN

Office of Counsel to Public Service Commission Open to Him—Murphy Hasn't Yet Agreed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—William Church Osborn conferred more than five hours to-day with Gov. Glynn, coming to the capital at the Governor's invitation. Afterward Mr. Osborn announced that he would accept the Chairmanship of the Democratic State Committee if it were tendered him by virtually a unanimous vote of the members. But he would not be an active candidate for the position to the extent of seeking the indorsement of the committeemen, nor had he yet received any such indorsements, he admitted.

While George M. Palmer, the present Chairman, said to-day that he had not changed his position since he announced several days ago that he would not resign, it is stated that the position of counsel to the Public Service Commission of the Second District, which will be open as soon as the new Commissioners are confirmed, has been offered to him.

"If the Chairmanship is offered me I shall accept," Mr. Osborn said in answer to a question. "Under the direct primary law the people are entitled to the active assistance of the parties, and the new law puts upon the people the right to administer their own political affairs. If elected Chairman I shall have this right in mind."

"Do you favor a designating convention before the primary?" he was asked.

"It seems to me that if one party should hold such a convention all would be forced to," Mr. Osborn remarked. He added:

"I have the statistics from States having the direct primary, and I find that in some cases the cost to the individual who desires to run for a nomination has been as high as $20,000. That, of course, is too much."

"You believe the primary should be as easy for the poor man as the rich man?" he was asked.

"That is just it," Mr. Osborn answered. "That might be brought about by amending the corrupt practices law, or it might be arranged so that the party organization should meet the expense of candidates."

Mr. Osborn said that when the fact that he and the Governor were discussing a possible reorganization of the committee became public he wrote to George M. Palmer, the present Chairman.

"Mr. Palmer and I are personal friends," said Mr. Osborn. "I told him this was no movement to oust him from the Chairmanship, and that at that time I had not decided whether or not I should accept it, if it were offered me. I received a most cordial personal reply from Mr. Palmer."

Mr. Osborn was reminded that Gov. Glynn had stated he would not attempt to interfere with the leadership of Tammany Hall, so far as New York City was concerned.

"How do you stand on that proposition?" he was asked.

"Well, I've always been a firm believer in home rule as one of the cardinal Democratic principles," he replied, "and I think it applies to political parties, as well as to government."

Gov. Glynn would not discuss the conference, but he has stated that he would be pleased to have Mr. Osborn succeed Mr. Palmer as Chairman. Several Democratic leaders outside of New York City have expressed the belief that Mr. Osborn would make a successful Chairman. It has also been said that Charles F. Murphy, who is said to control the majority of votes in the State committee, had said that the party should agree to anything that Gov. Glynn desired.

It was announced to-day, however, that the consent of Mr. Murphy to the election of Mr. Osborn as State Chairman had not been given, and Mr. Palmer's friends say that unless he resigned, it would be hardly possible to get him out of the Chairmanship.

Gov. Glynn said to-day that acceptance by Mr. Osborn of the Chairmanship of the Business Men's Committee to suggest changes in the State departments and arrange a new plan of State finance depended upon his decision concerning the State Chairmanship.

GLYNN TO CALL ON WILSON.

Conference on Monday Likely to Deal with State Situation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Gov. Glynn of New York will confer with President Wilson Monday. Mr. Glynn will be in Washington for a Congressional hearing on control of Niagara River power, and fifteen minutes on the President's calendar were reserved for him.

It is expected that the New York political situation will be discussed.

TANGO AT WOMEN'S SHOW.

Ballroom Is Next to Tea Garden at Grand Central Palace.

A miniature ballroom was screened off at one side of the tea garden at the Woman's Industrial Exposition at the Grand Central Palace yesterday afternoon and the guests at the tea garden danced the tango and fancy dances there. Many of them were the guests and friends of members of the committee of patronesses of the Franciscan Missionaries of Mary who were in charge of the garden yesterday.

On this committee were Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Chairman; Mrs. John Jackson, Miss Alice O'Gorman, Miss Estelle O'Brien, Miss Margaret Taylor, Miss Elizabeth Sabin, Miss Olga Kohler, Miss Anna Murray, Miss Pauline Haggerty, Miss Kathrine Murray, Miss Harriet Lummis, Miss Helen Bacon, and Miss Eugenia Philbin.

The National Housewives' League was in charge of the evening conference in the lecture hall, and among the speakers were Mrs. Elmer Black, Cyrus Miller, and Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the league.

The patronesses of the New York Association for the Blind, Miss Winifred Holt, Secretary, will be in charge of the tea garden to-day and there will be more dancing.

TO CHECK CIRCULARS EVIL.

Senate Bill Would Prevent Insertion in Newspapers.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—A bill, intended to prohibit the insertion of circulars or other forms of advertising matter in a newspaper or other periodical without the consent of the publisher, was introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Murtaugh.

Insertion of such advertising matter would be made presumptive evidence that the advertiser was responsible for the act.

Voorhis Has Till Next Week to Reply

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 6.—Gov. Glynn said to-day that the charges of the Honest Ballot Association against John R. Voorhis of New York, one of the State Superintendents of Election, were following the usual course. A copy was sent to Mr. Voorhis at the time the charges were received, on Jan. 24, and he was requested to file an answer by Feb. 12. Whether the Governor would appoint a Commissioner to investigate the charges, it was said, would depend upon Mr. Voorhis's reply.

CONFER ON SIEGEL FAILURE.

Receiver for Firm Meets U. S. District Attorney.

The facts in connection with the failure of Henry Siegel & Co. and the failure of the bank in connection with their store will be brought before United States District Attorney Marshall to see if any action should be taken under the Federal law in the case. It would be possible for the Government to move either under the bankruptcy law or the law forbidding the use of the mails to defraud.

The members of the firm have been under examination for the last few days in equity proceedings before Macgrane Coxe, the referee, and there has also been an examination in bankruptcy proceedings. Henry Melville, the receiver of the firm, conferred yesterday with Assistant United States District Attornew Roger Wood on the case.

Complaints have been received by the Federal authorities from depositors in the closed bank.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Claims against the Henry Siegel Company of this city amount to $1,078,869, so far as they have been ascertained, according to the bankruptcy schedule filed to-day. Other claims mentioned included those of the Fourteenth Street Store in New York, and the Henry Siegel Stores Corporation, the holding company of a chain of stores, but the amount of these was said to be uncertain. No figures were given of the assets, which are all in the hands of William A. Marble and John Sheppard, Jr., as receivers.

YOUTH HELD UP FOR $1,870.

Says Two Men Robbed Him on the Street in Daylight.

With a wallet in his pocket containing $1,126 in cash and $744 in checks, the property of J. & J. Simensky, produce merchants of Wallabout Market, Brooklyn, Abraham Levy, a 17-year-old bookkeeper, started for the bank yesterday afternoon shortly before 2 o'clock. He returned fifteen minutes later with his right eye blackened and his forehead above the left eye cut. The wallet was gone.

Levy said he had gone some three blocks on his way and was in Washington Avenue, between Park and Myrtle Avenues, walking with his head bent down to shield his eyes from the falling snow when two men, approaching him from behind, brushed against him. Before he could turn one took him by the throat and another hit him on the head with something. He was stunned by the blow, and when he recovered himself a moment later he was leaning against the fence. He felt for his pocket and the wallet was gone. He looked up and down the street and no one was insight. Then he went back to the market with his story.

Although detectives vainly scoured the neighborhood for some witness of the hold-up they decided, after several hours given over to quizzing the youth, that he had really been a victim of such an assault as he described. Levy lives at 366 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

BAR HAYWOOD FROM SCHOOL

I. W. W. Leader Not Permitted to Enter Sunday Debate.

The Committee on Care of Buildings of the Board of Education, Francis P. Cunnion, Chairman, unanimously decided at its meeting yesterday to bar William D. "Big Bill" Haywood, chief organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, from participating in a discussion on labor in the Manual Training High School, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

The meeting was originally planned to allow of a discussion of the labor problem between the Rev. John Howard Melish, rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, representing the American Federation of Labor, and Arturo Giovanitti, one of the I. W. W. leaders. Giovanitti, however, said that he could not be present, and at his suggestion Haywood was substituted in his place. Mr. Melish said that he had no objection to the change and that he was as willing to discuss the question with Haywood as with any one else.

Mr. Cunnion in explaining the action of his committee yesterday said:

"We quickly came to a unanimous decision. William D. Haywood will not be permitted to speak in the Manual Training High School nor in any public school of this city. A man, who talks as he does of the American flag, can not be allowed to address public school children, one of whose duties is daily to salute the flag. To permit him to do so would be a comedy of errors."

Louis H. Pink, Treasurer of the Brooklyn Committee of the People's Institute Forum, which has charge of these Sunday meetings, said that the order of the committee would be obeyed.

BID FOR CARNEGIE AID.

So Says Gov. Blease in Urging New Name for Clemson College.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 6.—Gov. Blease sent to the Legislature to-day a vehement message urging that the name of Clemson College be changed to Calhoun University. Accompanying the message were letters from John C. Calhoun and Miss Florine L. Calhoun of New York. John C. Calhoun is a grandson of Vice President Calhoun and Miss Calhoun is a great-granddaughter of the "Great Nullifier." Gov. Blease said Mr. Calhoun was a neighbor of Andrew Carnegie in New York, and intimated that Mr. Calhoun could be instrumental in raising a large fund for the college if it bore his grandfather's name.

Fort Hill, the site of Clemson College, was John C. Calhoun's plantation, and was willed to Thomas G. Clemson by his wife, who was a daughter of John C. Calhoun. The property was bequeathed by Clemson to the State on condition that a college be established there and named for him. The present agricultural and mechanical college of South Carolina is the result.

John C. Calhoun is in Columbia and was heard by the legislative committee to-day.

INVESTIGATE JERSEY HOME.

Special Committee Takes Up Charges Against Institution for Girls.

An investigation into the affairs of the State Home for Girls at Trenton was begun in Jersey City yesterday before the special committee named by Gov. Fielder. This committee consists of Joseph P. Byers, State Commissioner of Charities and Correction; Albert I. Brayton of Englewood, and Robert Williams of Paterson. The investigation was requested by Miss Harriet M. Spining, President of the board; Theodore D. Gottlieb, Herbert N. Bailey, and Miss Sarah P. Conover.

Miss Spining made a brief statement, which did not bring out clearly what the trouble was, and requested that Robert N. Anderson, who was President of the Board of Directors until last September, be asked for a statement. Mr. Anderson asserted that he knew of nothing wrong in the management of the home.

Miss Sarah P. Conover a member of the Board of Trustees testified that the whipping of the girls had not been discontinued, and also that the "dark cells" were still in use at the institution.

The hearing was then adjourned to continue next Thursday at Jersey City.

Mother Killed by Shock.

When Carl Victor Swanberg was carried to his home at 80 Ithaca Street, Elmhurst, L. I., yesterday morning, with his legs and hips crushed by a 5,000-pound safe that had fallen on him when he was helping lift it from a truck, his mother, Mrs. Anna Swanberg, fainted, and fifteen minutes later died from the shock. She was a widow of 76 years. Swanberg will probably recover without the amputation of his legs.

Only One "BROMO QUININE." To get the genuine, call for full name, "LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.—Adv.

SAY BROKER MADE $100,000 BY FRAUD

L. B. Adams Held in $5,000 Bail After Postal Inspectors Raid His Office.

OFFERED TO BOOM STOCKS

Victimized Newly Formed Corporations, Federal Agents Allege—Relative of 'Al' Adams.

Lorenzo B. Adams, who, according to the Post Office Inspectors, is a relative of the late "Al" Adams of policy fame, was arraigned yesterday before Commissioner Shields on the charge of having used the mails in frauds amounting to $100,000. He had carried on an investment brokerage house for the last five years at 1 Broadway, and numerous complaints which had reached the Post Office authorities concerning the management of his business caused them to investigate it.

Post Office Inspectors Howard B. Mayhew and W. G. Swain took up the case, and, with Deputy United States Marshal James Reed, raided his office. They said yesterday that although the business had been in progress for years no books were kept, but that their investigations showed that during the three months they watched it the profits were $6,000.

Adams's method, they stated, was to send out to newly formed corporations circulars, in which contracts for the handling of the advertising of their stock were invited. The actual case on which the charge was brought is that of the Co-operative Mining and Development Company of Walla Walla, Wash., the Secretary of which was P. W. Braniff. Fees ranging from $27 to $600 were charged, and Adams undertook to distribute broadcast circulars and to follow them up with salesmen wherever a reply showed that some one had been interested. One of Adams's circulars said:

"A vigorous direct persistent campaign is necessary to make a market for an issue of unlisted securities. Descriptive literature must be distributed to a selected number of clients and prospective investors, of whom I have many. The names of those who show interest must then be placed in the hands of salesmen to be properly worked up. My business is well established, and I maintain a number of salesmen on the road for this purpose. Only a small number of people can be interested in any proposition. It would, therefore, be necessary to circularize a seemingly disproportionate number so as to insure sufficient replies to enable me to lay out routes for my salesmen, who will communicate with you frequently direct from the road."

The amount which Adams asked, Inspector Mayhew said yesterday, depended on the size of the capital of the company. If it were about to issue only a comparatively small amount of shares he used to advise the distribution of only 5,000 circulars. On the other hand when the capital desired was large he would suggest that 20,000 elaborately printed circulars would not be too much. For one issue the Inspector said he charged as high as $1,000, and he had obtained a number of advance fees from companies in the West.

To induce companies to come to him Adams, according to the complaint, represented that these fees really only covered about two-thirds of what the actual circularizing cost. The rest of the expenditure, he said, he would recover from the commissions he would earn from the sale of stock. However, it is charged he did not live up to his bargain, and in some cases did not send out circulars and salesmen at all.

Some of the firms, it is alleged, that he thus victimized, are the West Coast Drydock Company of San Diego, Cal.; the Silver Horde Mining Company of Spokane, Wash., and the Co-operative Mining and Development Company of Walla Walla, Wash. Adams made his financial début, the Inspectors said yesterday, as the President of the Colonial Securities Company, which was organized to sell the stock of the Guanajuato Mining Company, of which Al Adams was President. He was also interested in the Orphino-Portland Cement Company, and while a resident of Minneapolis sold the bonds of a savings bank in that city.

Adams was held in $5,000 bail for examination on Tuesday. He lives at Massapequa, L. I., but the Post Office authorities say that since they have started their investigation he has advertised his furniture for sale.

EDW. WASSERMANN'S WILL.

Broker Left Entire Estate to His Three Children.

Edward Wassermann, the broker, who died Feb. 1 at his home, 83 West Fifty-sixth Street, left his entire estate to his three children, Jesse A., Edward, and Renee H. Wassermann. His will was offered for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' office. The estate is a large one, but members of the family refused to give an estimate of the value.

Mr. Wassermann was a familiar figure in the financial district for a quarter century. His wife, who was Miss Emma Seligman, daughter of Jesse Seligman, one of the founders of the banking house of J. & W. Seligman, died in 1908.

HEAD OF PRINTERS ASKS CONFERENCES

But Federal Attorney Puts Him Off and Works on Unions' Correspondence.

NO DEFINITE CHARGE YET

Employers Are Called Before Grand Jury—Allied Trades Council Upholds Its Officers.

The interest taken by the leading labor men of the country in the investigation now proceeding before the Federal Grand Jury of the relations of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York toward Doubleday, Page & Co. and other printing firms, was shown yesterday by the arrival in this city from Chicago of Matthew Woll, President of the International Printing Trades Association. He came to the Federal Building and expressed a desire to testify before the Grand Jury, but his offer has not yet been accepted.

He is ready, he said, to offer the Government all the assistance in his power and to see that the local organization here brings all the books and papers which the Grand Jury may need. His attitude is that nothing has been done by the Allied Printing Trades Council in this city or Philadelphia which is not strictly according to the law, and that if the unions had by any chance committed some technical violation of the Sherman law, it would be easy to remove all ground of complaint by means of friendly conferences.

District Attorney Marshall had not decided yesterday whether he would accept the offers of the printers for such a conference. It was noted that while a number of the council's officials were subpoenaed, Thomas J. Carroll, the President of the local council, had not yet been asked to testify, and this was taken as implying that there was at least a possibility of the investigation resulting in criminal proceedings. Those members of the labor organizations who have appeared have had no complaint to make of the questions which have been asked them or the way in which Assistant District Attorney Harold Harper has handled them, but they have not yet got much light on the subject of their examination.

The Government is evidently seeking to gather all the information that it can, but it does not appear to have yet reached the stage at which it can drive any charges home. The letters, which passed between the New York council and its Philadelphia colleagues are being studied by the Federal authorities to see if they will yield a definite charge. It was in them that the Philadelphia photo-engravers were informed that the New York union had disagreements with Doubleday, Page & Co., and it was on them that the Philadelphia men founded the action which has resulted in the Government's inquiry. The members of the Printing Trades Council, however, maintain that whatever may have passed between the councils of the two cities did not amount to a breach of the Sherman act.

Nine witnesses were examined yesterday before the Grand Jury. They were Charles Francis, President of the New York Printers' League, an organization of employers, who have working agreements with their employes, with headquarters at 75 Fifth Avenue; Charles A. Hawkes, Secretary of the same organization; Gustave Zeese of the Zeese-Wilkinson Company, commercial printers, of 424 West Thirty-third Street, and William F. Slayten, Vice President of the Quadricolor Company; George Stein, Acting Secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York City; David A. Walsh, Secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York State; Charles W. Roberts, Secretarq of the Electrotypers' Union No. 1; Christopher Rongston, Secretary of Photo-Engravers' Union No. 1, and Archie Hampton, Secretary of Photo-Engravers' Union No. 7 of Philadelphia.

It is understood that Mr. Slayten was asked particularly to explain why the pressmen in his employ refused to handle the work which his company had received from Doubleday, Page & Co. Witnesses from Botson are expected to come here next week.

To consider the crisis which has arisen through the action of the Federal authorities a meeting of the Allied Printing Trades Council was held last evening in their offices in the Pulitzer Building. Resolutions were passed unanimously indorsing the action so far taken by the officers of the Council in reference to the Grand Jury and promising that the Council would take steps to conserve all the constitutional rights of its officials and members.

Gangster Sentenced to One Year.

Frank L. Jula, said to be a member of the "Jack" Sirocco gang, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary yesterday by Justice Russell in Special Sessions for carrying a revolver. Jula was arrested in front of Madison Square Garden on the night of Dec. 12 after a gun fight between the "Dopey Benny" and "Jack" Sirocco gangs. According to Probation Officer Swan, he was among the gangmen rounded up by former Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty after the killing of City Court Clerk Frederick Straus in front of Arlington Hall.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

Clean-up today of 8000
Men's Silk Scarfs
at 3 for 50c

¶ The residue from our recent neckwear sales.

¶ There being 8000 in the assortment, we shall say nothing about the variety.

¶ And we have marked them at three for 50c in order to make it unnecessary to talk about price.

Men's Silk Hose
today 29c
"Seconds" that are to all intents and purposes perfect.

¶ Seamless two tone silk hose, ribbed or plain; and cashmere interlined silk hose, both with reinforced heels and toes. Black and colors.

Sale of Men's Pajamas
today at 95c

¶ 350 Suits of mercerized fabric pajamas, in plain blues, pinks, tans and lavenders.

¶ 400 Suits of Domet flannel pajamas, designed with neat blue, brown, lavender or black stripes on cream grounds.

¶ Not a big sale in numbers, but big enough to accommodate you personally if you hurry.

Men's $1 and $1.50
Underwear today at 39c
Oddments that have just got to go

¶ A great variety of single garments, in seasonable weights—left-overs for which we have no use, but which are bargains to you individually.

Men's Gloves reduced
for quick selling today

240 pairs Mocha Gloves, butternut shade. Reduced to } $1.15
620 pairs gray Mocha Gloves, which we have Reduced to } $1.00
300 pairs of Gloves, tan glace and gray suede, but broken assortments. Reduced to } 79c

$4 Blanket Robes for Men
today are $2.85

300 fine quality blanket robes, in all the new designs and colorings. Just the thing for this time of year, and will wear indefinitely.
5th floor.

Elevated Station at 38th St. and 6th Ave. Now Open
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue.

"Young Men's Shop"
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Entirely separate from Fifth Avenue Store

Final Clearance Sale (To-Day) Saturday

Young Men's Suits
SIZES 32 TO 42 CHEST
Modeled on new English lines in navy serge, gray, brown or checked cassimere, Scotch tweed or English mixtures. Also a number of English Norfolk Suits.
12.50
Heretofore $21.50 to $24.50

Winter Overcoats
FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 42 CHEST
Hand tailored, single and double-breasted form-fitting; also double-breasted ulsters of Cambridge grey, brown or blue vicuna, Scotch tweed or English mixtures.
15.00
Heretofore $27.50 to $30.00

15 Men's Fur Lined Coats
SIZES 38 TO 46 CHEST
Fur Lined Coats of black English coating, coat including sleeves lined with natural muskrat, collars of real Hudson seal or real Persian lamb.
25.00
Heretofore $60.00

Men's Furnishings

Men's Negligee Shirts
Of imported woven madras, cheviot or mercerized materials, plain and plaited with laundered or soft cuffs. Heretofore $2.50 and $3.00 1.55

Men's Negligee Shirts
Of imported madras and mercerized materials in colored stripes with laundered or soft cuffs. Heretofore $1.50 to $2.00 .95

Men's Silk Ties
Open end four-in-hands, in a large range of colored combination figures, stripes and plain colors. Heretofore $1.00 .55

Men's Silk Sox
In black, navy, tan, purple, smoke or grey; double cotton heel, sole and new improved toe guard. Heretofore 50c. 3 pair for $1.00 .35

"Young Men's Shop"—16 West 38th St.

BY WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

AIRMEN SEE HOPE OF OCEAN FLIGHT

British Experts Say Rodman Wanamaker's Plan Is Feasible.

PRAISE FOR LIEUT. PORTE

Thompson Says a 30-Mile Wind May Be Counted On—German Aeronaut Is Skeptical.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Several experts have expressed views favorable to the proposed transatlantic flight.

Thomas Sopwith, the well-known airman and designer of the Sopwith waterplane, says that it is a tremendous undertaking, but, with the rapid advance of science in constructing waterplanes, success is now well within the regions of possibility.

Gustav Hamel says: "Lieut. Porte is a magnificent pilot and an experienced navigator, which is all-important in such a flight."

James Valentine says: "Porte is one of the best men for the undertaking. Given fair weather, a good following wind for the best part of the journey, a very fast machine, and good luck, it should not be an impossible feat."

B. C. Hucks says: "When the cross-Atlantic flight was first proposed I thought the day of its accomplishment very remote. I have altered this opinion now. The magnificent long-distance flights of pilots in the last six months have proved the task perfectly feasible."

Lieut. Porte is on the flying staff of White & Thompson, Limited, of the aeronautic works at Bognor. Norman A. Thompson, the company's managing Director, explains that meteorological conditions make it necessary to start the flight from the American side. Therefore the machine will be built on the spot. "We have had the best advice on the weather conditions of the Atlantic that can be obtained," he said. "In August and September you can rely at a certain height upon a steady wind blowing toward Ireland at the rate of thirty or thirty-five miles an hour. The flight should be made in one day, and the scheme is perfectly feasible."

PARSEVAL IS SKEPTICAL.

Thinks Aero Club's Time for Around the World Flight Too Short.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Major Parseval, the famous German airship inventor, discussing the Aero Club of America's globe-girdling aeroplane competition and Rodman Wanamaker's proposed transatlantic flight, says that the participation of the aviators of the world can be guaranteed only if the United States Government officially associates itself with the scheme and makes the necessary arrangements with foreign countries through diplomatic channels.

Major Parseval is inclined to doubt whether the earth can be encircled within the time limit set. He describes the project as "typically American because hitherto unheard of," and hopes that a serious attempt may be made to carry it out.

TO RACE TO MONTE CARLO.

Airmen to Start Simultaneously from Seven European Capitals.

From seven capitals in Europe airmen are to take flight simultaneously on April 20, according to a cablegram which reached the Aero Club of America yesterday, and all of them are to make the Monte Carlo Casino their goal.

For the first airman from each city to alight on the Monte Carlo grounds a prize of $5,000 will be waiting, the money for the necessary prizes having all been furnished by the big gambling establishment

Besides the first prize, there will be prizes of $2,000 for the flier from each capital who makes the best time in a machine having a wing surface of more than twenty-five square meters and prizes of $1,000 for those who finish second.

The European capitals selected as starting points are London, Brussels, Paris, Gotha, Madrid, Vienna, and Rome. A route has been designated to Monaco, and all the fliers will have to pass above a number of intervening cities.

Cortlandt Field Bishop, former President of the Aero Club of America, said last night that he would leave for Monte Carlo in a few days in order to witness the big race for the Schneider Trophy, which Charles T. Weymann lost last year because his lubricating oil gave out when he was nearing the finish line, with all competitors distanced. The trophy, which carries a cash prize of 25,000 francs, will go to the winner of a race of 150 knots out to sea and return.

TO LECTURE AT COLUMBIA.

Prof. Abderhalden, German Physiologist, Receives a Call.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Prof. Emil Abderhalden, the celebrated physiologist of the University of Halle, has received a call to lecture at Columbia University. He will begin his lectures next Autumn.

Prof. Abderhalden attracted special attention in the European medical world a few weeks ago, as THE NEW YORK TIMES reported by cable, by announcing a method of discovering the state of motherhood in women by certain blood tests.

Ambassador Page Greets Lindsays.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

NAPLES, Feb. 6.—Ambassador Page came here to-day and met at the docks his daughter, Mrs. Thomas P. Lindsay, her husband, and two children, who are going to Rome to spend several weeks with him at the Palazzo del Drago, where he has just taken up his residence. He expects to give a great reception on the eve of Washington's Birthday, to which all Americans are invited.

MAETERLINCK WAS BLESSED

Pope Once Showed Gratitude to Famous Wri'er Now on Index.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 7.—The Daily Telegraph's Brussels correspondent says a curious fact has developed in connection with the banning of Maeterlinck's works. It appears that Maeterlinck, who is now treated as a heretic, was the recipient in 1907 of the Pope's solemn blessing in the following circumstances:

When the magnificent old French monastery of St. Wandrille, in Normandy, was offered for public sale, Maeterlinck purchased it with the deliberate purpose of saving it from desecration and destruction at the hands of the first bidders, who intended to do away with its chapels and cloister and venerable ruins and establish a chemical factory instead. Whereupon the Pope expressed his gratitude by sending Maeterlinck his blessing on a parchment diploma.

The Catholic press has since treated as profanation the performances of "Macbeth" and of "Pelléas et Mélisande" given at St. Wandrille by Maeterlinck to a select audience, and probably this Church grievance underlies the hostile decree as much as the alleged heretical spirit of the writer's book on death.

NO 1915 PEACE CONFERENCE?

London Morning Post Doubts if One Can Be Arranged So Soon.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 7.—The Amsterdam correspondent of The Morning Post says:

"I am informed that the report that an invitation has been made by the United States to the powers for a third peace conference at The Hague in 1915 is incorrect. An international committee has apparently still to be formed for the settlement of the definitive scheme and programme of the third peace conference. Steps are being taken by the Netherlands Government to form such a committee, but it is believed that the conference will not be able to meet in 1915."

LEASES HOUSE IN LONDON.

F. T. Martin to Install Art Collection Bequeathed by Henry Sands.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Frederick Townsend Martin has bought a ten-year lease of 6 Cumberland Place from Mr. Gowdy for $25,000, his intimate friend, Henry Sands, who died recently in Paris, having willed Mr. Martin this sum for this specific purpose, as well as his entire art collection.

Messrs. Sands and Martin were both keen collectors. It was the former's desire that their collections be kept together and housed in London.

Mr. Martin has said the fact that he had bought the Cumberland Place lease does not mean that he is going to make his permanent home in England. He will just spend a few months in London annually, as heretofore. He will take possession of his new house about March 25, on his return from the South of France. He has given up his apartment in Paris.

TELLS OF PAN-SLAV BOAST.

Witness Says Bobrinsky Predicted Victory Over Austria.

BUDAPEST, Feb. 6.—"Russia will not demobilize her army until the Russian flag floats over the Carpathian Mountains." This was one of the startling statements attributed to Count Vladimir Bobrinsky, President of the Russian Constitutional Conservative Party in the Duma and leader of the Pan-Slavic movement in Russia, when the trial was resumed to-day at Marmoros-Sziget of the ninety-four Ruthenians charged with inciting to rebellion against the Austro-Hungarian Government.

Duliskovics, a detective, was on the witness stand giving evidence of Pan-Slavic activities in Hungary, and he put the sensational phrase into Count Bobrinsky's mouth. Duliskovics had been specially commissioned to investigate the alleged treasonable proceedings of the Ruthenians. He swore that he got into touch with Count Bobrinsky, who intrusted him with the task of enlisting the services of educated Ruthenians, who were to join the Russian Orthodox Church. and, after having been trained, were to return to Hungary to push the Pan-Slavic propaganda among their compatriots.

The detective averred that Count Bobrinsky gave him $1,000 to induce a deputy of the lower house of the Hungarian Parliament to interpellate the Government on the position of the Ruthenians.

Count Bobrinsky was immediately recalled to the witness stand, where he emphatically denied that he ever made the incriminating statement attributed to him. He admitted he had consorted with Duliskovics, but his confidential agents had warned him against the detective. The witness was silent on the subject of the payment of the $1,000 for the interpellation in Parliament.

The trial has been in progress since Dec. 29. The principal defendant is Father Alexius of the Greek Church Monastery at Mount Athos. Great political interest has been aroused throughout Europe by the proceedings, as it has been alleged that the seditious movement among the Ruthenians was largely promoted and financed in Russia, and that it was carried on under the guise of propaganda to convert the peasantry to the orthodox church, but with the ultimate object of enticing them from their allegiance to Austria-Hungary and drawing them toward Russia.

When Other Things
pall upon the taste
tickle the appetite
with "Old Reliable"

Evans Ale

Always on the "square" in affording pleasure plus profit. Dependable, Delicious, Distinctive.
Order from Your Grocer.

SWEDISH PEASANTS WANT BIGGER ARMY

30,000 Go to Stockholm to Demand an Increase of Armaments.

KING GUSTAF PROMISES IT

Fear of Russian Aggression the Occasion of a Demonstration Unprecedented in Swedish History.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 6.—A great people's parade of more than 30,000 delegates from all parts of Sweden to-day defiled before the King and Queen at the royal palace to demand the immediate putting of the nation's military and naval forces on an effective modern basis.

The agitators say that the state of the navy is especially deplorable, the newest battleship being ten years old. The slowness of the present Liberal Government to take action in defense matters was the cause of the demonstration, which was unique in Swedish history. All the vacant rooms and space in barracks, gymnasiums, and schools were engaged by the delegates, who showed great enthusiasm and readiness to make personal sacrifices to meet the increased taxation proposed for the improvement of the nation's defenses.

The general war scare has its origin in the current reports of Russian espionage and the concentration of Russian troops in Finland, which is popularly believed to be aimed at Sweden.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 6.—The army of patriotic petitioners, which had waited on the outskirts of the Swedish capital since yesterday, was greeted with enthusiasm by the entire population of Stockholm as it marched through the streets to the palace, where the King was waiting to receive it.

The procession was a very picturesque one, composed of small land owners and farmers from every part of the kingdom, all of them dressed in holiday attire and wearing emblems representative of the districts from which they came. Some of them had traveled 700 or 800 miles in order to take part in the demonstration.

The peasants were warmly welcomed by the King, who stood on the portico of the palace. In reply to their petition, which stated that they were ready to make all the necessary sacrifices for the defense of their country and to assure its independence, and demanded that the matter should be taken in hand forthwith, the King said he heartily reciprocated the desire of the pilgrims and shared their opinion that the problem was one which must be solved without loss of time. He added:

"On that point I am determined not to yield. The fleet of Sweden must also be strengthened."

BRITISH INDIANS PROTEST.

Want Free Entry Into This Country from the Philippines.

MANILA, Feb. 6.—British East Indians to the number of 300 met here to-day to protest against the action of the authorities in refusing to give them certificates enabling them to proceed to the United States.

The speakers said that they did not claim free entry to America for all British Indians, but they argued that those now in the Philippines were entitled to admission to the United States. One of the orators said that the loyal subjects of King George had been insulted by the immigration authorities both here and in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Customs officials in the Philippines, in refusing certificates to Hindus seeking entry into the United States, acted upon specific instructions from the War Department. The experience has shown, it was pointed out to-day, that many Hindus who go from India to the Philippines, plan to continue their journey to America, regardless of their declared purpose to remain in the islands.

It was said at the Insular Bureau that there would be no change in the instructions as a result of the protests.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—It is officially announced that the Right Hon. Ronald Craufurd Munro-Ferguson, member of Parliament for Leith, will succeed Lord Denman as Governor General of Australia.

TOKIO, Feb. 6.—A resolution of want of confidence in the Japanese Government in connection with its attitude concerning the naval scandal is to be moved in the Japanese Diet on Feb. 10 by members of the Opposition. This decision was reached to-day at a mass meeting organized by the opposition parties and attended by 15,000 people.

DUNN BOOKS BRING $41,340.

"De Re Militari," in Last Day's Sale, Fetches $1,025.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The sale of Part II. of the George Dunn library was ended at Sotheby's to-day. The total for its five sessions was $41,340.

A manuscript Psalter of King David, with Calendar, (English fourteenth century,) brought $280. It is written on 292 small octavo vellum leaves and came from the library of Thomas Martin of Palgrave.

"Speculum Humanae Vitae," by Rodericus Zamorensis, (Monasterii) Helias Heliae de Louffen, 1472, an extremely rare incunabulum from the press of a little-known printer, realized $510.

An editio princeps of "De Re Militari" of Robertus Valturius, folio, Verona, 1472, went for $1,025. It was the second book printed in that city, and the first with a date executed in Italy in which woodcuts are found. The designs are attributed to Mateo Pasti.

"Opera Vergiliana," thick folio, Paris, 1512, bound for Louis XII. of France and a good specimen of his library, sold for $250. Examples of this special binding are rare.

An interesting manuscript Latin Bible from the library of Waltham Cross Abbey, small folio, thirteenth century, brought $250. It is written on 237 vellum leaves, in contracted minuscules, double columns, by three different but contemporary hands.

ORGANIZE FOR WORLD TRADE

German Commercial Interests Expect Foreign Newspapers to Aid.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The German Association for World Trade is the title of a powerful new international business-getting organization to be formed in Berlin on Feb. 26, under the auspices of Albert Ballin and other commercial notables.

It is the outgrowth of a plan which originally contemplated the formation of a German-American Trade League. The promoters have now decided to widen the scope of their enterprise so as to include a campaign for export trade on behalf of Germany in all the markets of the world.

A naïve notice of the association's purposes appears in to-day's semi-official Lokal-Anzeiger, which says that the "cultivation of better relations with the foreign press" is one of its main objects and that it "will probably operate with large means." Members of the Reichstag frequently say that Germany's interests abroad are not furthered as they might be because the foreign press has not been properly approached.

The German newspapers say that the new association will accomplish big results, as it has been found possible for the first time to bring together for a common purpose two big industrial organizations which have hitherto been enemies—the Central League of Manufacturers and the Union of Industrialists.

BRINGING WARRIOR'S CREW.

38 Men of F. W. Vanderbilt's Stranded Yacht on Board the Metapan.

COLON, Feb. 6.—A wireless dispatch received here to-day from the United Fruit steamer Metapan said that thirty-eight members of the crew of Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior were on board the Metapan. The message added that the steamer would take the sailors back to the United States. She is due here on her northbound trip Feb. 12.

A previous dispatch from the fruiter Santa Marta said the Warrior was still aground, but that there were good chances of saving her.

The Warrior grounded in the latter part of January off the northwest coast of Colombia. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt and their guests, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Lord Falconer, were rescued by boats from the United Fruit steamer Almirante.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—Ten members of the crew of Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior, stranded on a reef off the coast of Colombia, still are aboard the vessel, according to a wireless received here to-night. Thirty-eight of the crew were taken off by a tug and transferred to the United Fruit steamer Metapan.

The wireless said the tug was standing by to-night unable to get a hawser aboard the yacht because of high seas. It was said the yacht was in no danger.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 Fifth Avenue At 46th St.

WILL CLOSE OUT TODAY

45 Tailleur Suits---$25 & $35
Formerly $65 to $125
The Winter's smart models, with or without fur trimming.

Special Group of 35
Women's & Misses' Dresses
Formerly $45 to $95—$28
Street and afternoon styles of serge, velvet and silk.

Fur-Trimmed Wraps--$35 & $65
Formerly $65 to $175
Afternoon and evening styles of plush, velvet and brocades.

Fur Coats and Sets
are being closed out for *less than the value of the skins from which they are made.*

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

Winter Is Still With Us!
And The Big Store Is Ready with Immense, Carefully Selected Stocks of Merchandise Needed for the Very Kind of Weather We Had Yesterday, and Are Having Today.

Just think!

Is there anything you need? Whatever it is, WE CAN SUPPLY IT.

Furs: Heavy Clothing for Every Member of the Family: Winter Footwear: Underwear: Gloves: Sweaters: Blankets: Comforters: Flannels: Cloakings: Stoves: Radiators: &c, &c.

Every item of goods of the GREENHUT HIGH STANDARD of quality,—and you will save a "worth while" amount of money on everything you buy.

If You Are Not Already a Charge Customer of The Big Store we will make it easy for you to become one. Consult our Department of Accounts, Balcony, Main Building.

MAIN BUILDING

More Than $38,000 Worth of Men's and Youths' Winter Overcoats and Suits
At Extraordinarily Low Prices, Today. Additions Also of Thousands of Pairs of TROUSERS in Heavy, Medium and Spring Weights.

There will also be extra big bargains in RAINCOATS, VESTS, FUR-LINED AND FUR-TRIMMED OVERCOATS.

The prices throughout this sale are extraordinarily low. The offerings would attract a record response even during the middle of March. Now, the event should prove a sensation. These are all good garments, splendidly made; best styles. Most of them are selections from our own stocks. Prices are sharply reduced simply because assortments are not complete.

"Odd" Suits for Youths and Young Men—values to $10; today, at........ $4.95
"Odd" Suits for Youths and Young Men—sizes 31 to 38; values to $12; today, at..... $6.95
Men's and Youths' $12, $15, $18 and $20 Suits—all sizes; nearly 1,000 suits at this price.. $9.85
Men's and Youths' Suits—all sizes; plenty of "stouts"; previously priced up to $22; today, at........ $11.85
Men's and Youths' Suits—this lot includes many suits of the famous A.B. Kirschbaum Co. make; sizes up to 52. Previously priced up to $25; today, at... $14.85
Winter Overcoats for Men and Youths—only 93 coats in this lot; broken sizes up to 42; values to $10; today, at $6.95
Winter Overcoats—more than 300 overcoats; values to $20; all sizes; today, at........... $10
Winter Overcoats—all styles, colors and sizes; formerly priced up to $22; today, at... $11.85
Winter Overcoats—nearly 600 coats at this price; all styles colors and sizes; values to $25; today, at......... $14.85
"Odd" Fancy Vests—broken lines, "samples," etc.; formerly priced from $1.50 to $2.50; today, at........ 85c
Full Dress Vests—white silk and mercerized fabrics; also pique and bird's-eye effects; values to $4; today, at........ $1.65
"Odd" Raincoats—some of our own English importation; sizes for men and youths; values to $10; today, at........ $4.95
Genuine English Raincoats—the biggest $10 values in town; today, at........ $6.95
21 Fur-Trimmed Coats—black kerseys with caracul collars included; today, at........ $10
$25 to $30 Fur (Outside) Coats for Motoring—excellent coats for yourself or for your chauffeur; black dogskin, also pieced raccoon; today, at........ $20

Great Sale of Trousers
$3, $4 and $5 grades; sizes 28 to 56; today, at.... $2
All-wool Thibets and blue serges; also "odd" sample trousers; sizes to 56; today, at........ $2.95
"Kingly" Trousers for Big Men—values $4.50 to $6 a pair; sizes 42 to 58; today, at........ $3.50

MAIN BUILDING

Still Excellent Choice In Our Sale of "Used" Pianos & Player-Pianos

The instruments in this sale were taken by us in exchange when people were buying our fine new Pianos and Player-Pianos.

And this sale is not to make a profit, but to clear our Piano Rooms of "Used" Instruments.

Everyone has been gone over thoroughly in our repair shop and is now in perfect playing condition.
The sale prices are ½ and ⅓ of their original selling figures.
Under our easy payment plan, you can buy Pianos for a small initial payment and as low as $1 A WEEK. Player-pianos for a small initial payment and as low as $2 A WEEK.
Limited space makes it impossible to mention the names of these high-class instruments.

Today—The Annual Clearance of Our Library Stock of "Universal" 88-Note Player-Piano Music Rolls
There are hundreds of titles. Sale prices are from 20c to 50c each. Regular selling prices 50c to $1.75.
Special displays on Fifth Floor—Main Building.

MAIN BUILDING

Jewelry Store Specials For Men
Gold Knives, Cigar Cutters, Scarf Pins, Cuff Links and Inexpensive Watches.
Just a handful of selections from the hundreds of items that will greet those who attend the sixth day of our great February Sale of Jewelry.

$4.50 (10-kt.) Gold Pocket Knives—2 blades; with ring; polished sides; jeweled with a reconstructed ruby or sapphire cabochon; at........ $2
$2.75 Cigar Cutters to Match—at........ $1.50
$2.50 Solid Gold Scarf Pins—new circle pattern; set with imitation sapphire or ruby cabochon stone; at........ $1.50
$3.75 Large Plain Solid Gold Cuff Links—stiffened posts; pr. $2
$1.50 to $2 Solid Gold Cuff Links—with stiffened posts; several patterns; some with rose diamonds; pair........ $1
Men's or Boys' Gun-metal Watches—open face; thin model; white dials; second hands; stem wind and set; at..... $1.35
$1.25 Solid Gold Cuff Links—small sizes; several patterns; fitted with stiffened posts; pair........ 75c

MAIN BUILDING

This Is Final—Today Is the Last Day of Our Great Sale of Books In Sets

Perfect Sets at Prices Setting a New Record in Bargains

	Sets.	Vols.	Binding.	Sub. Price.	Sale Price.
Scott	2	24	Cloth	$32.00	$9.75
Tissot's Life of Christ	2	5	Cloth	25.00	5.50
Wilde	2	10	¾ leather	55.00	8.25
Turgenieff	1	7	Cloth	35.00	7.50
Burton's Arabian Nights	1	17	Buckram	125.00	25.00
Ireland, by Hall	1	6	Buckram	20.00	4.25
Irish Peasantry, by Carleton	2	4	Buckram	15.00	2.95
Eliot	1	24	Cloth	25.00	11.50
Thackeray	2	10	Cloth	30.00	6.50
Bulwer Lytton	1	15	¾ leather	50.00	15.75
Scott	2	24	¾ leather	45.00	13.50
Poe	3	10	Cloth	Defau edition	$4.50
Poe	2	10	¾ leather	Defau edition	7.50
Shakespeare	3	12	Cloth Royal ed.	45.00	6.00
De Maupassant	3	9	Cloth	25.00	4.25
Longfellow	2	10	¾ leather	25.00	6.75
Lamb	1	8	¾ leather	30.00	5.50
Muhlbach	2	20	Full leather	125.00	27.50
Warner	1	15	Cloth	55.00	12.00
De Maupassant	2	9	¾ leather	40.00	7.25
Wilde	1	15	¾ leather	50.00	18.50
De Maupassant	2	5	¾ leather	20.00	4.50
Thackeray	2	10	¾ leather	35.00	8.75
Stevenson	2	10	¾ leather	40.00	6.50
Dickens	1	15	¾ leather	60.00	15.00

SHAKESPEARE—40 vols.; one-half leather; sub. price, $42; today, at........ $7.75
POE—5 vols.; cloth; subscription price, $15; only two sets; today, at........ $2.85
Same, in three-quarter leather; subscription price, $20; today, at........ $3.95
EMERSON—5 vols.; cloth; subscription price, $25; today, at..... $3.50
Same, in three-quarter leather; subscription price, $45; today, at..... $4.75
ELIOT—St. James Edition; 12 vols.; three-quarter leather; subscription price, $50; today, at........ $7.25
KIPLING—10 vols.; cloth; de luxe edition; sub. price, $20; today, at........ $4.25
Same in three-quarter leather; subscription price, $30; today, at........ $6.75

Brady's Photographs of the Civil War—A Great Special in Today's Sale
A HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR, written by Prof. Lossing, and illustrated with the famous Brady War Photographs which were obtained by permission of the Government. Bound in cloth. Today's special sale price........ $1.19

Final Clearing Prices On Slightly Damaged Sets

Author.	Sets.	Vols.	Binding.	Condition.	Sale Price.
Bulwer	1	15	¾ morocco	Damaged	$12.25
Sue	1	10	¾ leather	Slightly damaged	8.00
Green's History of England	1	5	¾ leather	Handled	4.25
Smollett	1	6	½ leather	Shopworn	4.25
Shakespeare	1	20	Cloth	Shopworn	5.25
Dante	1	4	¾ leather	Marred	2.50
Shakespeare	1	10	Cloth	Shopworn	4.25
Browning	1	6	¾ leather	Marred	5.70
Cooper's Leather Stocking Tales	1	5	¾ leather	Slightly handled	4.75
Burton's Arab'n Ngts.	1	17	Buckram	Soiled	22.50
Emerson	1	12	¾ leather	Slightly soiled	$11.40
Bret Harte	1	12	¾ leather	Marred	11.40
Emerson	1	12	Cloth	Discolored	6.60
Holmes	1	14	¾ leather	Handled	13.30
Lowell	1	11	¾ leather	Slightly handled	10.45
Holmes	2	14	Cloth	Marred	7.70
Macaulay	2	10	Cloth	Slightly soiled	5.50
Tennyson	1	6	Cloth	Handled	3.30
Whittier	1	7	¾ leather	Slightly handled	6.65
Hawthorne	1	13	Cloth	Slightly soiled	7.15
Tennyson	1	6	¾ leather	Handled	5.70
Whittier	1	7	Cloth	Soiled	3.80

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"
Double [illegible] Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

COURAGE

It requires courage to enter upon a building operation, no matter how good it may be.

But it requires far greater courage to entrust a building operation to a contractor whose abilities are not a matter of general record.

On the other hand, there is nothing courageous about employing us—it is the only sensible thing to do if an Owner wants to keep his courage up and not be worried to death over the mistakes of an incompetent contractor.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

FOR CANNED GOODS TRADE.

Department of Commerce to Exploit Latin American Field.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Dr. E. A. Thayer, commercial agent of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, has been ordered to Chicago to confer with firms and individuals interested in Central and South American trade in canned goods, proprietary medicines, and dental and surgical supplies. He is expected to reach Chicago early next week. Dr. Thayer, who recently completed a trip of several months in South America, has already visited several Eastern cities. From Chicago he will go to San Francisco to take charge of the new branch of the bureau.

J. Alexis Shriver, who has just returned from Hawaii, Japan, China, and other countries in the Far East, where he investigated the canned goods trade for the bureau, will probably visit the centres of the canning industry in the United States in the near future.

It is the purpose of the Bureau of Foreign Commerce to disseminate such information to American manufacturers as its agents obtain in their foreign quests.

JOHN TYLER MONUMENT.

To be Erected Over Former President's Grave in Richmond.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The memory of John Tyler, former President of the United States, is shortly to be honored by the erection of a monument over his grave in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., for which Congress has appropriated $10,000.

Secretary Garrison of the War Department, charged with the execution of the act of Congress, has designated Lieut. Col. E. E. Winslow, Corps of Engineers of the Army, at Norfolk, Va., to look after all the preliminary work.

The Secretary already has invited sculptors of established reputation to submit designs for the monument, which must be submitted to Col. Winslow by Feb. 15. It is proposed that the monument in its general design shall consist of a monolithic shaft resting on a stone pedestal either alone or accompanied by a life-sized bust in bronze.

RULING MAY FREE CONVICTS.

Court's Interpretation of Law Disturbs Kentucky Authorities.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 6.—Several hundred convicts in the State prisons may obtain their immediate release under a ruling to-day by the State Court of Appeals.

The decision is based on the court's interpretation of the indeterminate sentence law, and resulted from an appeal in the case of John Demoss, sentenced to a minimum of two years from Covington.

Demoss served two years, and applied to the Prison Commission for parole. His plea was refused, and he sued, the case finally reaching the Court of Appeals. The court decided that under the law he was entitled to a parole when he had served his minimum sentence without the necessity of going before the Prison Commission, and if a parole were refused, the petitioner had the right to obtain a mandamus for his release.

AIDS NATIONAL GUARDSMEN.

Absence for Soldier Duty Exempted in Department of Labor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—An order providing that absence for duty with the National Guard shall not affect the efficiency rating of any employe of the Department of Labor has been issued by Secretary Wilson.

This action is in accordance with a recent recommendation of Secretary Garrison of the War Department to the members of the Cabinet. Similar action, it is believed, will be taken by other heads of the executive departments.

LYNCHER RELEASED.

Self-Confessed Member of Illinois Mob Had Surrendered.

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 6.—Reason Trigg was released to-day from the Monticello, Ill., jail by order of the Grand Jury. Trigg recently confessed that he helped lynch Henry Wildman, wife slayer, at Monticello twenty-seven years ago. Conscience stricken, he gave himself up to th authorities.

"I am content, and my conscience has been satisfied," said Trigg, as he walked outof jail.

He will return to his farm.

Investigate Carlisle Indian School.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Feb. 6.—A Congressional committee, acting under a joint resolution of the Senate and House, dropped unexpectedly into Carlisle this evening. Without notifying Supt. Friedman of the Carlisle Indian School of their presence, they pre-empted quarters, and, with J. Linnen, Indian Office Inspector, conducted an investigation of the school and its management.

Hearing for the Sun on Feb. 13.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Sun Printing and Publishing Association of New York filed to-day with a sub-committee of the House Committee on Judiciary, copies of the statement recently presented to Attorney General McReynolds in reference to the relations of the Associated Press and The Sun. Request was made for a hearing by the sub-committee, which will be held on Feb. 13.

Three Years for White Slaver.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 6.—Arthur R. Carey, 38 years old, of Chicago, was sentenced to three years in Fort Leavenworth Prison to-day for violation of the Mann White Slave act. Laura Fleuker, 18 years old, of Green Bay, Wis., was the girl whom Carey was convicted of transporting to Minneapolis, Minn.

Charles Klein Returns.

Charles Klein, the playwright, arrived last night on the Lusitania from London to produce his new play, "The Moneymakers." It is a three-act play dealing with the moral end of the money question and the leading rôle will be taken by George Nash. When asked who would be the leading actress in the cast, Mr. Klein replied that he was negotiating with a well-known star.

National Exhibit for Panama.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—President Wilson favors an exhibit by the United States Government at the exposition to be held by the Republic of Panama this year celebrating the opening of the canal. This was announced by Secretary Bryan after to-day's Cabinet meeting.

NEW REVOLT IN PERU PROVES AN OLD RULE

It Is Unsafe in Latin America to Make Predictions of Peace.

WHEN CASTRO GOT WINDFALL

An Innocent Example of Professional Revolutionist Who Was Made to Assist Venezuelan Leader.

"And so," said yesterday a man who usually spends ten months of the year traveling about in South America, "they have just started a new revolution in Peru! And here I have been telling everybody that at last that country had a stable Government! It goes to show you cannot predict anything about a Latin-American country.

"I haven't been in Peru lately. In my last few trips I have omitted it from my itinerary, because it didn't pay me to stop there on my way south from Panama to Valparaiso. It meant losing a couple of weeks or more without making big enough sales to pay for my time and trouble. The fact is the last time I was there was when they were in the midst of a revolution. That was when they took President Leguia out into the Plaza at Lima, got around him, and poked pistols at him, the while threatening to kill him if he didn't sign a paper they showed him. Leguia had the spunk to refuse, and some of his friends came up to his assistance before the revolutionists could carry their threats into execution.

"But they closed up our hotel, and I remember while the shooting was going on that a couple of Italian, who had a grudge against some Peruvians, went to the top of the building, and with rifles picked off their enemies, and the death of these was charged to the bullets of soldiers.

"No, I don't believe there are professional revolutionists going about South America, as people sometimes allege. I have known that continent intimately for twenty years now, and I don't speak from hearsay. The nearest to a professional revolutionist I ever saw I came across about thirteen or fourteen years ago, when I was acting as surgeon for the La Guayra & Caracas Railway, while engaged in various other occupations in Venezuela.

"The Manager of the La Guayra end of the road and I were standing on the pier at that seaport one day just after the steamer Zulia arrived from New York, when down the gangplank came a figure in white. It wore a white duck suit, made in the fashion of a uniform, a white helmet, white top boots, a white belt, and a white-handled sword stuck in a white buckskin sheath.

"The figure walked up to us and clicked its heels and saluted. The face under the helmet was that of a boy of seventeen.

"'Señors,' said the youngster, 'can you talk English?'

"We admitted that we could.

"'And do you speak Spanish?'

"'Si,' we replied in unison.

"'How do you say "ice cream soda" in Spanish?' greeted our astonished ears.

"After soberly informing him that at that time no such thing was known in Venezuela, much less in torrid La Guayra, where the quantity of ice required for cooling a Scotch and soda cost more than the liquor, we questioned the youngster as to his errand.

"'I have come down to help in the revolution,' he told us.

"'Have you ever had any experience at soldiering?' my companion asked him.

"He drew up his heels and saluted again. 'I got my military education at Bordentown, N. J.,' he replied.

"'How did you happen to get that white uniform for the job here?' we asked him.

"'Why, I went to the Venezuelan Consul in New York, and he told me the revolutionists here were wearing white uniforms, to signify that their cause was pure!'

"Well, we were of the opinion that Venezuela at that time was no place for an innocent like that, and we tried to persuade him to go back on board the steamer and return to his home in New York. But he had come out to be a soldier. He said he didn't need the salary attached to an officer's job, and showed us he had $2,500 in his pockets.

"When our arguments proved unavailing, we gave him a letter of introduction to Gen. Fortoul, of Castro's army, and the General presented him to Castro.

"The young man confided to Castro that he was not looking for favors, and revealed that he was the possessor of $2,500 good American dollars. That sum looked as big to Castro just then as a million did later. The youngster said he wanted to be a General.

"'I could not make you a general,' said Castro. 'That would cause international complications. But as your case is an exceptional one, suppose you hand me the money you have, and I'll name one of our biggest cannon after you.'

"As this was the best bargain obtainable, the money was handed over, and the cannon was duly named. Thereafter, after a battle was fought, the official reports always had the cannon 'John Wesley Smythe' figuring largely in causing the casualties.

"However, his own inaction finally palled on the young American, and when Matos started a revolution he promptly went over to him and actually became a revolutionary officer. He was shot in the leg during an engagement, and was brought to Caracas, where I attended him. Soon afterward I succeeded in getting him on a steamer bound for New York. A year later he came back and fought with Matos again, and then I lost track of him.

"But when you speak of professional revolutionists, he is the only one of the kind I ever came across down there, and he was really bent on fighting."

PROVISIONAL RULE IN PERU.

Benavides Is Head of the Governing Junta—Election to be Held.

LIMA, Feb. 6.—The new Governing Board, chosen by Congress to administer the Government pending an election for President, to-day paid all the Administrative debts outstanding. Banks to-day were making discounts freely, and rumors of business failures ceased.

An announcement that a Chilean warship was proceeding to Callao to protect interests occasioned surprise here to-day, as full confidence is felt that the new régime will obey the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—All was quiet at Lima to-day when Minister McMillan reported to the State Department on Peru's revolution and told of the forming of a governing junta composed of a member from each political party, which had created a temporary Government under the Presidency of Gen. Benavides, former Chief of Staff.

The attitude of the State Department is that the United States need take no position as to recognizing or failing to recognize the new Government, since it is only provisional, and an election is to be held.

Minister McMillan said a signed proclamation assuring complete safety to all persons had been posted in Lima, and that business was fully resumed yesterday. Ex-President Billinghurst was still in prison, but was said to be in no danger.

MRS. HARTJE WEDS.

Pittsburgh Woman, Who Is 40, the Bride of Stanley Howard, Who Is 22

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Scott Hartje, who figured in a sensational divorce suit in Pittsburgh, is now the wife of Stanley Howard, son of a New York broker. The couple were married in Pasadena on Feb. 4, and intend to make their home there. Mrs. Hartje is 40 years old. The bridegroom is said to be 22.

BRASS BEARD FOR OBERON.

Bizarre Make-Up in London "Mid-Summer Night's Dream" Revival.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Granville Barker, who has introduced many remarkable innovations in the matter of stage productions, surpassed himself in to-night's revival of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" at the Savoy Theatre. Mr. Barker carried out the whole thing in a spirit of unbridled fantasy, the most striking feature being the extraordinary costumes of the players. Oberon and Titania and their attendant fairies were dressed from top to toe in gold bronze. Their faces were gilded, and their eyebrows were picked out with crimson. They looked, according to one critic, for all the world like an odd lot of brass ornaments that had come to life.

The make-up of the actors who played the parts of the Immortals was quaint in the extreme. Indeed, their whiskers were so contrived that they had all the appearance of being made of tin or brass. "One of the Immortals," says a critic, "has a trailing beard which looks like strands of tangled macaroni, while another looks as if he were a human porcupine. Two very interesting styles in unearthly beards are of the decorative brass order. The Kaiser would envy the fearsome curl of an enormous mustache in one case, while another Immortal's beard would make a handsome drawing-room fire screen or a design for an electrolier. Hair like an overcrowded pincushion or like tin shavings completes the odd touches of this bizarre garbing of the unearthly ones."

But, despite the strictures of the critics, the audience showed considerable enthusiasm.

TANGOIST HURLS FURNITURE

Crazed Tailor Throws Articles from Window to Have More Room.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—As a commercial traveler named Durin was passing along the Rue Geoffroy L'Asnier last night a table fell from a fourth-floor window of a house and just missed hitting him. Some chairs, a water jug, and other articles followed the table.

Looking up, Durin saw a tailor named Guenard at the window gesticulating, who shouted:

"I must have room to dance the tango."

When the police arrived Guenard was seized after a struggle. He was found to have become insane.

ITALY FILES A PROTEST.

Doesn't Want Our Doctors on Emigrant Ships as Bill Now Provides.

ROME, Feb. 6.—If the Burnett Immigration bill, passed by the United States House of Representatives on Wednesday, contains a clause when finally enacted providing that an American doctor and an Inspector shall be aboard Italian steamers transporting emigrants to the United States the provision will not be accepted by Italy. The Foreign Office here has made this objection known to Thomas Nelson Page, the American Ambassador. It is stated that a similar representation has been made to the authorities in Washington by the Marquis Cusani Confalonieri, the Ialian Ambasssdor.

The ground for objection taken by the Foreign Office is that Italy already maintains Surgeons of the Royal Navy on emigrant steamers. It also considers that Italian steamers are extra-territorial and, therefore, are not subject to foreign control.

EX-OFFICIAL BLAMES BOTHA.

Says Deportation of South African Labor Men Was Unjustifiable.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 6.—In the debate in Parliament to-day on the bill to indemnify the Government for its acts under martial law, Patrick Duncan, former Colonial Secretary of the Transvaal, strongly condemned the recent deportation of the strike leaders as not having been justified by their acts, and as not being conducive of industrial peace.

Mr. Duncan said that if the principle of right of judicial trial were thrown aside there would be nothing before the country but government by revolution.

TWO CALL HIM HUSBAND.

Rival Widows Lay Claim to Estate of John H. Palmer.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—That John H. Palmer, author and inventor, who died Jan. 28 last, left two alleged widows was disclosed in the Orphans' Court to-day.

His will, executed Jan. 26, two days before his death and filed for probate in the Orphans' Court yesterday, bequeaths all his property to Mrs. Katharine Palmer, whom he calls his wife and whom he named as executrix without bond. To-day notice of a caveat was filed by Attorney Philip M. Golden, representing Mrs. May Palmer, who is alleged to have been the only legal wife of Mr. Palmer. Attorney Golden said that his client, who lives in Philadelphia, was Palmer's wife, but that there was another woman in this city who claimed that relationship.

Palmer married first in London in 1871, said Attorney Golden, and he and his wife came to this country several years ago. Here he married again. Both women, Mr. Golden declared, knew of the alleged claim of the other. He added the information that the estate consisted of Palmer's interest in certain inventions, the value of which was not known.

PRISON FOR ADMIRAL'S SON.

Nyayllt, Under Life Term, Says Father Is in French Navy.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 6.—Avnard Nyayllt, when sentenced to life imprisonment to-day for the murder of Marie Prandin, told the court that he was the son of Vice Admiral Nyayllt of the French Navy. His brother William, he said, was a Captain of the Guard in Paris.

Until his father learned of his relations with Marie Prandin, Nyayllt, said he had received a remittance of $450 a month. Afterward he worked as a cook.

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey
The Whiskey of Quality

NATIONAL SUFFRAGE PARADE

Leaders Plan Another Demonstration in Washington on May 9.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Suffrage leaders began active preparations today for the national suffrage demonstration to be held here on May 9. Their first move was a request for a police permit for the use of certain streets on the day of the demonstration.

The leaders plan to make the demonstration surpass the one that was held here the day before President Wilson's inauguration, which was marked by several embryo riots. Each State in the Union will be represented in the procession that is to move on Congress, demanding a constitutional amendment enfranchising women.

The procession, according to present plans, will form in front of the White House and, after a mass meeting at a nearby theatre, will move on toward the Capitol, where on the broad front plaza an open-air demonstration will follow.

Demonstrations will be held simultaneously throughout the States on May 2.

INSURE TO HELP COLLEGE.

Harvard 1913 Graduates to Raise $100,000 by 25th Anniversary.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Harvard graduates of last June voted at their first reunion at the Hotel Lenox to-night to take out twenty-year endowment life insurance policies as a means of rasing a fund of $100,000 to be presented to the university on the twenty-fifth anniversary of their graduation. The class will decide to what purpose they wish the fund devoted at the time of making the presentation.

The dividends that are paid on the policies will be used to pay the expenses of the class reunions.

THREE DIE IN COLLISION.

Michigan Trains Crash During Storm of Sleet and Snow.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—A snow and sleet storm which swept Michigan to-day was responsible for a railroad wreck near Saginaw, which cost three lives. A Grand Trunk freight train ran into a work train, killing Edward Lewes, foreman of the work train crew; Frank Krueger, brakeman of the freight train, and an unidentified man.

HAD NO COAL LANDS TITLE.

Alaska Development Co. Promoter Says All They Had Was Hope.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 6.—Although Charles F. Munday, promoter of the Alaska Development Company, had exhausted his right to file on coal land in 1882, he subsequently gave two powers of attorney authorizing his representatives to file on coal lands, and in 1897 and 1902 Alaskan coal claims were located in his name.

This information was elicited to-day in the cross-examination of Munday, who is on trial jointly with Archie W. Shiels, charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States of Alaska coal lands by the use of dummy entrymen. Munday declared, however, that the Alaska filings in his name were void when made and that no attempt had been made to acquqire title to the claim.

Munday was on the witness stand all day, and the cross-examination will be resumed to-morrow.

"The Alaska Development Company had no title to coal lands at any time. All we had was a hope," said Munday, in giving the history of the company.

REVISE ARTICLES OF WAR.

New Bill Would Reduce the List of Capital Offenses.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Revision of the articles of war, to extend jurisdiction of courts-martial and reduce the number of capital offenses, was proposed to-day in a Senate bill favorably reported by the Military Committee.

Capital offenses would be reduced from five to three in time of peace and from fifteen to twelve in time of war. Death sentence, however, would be mandatory for only one offender—the spy.

Woman Twice Convicted of Murder.

FULTON, Mo., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Susan Ross was found guilty for the second time to-day of the murder of her husband, J. Haywood Ross, and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. She was convicted of murder in the second degree. The sentence in the first trial was the same. Ross was found murdered in bed.

Sick Senators Improve.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. — Senator Bacon of Georgia, sick with a broken rib, was much improved to-day. Senator Stone of Missouri, sick with influenza, was also better.

BREMNER FUNERAL MONDAY.

Services at Home in Passaic Without Military Display.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, Feb. 6.—The body of Representative Robert G. Bremner, who died in Baltimore, was brought to the family home here this morning. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon, with services at the house and burial in Laurel Grove Cemetery. Mrs. Bremner declined to-day to permit arrangements for a military funeral, saying that she was carrying out the wishes of her husband. She consented, however, to allow the body to lie in state to-morrow afternoon and evening.

The Rev. Dr. L. B. Plummer, pastor of a Presbyterian Church at Springfield, Mass., will be the officiating clergyman at the funeral services, and in accordance with a request of Mr. Bremner, Father Kernan of St. Nicholas's Roman Catholic Church will assist Dr. Plummer at the funeral services.

Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, will attend, as will Senator Hughes and many others from Washington. The Congressional committee named to attend the funeral is composed of Benjamin Johnson, Kentucky; Henry George, New York; William Ashbrook, Ohio; William Carey, Wisconsin; Solomon F. Prouty, Iowa; Simeon D. Fess, Ohio; Abraham L. Kiester, Pennsylvania; Robert F. Broussard, Louisiana; Samuel Wallin, New York, and Samuel Winslow, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Bremner received this message from Gov. Fielder to-day:

Mrs. Robert G. Bremner,
Passaic, N. J.:

My sense of personal loss in Congressman Bremner's death makes my sympathy for you very deep. JAMES F. FIELDER,
Governor.

SMUGGLING OVER THE ICE.

Canadian Merchants Ask Their Government to Stop It.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 6.—To stop smuggling across the ice bridge over the St. Lawrence River, said to have been going on extensively to the detriment of merchants at Cornwall, Ontario, the Merchants' Association of that town has petitioned the Canadian Government to station special customs detectives along the border.

It is asserted that cotton goods, coal oil by the barrel, tobacco, and shoes have been smuggled into Canada in large quantities.

MILITANTS IN CHICAGO.

Girl Strike Pickets Force the Police to Drag Them to the Station.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Eleven young women acting as pickets in front of a downtown restaurant where the waitresses were on strike, were arrested to-day. All were released on bond.

When a squad of policemen arrived the girls adopted militant tactics and seated themselves on the slushy sidewalk.

"You'll have to carry us to the station," they said when told by the police to "come on along."

The policemen lifted the girls to their feet and half dragged them to the station.

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Odd volumes, from fine and well-known subscription sets whose merit booklovers will recognize at once. Such authors as Eugene Field, James Whitcomb Riley, Thackeray, Stevenson, Kipling, Scott, Thomas Nelson Page and F. Hopkinson Smith.

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Love stories, thrilling tales of adventure, detective stories, mystery stories, in fact, everything that is covered in the range of Fiction of today.

Only a few of each title, so it is impossible to give a list of authors. Some of these Books are reduced in price because they show slight hurts from handling.

A List Which Speaks in Every Line

Fifty Years Ago, by Walter Besant. A picture of society in Great Britain when Queen Victoria ascended the throne. Published at $2.50, our price 50c.

Life of Lincoln, by Ida M. Tarbell. Four volumes, subscription edition. Published at $10, our price $2.50. Only ten sets.

British Flowering Plants, by Lord Avebury. An authoritative work by this well-known writer and man of affairs. Published at $3.50, our price $1.50.

Feathered Game of the Northeast, by Walter H. Rich. A description of the game life of our Eastern coast, with their seasons, best methods of hunting, etc. Published at $3, our price $1.

An Explorer's Adventures in Thibet, by A. Henry Savage Landor. The exciting story of his famous journey into the Forbidden Land is here retold for young people. Published at $1.50, our price 50c.

From Sail to Steam, by Captain Alfred T. Mahan, U. S. N. An interesting narrative of the change from sail to steam power in our navy. Published at $2.25, our price 50c.

Roman Holidays and Others, by W. D. Howells. A delightful account of a sojourn in Rome, with impressions of street scenes, popular customs and a hundred places of interest. Published at $3, our price 90c.

The Road, by Jack London. Spicy incidents of tramp life, well illustrated. Published at $2, our price 50c.

Hawthorne and His Circle, by Julian Hawthorne. Illustrated with sketches by Mrs. Nathaniel Hawthorne. Reproductions of rare prints, portraits, etc. Published at $2.25, our price 75c.

The Siege of Boston, by Allen French. A readable and reliable account of this historic event. Published at $1.50, our price 45c.

The Dawn of the XIXth Century in England, by John Ashton. A special sketch of the times, with 114 quaint illustrations by the author from contemporary engravings. Published at $2, our price 50c.

Success Among Nations, by Emil Reich. A study of the questions—which were successful nations, the causes of their success, and the nations likely to be successful in the future. Published at $2, our price 50c.

The First American, His Home and His Households, by Leila Herbert. Henry Cabot Lodge has declared that The First American deserves a permanent place in Washington literature. Published at $2, our price 75c.

Brittany and the Bretons, written and pictured by George Wharton Edwards. An interesting study of an interesting land and people, profusely illustrated, many of the pictures in color. Published at $6, our price $2.00.

Livingston's Expedition to the Zambesi and Its Tributaries, by David and Charles Livingston. Published at $5, our price 75c.

The Congo and the Founding of Its Free States, by Henry M. Stanley. A story of work and exploration in two volumes, illustrated. Published at $7.50, our price $2.

William Black, Novelist, by Wemyss Reid. An authoritative and personal biography. Published at $2.25, our price 50c.

The Real Francis Joseph, by Henri De Weindel. Private life of the Emperor of Austria; 44 illustrations. Published at $3.50, our price $1.

French Men, Women, and Books, by Betham Edwards. Published at $2.50, our price 75c.

The Pleasant Tragedies of Childhood, pictures by Fanny Y. Cory, verses by Burges Johnson. A truly humorous book that will delight the heart of the cynical bachelor, as well as that of the doting parent. Published at $1.50, our price 50c.

Abraham Lincoln 50c Instead of $2

Reminiscences by Ulysses S. Grant, Henry Ward Beecher, Charles A. Dana, and many others.

Here are recollections of lawyers who rode the Illinois circuit with Lincoln, and listened to his whimsical stories before the fires in roadside inns. Pictures of Lincoln as Executive in the midst of war, at Gettysburg, etc.

Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson $4.25 Instead of $12.50

Splendid five-volume edition, bound in half leather, and printed in clear type on a superior quality of paper.

Published at $12.50, our price $4.25 the set. A limited quantity only at this remarkably low price.

Main Floor.

GIMBELS

Going On Today—
The Sale of Men's Suits and Overcoats At $17.50

Formerly $25, $28, $32 & $35

The form of the statement indicates accurately that these are all Overcoats and Suits reduced in price as the consequence of stock taking.

It is a case of winter clothing sitting in the lap of spring arrivals—the state of affairs not to be tolerated in this clothing store.

The most we need say about the Overcoats and Suits got by clear prices is that they are desirable in style, fabric and quality, and in sufficient variety to meet the wishes of most men who like to buy good clothing at much below its par value. Equally gratifying savings, too, on

Youths' $15 to $18 Suits and Overcoats at $10

In handsome, youthful styles, sizes 30 to 38 chest. And

Men's $5 to $6.50 Trousers at $3.50 Pair

Plain or striped worsteds, correct in fit and hang. Fourth Floor

Men's Pleated Shirts At 95c, Usually $1.50

These are distinctive Shirts, the kind a man will not hesitate to admire on a friend—clear-cut stripes on white grounds, handsome percales and printed madras.

This saving of one-third was only made possible by the fact that we bought 3,000 shirts—all the manufacturer had. Sizes 14 to 17.

Men's Shirts of Pure Silk, $5

This particular grade of Shirts at $5 is the result of diligent search and exacting specifications—we had to have a Shirt that would look and wear like an $8 garment, even if we had to place a very large order—every difficulty was surmounted, and we have for your approval what we consider the finest $5 Silk Shirt ever offered.

Neat, plain stripes of lavender, blue, tan or black. Main Floor

Studying Furniture

If you are a wise intending buyer of furniture you will have been spending a good deal of time during the last week looking about among the various furniture sales.

Now we should like to have you to come here today and apply the results of your week of investigation to the

Gimbel February SALE OF FURNITURE

from the point of view of its usefulness to your particular needs.

The more you have traveled around, the better we shall like it—the surer we shall be of having the result favorable to us.

We have by no means *all* the good furniture in New York—although *all* Gimbel Furniture *is* good.

But we are convinced, from our own observation, and from what we are told, that we display the richest, most varied collection of the FURNITURE THAT MOST PEOPLE WANT that can be found anywhere in this city.

The two extremes are lacking—worthless cheapness and magnificent uselessness. But the great middle ground is generously represented. You find a-plenty:—

Furniture of trustworthy construction, of practical fitness for homes in which luxury and comfort are not inconsistent with common sense, and appealing, in outward appearance, to people of good taste.

It is this Furniture—over a half million dollars' worth of it when the Sale began—that we ask you to criticise in the light of your researches of the last week.

The greater part of it is displayed on the most superbly arranged single furniture floor in this country—80,000 square feet of it, brilliantly lighted for convenient and close inspection.

Of special interest today is the remarkable offering of

Fireside Wing Chairs, Upholstered in Cretonne, at $10

which is an extremely low price for Chairs so attractive in appearance and of such admirable comfort. We show them in the Bedding Section, upholstered in a dozen patterns of cretonnes and denims. To make the low price possible, we agreed to take 500 of these Chairs from the manufacturer. Seventh Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
NEW YORK

HARPERS BOOKS

The Forester's Daughter

By Hamlin Garland

Mr. Garland announces that he would like to have it understood that this is *not* the greatest novel of the year, it is *not* the latest and the strongest work of the author, it is *not* a gripping study of elemental passions, it is merely an idyllic story of *youth* for *youth*, full of the vacation spirit of the Rocky Mountains and written in the vein of "The Spirit of Sweet Water" and "Her Mountain Lover," a comedy of forest folk with "Berrie of the cinch hand" for chief character. It can be read by every one in the family circle. Ask for it.

The Masks of Love

By Margarita Spalding Gerry

It is the primitive brute in man which in the last analysis counts. One may conceal this under fine raiment and clothe it in fine phrases, but the fact remains—and that is one of the things a splendid, upstanding young woman learns here. And the teaching and the learning are interesting. A vigorous, tender story.

Bluebeard

By Kate Douglas Wiggin

Here is pure fun. This musical fantasy is one of the most delightful and humorous parodies ever written. Its delicate satire will be enjoyed by all readers, and to anyone with a slight knowledge of the piano it offers the material for a unique monologue entertainment. It hits off in humorous manner the solemn methods of musical experts.

The Idol-Breaker

By Charles Rann Kennedy

The third of the series of Seven Plays for Seven Players, of which "The Servant in the House" and "The Winterfeast" have already been published. The theme is Freedom. The story takes place in the smithy of Little Boswell—a village of prejudices, traditions, and economic slavery. The grotesque comedy situations in which these villagers find themselves have never been equaled since the author's inimitable Bishop in "The Servant in the House."

The Light of Western Stars

By Zane Grey

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WOMEN TAKE UP LIVE TOPICS OF THE DAY

Table Resolutions Denouncing Scant Skirts, Hatpins, and Modern Dances.

BUT FAVOR WOMEN POLICE

Suffrage Debate Enlivens Convention of Women's Clubs—Mrs. Allen Assails Medicated Wine.

Many questions engaged the attention yesterday of delegates to the thirty-third convention of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs at the Hotel Astor. There were three sessions of the convention—morning, afternoon, and evening. A discussion of the suffrage question at the afternoon session was enlivening. There was an anti-suffrage committee made up of Mrs. Simon Baruch and Mrs. Livingston Rowe Schuyler, and a suffrage committee represented by Mrs. Frederick Nathan.

Mrs. Simon Baruch was the first speaker for the anti-suffrage committee. A great favorite with the women of the federation, she was received with warm applause.

"I hope you will love me as much when I finish," said Mrs. Baruch as she began to read her paper.

The women applauded warmly when she finished, but nevertheless there was a little hissing at times when Mrs. Baruch assailed the cause of suffrage with especial vigor.

Mrs. Baruch said that woman by her nature was unfit for the work of government, that the franchise would undermine the influence of woman, and that it was the beautifying influence of woman that made the charm of the home. Repeating another belief of the anti-suffragists she said: "The free power of selection in love is the true female franchise."

Mrs. Schuyler, who supported Mrs. Baruch, also was warmly applauded.

Mrs. Frederick Nathan, representing the suffrage side of the argument, quoted many statistics. As she finished the convention burst into an uproar of applause, with shouts and cheers, many of the women standing to show their appreciation.

Other live questions of the day were taken up in resolutions which were offered to the convention. One resolution demanded the reinstatement of music in theatres. There was warm applause when this resolution was read and more applause when it was asserted that many poor musicians needed work. But when the motion was put the "nays" were louder than the "ayes," and the resolution was lost.

Another resolution dwelt on the menace to health and safety of the present scant dress skirts. The resolution told of the peril which women wearing the scant skirts court in boarding surface cars and descending elevated railroad and Subway stairways, when a tumble might result in serious injury. The resolution was tabled.

Another resolution demanded legislation prohibiting the long hatpin and another inveighed against the modern dances. Still another demanded special cars for women on traction lines, but all were tabled.

A resolution which received the approval of the convention demanded the abolition of Sing Sing Prison. It was urged in the resolution that an "industrial prison" be established with a farm attached to be worked by prisoners.

Then the convention put itself on record as favoring police women in New York City. Finally the convention indorsed the work of the "Association for the Prevention of Reckless Driving," which fights the "increasing slaughter of human beings."

After the resolutions were disposed of Mrs. Martha M. Allen told of the dangers of medicated wines. "Call liquor whisky and women know enough to let it alone," said Mrs. Allen, "but call it medicated wine and it is responsible, with many kinds of medicines which are largely alcoholic, for much drunkenness among women.

"Milk in small quantity will furnish the necessary nine ounces of tissue-forming food which human beings should have daily. To get this amount in medicated wine would require 1,923 glasses, and it would cost $150." Mrs. Allen said that some well-known patent medicines were made mainly of alcohol.

The federation meeting was held in the large ballroom of the Astor. The President, Miss Florence Guernsey, presided.

MRS. HACKLEY'S WILL.

Estate Worth More Than $1,000,000—Many Bequests to Charities.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The will of Mrs. Frances A. Hackley of Hackley School, Tarrytown, with its seven codicils, was filed with Surrogate William A. Sawyer here to-day for safe keeping until a petition is made for its probate. Mrs. Hackley died at her school for boys on Sept. 4, and she leaves an estate of more than $1,000,000. Her chief source of income was from mines, quarries, and other properties in Pennsylvania. The Hackley School was conducted partly from the owner's private resources. The will was changed many times during 1909, but in the last codicil Mrs. Hackley directed that the residue of the estate should go to the school that bears her name, while there are about $200,000 in bequests to relatives and institutions. Among other things Mrs. Hackley did in her codicils was to bequeath Mrs. Eva R. I. Brown of Dobb's Ferry $100,000 in a codicil of Feb. 12, 1909, and in March, 1909, this bequest was revoked. The will gives the following amounts to institutions, after a number of relatives are remembered by amounts ranging from $500 annually to $100,000 outright:

Congregational Church at Black Rock, Conn., and Archbald, Penn., $2,000 each; Society for Relief of Destitute Bling, New York City, $5,000; Manassas Industrial School, Manassas, Va.; Beren College, Ky.; Pitt Dellingham School, Calhoun, Ala.; Fort Valley Industrial School, Ga.; Kowaliga Academy, Ala., $5,000 each; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New York, $5,000 each; Church of the Messiah, New York City, $50,000; Pennsylvania Universalist Convention, $50,000, in trust for the John Raymond Memorial Church Universalist, Scranton, Penn., in memory of the testator's father, John Raymond.

AMNESIA VICTIM IDENTIFIED.

Girl in White Plains Hospital Is Victoria Helman of New York.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Feb. 6.—The girl who has been in the White Plains Hospital for two days suffering from loss of memory was identified this afternoon as Victoria Helman of 2,183 Amsterdam Avenue, New York City. Salvatore Scarpati of the firm of Moscrini & Scarpati, 12 East Thirteenth Street, New York City, recognized her as a former employe in his establishment. She worked for Mr. Scarpati for about a year up to several months ago, when she went to live with a Mrs. Alexander at 2,183 Amsterdam Avenue.

The girl responded to the name, Victoria, but her mind is completely blank on everything else. When asked if Victoria Helman was her name the girl showed the first signs of returning memory, and said that Victoria was her name. She is still in the hospital under observation.

The girl had told the police and doctors that she remembered having painted small articles for some one, and this bears out Mr. Scarpati's statement that she painted celluloid novelties and combs for his firm. She has a brother who, Mr. Scarpati thinks, lives in Cleveland, Ohio.

She left the home of Mrs. Alexander on Tuesday morning and did not tell any one where she was going. Evidently she walked here from New York, as the condition of her shoes showed that she had walked a long distance, and she herself remembered having been walking for a long time.

Sherry Must Pay City's Bill.

Louis Sherry, the Appellate Division ruled yesterday, must pay for the city's work in widening Fifth Avenue in front of his restaurant at Forty-fourth Street, including the cost of the removal of obstructions on the sidewalk and vaults under city property. The owner of the property is Isaac V. Brokaw, and the assessment was against him for $22,866.28. There was an agreement between Sherry and Brokaw to leave the decision as to who was responsible for the encroachments to the courts, and Sherry was found to be the man after a trial in the Supreme Court. Sherry took the case to the Appellate Division, which unanimously dismissed his appeal.

Confession Alone Cannot Convict.

No person can be convicted of crime on his own confession, however often repeated, unless there is evidence to show that the crime was actually committed, the Appellate Division ruled yesterday, sustaining the appeal of Daniel Gilman, a youth convicted of stealing a shirtwaist. Witnesses testified on Gilman's trial that he had admitted stealing a shirtwaist, but there was no evidence to show that any shirtwaist had been actually stolen by any one.

BOARD MAY DISMISS MARRIED TEACHERS

Appellate Division Sets Aside Writ Reinstating Mrs. Peixotto, Ousted After Bearing a Child.

CHOSE THE WRONG REMEDY

Teacher Should Have Appealed to State Commissioner Before Going to Court, Decision Says.

The right of the Board of Education to make rules governing members of the city teaching staff, even when those rules affected married women teachers who became mothers, was upheld yesterday by the unanimous decision of the Appellate Division. Justice Seabury's writ of mandamus restoring Mrs. Bridget Peixotto to her place as a teacher in Public School 14 in the Bronx was dismissed.

"It appears to be broadly contended by her counsel," said Justice Laughlin, who wrote the opinion for the Appellate Division, "that in no circumstances is the Board of Education warranted in removing a married woman teacher on account of absence from school through illness incident to bearing a child, no matter how long such illness incapacitates her from performing her duties as a teacher. That is a doctrine to which we cannot subscribe, for we think that while the defendant is vested with the authority to excuse a teacher on the ground of illness, it may in some circumstances find that absence for alleged illness constitutes neglect of duty."

Mrs. Peixotto's child was born on April 7, 1913. She stayed on duty until Feb. 3, a month and four days before the birth. When she was removed, she appealed to the courts. This the Appellate Division found was an error. Her remedy, the court pointed out, was first an appeal to the State Commissioner of Education. For this reason she was not entitled to a writ of mandamus until she had exhausted her departmental appeal and had been rebuffed by the State Commissioner.

While this technical point is made, the main ground of the court's decision is devoted to Justice Seabury's dictum, based on Mrs. Peixotto's contention that her removal was due not to the neglect of duty for which she was convicted and removed by the Committee on Elementary Schools of the Board of Education, but to the fact that she had borne a child. On this, Justice Laughlin said:

"The fallacy of this argument lies in the fact that even though she could not be removed for giving birth to a child, it is possible that the length of absence for such a purpose might be such as to authorize her removal for neglect of duty, notwithstanding the fact that such neglect could not be predicated merely upon the birth of the child."

The Board of Education, the court said, has received by express provision of an act of Legislature the right to formulate rules and to remove members of the teaching force after due hearing. For this reason, the courts cannot look behind the proceedings, in themselves regular and legal, to set aside the result on some other ground.

Justice Laughlin pointed out in his opinion that when Mrs. Peixotto presented her application for a leave of absence on Feb. 3, prior to the birth of her child, on April 7, she said that her illness was an ailment affecting her ears and nose, and presented a doctor's certificate to that effect. Then the opinion continued:

"We are of the opinion that the question with respect to the right of the board to remove a teacher for necessary absence, owing to such illness, (incident to childbirth,) is not presented for decision, and it would not be proper to express an opinion on that question at this time, for the relator had a legal remedy under the statute by an appeal to the State Commissioner of Education, who was authorized to reverse the determination of the defendant (the Board of Education) in dismissing her, if the facts did not warrant it."

George J. Gillespie, Chairman of the Board of Education Committee on Elementary Schools, said yesterday:

"The decision was what we expected. What we were fighting for was to establish the right of the Board of Education, as such, to determine whether a violation of the rules had been committed, and to deal with each case as it saw fit, inflicting punishment for neglect of duty, if that offense had been established."

Mr. Gillespie said that he could not say whether the decision would affect other cases.

PLAN NEW SALARY BILL.

Women Teachers Will Seek More Pay in Elementary Grades.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers at a meeting last night in the Metropolitan Life Building adopted resolutions authorizing the drafting of a bill similar to the Gledhill-Foley measure to increase the salaries of all teachers in the elementary schools, except the Principals and Supervisors. Referring to Senate Bill 34, which affects the salaries of seventh and eight year teachers only, Miss Grace Strachan said it had not been proposed by the association, although she personally was not opposed to its adoption. Miss Strachan said that she believed that any salary increase should not be confined to certain grades, but should include all of the teachers in the elementary grades.

Miss Strachan said that the association had retained counsel to make a test cast of the matter of salary discrimination on the ground of sex, one of the results, she asserted, of a new law. Miss Strachan said that teachers were being asked to sign a petition asking that no pension legislation be considered for three months. The result, she asserted, would be that there would be no Pension bill passed for a year, and the Board of Retirement would hold up applications. This would work a hardship on old teachers.

According to Miss Strachan, the Board of Education has requested the Legislature not to consider any pension legislation until the Committee on Pensions appointed by the late Mayor Gaynor has reported.

Miss Strachan said that 7,534 teachers had expressed their views regarding a Pension bill. More than 90 per cent. of the teachers from whom replies had been received, Miss Strachan said, favored the bill as outlined by the committee, and a resolution was adopted by the meeting empowering the Executive Committee to have a Pension bill drafted, which, by agreement with President McAneny, will be submitted to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment before it is sent to Albany.

GET READY FOR CHURCH.

Bronx Calls for Full Attendance on Washington's Birthday.

A "go to church" call has been issued in the Bronx, urging all laymen in the borough to attend synagogue services on Saturday, Feb. 21, or church services on Sunday, Feb. 22 (Washington's Birthday.) The call is signed by Borough President Matthewson, Judges Brady and Tierney, Commissioner Higgins, Cleveland H. Dodge, Jacob Leitner, Dr. Luis P. Bernstein, Olin J. Stephens, Ernest Hall, Capt. Richard S. Alcoke, James L. Wells, Charles B. Lawson, Richard W. Lawrence, and others. In part the call reads:

"As citizens of the Bronx, with no more right than others to speak concerning the things all ought to do, we yet venture, as such citizens and laymen, to commend the plan of everybody going to church and synagogue on given dates. The dates suggested, viz., Feb. 21 and 22, give opportunity to honor one of God's foremost instruments for public and private good as well as God himself."

A meeting of some of the churches in the Bronx is to be held on Monday evening to talk over the plans, but there will be no central committee appointed. Every effort is to be put forth also to get children into the Sunday schools and especially to enlist those not now under religious instruction.

The churches of Staten Island and some parts of Queens will use the "go to church plan" on Washington's birthday.

CHURCHES GROWING WITH POPULATION

Statistics Show That They Are Keeping Pace with 2 Per Cent. Increase a Year.

METHODISTS GAIN THE MOST

New Fads in Religion Not Half So Numerous Now as Twenty Years Ago.

Carefully prepared statistics showing the increase in church membership in 1913 have been compiled for the Federal Council of Churches. The figures include the growth in Catholic, Protestant and Hebrew membership in the United States and do not include foreign mission fields, Porto Rico, Alaska and the Philippines.

"The net increase," the report reads, "in number of persons who are actually enrolled as members of Christian churches within the United States increased by 618,000 during the year 1913. This is 1.8 per cent. Some quite small bodies lost members. If there be considered only the active bodies their total increase last year was 655,000, or only a fraction under 2 per cent. This is at the rate of 20 per cent. a decade or quite equal to the phenomenal population growth of the country."

The Methodists led with an increase of 220,000, and the next largest increase was made by the Catholics with 212,500. The Baptist growth was 64,600, the Presbyterian 45,600, the Lutheran 36,100, the Disciples' 21,800, and the Episcopal 16,500.

The largest religious bodies in the United States, grouped under family names, are:

Roman Catholic	13,099,534
Methodist	7,125,069
Baptist	5,924,662
Lutheran	2,338,722
Presbyterian	2,027,598
Disciples of Christ	1,519,369
Protestant Episcopal	997,407
Congregational	748,340

These eight bodies contain 34,000,000 of the 37,280,000 of actual members of churches within the United States. It is shown by the statistics just made public that all of the large bodies grow with fair steadiness.

Dr. H. K. Carroll, who prepared many of the estimates, explains that he was unable to obtain statistics for Christian Science churches for 1913, and gives the membership in 1912 as 85,096. The Mormons he estimates at 296,000. He places the number of Jews in the country at 2,000,000, of which number 900,000 are in New York.

Continuing, the report reads:

> A surprising feature of 1913 was the extraordinary number of new churches. It came near bearing the greatest advance of any year. It is due, it is said, to the enterprise of many bodies in going after and organizing scattered communicants, and also to the realization of the economic fact that small churches, save in particular cases in centres of large cities, are to be preferred to large, in that relatively they reach and interest larger numbers of people at less cost for maintenance. In Vienna and Paris Roman Catholic leaders are recognizing this fact, and within the last year have much increased the number of places of worship. In New York a similar economic law is being followed by Roman Catholics and Episcopalians.

In conclusion the report asserts that "few fads or isms are making headway." The number of new platforms advanced now are not half as numerous as twenty years ago. The statistics, it is pointed out, show this overwhelming preponderance of the large bodies that have assured standing. The total number of bodies having 100,000 communicants is given as 1,636, and the number of communicants in bodies actually constituent to the Federal Council of Churches as 15,523,700.

RELIGION AT PANAMA FAIR.

Plans Contemplate Big Auditorium and an Exhibit.

Plans for a great religious campaign during the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in 1915 were discussed on Thursday at the Down Town Association by the Rev. Dr. H. H. Bell of San Francisco, who represents the Committee of One Hundred appointed by the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. Among those at the meeting were Robert Fulton Cutting, Alfred E. Marling, James H. Post, William Church Osborn, J. Edgar Leaycraft, Dr. E. R. L. Gould, John S. Rogers, Nolan R. Best, John Y. Glenn, James Talcott, Dr. Thomas J. Riley, George T. Brokaw, Charles S. Butler, J. S. Cushman, the Rev. C. L. Gilbert, H. W. Hicks, James D. Husted, W. M. Carroll, Charles McLean, C. L. Rossiter, H. K. Twitchell, J. G. Wyckoff, M. H. Whitman, Willis D. Wood, D. E. Wald, Samuel Thorne, Jr., and Edwin M. Bulkley.

Dr. Bell proposed twenty-five distinct line of Christian work to be carried on throughout the exposition, including a great religious exhibit, showing all that evangelical Christianity has done for humanity. He also suggested the erection of a large building inside the exposition grounds, costing $240,000, to house the exhibit and also to provide an auditorium for addresses by prominent men each day. Outside the grounds it is proposed to erect a large tabernacle with smaller halls, for evangelistic work under the leadership of such men as Gypsy Smith, John McNeal, Billy Sunday, and Dr. Chapman.

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Also for this day (Saturday),
AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF
Over 20,000 Yards of
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"CRAVENETTE" GABARDINE OVERCOATS, Priestley's own cloth, medium weights, new olive, tan shades. Several models. *Values $16.50 and $18.00* 12.75
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TAFFETA FLANNEL PAJAMAS—All neat stripes on colored and white grounds—Soft finished medium weight and non-shrinkable, from small to extra sizes. Most satisfactory in every particular. *Regularly $4.50 Suit* 2.50
SILK MIXED AND FINE MERCERIZED PAJAMAS—Half silk mixtures, silk striped madras and finest mercerized fabrics. Unusually well made and best trimming. All sizes. *Regularly $3.00 and $3.50 Suit* 1.95
SOFT FINISHED MERCERIZED PAJAMAS—Neat woven stripes on white grounds and plain white and colored crepe weaves. *Regularly $2.50 Suit* 1.65
WHITE FLANNELETTE NIGHT ROBES— *Regularly $1.25*
WHITE CAMBRIC NIGHT ROBES—V neck. *Regularly $1.25*
WHITE MUSLIN NIGHT ROBES—Collar on. *Regularly $1.00*
WHITE NIGHT ROBES—V neck, fancy trimmed. *Regularly $1.25*
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Two Exceptional Values in
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"Cravenette" Gabardine Raincoats—Tan, Navy and Black, sizes 14 to 44. *Value $18.50* 12.75
Cantonette Raincoats (Rubberized)—Mannish model; Tan, Navy, Black, sizes 14 to 44. *Value $7.50* 5.50

Misses' Suits
OF FAILLE DE LAINE—Latest Short Coat model, Tunic Skirt; colors, Saxe, Navy and Black. *Value $29.50* 24.50
OF FRENCH POPLIN—Short Callot model Coat, handsomely trimmed with Moire and Roman Silk, Tunic Skirt; colors, Cadet, Navy and Black. *Value $33.00* 26.50

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NOVELTY VEILINGS—Black, white and colors. *Regularly 28c yard* .15
CHENILLE VEILINGS—New color combinations. *Reg. .50 and $1.25 yard* .35 and .95
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GUIMPES—Fine batiste, Dutch neck, sailor collar, white only. *Regularly $2.35* 1.95
GUIMPES—Fine net, high collar, long sleeves, white only. *Regularly $1.15* .95
GIRDLES—Satin, pleated belt, sash ends, street and evening shades. *Regularly $3.50* 3.10
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HAT PLEATING—Fine maline, 6 inches wide, standup effect, box pleated, black only. *Regularly $1.00* .85

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CHIFFON CLOTH WAISTS—Lace, velvet and fancy silk trimmings. *Regularly $15.00* 12.00
CREPE, BATISTE AND VOILE BLOUSES—Hand embroidered and lace trimmed, hand made. *Regularly $15.00* 12.00
LACE, CHIFFON NET AND CREPE BLOUSES—Net linings of white and flesh, lace trimmings. *Regularly $12.00* 8.75
CHIFFON BLOUSES—In colors, trimmed with fine laces and frills. *Regularly $8.75* 6.00
CHIFFON TAFFETA BLOUSES—Raglan sleeve, fine lace trimmings. *Reg. $7.50* 5.50

Broadway & 19th Street

DIAGONAL ROUTE FOR SUBWAY LINK

Connection for Old and New East Side Lines Decided On by Service Board.

GRAND UNION HOTEL TO GO

Work on Plans to Start at Once—City May Make Bargain with Central for Easement.

Another of the important steps in laying out the actual routes to be followed in the new dual subway system was taken yesterday by the Public Service Commission when it decided that the connection between the old Park Avenue Subway and the new Lexington Avenue subway should be by what has been called the diagonal route, leaving the old line at Forty-first Street and joining the new line at Forty-third Street. All the Commissioners, except Commissioner Maltbie, voted for this connection, and it has the support of Alfred Craven, the commission's Chief Engineer, and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, which will operate the line.

Moreover, it has met the views of the Forty-second Street Association, which is composed of business men along that thoroughfare and has been advocating before the commission both the adoption of the diagonal connection and the placing of an express station in Times Square. Successful in these two requests, it has, so far at any rate, not been able to get the commission to modify the present Interborough crosstown tracks in accordance with the views of George A. Haywood and the New York Central.

The commission instructed Mr. Craven to go ahead immediately with the preparation of plans for the diagonal route, as it is very important that this connecting link on the east side of the city should be ready for operation at the same time as the connection on the west side between the new Seventh Avenue line and the old Broadway line. If this is accomplished, there will be no difficulties from the operating point of view in changing from the present Subway to the new "H" system.

The Grand Union Hotel will probably be torn down in connection with this diagonal plan. One of the causes of the long delay in deciding on the Grand Central connection was the difficulty of reaching terms with its owners which were satisfactory to the city. They asked $3,500,000 for their property and $1,875,000 for the easement under it, and both these figures seemed to the commission to be too high. They will now condemn such property south of Forty-second Street as they need, and it is likely that, as it was found necessary to take down the old Astor House at the corner of Broadway and Vesey Street when the B. R. T. subway reached it, the Grand Union will have to be wrecked.

As regards the property at the northeast corner of Forty-second Street and Lexington Avenue, which belongs to the New York Central and under which the connection will also have to be built, the commission will advocate the acquisition of an easement either by purchase or by condemnation, as circumstances render more advisable. It is not unlikely, however, that the necessary rights will pass to the city as part of a comprehensive bargain with the railroad company, involving as well the making of connections between the rapid transit and trunk line Grand Central Stations, and possibly the construction of this particular piece of subway.

With the new and old sections of the east side line connecting on this diagonal at Forty-second Street, the express station to be established here will be on the diagonal, and will thus have as short and easy an access to the New York Central's station as the present Subway station possesses. To provide the crosstown shuttle service under Forty-second Street, the present line, which now turns south at Park Avenue close by the Hotel Belmont, will be continued on to run to a stub end at the new diagonal platforms, so that transferring to and from Lexington Avenue trains will be simple. Moreover, the new Steinway Tunnel line and the Hudson tubes, when completed, will be worked into this terminus, the Steinway Tunnel being on the third and the Hudson tubes on the second level.

In voting against the diagonal connection and in favor of the alternative route, which left Lexington Avenue at Fortieth Street and cut into the existing Subway at about Thirty-seventh, Commissioner Maltbie explained that he did so because it would cost $1,500,000 less than the diagonal route, and because of the reasons he had set forth at the time of the adoption of the dual system agreements in favor of the completion of the Lexington Avenue line.

Commissioner Eustis, however, said that he considered that the diagonal connection had advantages which made it worth the difference in the cost. He laid stress especially on the approval it had received from Mr. Craven and the Interborough. Chairman McCall and Commissioners Cram and Williams concurred with Mr. Eustis.

As the action of the commission has been taken after three or four conferences with the Board of Estimate, with whom as the money-voting authority it was thought well to consult, the question is now settled definitely. The Fourth Avenue Association and the Lexington Avenue Association have been asking for the continuance of the Lexington Avenue line as far south as Thirty-fourth Street and a connection with Park Avenue by way of the old car barn property, but it is very unlikely that they can get any reconsideration of the commission's determination.

SUBWAY BIDS ASKED.

Section 4 of Seventh Ave. Line to be Let—Route Modifications.

Bids for the construction of Section 4 of the new Interborough Seventh Avenue subway will be received by the commission up to March 2. The section runs under Seventh Avenue, and its extension from Commerce to Sixteenth Street, and includes an express station at Fourteenth Street and a local station at Christopher Street.

When this section is let the entire Seventh Avenue line will be under contract from West Broadway and Vesey Street on the south to Seventh Avenue and Forty-third Street on the north. The only sections yet to be advertised are those from Vesey Street to the Battery on the south and the short stretch between Forty-third Street and the connection with the old Subway in Times Square.

The Public Service Commission has agreed to two slight modifications of the new Interborough routes. On the extension of the elevated to connect the Ninth Avenue elevated with the new Jerome Avenue elevated, the line, after reaching the intersection of 162d Street and Anderson Avenue, instead of running along 162d Street will run through the interior of the blocks between 162d and 164th Streets. This will eliminate three curves and take the elevated from the centre of the street. The other modification consisted in the grant to the company of the right to lay one additional track on the Ninth Avenue elevated between 152d and 158th Streets.

To remedy the dangerous congestion at 149th Street and Third Avenue, where there is a free transfer from the Subway to the elevated railway, on the recommendation of Commissioner Eustis additional points have been arranged in the Subway station for the issue of transfers. Moreover, passengers descending from the elevated structure will now be compelled to turn east on the mezzanine platform, so as to leave the westerly stairs free for the ascent of passengers.

As the entire station is soon to be reconstructed in connection with the third tracking of the line, these were the only changes which were considered by the commission to be advisable at this time.

Commissioner Eustis has also looked into the service on the Union Railway in the Bronx. He has found out of eight roads inspected three needed additional service, the Southern Boulevard, the Westchester Avenue, and the White Plains Avenue lines, while the other five had only a small overload for a short period in the rush hours. At the suggestion of the Commissioner the service on the three lines mentioned is to be increased.

LOSES COSTLY BRACELET.

Mrs. Huyler Advertises for Diamond and Sapphire Circlet.

Mrs. Coulter D. Huyler of 260 West Seventy-sixth Street seeks through THE NEW YORK TIMES to recover a valuable bracelet lost yesterday afternoon. The bracelet contains diamonds and cabochon sapphires set in a circlet of gold and platinum.

Mrs. Huyler lost the jewel between noon and 2:30 o'clock yesterday. She left her home in her automobile and drove to the Biltmore for luncheon. On leaving the hotel she visited a shop in Fifth Avenue, and then drove home. It was not until she removed her wraps that she discovered her loss.

NEW LEASE OF LIFE FOR THE FROCK COAT

Can Continue to Adorn Statesmen Desirous of Being Stately, Fashion Tailors Decree.

HIGH WAIST FOR CUTAWAYS

Sack Coats to be Tighter and Trousers to be Very Straight, with a Short Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The time-honored frock coat, known in some sections as a Prince Albert, is not to be turned over to the old clothes man. The International Custom Cutters delivered an edict to that effect to-day at the closing session of their annual convention. In taking this action they rebuked the too progressive element of their associates which had announced that the convention would declare the frock coat to be a thing of the past.

Washington tailors who make clothes for statesmen were responsible in large measure for what appears to be a right about face on the part of the convention. Listen to the saddened voice of William G. Whitlin of Philadelphia, who had declared earlier in the week that the convention would put the frock coat out of business.

"I got in a good lot of trouble by what I forecast about the frock coat being abolished. Up in Philadelphia, where I come from, we have been 'cutting them out,' not literally, but figuratively, for almost twenty years, and have been furnishing the cutaway to customers in place of the frock.

"These Washington tailors, however, and a number of others from different parts of the country, who make frock coats for men in public life, protested against eliminating the frock coat as a fashionable garment, so the Fashion Committee's report is phrased a little differently."

Mr. Whitlin is a member of the Fashion Committee of the International Custom Cutters. The report of the committee which the convention adopted to-day contained this paragraph:

> We wish to emphasize that the double-breasted frock coat is by no means relegated to the background. While the three-button cutaway just at this time is the most popular garment, the frock coat is worn by the highest officials of our nation, and this fact itself must maintain the dignity of this garment.

According to the decrees of the custom cutters as set forth in their report of the Fashion Committee, loose fitting overcoats are no longer stylish, sack coats are to be tighter and longer, the cutaway or morning coat should be braided and have a high waist line, and on account of the prevailing "dancing and whirling"—the expression is the Fashion Committee's very own—the dinner coat will be more popular than ever before. And men of lounging ways should take notice that the side pockets "should be eliminated entirely" from the trousers of evening dress.

The smartest garment for the coming Spring will be a three-button, double-breasted frock over-garment with a short waist, cut high and straight around the bottom and rather a short skirt, made with three buttons, two to close. Pockets in the skirt on a crescent line, with or without flaps. Buttons hard and bright.

Waistcoats will be worn medium height and length, showing a very tight line at the waist and having only width enough at the shoulders to maintain their position.

Trousers should be made very straight and not too narrow and having the appearance of being a trifle short. This applies to all trousers; bottoms can be made plain or to turn.

"We see the approaching style of a very smart garment in a sack coat that is black, blue or grey, straight fronts with narrow binding; garment very soft; waistcoat of the same material, using a striped or checked trousers," the report concludes.

SUSTAINS BAN ON GARAGE.

Appellate Division Upholds Regulations Which Protect a School.

Despite the hardship, an established garage keeper can obtain no relief from the courts if the Fire Commissioner and the Municipal Explosives Commission throw him out of business by refusing to give him permission to store gasoline within fifty feet of a schoolhouse. The fact that the regulation was adopted after he had become well established in business will not help him.

This was the ruling of the Appellate Division yesterday, which dismissed a writ of certiorari obtained by James McIntosh, who had a garage at 130 West 102d Street, within fifty feet of a school with 1,700 pupils. McIntosh contended that the action of Joseph Johnson, the Commissioner who refused to allow him to store gasoline and the commission's regulation were unreasonable. The court, in its decision, said:

"We do not consider it so. The affidavit read in behalf of the Fire Commissioner which, for the purpose of this motion, must be considered as true, shows very clearly the constant danger there is that a fire may break out in a garage, and that from the nature of the materials stored therein the results of such a fire are likely to be disastrous if a place of assemblage be near by where many persons are congregated, and especially if the place of assemblage be a school filled with young children.

"The danger perhaps will result rather from panic than from the fire itself, but in either case it is a danger to be guarded against."

W. B. YEATS HERE.

Irish Poet Says the People Are Demanding Realistic Plays.

William Butler Yeats, the Irish poet and playwright, arrived yesterday on the Lusitania, and will be in this country seven weeks. His first lecture will be given in Brooklyn on Monday night.

He spoke of Maeterlinck's being placed on the Index of the Catholic Church, and said that a friend had told him that hundreds of authors in Rome were trying to get on the list because they thought it would sell their books. Mr. Yeats said that the public to-day wanted to see and hear realistic plays dealing with the present, and not dramas of the old style. He did not wish to enter into a religious discussion, but he saw no heresy in "Pelleas and Melisande" or "The Blue Bird."

"When new ideas come into being," he said, "the gods of the old become the devils of the new."

FIGHT ONLOOKER SHOT.

Spectator the Only One Hurt When Gunmen Meet.

Two men, standing on opposite corners at Oak and Catharine Streets last night, fought with pistols. The shots went wide of their marks, but before those firing them took to their heels one bullet found its way to the right leg of Michael Brocco of 213 Bleecker Street, who had run out of a saloon to watch the fight.

The police arrived in time to hear from another man that one of the gunmen had jumped on a Madison Street horse car, put his revolver at the head of the driver, and bidden him drive on at full speed. The police heard this story with incredulity, and later were unable to find any driver of the line who would admit having been through such an experience.

MANY BALLOON ENTRIES.

Three German Gas Bags Will Soar at Kansas City.

The Aero Club of America, which has charge of the arrangements for the Gordon Bennett balloon race, to be held at Kansas City, Mo., next October, announced yesterday that three balloons had been entered for the race by the Imperial Aero Club of Germany.

Notice that the German balloons would participate reached the Aero Club in the form of a cablegram from Germany. Telegrams from balloonists in the United States indicated that at least six American pilots will enter the race. Ralph Upson and R. A. D. Present, who piloted the winning balloon last year, and Capt. H. E. Honeywell, who won second place, have assured the Aero Club that they will be part of the American team. Prizes offered by the Kansas City Aero Club amount to $7,200, to be distributed among the pilots making the longest flights.

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ANSWERS EVERY QUESTION A CHILD CAN ASK

Does the moon pull the sea?
Can a train run on one rail?
Where are the stars in the daytime?
What is a dewdrop?
How do birds find their way?
What makes us wake in the morning?
How do our eyes deceive us?
What keeps a balloon up?
Why do flies walk on the ceiling?
How does thunder follow lightning?
Where did the alphabet come from?
What makes the fountain play?

"I wonder why?"

16 GREAT DEPARTMENTS OF KNOWLEDGE

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Our Own Life
Book of Wonder
Famous Books
The Earth
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A vast volume of accessible knowledge.
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Worthy the place of honor in any home.
Condensation of life of the whole world.

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THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is today the greatest single force in the life of the child. It is the binding link between the home and the school, and the common ground of the cooperation which is so necessary between parent and teacher. This wonderful work contains everything a child wants to know and ought to know, told in a clear, simple and fascinating language and lays the foundation of *a thorough education in the daily reading and occupations of the child.*

The CHILD and THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE belong together as naturally as the flower belongs to the soil in which it grows. It has a magnetism for childish minds which no other work for the young has ever possessed. Every teacher knows that children coming from homes where THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is read and consulted, make much more rapid progress than those who are without this great helper. It often means that these children are two or three years in advance of their companions of the same age.

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"Suppose a boy of ten were to spend fifteen minutes a day in reading these pages . . . he would at thirteen know more about the earth and life on it than the wisest men knew a few generations ago.

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Men's Neckwear, of fine Imported Silks, with large flowing ends, ... at Reduced from $1.50, 2.00 and 2.50	65c
Men's Pajamas, of fancy madras, cotton pongee and mercerized materials, Suit Values $1.50 to 2.25 Suit	1.10
Men's Cambric Night Shirts, fancy trimmed, Regular Value 75c, at	50c
Men's Bath and Beach Robes, of toweling, madras, cheviot and flannel, at Regular Values $4.00 to 5.50	2.75

Men's Hosiery

Men's Imported Mercerized Lisle Thread Half Hose, in black and tan, reinforced soles, heels and toes, Value 35c. Pair.	23c
Men's Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, in the most desirable colors, Pair Values 50c. and $1.00 Pair.	27c, 65c

Men's Knit Underwear

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, seasonable weights, regular and stout sizes, Each	45c, 69c
Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, medium and light weight, Each	85c
Men's English Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, medium and heavy weight, Each	$1.75

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On the Third Floor

Men's Sack Suits, at $22.50
Actual Values $30.00 and 35.00
In the fashionable models, materials and colors; coats one-half or full lined, with best quality silk, mohair or serge; all sizes, from 34 to 46, in regular or stout proportions.

Men's and Youths' Suits, at $17.50
Actual Values $22.50 and 27.50
Conservative or English Sack styles, of navy blue serge, neat checks, mixtures or pencil stripes; all proportions, 34 to 46.

Men's and Young Men's Ulsters,
at $19.50, 22.50 and 28.00
Actual Values $25.00 to 40.00
Three-quarter or full length English styles, with convertible or shawl collars, plain or belted backs; every desirable material and color in the assortment; all sizes, 34 to 46 in. chest measure.

Men's Silk Lined Dress Overcoats

$30.00 to 32.50 grades,	at $22.50
35.00 to 45.00 grades,	" 24.50
50.00 to 60.00 grades,	" 39.50

Men's and Youths' Rain Coats,
Actual Values $22.50 to 27.50, at $16.50
In the smart rough or smooth materials, guaranteed absolutely rainproof, broken lots from regular stock, all sizes, 34 to 46.

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Men's Patent Coltskin and Black Russia Calf Lace Shoes, with dull kid tops and welted soles, at $4.00
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Want Opening Showing Possibilities. College graduate, six years' business experience, mostly amusement line; slight newspaper experience. Have brains and ability to work hard. Now employed. Can make small investment. G 61 Times.

POPE MAY CREATE NEW CARDINALS SOON

Canadian Archbishop Said to be Among Those Chosen for Promotion.

COLLEGE NOW HAS BUT 54

Number of Italian Cardinals Will Be Increased to Keep the Succession in Italy.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Saturday, Feb. 7.—While the date has not been finally settled upon, a cable dispatch to The Chicago Daily News from Rome says that Pope Pius has decided to hold a consistory for the creation of new Cardinals in the immediate future. The correspondent adds that he has received information indicating that the Archbishops of Vienna, Toledo, Cologne, and Gratz are to be made Cardinals.

The Archbishop of Gratz is Primate of Hungary and is entitled to promotion, while the elevation to the Cardinalate of the Archbishops of Vienna and Toledo is established by the Concordat. The Archbishop of Cologne will receive a red hat at the request of the Kaiser. The Nuncio in Munich and a Canadian Archbishop, whose identity is not disclosed, are mentioned as likely candidates. Several Italian prelates, including the Archbishop of Bologna, are slated for promotion.

"The number of new Italian Cardinals," says the dispatch, "probably will be between seven and ten. As the Sacred College has been reduced to fifty-four, the number of foreign Cardinals is nearly equal to that of the Italian Cardinals. The relative number of the latter, it is asserted, will be increased, lest the foreigners unite their forces and elect a foreign Pope at the next conclave."

GOOD ROADS BILL IN HOUSE.

Debate Begins on Measure to Appropriate $25,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—With more than 100 members listed for speeches, the House held the first of a series of three-night sessions to-night to debate the Shackleford Good Roads bill.

Representative Shackleford of Missouri opened the discussion with an address outlining the project. He explained that the bill proposed a maximum of $25,000,000 of Federal appropriations, allotments to be conditioned upon equal local appropriations, the expenditures to be on a graded scale, ranging, in three classes, from $15 a mile for dirt roads to $60 a mile for macadam roads.

IOWANS OPPOSE HIGH RATE.

Make Protest in Connection with Increases on Corn Products.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Proposed advances by the Eastern railroads in freight rates on glucose, starch, and other corn by-products was the particular phase of the general 5 per cent. increase asked for by the railroads which was up for hearing to-day before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Judge J. H. Henderson of Des Moines, Commerce Counsel of Iowa, and D. N. Lewis, Assistant Commerce Counsel, were among those who noted protests with the commission againt increase in rates.

Lieut. R. Marshall to Stand Trial.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 6.—Orders were promulgated at Fort Lawton today for the convening of a court-martial for the purpose of trying First Lieut. Robert Marshall of the Thirtieth United States Infantry. He is accused of irregularity in handling his accounts while in charge of the post canteen at Fort William H. Seward, near Haines, Alaska.

ROOSEVELT SMILE, A. D. 600.

Archaeologist Digs It Up in Ancient Ruins in Guatemala.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—According to an announcement of the National Geographic Society to-day, "the original of the 'Roosevelt smile' has been discovered in the ruins of Quirigua, in the Republic of Guatemala, Central America, fifty-seven miles from the Caribbean Sea."

The discovery is described by Sylvanus Griswold Morley in a communication to the secretary of the society.

Quirigua, he says, was one of the older centres of the great Maya civilization, which flourished in Southern Mexica, Guatemala, and Northern Honduras during the first fifteen centuries of the Christian era.

"Judging from the dated monuments which were erected in its several courts and plazas, this ancient American metropolis was abandoned during the first half of the sixth century A. D.," writes the explorer.

"The exterior of one of the buildings recently unearthed," says Mr. Morley, "was decorated with a curious sculptural mosaic. This design, a variation of the humorous head motive found throughout the Maya area, occurs at each of the four corners and in the middle of the back and side walls.

"In this particular example the incisor teeth are as prominent as Col. Roosevelt's, and the first visitors who saw the head immediately called it the original Roosevelt grin. Under this name its fame rapidly spread until it became the chief point of tourist interest in the ancient city."

But for the enterprise of a corporation interested in fruit cultivation, the ruins might have remained uncovered for centuries more. The company purchased a large tract of land in this vicinity for a banana plantation and through an arrangement with the School of American Archaeology, the systematic study of the ruins was undertaken. During the centuries that had elapsed since its abandonment a dense tropical vegetation had overgrown the city, overthrowing its temples and palaces and reducing them to shapeless mounds of fallen masonry.

MONEY-ORDER LAW SIGNED.

New Postal Plan to Go Into Effect When Rules Have Been Prepared.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The new postal money order law was signed by President Wilson to-day, and will go into effect as soon as rules can be prepared for the operation of the plan.

The new system provides for the issuance of postal money orders payable at any money order office, even though drawn on a specified office. The Post Office Department says it will "greatly increase the volume of postal money order business and prove a great help to the business public, giving, as it does, to the postal money order the virtues and convenience of a bank draft."

It will take months to organize the new plan, which is to be a universal money order system.

MISS DAVIS PUTS NO FAITH IN LUCK

New Correction Commissioner Believes Eternal Vigilance Is the Secret of Success.

THE WOMAN AND HER VIEWS

Rockefeller Calls Her the Cleverest He Has Known—She Is Quiet, Sensible, Inconspicuous.

Miss Katharine Bement Davis, the new Commissioner of Correction, is not beginning the work of her new office with any superstitions. Some one said to her of her work at the Bedford Reformatory that she had had great luck, and that it would probably follow her in her new office.

"It was not luck," said Miss Davis; "it was vigilance."

That meant that she had kept her eye on every point of the work, and studied it from the minutest details, and that is what she is doing in her new office. She has already announced that she will make the closest study of every department, the laws relating to it and the budget. The most notable features about Miss Davis are her practical common sense and her unaffected way of showing it. She is a woman who will get along with the heads of departments under her if any one could.

Miss Davis is not a large woman. She is plump, and has an attractive but not at all what would be called a pretty face. It is rather colorless, with light hair, which itself is of no particular color, brushed tightly back from her temples as if she wished to get it well out of the way that she might see more clearly about her.

That appearance of wishing to see things is one of her characteristics. Her eyes seem to be always very wide open and she has a quick, birdlike way of turning her head as she takes things in. She is trimly dressed, but in her dress, as with her hair, she has the appearance of thinking more of utility than of how things will look. There is nothing masculine about her; she is a woman with an air of comfortable womanliness. She has not the commanding or superior air sometimes acquired by a woman in a commanding position—there is nothing in her of the dictatorial air noticeable in some teachers. She is natural, sensible, and friendly. Her attitude is the same whether she is speaking to some distinguished philanthropist or one of the reformatory girls. She treats all, rich or poor, in a natural, human way, which is undoubtedly the secret of much of her personal success with both classes. She treated the reformatory girls like natural human beings, and they responded. John D. Rockefeller said of Miss Davis that she was the cleverest woman he had ever met.

Miss Davis's views resulting from her observations at Bedford may be condensed into something like this:

"Drink is a consequence of the condition of girls leading wrong lives rather than the cause. There are few of them who will acknowledge that they are the result of economic conditions, except indirectly. The hardships of the life of one girl of 19 who came to us had driven her from home. She was the eldest daughter in a poor family with ten children. She had never been to day or Sunday school in her life and was an ignorant young heathen, who might have come out of the wilds of Africa. She had done nothing in her home but work and take care of the children.

"In other cases an only daughter suffers from too kind treatment. The daughter of small tradespeople, brought up to have all her whims granted and to believe that she may have everything, comes to an equally disastrous end. The children, native born, of foreign parents, acquiring the worst American manners, despise their parents, who look upon them, with their knowledge of English, as superiors. The results are bad where mothers leave their children to go out to work. The girls as a rule have little or no education and are lacking in fitness for any kind of work. While a large percentage of unfortunate girls are domestics, they are the inefficient among these who may be classed with the men of casual occupations. They are the girls who are employed by the lowest classes of those keeping domestics—colored girls and the foreign born."

MINER ACCUSES GUARDS.

Says Waddell-Mahon Men and Deputies Caused Shooting.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Feb. 6.—Stanko Stepech, a striking copper miner, who was wounded in the Seeberville shooting affray, testified to-day at the trial of two Deputy Sheriffs and three Waddell-Mahon guards, that he saw the officers assaulting John Kollan before a shot had been fired. Kollan was one of the men they had come to arrest.

The witness said that James Cooper, a Waddell-Mahon man, struck him and pointed a revolver at him. He then ran into the house, and while he was inside he heard a shot fired outside, he said. Stepech had started upstairs, when he heard other shots. He dropped in his tracks at the foot of the stairs with a bullet wound in his side.

"Where did the bullet that struck you come from?" was asked.

"It came through the window," said Stepech.

DISCUSSED BY WOMEN.

Pure Food, Truthful Advertising, and Milk Legislation.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Pure food, truthful advertising and milk legislation, were discussed at the midwinter meeting of the State Federation of Women's Clubs to-day. The report of a committee recommending the support of eight legislative bills on these and other subjects, was adopted.

W. Cameron Forbes, former Governor General of the Philippines, and Norman Hapgood of New York, were guests of the Federation.

E. T. STOTESBURY'S TAXES.

Why Assessment Was Reduced from $100,000 to $65,000.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—To determine facts to be decided before the law may be applied to the case by the court, a jury trial was begun to-day before Judge Patterson in Common Pleas Court No. 1 in the mandamus suit brought by Samuel Milliken against members of the Board of Revision of Taxes to compel the production of an allowance or rebate book, which, it is alleged, records secret reductions in taxes assessed against certain properties.

When Milliken investigated the transactions of the board, before bringing the suit, he asserts, he discovered that E. T. Stotesbury had been the beneficiary of a reduction in the assessment on his property at 1,923 Walnut Street in 1913, seven months after the time for making appeals. The assessment was reduced from $100,000 to $65,000, and the reduction made it necessary to lessen the assessment on an adjoining property, which was similar in every respect.

Former Judge Beitler, representing the defendants, filed an answer, denying that the board intended to keep reductions in the assessment of realty secret. It was explained that the property was sold in 1911 for $65,000. It was assessed at that time at $100,000.

Upon appeal by the purchaser, the board reduced the assessment to $65,000. The assessors, therefore, it was explained, should have assessed the property at the lower figure for 1912. By an oversight they failed to note the reduction and returned the property at the same value as in 1911. When this was called to the attention of the board the assessment was reduced to $65,000. This action was taken merely to correct the clerical error of the assessors.

KILLED IN MASONIC TEMPLE.

R. F. Johnson Fell Eleven Stories Through the Elevator Shaft.

Robert F. Johnson, a Mason whose custom it was to spend much of his evening leisure at the Masonic Temple, at Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue, had been talking with some lodge members on the eleventh floor last evening when at 11 o'clock he said he was going up on the nineteenth floor to the club rooms.

He started toward the elevators and a few moments later the news sped from floor to floor that Mr. Johnson had fallen down the shaft to the basement. It was a fall of eleven stories and his crushed body was found at the bottom of the shaft.

The only witness to the accident was John Henry Cook, the elevator operator. He said that the gates were closing as Mr. Johnson approached but, instead of stepping back and waiting for the car to return, he wedged his way between the gates and as the car shot up the shaft he lost his balance and fell.

Mr. Johnson was 63 years old and lived at 2,087 Seventh Avenue. Mrs. Johnson and three sons survive him. For many years he had been a salesman for H. B. Claflin & Co., and he was known among Masons as an authority on laces.

Gives $50,000 Bond for Cash Bail.

The cash bail of $50,000 deposited by Octavio Guinle, the rich young Brazilian who is being sued for $500,000 by Miss Monica T. Borden for breach of promise, was withdrawn yesterday and the bond of a surety company was substituted for it. Mr. Guinle has not yet made his answer to the suit.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

A. J. Amoson, Salesman, Figures in a Double Tragedy in Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 6.—A. J. Amoson, a traveling salesman of this city, shot and killed his wife and then killed himself to-day. The tragedy occurred near the intersection of Trinity Avenue and Whitehall Street, in the heart of the city, just at dusk.

According to witnesses, Amoson and his wife, who was young and attractive, engaged in a brief conversation, then the man drew a revolver and fired several times. The woman fell to the sidewalk and Amoson turned the weapon upon himself, firing two shots, one of which passed through his heart.

The couple separated several weeks ago.

VETERAN DIES WITH NURSE.

Josiah Brown and Stepdaughter Overcome by Gas.

Josiah Brown, a veteran of the civil war, and Hetty Brown, his stepdaughter who had been nursing him in his room on the top floor of 155 East 127th Street since Thursday, were found dead there yesterday noon. They had been overcome by gas escaping from the tube of a small heater.

Mr. Brown was 71 years old and next week was to have been made Commander of his post, the William Mitchell Post, G. A. R., No. 559. His trunks were packed with relics of the war, and on the walls hung an army suit, an old pair of army boots, and his sabre.

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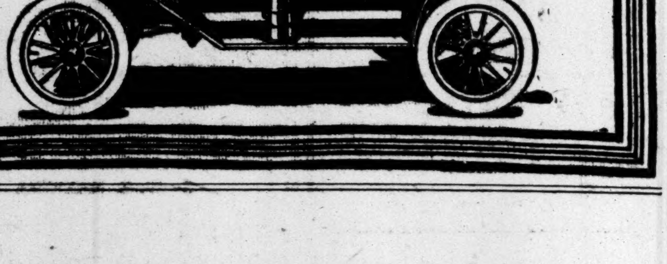

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WRITERS TURN OUT FOR BOOK TRIAL

But They Are Not Called to Express Opinions on the Morals of "Hagar Revelly."

CASE READY FOR THE JURY

Federal Attorney Denounces the Book, While the Defense Attacks Anthony Comstock.

When the trial of Mitchell Kennerley, the publisher, charged with publishing and mailing an indecent book, was called yesterday Judge Thomas's room in the Federal Court was crowded with publishers, novelists, magazine writers, poets, and critics. Most of them were anxious to testify in behalf of the defendant, but were content to listen attentively to the author's description of Hagar's adventures in "Hagar Revelly." Women suffragists and advocates of open discussion of sex questions formed another interested group.

Among those in the room were Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, Edwin Bjorkman, Lawrence Maynard, President of the publishing firm of Small, Maynard & Co.; George Cram Cooke, Susan Glaspell, Otto Huebsch, Francis Hackett, and Hutchins Hapgood. None of these was called to the stand, but most of them held in their hands copies of the book, and the pages rustled as they followed the passages read by Attorney John Quinn in his summing up for the defense and extracts later read to the jury by Assistant United States District Attorney John N. Boyle.

Every juryman was supplied with a copy of the novel, which the attorneys on both sides urged them to read through, although Mr. Boyle expressed the fear that they would be "bored to death before they reached the author's final words of philosophy."

The assembled literati rustled the pages of their books and smiled with appreciation as Mr. Quinn attacked Anthony Comstock, who caused the indictment of Mr. Kennerley by the Federal Grand Jury. He asserted that the object of the book was to portray the evil influences to which girl workers were subjected, the reward of virtue, and the penalty usually paid by those women who attempt to defy the laws of nature and of society.

"The man who brought the charge," said Mr. Quinn, "possessed a filthy mind." Holding the book aloft, Mr. Quinn dramatically exclaimed: "Honi soit qui mal y pense."

Mr. Quinn then read a letter of appreciation written to Daniel Carson Goodman, author of the book, by Miss Ida Tarbell, in which the writer commended the novel as teaching a moral lesson. He also read the criticism of Mr. Kennerley's reader, Mr. Hooley, on the book prior to its acceptance for publication. The report said that the writer possessed an excellent style, that the plot was a good one, but that there were many grammatical errors.

Mr. Quinn then read the passages in the book which were called indecent. In commenting upon that portion of the novel which relates the betrayal of the heroine by her employer, the attorney said to the jury:

"You see, it tells the old, old story. It is a scene which could not be left out; it cannot be said that it was used for the purposes of corruption. It pictures the predicament of this little bird in the talons of this wretch."

Mr. Quinn concluded his long summing up by telling the jury to consider the fact that the offense charged constituted a felony, and was punishable by a long term of imprisonment and a heavy fine.

In summing up for the prosecution, Assistant District Attorney Boyle caused a distinct flurry in the ranks of the literati by mercilessly excoriating the defendant. He explained that he did not ask a conviction solely because of the selected passages from the book which were enumerated in the indictment, but that he regarded the entire story as immoral and salacious and likely to pervert the morals of youthful readers whom the law sought to protect. He sought to indicate the "pernicious philosophy" of the book by reciting an expression used by one of the principal characters: "But why talk about Life; one never gets anywhere. Let us enjoy the pleasures within our grasp."

"This book," said Mr. Boyle, "was written by an obscure author for the purpose of obtaining royalties on the sale of a sensational novel. It teaches no lesson; it is not beautiful; it does not inspire noble thoughts or aspirations. It is sensual, inartistic, and crude. It is in no wise subtle. By the widest stretch of the imagination it could never be considered to be real literature. Read it from cover to cover and you will be bored to death. In the parlance of the street, it is 'simply rotten.'"

The most amusing by-play between the District Attorney and Mr. Quinn occurred when the latter took exception to a statement made by Mr. Boyle as to part of the contents of the novel. The District Attorney was calling attention of the jury to the account of a visit made by the heroine and a male companion "to a low, immoral public dance hall."

"There is no such incident in the book," exclaimed Mr. Quinn, jumping to his feet. 'No mention is made of any dance hall."

"Have you read this book carefully throughout," demanded Mr. Boyle, "or is the dose which you prescribed for the jury so nauseating that you refuse to take it yourself?"

'I have read it from cover to cover," was the hot retort.

"Then here are a few pages that you must have skipped," returned the Federal District Attorney, reading from the novel to sustain his previous contention. Even the supporters of Mr. Kennerley joined in the laugh which was occasioned by his discomforture.

"The publishing of this book was a commercial enterprise intended to bring profits into the coffers of this defendant," said Mr. Boyle, pointing to Mr. Kennerley. "He must have had knowledge of its contents, and the fact that he offered it freely for sale, regardless of the consequences which might ensue to the readers into whose hands it fell, stamps him as either unmoral or unconsciously immoral. It is for you, gentlemen of the jury, to decide after reading this book, whether you would care to have it fall into the hands of your innocent daughter or adolescent son without your knowledge and whether you are willing to accept the responsibility of sending this prisoner forth free to dsseminate such mental and moral poison ad libitum.

"The attorney for the defense has appealed to your sympathies for this defendant by pointing out that this indictment is for a felony and carries a severe punishment. It is most unlikely that a prison sentence will be imposed by the court in the event that your verdict is adverse to this defendant. That, however, is not for you to consider or for me to prophesy. Whether the punishment imposed be light or heavy should not concern you in the least in reaching your decision."

Judge Thomas then said that he would adjourn court, and that he would deliver the charge to the jury at 10:30 on Monday morning. He cautioned the jurymen not to discuss the case with any one, and to avoid reading newspaper accounts of the trial.

Arrest for Practicing Law Illegally.

George Sryssikos, who has an office at 140 Nassau Street, on the door of which is inscribed the sign: "Notary Public," but who says he is an importer, was arrested last night by Detectives Claire and Rastis of the Greenwich Street Station charged with practicing law without a license. He was arrested on a warrant issued at the behest of the Bar Association by Magistrate Marsh in the Tombs Court yesterday morning.

"COUNT" AN EX-CONVICT.

Girl Bezeredy Wed Wins an Annulment in Court.

When Mrs. Gertrude Pelz Bezeredy of Far Rockaway took the stand in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday in her suit to annul her marriage her story of fraud practiced upon her by an engaging adventurer was so convincing that Justice Benedict granted the annulment immediately. She had married one who she thought was an Austrian Count with an ancestral castle in Budapest.

Her honeymoon ended drearily in Berlin when she found that her husband was no Count, but a penniless fellow who left her penniless to shift for herself. The final blow came on her return to America when an investigation disclosed that her husband was an ex-convict and that he had begun his courting just after his release from Sing Sing.

His name, as she knew it, was Dezso Wellesz Bezeredy. They met in the Fall of 1912. He showed her an Austrian Lieutenant's uniform. He called on her in an automobile, sent her fine presents, talked of the nobility and of the castle only waiting for him to appear with his bride. They were married in December of that year.

The very day of the marriage he came to her with a story of foreign drafts not yet arrived from the other side, and asked her to get some money from her father. Solomon Pelz made several generous advances before the bride and bridegroom sailed for Europe.

She found when she came back that her husband had been convicted before Judge Rosalsky of swindling some chauffeurs by the device of having them advance the money for uniforms they were to wear in his service. She served the absent Bezeredy by publication.

CLAIMS TORREON LOOT.

Dealer Says His Mexican Hides Are in Cars Here.

Testimony was taken yesterday before Supreme Court Commissioner George R. Beach in the Union Trust Building in Jersey City in the suit of Manuel M. Martinez, a dealer in hides, to recover $20,000 worth of hides which, he says, are in Pennsylvania and Erie Railroad freight cars in Jersey City and in the possession of the Central Leather Company.

Martinez testified that he sold $30,000 worth of hides last September to the Mexican Leather Company of New York, and loaded them into freight cars at Torreon, Mexico, for shipment to New York, and that the Mexican rebels raided the town and confiscated the hides in the freight cars and his warehouse.

He knew the hides in Jersey City were his, he said, because they had been tied under his direction in bundles with a white gauze he had used for years for purposes of identification. The Central Leather Company says the hides are not his.

GALES DELAY LUSITANIA.

Queenstown Mails Left Behind and Pilot Is Carried Over.

The Cunarder Lusitania arrived last night from Liverpool, fourteen hours late, after a voyage which, according to Capt. Daniel Dow, was a succession of westerly gales and high seas. There was very heavy weather at Queenstown last Sunday, and the Lusitania was unable to enter the harbor to take on 700 sacks of mail. Richard J. Gore, the Cunard Company's senior pilot, was unable to leave the ship. Mr. Gore said last night that he had been pilot for the company for twenty-five years, but never before had been carried to New York.

Albert Nelson, a steerage passenger, 42 years old, of Sheffield, Penn., on Monday morning hanged himself with a strap to the iron rail above his berth. Peter Magneson, E. M. Holm, and Charles Nelson, who shared the cabin with him, said that the man at breakfast told them that he was going below to read his prayerbook. The book was lying open in his bunk when, a little later, the steward found the body. Nelson was a naturalized citizen of this country.

E. Mackay Edgar, winner of last year's international motor-boat race, one of the Lusitania's passengers, said he had come on a business trip with one of his partners, Sir George Prescott, and expected to return in a few weeks. Lord Churston, another passenger, accompanied by Lady Churston, who was Denise Orme, the Gaiety actress, said that it was his first visit to America. Dr. Fenton Turck said that he had come to this country to attend an important case.

The American liner St. Paul showed the effects of heavy weather when, thirty-six hours late, she arrived yesterday from Southampton. A wave came over the starboard bow on Tuesday morning and carried away forty feet of the rail and snapped off the four-inch iron stanchions. A lifeboat was torn from the chocks and its rudder was smashed. Two of the cabin passengers, Miss Mary Harvey and Miss Edith Plumtree, both of New York, were thrown to the deck and bruised.

MARQUARDS SUE MANAGER.

Giant Pitcher and Wife Seek $400 From Louis Wesley.

Rube Marquard of the New York Giants and his wife, known on the stage as Blossom Seeley, brought suit in the City Court yesterday against Louis Wesley, a theatrical manager, to recover $400, the amount of a check given to them by Wesley for salary and which was returned from the bank marked "N. G."

In his defense Wesley said that the sum he owed to Mr. and Mrs. Marquard had been retained by him to secure himself against the forfeiture of a bail bond he had signed which, he said, had not yet been canceled. Trial of the suit is set for Feb. 13, so as to enable Marquard to finish his vaudeville engagements and go to Marlin Springs with the Giants a week later.

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THEIR ESTATE NOW $580,000

Mr. Brown Says Claims on Him Are $1,200,000, for Which He Has Surrendered Third Interest.

Referee Maurice Deiches, who was appointed by the Supreme Court to take evidence in the suit brought by Henry Carroll Brown for an allowance of $32,224 from the estate of his wife, who was Margaret Daly, daughter of the late Marcus Daly, for the support of his two children from July 5, 1911, to April 1, 1913, reported yesterday in favor of the allowance. Mrs. Brown died on April 29, 1911, leaving her entire estate to her two children, Margaret, who is now 8½ years old, and Frances, who is four years younger. Marcus Daly, Jr., was named as the executor and trustee. Testimony taken by the referee and filed with the court shows that the estate is worth $900,084, including money which Mr. Brown has charged against himself. Its actual net value is estimated at $580,000. The income since March, 1913, was $25,049.

Among the assets scheduled are 833 shares of the Bitter Root Stock Farm, 100 shares of the Daily Bank and Trust Company of Butte, Mon.; 100 shares of the Anaconda Trust Company, 200 shares of the Hedley Gold Mining Company, and 500 shares of the Rowland Park Company. The unsold personal property, including the furniture, library, silverware, and objects of art and the building at 18 East Seventy-sixth Street, are valued at $77,110.

Mr. Brown told the referee that he believed that under the laws of Maryland he was entitled to one-third of the estate left by his wife, but he made no claim to this because the estate held claims against him aggregating $1,200,000. He said he had borrowed $450,000 from time to time to put into the banking and brokerage firm of H. C. Brown & Co., which was organized in 1903 and which is now in course of liquidation. Besides the money borrowed he put into this business $175,000 of his own money. He said he had also charged himself with $33,000, half of the cost of improving the place at Brookland Wood, Maryland, $105,000 for buying jewelry and gifts for the children and half of the living expenses and upkeep of his home from Nov. 1, 1901, to April 10, 1910, making a total of $264,000. Also he had charged himself with an additional $70,000 for living expenses, interest, and so forth.

In reply to a question Mr. Brown said that he kept all of the books of his wife as well as her papers and stocks and bonds. It came out that under an agreement made with Mr. Daly, the executor, on July 5, 1911, he disposed of any claim he might have to his wife's Maryland estate, and also agreed to liquidate the firm of H. C. Brown & Co. In exchange for these concessions Mr. Brown was permitted to retain his Stock Exchange seat and $60,000 out of any surplus assets of his firm. In a proceeding before Surrogate Fowler last Spring an allowance of $10,000 a year was made to Mr. Brown for the maintenance of his two daughters, $8,000 less than was asked for.

The Maryland estate has been in the Brown family for 100 years, and after Mr. Brown had married Miss Daly, he spent $130,000 in improving and increasing its area. The property is now leased to Capt. Isaac E. Emerson, whose daughter Margaret married Alfred G. Vanderbilt. Mr. Brown is a brother-in-law of Ambassador James W. Gerard.

When the matter of an allowance was up, Surrogate Fowler said that the inheritance of the two daughters of Mr. Brown had been blighted by extravagance. He said that the aggregate fortunes of the two children were scheduled at $580,034, which ought to produce an income of $24,000 a year. The Surrogate also said:

"If we assume that these young ladies are, or will be, in receipt of $24,000 a year, the question is, what portion of it should be allowed to their father as their guardian for their support, education and maintenance. It appears that the infants have no longer an expensive estate to maintain in the country as it has been leased under contract for sale. That is as it should be."

Mr. Brown was allowed to draw $2,000 a month from his daughters' fortunes prior to the application. It was recognized that $500 a month of this was for his own support. This $500 has been cut off. Mr. Brown told Referee Dieches that the only income he had now was a small salary from the firm of H. C. Brown & Co. for services he was giving during the liquidation proceedings.

HERMES FILES DEFENSE.

Jeweler Says Pre-Nuptial Agreement Stipulated Separation.

Beginning his affidavit with the statement "It is a sad and painful story," Edward L. Hermes, a member of the jewelry manufacturing firm of Arthur F. Hermes & Co. entered his defense yesterday in the suit for separation brought by his wife, Mrs. Alice Hermes. In her complaint his wife stated that Hermes had deserted her on their wedding day and had since failed to support her and her child.

The abandonment Hermes acknowledges, and he bases his defense on a pre-nuptial agreement. According to his statement, he consented to marry the plaintiff on condition that as soon as their child was born she would obtain a divorce or separation. The marriage, he says, took place at the time when his mother was coming from France to visit him and his brother, Arthur F. Hermes. For her sake, he says, the marriage was kept secret. Hermes has agreed to support his child, but refuses to pay alimony to his wife pending the determination of her suit.

ACCUSE MRS. KNOLL.

Two Women Testify Against Legare in Hennan Will Contest.

Testifying yesterday before Surrogate Fowler in the contest of the will of Mrs. Magdalena Herman, who died on Jan. 3, 1913, Mrs. Catherine Wilson of 72 East Eighty-second Street, a close friend of the decedent, accused another friend, Mrs. Beatrice Knoll, of having placed Mrs. Herman, when dying, under the influence of liquor so that she might profit by a change in the will. At the time of her death Mrs. Herman was 80 years old. By a will, made on her deathbed, she gave a large portion of her residuary estate, estimated at $100,000, and $10,000 to Mrs. Knoll.

Mrs. Knoll, on the witness stand yesterday, admitted having been convicted in Germany of forgery. She also said that she had been charged with petty larceny in this city. Her accuser on the witness stand reported alleged conversations with her in which she acknowledged that she was plying Mrs. Herman with champagne. According to these reported conversations, Mrs. Knoll said that she had influenced Mrs. Herman to such an extent that many of her relatives could be disinherited in a new will.

Miss Rose Leis testified that Mrs. Knoll never concealed her schemes for undue influence on the testatrix.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 7, 1914.

SENATOR O'GORMAN'S POSITION.

It is to be regretted that Senator O'GORMAN has taken a position upon the tolls exemption question that is misrepresentative of public opinion in the State which sends him to the Senate. Nor is it easy to understand by what arguments Mr. O'GORMAN can in his own mind justify an attitude so directly contrary not only to the views and wishes of the people of his own State, but to the prevailing view and wish of the people of the country.

Men who know the truth no longer listen with patience to the argument that the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty permit us to exempt our coastwise ships from the payment of tolls. That contention has been torn to shreds, and in fact it never had any basis whatever. At the end of the negotiation we let the other party to the contract go away with the treaty in his pocket believing that it meant what it said—that the ships of all nations were to use the canal on equal terms without any discrimination for or against any of them. That was our understanding of the meaning of the treaty, too—there can be no doubt of it. But years afterward Congress enacted a law providing for discrimination in tolls, for unequal treatment of nations using the canal. With all the documents in the case on the counsel table and with a year for preparation, Senator O'GORMAN could not convince a just arbitral tribunal that the tolls act was not a violation of the treaty. It is exceedingly hard to believe that Senator O'GORMAN, who has filled a judicial office, now opposes Pesident WILSON's desire to secure a repeal of the exemption act because he really believes that the act is in conformity with the treaty.

The most powerful of all the influences that secured the passage of the canal act was the coastwise shipping interest. It wanted tolls exemption as a virtual subsidy. But the Democratic Party is the traditional foe of ship subsidies, and Senator O'GORMAN is a Democrat. Another influence, a covert influence, was the populistic desire to strike a blow at the transcontinental railroads. Senator O'GORMAN is not a Populist, and so far as we know he has never sought to make political capital by unreasonable assaults upon corporations. Resolutions have now and then been introduced in Congress decrying the proposed celebration of a century of peace between the United States and Great Britain. The motive that prompts these protests underlies also some of the opposition to the repeal of the tolls exemption act. But we hope that Senator O'GORMAN is above such pettiness. Taking all the facts and the arguments into consideration, conjecture is baffled in the attempt to divine the grounds of his opposition.

As a member of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate he must have special knowledge and a peculiar sense of the profound importance of maintaining our reputation as a nation that respects the obligation of treaties. That reputation would be damaged, our national honor would be hurt, should we refuse to retrace this false step. Even to let the matter go to an arbitral tribunal, where we should certainly be beaten, would, as has been pointed out abroad, "impair international "confidence in the value of United "States treaties." Every right-minded and honorable American would be humiliated if we should in that way be convicted of broken faith. It will be wisest and best and safest for Senator O'GORMAN and for other Democratic Senators to accept in this matter the leadership of President WILSON. He has attentively and soberly studied the question, he is convinced that the exemption act should be repealed. Of the President's wisdom, of his clear insight, of his loftiness of mind and purpose the country is every day becoming more convinced. It is unusual, it is not a light thing, for an Administration to reverse the policies of its predecessors, especially in matters involving our relations with other Powers. Mr. WILSON has taken this step, and we may be assured that he has taken it for reasons of weight and moment.

The plank of the Baltimore platform is unworthy to be considered. It now appears that that plank was inserted in the platform by a sort of subterfuge, and was not duly considered by the responsible authors of the declaration of party principles. But if President WILSON, who as a good party man has paid due respect to the doctrines of the platform, is able to regard that plank as unorthodox, we do not see why the conscience of Senator O'GORMAN or any other Senator should be troubled about it. The country demands repeal. The President is with the country, and the country with him. If there are any considerations worthy to be put above consideration of country, of the country's wish and of the country's honor, we do not know what they are.

GUILT IS PERSONAL.

For the first time in the history of this country a prosecuting officer, Judge, and jury have succeeded in actually landing in jail men who have violated the law forbidding restraints of trade. The decision of the Appellate Division of the First Department yesterday affirmed the judgment against the thirteen members of the Poultry Trust, sentenced to spend three months in the State Penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500 each. This achievement is to the credit of District Attorney WHITMAN.

Ex-Attorney General WICKERSHAM, in a letter to THE TIMES appearing Nov. 14 last, called the attention of Congress to the fact that juries are beginning to convict the heads of monopolistic trusts on criminal charges. In two cases during President TAFT's Administration the defendants pleaded guilty; in six cases the jury convicted individual defendants who were sentenced to pay fines, and, in two more instances, imprisonment as well as fines was decreed. But in the cases of members of the Bath Tub Trust and the National Cash Register Company appeals from the jail sentences imposed are still pending. In another case involving a jail sentence, the Federal Supreme Court has reversed the conviction because of error in rulings of the trial Judge. No one has yet gone to jail under the penal provisions of the Sherman act.

The Anti-Trust act of this State, under which the poultry men go to jail, has been on the statute books for half a century. The thirteen defendants were charged with monopolizing the supply of live poultry received for sale in this city and with conspiring to fix the prices thereof. There seems to be law enough, both State and Federal, to get guilty monopolists into prison if the juries wish to put them there.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS EAST AND WEST.

Los Angeles, Portland, and Seattle bow to San Francisco as the appropriate seat of the Pacific Federal Reserve Bank. In that manner the Western bank will unite the resources of the Coast States and will be more useful both to the coast and to the national system. It is a pity that this example of co-operation has not been more generally followed elsewhere. The hearings of the reserve bank organizers, generally speaking, have been more remarkable for the local jealousies they have disclosed than for the perception that there was anything of national significance in the new departure. Most of the speakers for their respective cities have argued as though they thought the country would profit by whatever could be taken from New York. There are exceptions, of course, and, singularly enough, more in the West than in the East. The St. Louis Clearing House formally resolved that it was to the advantage of the entire system that New York should maintain its present primacy. At the Chicago hearing the modest request was made for one-quarter of the capital of the national reserve system, but a different note was struck there by the spokesman for Minneapolis. Mr. CHAPMAN of the Northwestern National Bank said:

> New York should stand as a bulwark between the United States and Europe. Europe will be more impressed with the scheme the larger you make the New York bank.

How different is the Eastern sentiment, and how little representative of New York sentiment is the spirit of the organizer who comes from New York. There is no bowing to New York as there is to San Francisco, nor any perception of the fact that it is impossible to have any other financial metropolis than New York. Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Washington, and other Eastern centres will none of them defer either to each other or to New York in the interest of all. It is said in The Journal of Commerce that there are to be eleven reserve cities and that New York City's share will be New York State, except the western portion. On the Atlantic Coast there are to be four reserve banks, against one on the Pacific, Washington counting as one. This is according to the theory of the organizers that present banking and trade statistics were not decisive regarding the new banking organization. Under the new act conditions were to be more as they ought to be ideally, and therefore less like the present result of unregulated growth. The new organization was to pay greater regard to railway accommodations and mail facilities, and there was to be laid out a system more symmetrical than the present.

It sounds well, but the principle is not observed when the region best provided with means of communication is to be overprovided with reserve centres. The result is that large regions with inferior communications are to be supplied with fewer centres than they ought to have on that theory of apportionment. It would have been better to have fewer Eastern centres, with branches tributary to them. In that manner the Western States which are so appreciative of the East—we hope on account of anticipated future services by the East, as well as on account of appreciation of past services—might have had more reserve centres on the theory of geographical apportionment, which is departed from when so many reserve centres are grouped within a few hours' railway ride.

A YIDDISH ACTOR'S FUNERAL.

Many thousands thronged the streets on the lower east side yesterday and crowded the little theatre in which the funeral of the Yiddish actor, MOGULESKO, was held. It was an impressive spectacle, and, in a certain sense, it was inspired by racial feeling. But it was also a mighty tribute to a popular art. These alien citizens have a theatre which they thoroughly comprehend and esteem. They all support it. In the 350 years in which the English-speaking drama has existed a few actors have had memorable funerals, great crowds have paid their tribute of respect, but this only proves that it is possible for actors, in rich communities, to become distinguished out of their calling.

There has never been among English-speaking peoples, in any part of the world, such an outpouring of sympathy over the death of an actor unknown out of his profession as that in the Yiddish neighborhood yesterday. The theatre has a hold on the popular understanding among Germans, Slavs, and Latins, but the English-speaking stage at its best is a source of entertainment lightly valued by the multitude. To increase, organize, and make comprehensible to the great public the enormous artistic possibilities of our theatre has been the dream of many individuals, but not much headway has been made. The Drama League, and a large number of similar societies of smaller membership, are working bravely to that end. What can be accomplished by such means is still problematical. The influence of one actor who could so strongly appeal to the tastes and sympathies of a community as MOGULESKO might revolutionize our theatre. Histrionism counts for more than literature in the theatre. Is there an actor in sight who can help the Drama League?

COSTLY PRIVACY ON SLEEPING CARS.

Judge GROSSCUP's court in Chicago three years ago denied the petition of the Pullman Company that it restrain the Interstate Commerce Commission from enforcing its rule to reduce fares for upper berths in sleeping cars, so that the charge should be at least 50 cents less than for lower berths. The trunk-line railroads have now raised the rate, beginning March 1 next, for the exclusive use of drawing rooms and compartments on Pullman cars. Unless the Interstate Commerce Commission vetoes this action, the carriers will collect two first-class adult one-way passage fares for a drawing room in a sleeping car or a parlor car, even though occupied by but one person, and one and one-half first-class fares for one person in a sleeping car compartment.

The Pullman Company will not benefit directly, it is stated, since its contract with the railroads has not run out. The ostensible reason for the increase is to discourage the use of drawing rooms and compartments by individuals, thus lessening the necessity of carrying room cars. So far as the increase in rates tends to crowd still more the disgracefully public and inconvenient upper and lower berth cars, it will operate as a nuisance. It is a step in just the wrong direction. We have no reason to be proud of our American sleeping cars. They are a flagrant exception to the rule that we do things better here than they are done abroad. The spirit of progress demands that we exchange the discomforts and indecencies of the berth and section for the privacy and convenience of the compartment. The increase in charges for drawing rooms is a reactionary step.

MR. KERNOCHAN'S INCOME.

The misfortunes of Mr. MARSHALL R. KERNOCHAN are not of the sort that appeal very strongly to what is called the popular mind. A very small proportion of the 5,000,000 inhabitants of this city can comprehend why a single man finds an income of $3,750 too small for comfort. Not so very many married men with large families to support have incomes so large. Thousands of students in our colleges and universities belong to families of more limited means. They are not objects of sympathy. Yet the case of Mr. KERNOCHAN is perfectly understandable when his origin and education are considered and he is viewed against his proper background. It is a pity that Fate has made it necessary for him to parade his private affairs publicly, but the show of them is extremely interesting, and the case will be widely discussed.

It is to be hoped, in the circumstances, that the referee's report will be accepted by the court and his income suitably increased. For the public proceedings have revealed a clean-minded and reasonably aspiring young man who, if he does not get more money to live on, must resign his membership in all but the two most exclusive clubs he belongs to, clubs from which no member ever resigns except in dire necessity, must play lawn tennis in Central Park or Van Cortlandt or not at all, and sell his motor car. How he has managed to keep this car going at an outlay of something over $1,500 yearly, $1,200 of which has gone to the chauffeur, is a mystery not solved in the hearing. His exclusive clubs discountenancing the introduction of strangers, naturally he was compelled to join another where he might have his friends in to dinner, and, having literary and artistic tastes, which exclusive clubs never satisfy, it has been necessary for him to pay dues at two professional clubs where he could meet congenial companions when his mood required them.

Mr. KERNOCHAN is no idler. He composes music, and that is difficult work. Also his songs sell, though not very largely. A return of $30 yearly is not much, but it is more than most of us could make out of musical composition, and it may increase. Assuredly the referee thought that Mr. KERNOCHAN made out a good case, and as the money will be accessible to him on the court's order, we hope he may get it. If he marries, however, as he says he will, his experience may impel him to train his children to view life in a less restricted way than he was trained to view it. They may have to battle with serious problems which have not thus far greatly troubled him. On the whole, though the character of this young gentleman, as it has been revealed, is extremely agreeable, it lacks seriousness. He is not of the stuff of which upbuilders of republics are made.

A "HOME" THAT IS NEEDED.

There is a world of pathos in the bequest of the late Miss A. C. MACDOWELL of her entire fortune as a foundation fund for the establishment of a decent home for refined elderly women of small means who are made unhappy by the necessity of dwelling with relatives who find them in the way. Alas, youth is too apt to find the aged in the way, and the lot of the poor relation is proverbially hard. There are old women's homes and homes for old men in plenty, but they are all founded on the same plan. The inmate must pay $500 for the privilege of becoming an object of charity and must sign away the right to the possession of any property that may be his or hers in the future. For this the inmate must take care of one bedroom, must obey a set of fixed rules, and must consent to become the object of the continual scrutiny of the official visitors. Frequently a woman thus situated is called "Granny" or "Aunty" by the hired attendants and is subject to lectures from the managers for the violation of the most trifling rules.

It is clear that Miss MACDOWELL had in her mind a real home, and there are always aged women, who are not actually ill, who could afford to pay more than $500, frequently much more, for the assurance of peace and comfort, free from petty vexations. But the sum of $75,000 is obviously too small for the complete endowment of such an institution, which could never be more than partly self-supporting. If the Mary Randol Memorial Home is established perhaps other bequests will be made to help out its endowment by persons who comprehend the actual need of well-managed institutions of just that kind.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Protective If Not Punitive.

As twelve men presumably good and true have pronounced HANS SCHMIDT sane, or at least sane enough to be put to death for the most horrible killing of a helpless and more or less trusting woman, those of us to whom this verdict seems entirely sensible—and we must be very numerous—will not be much, or even at all, disturbed by the fact that not one of the jurors can have had more than the vaguest knowledge, if any, of modern psychiatry. Undisturbing, also, is the other fact that to reach this decision the jurors had to ignore the firmly pronounced opinion of the experts employed by the defense, which, as is usual in such trials, was beautifully balanced by that of the prosecution's experts.

What we common people forming the general public will see in the condemnation of SCHMIDT is the proof that we, as represented by the jury, have stepped at last out of the deep shadow cast by the Thaw case, and that, at least when the confessed homicide has neither money nor interest, the approximation to justice called law can do something besides wander endlessly in a maze of definitions, fine-spun and arbitrary, and of technicalities that have nothing to do with the real questions at issue.

Most important of those real questions, though it has been so often seemingly ignored, is the protection of society from bloodthirsty monsters like SCHMIDT. And, incidentally, the contradictions of the experts should not arouse too much of scorn. Often the contradictions are only seeming, the learned witnesses expressing an opinion, not of the man on trial, but of an imaginary creature described in a hypothetical question adroitly framed to elicit a desired answer and compelling it. The system is at fault rather than science, and none has protested against the system which brings them into ridicule oftener than have the experts themselves.

His Hopes Will Not Be Realized.

Senator RANSDELL of Louisiana advocates the passage by Congress of a law replacing the several State laws relating to marriage and divorce by one substituting uniformity and propriety where all is now diversity and not a little is scandal. Apart from the question whether or not this is a matter within the domain of Federal action, the idea is excellent, for social conditions in our several States are not different enough to justify the wild variances, especially as regards remarriage after divorce, that now exist.

But the Louisiana statesman, unfortunately for the practicability of his proposition, if for no other reason, wants Congress to abolish divorce altogether, not to regulate it. The archaic statute of South Carolina, which treats marriage as indissoluble for any reason, is the one that meets with his approval—the one that he would make the model for the whole country. Of course he will not be alone in this desire, but, also of course, the proposal is utterly out of harmony with the spirit and tendency of the age, and there is not the slightest chance of its acceptance.

Senator RANSDELL talks with commendable feeling of divorce evils, and of what he thinks their steady and rapid increase, but he ignores what is certainly the possibility, and what the great majority in most countries nowadays consider the reality, that, bad as is divorce, there are things which are worse, more degrading to individuals and more harmful to society. It does not occur to him, apparently, that divorce can be viewed, not as breaking marriage, but as formal recognition that marriage in its proper sense has terminated and that what remains is a condition of more or less vehement and open hatred, contention, and repulsion. A worse environment than this for children cannot be imagined, and its demoralizing effect on the fretted prisoners of an irksome chain could hardly be exaggerated.

To permit separation, as even South Carolina does, without authorizing remarriage for either party, can fairly be viewed as provocative of immorality and therefore against public policy. By far the greater number of divorces are obtained by women. Interpretations of this phenomenon vary, but there is support for the contention that it means nothing more alarming than that women will no longer endure with patience wrongs and affronts that were held tolerable in the past. To scold them for that begs a good many large questions.

Needless as Well as Dangerous.

Commenting on the bill now before the New York Legislature more strictly to limit the distribution of bichloride of mercury tablets, The American Journal of Surgery commends both the requirement that these tablets should have a distinctive form and color and the prohibition of their sale except on a doctor's prescription. To these, however, it would add a third—that doctors should not prescribe them.

By this The Journal means that the violent poison is out of place in the domestic medicine chest or closet, and it insists that other and safer germicides can and therefore should perform all the services now demanded of this one. Indeed, the writer of the article insists that the surgeons and physicians themselves can abandon, and many of them already have abandoned, bichloride of mercury altogether in their own work, as they have found that for the disinfection of wounds the official tincture of iodine is superior, and that, for general dressing and cleansing, hydrogen peroxide, boracic acid solution, and the innocuous antiseptic mixtures familiar to every household for treatment of the throat answer every first-aid need.

Like condemnation is passed on carbolic acid and the strong cresol preparations like lysol, and then responsibility for the present reckless employment of these poisons is thus fixed:

> The blame for cases of poisoning by these lethal antiseptics rests largely, we think, on the medical and nursing professions. They have been too free in ordering the drugs, too negligent of teaching their dangers, too careless of removing them from the household after their proper surgical employment has been discontinued.

WATERFRONT PLAYGROUNDS

Woman's League Urges Use of Unimproved Riverside Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Those interested in children are importuning city officials to acquire land for playgrounds, but seem not to realize that along Riverside's water front lies stretches of newly filled in land, still unimproved, which at little expense would make ideal playgrounds for young and old during the hot months of Summer. This is park property; the city would not have to buy it and the money needed to buy property elsewhere could be used to build a fence along the railroad and to place a guard along the water.

Moreover, this could be developed as the city's needs grow. There are still stretches of shallows only waiting to be filled in to make additional playgrounds, and such spaces will be needed at no distant day. Nothing could be more ideal than a playground along a waterfront, cooled by breezes blown across the water. Here ball grounds, wading pools, swimming pools, dance pavilions could be established. Booths serving milk and light refreshments could be placed against the fence, entirely hidden from the park above, awnings could protect from the sun, while trees could be grown—no very difficult matter along a river.

This as a people's playground has great possibilities, to be developed gradually, but in the end a solution of our playground problem. This waterfront is easily accessible from all parts of the city—certainly more accessible than Coney Island, which is the nearest place to which people can go to find freedom from restraint along a waterfront.

NANNETTE BRYAN,
Chairman Parks Committee, Riverside Branch, W. M. L.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS.

Editor Defends Law Favoring Buildings So Equipped.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Fifth Avenue Association's special investigator decries the allowance in the labor law for an increase of 50 per cent. in specified numbers of employes in buildings equipped with automatic sprinklers.

Possibly the special investigator does not know that the safety features in the labor law were prompted by the Asch Building holocaust, and that if the Asch Building had been sprinklered before the fire as it is now there would not have been a holocaust. And possibly the special investigator does not know that in more than 20,000 fires extinguished by automatic sprinklers not a single life has been lost.

In advocating the repeal of this feature of the labor law is the Fifth Avenue Association more interested in the safety of factory workers or in the safety of Fifth Avenue realty?

I. G. HOAGLAND,
Editor Safety Engineering.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

Senator Root Against Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Within the past two weeks the suffragists have repeatedly asserted that Senator Root had been recently converted to woman suffrage.

I therefore take this opportunity to inform the public that Senator Root has just made the following statement: "I have not changed my opposition to woman suffrage in the least; on the contrary, observation and reflection have strongly confirmed the adverse opinion which I expressed twenty years ago."

ALICE HILL CHITTENDEN,
President New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

NO WHITEWASHING.

Chairman Barnes Says Republicans Won't Have It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The inference in the editorial article in THE TIMES this morning that the Republican organization of this State will attempt to whitewash any of the men who have been guilty of corruption in the State contracting work, or any of the officials who have been guilty of maladministration, is false. I do not know of any one in the Republican organization of this State who desires to interfere in this matter, nor do I know of any one who has the power to accomplish anything if he did have the desire. So far as I am concerned personally, it is ridiculous to assume that I have any such purpose, and I cannot fail to resent the insult to my intelligence which such an accusation involves. Should the proposed committee show any signs of hesitancy or neglect, I would consider it to be my duty, as Chairman of the Republican State Committee, to be the first to criticise it.

I regret that the Republican members of the Assembly determined not to make their resolution for the appointment of a committee a concurrent one, because the Democratic Senate should have been given an opportunity to disclose its position on this subject, and for the further reason that the committee will be handicapped for funds with which to carry on its work unless it is a joint committee.

However, the Republican members of the Assembly have agreed to pass a resolution on Monday night authorizing the appointment by the Speaker of a special committee to examine the highway and other departments of the State Government. The responsibility for the appointment of that committee will rest with the Speaker. The conduct of the committee after it is appointed, the character of the man whom it will engage as counsel, will make its record, and upon that it should be judged.

It is the hope, of course, of the Progressive Party that it may be able to make it appear that the Republican Party is responsible for the sins of maladministration at Albany which have been committed by Democratic officials; but it is incomprehensible to me that a newspaper of the character and standing of THE TIMES would give currency to such an idea.

WILLIAM BARNES,
Chairman Republican State Committee.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

WORK FOR THE HOMELESS.

Employers Asked to Assist the Municipal Lodging House.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are hearing just now a great deal about the number of unemployed in the city, and there is undoubtedly a large number out of work. Many of these, however, have meagre savings or credit that will tide them over till the labor market becomes normal, which is likely to be about the last of March. But the thousands of homeless men who are crowding our Municipal Lodging House have not a penny and no abiding place but this overcrowded charitable institution. Some of them are men who do not care to work, but hundreds of them are anxious to find any kind of labor which will help to get them out of their present condition. It is pathetic to hear some of them (clean-cut men) beg to be gotten a job "doing anything." No doubt many citizens would like to help in some way, and there is even a better way than giving money. That is to give a man a job, even if it is not permanent, for it may save him (and many of them are young) from drifting into the vagrant ranks.

I wish every employer who has a job to give out and is willing to hire one of these men would let me know the kind of man needed and the wage that will be paid. I will select out of these men the man most available for the job and send him at once. Or, if any one can point out where work can be found, it will help. In this way real help can be given to men who have begun to believe all the world is against them. I have already found jobs for a few, and the men have readily accepted them. Of course, no charge is made to any one.

CHARLES B. BARNES,
Social Secretary Municipal Lodging House,
105 East Twenty-second Street.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

Pittsburgh's Interest in Art.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Sunday's TIMES M. Jacques Meunier, commenting on the lack of interest in the exhibition of bronzes, refers to the exhibit in Pittsburgh and says: "It was at the Carnegie Institute, which seems to be surrounded by a zoological garden, and in the competition with giraffes, elephants, jackals, &c., art did not always emerge victorious. I have seen many persons take a short cut through the museum on their way from one animal house to another without even pausing to look around them."

The only zoological garden maintained in Pittsburgh is situated in another park distant three or more miles from the Carnegie Institute. There is no short cut from any place through the Museum. Pittsburghers are in the habit of distinguishing between a museum and an art institute, and the statement raises a pertinent question as to whether M. Jacques Meunier has ever been in Pittsburgh.

H. E. BATEMAN.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

Courteous City Clerks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In these days when criticism of city employes seems to be the favorite diversion, I wish to record the kindly treatment and consideration shown to me, a stranger, by the clerk in charge and his assistants in the Bureau of Buildings, Borough of Richmond.

I had occasion to go there to fill out some blanks in connection with a small building I was about to erect, and being unfamiliar with the details (as I am not a contractor) I was given all possible help, without impatience and with no apparent sense of superiority on the part of the clerk. This kindly consideration was shown to all who visited the office while I was there, and I believe that where praise is due, it should be rendered.

JOHN BROSNAN.
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

Paid $1 for The Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a bellboy by occupation and at the present time I am employed at St. Luke's Hospital. I was sent out to buy one of your newspapers and on return to the hospital and upon giving the newspaper to a private patient, a $1 bill was given me. I am sending you this letter just to show how much people appreciate your newspaper.

GEORGE BOYAJIAN.
New York, Feb. 4, 1914.

IN THE STUDIO.

As slender as a poplar tree,
In silken gown of apple green,
You've made the model stand a throne,
Transformed bare walls to faery scene!

As pigeons strut about the eaves
And circle skyward, sure and free,
So do my thoughts, unknown to you,
Wing round about you, tenderly!

The lovely, morning-bloom of Youth
Surrounds you cloudlike, oh, my Fair!
And vague, elusive perfumes float
About your sloe-back crown of hair.

Your dark-fringed eyes of flower-blue
Revive my love for all that's sweet;
Restore pure thoughts unto my soul,
Which kneels in worship at your feet.

LOUISE VON WETTER.

10 MONTHS OF ACHIEVEMENT

List of Wilson Activities Issued by National Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The first big gun in the Democratic political campaign of this year was fired to-day when the Democratic National Committee distributed a pamphlet entitled "A Record of Achievement—The First Ten Months of Woodrow Wilson's Administration the Most Remarkable for Deeds in the Entire History of the Nation."

The pamphlet is understood to have been prepared by Thomas J. Pence, who is in charge of the branch headquarters of the National Committee here. Mr. Pence was one of the ante-convention Wilson workers and is now assistant to the Chairman of the National Committee. The pamphlet is intended to furnish the keynote for Democratic campaign speakers and editors in the Congressional and State campaign to be waged this year. In the list of achievements of the Wilson Administration these items are included:

The tariff law.

The currency revision act.

"Elimination of the lobby from the halls of Congress and the seat of Government."

The income tax provisions.

The constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the people.

The peace programme of Secretary Bryan.

"The action of the President in bringing together representatives of capital and labor resulting in the prompt passage of the Industrial Employes' Arbitration act."

The President's "constitution of peace" policy which the pamphlet says has resulted in breaking up interlocking directorates "which all admit have been the backbone of the trust system."

The action of the Secretary of the Treasury in depositing $50,000,000 of Government funds with banks to assist in the movement of crops.

The President's action in forcing the necessity for a farm credit system on the attention of the nation.

The granting of modified self-government to the Filipinos.

"The foreign policy of the Administration which divorced the Government from affiliation with the New York financial interests which were parties to the six-power loan to China."

The President's "programme of co-operation with the business interests of the nation resulting in the elimination of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company from control of the Western Union Telegraph Company."

The Administration's policy of "diplomatic postponement" in connection with the Mexican and Japanese question and the Panama Canal tolls question, "which has been supported by public opinion, not only in America, but in Europe as well, because it is based upon morality and not upon expediency."

The "action of the Postmaster General in making the postal service self-sustaining for the first time in the history of the Government."

The development and extension of the parcel post system.

The ending of "Cannon methods" in Congress.

The extension of the Pure Food act to meat inspection.

The Department of Agriculture's "system of markets."

The action of the Secretary of the Navy "in forcing the Armor Plate Trust to submit to competitive bids."

An extension of the rural free delivery system to the parcel post.

Extension of work of the Department of Agriculture to the home life of the farmer.

The action of the Indian Commissioner in giving the protection of the law to Indian children.

A new land policy of the Secretary of the Interior "which combines conservation and the proper use of lands of our national domain."

The enactment of a law for farm extension work.

The President's proposal of the selection of Presidential nominees through primaries.

The sending of representatives to the "Safety at Sea" conference in London.

The early enactment of the Alaskan Railway bill.

The action of the Secretary of the Navy in putting into effect on shipboard a system of academic, vocational, and technical instruction for enlisted men.

The dissolution of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger which "at the same time caused the surrender by the Pennsylvania Railroad of its large holdings in its competing rival, the Baltimore & Ohio."

The final achievement noted on the list is the prosecution of combinations by the Department of Justice.

NO PRESIDENCY FOR FORD.

Says So in Refusing to Head Progressive Ticket in Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 6.—Henry Ford would not accept the Presidency of the United States if offered to him. He said so to-day after sending a telegram to Fred C. Holbeck, member of the Executive Committee of the Bull Moose Party, in answer to one requesting him to head the Progressive State ticket this year as candidate for Governor.

"I have no political aspiration of any kind whatever," he telegraphed, "and absolutely decline to be directly affiliated with any party or such offices as it has to tender."

Discussing his refusal to enter politics, Mr. Ford said: "I have a life's work at my plant, and there is nothing any political party could offer that would draw me away from here. Nothing from the Presidency down would induce me to enter any field of endeavor other than that in which I am engaged at present."

MORE HIGHWAY GRAFT?

Elmira Road Built of Shale Dug from Hillside.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the light of disclosures in the recent investigations of road building a discovery that I made last Summer as to how certain State roads are constructed and the excuse offered by an official of the Department of Highways are rather interesting.

There is a road out of Elmira built of shale dug from the hillside along which the road runs. The shale was dug out by laborers with picks and shoveled upon the roadway with more or less earth mixed with it, then rolled by a steam roller.

While no expert in road building, I know that shale is about as poor road material as can be found; it can almost be crumbled in the fingers, and a road made of it will not last as long as one properly constructed of clay or gravel. Being curious to know the opinion of the department on this point, I sent a letter to that office, calling attention to the matter and asking if it was the custom of the department to build roads of this variety. A reply was received promising an investigation, and later I was informed that the shale was used because it was "the best material available." Isn't it rather a lame excuse? At other points where proper material is not at hand contractors have it sent to them by the carload.

Possibly an investigation might develop the fact that while the contract called for trap rock or some similar material the contractor was using the shale. I cannot believe that the department would approve a contract for constructing a road where material of the nature used in this case was specified in the contract.

W.
Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1914.

A Home for "Aged Stenographers."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Anent the various communications appearing in your paper from time to time from stenographers relative to their profession, and the discussions ensuing therefrom, I am constrained to ask this question: "What becomes of stenographers, both male and female, when they reach the age at which their services are not required, say, from 50 years upward?" A stenographer myself, in a large law office, I have had many occasions to comment on this situation.

Whenever a vacancy has occurred, I have been surprised and pained to see the number of "veterans" making application, without success; and if one occasionally received a trial, because of a boastful statement that he or she could fill the position satisfactorily, he or she would be discharged within a week's time for utter incompetency. To me there is something very pathetic in this; and it leads me to inquire whether it might not be well to establish a "Home for Aged and Decrepit Stenographers" along lines similar to the Actors' Home on Staten Island.

QUIEN SABE?
New York, Feb. 5, 1914.

ARCHITECTS SHOW THEIR LATEST WORK

Collaborative Award Won by Embury, Architect; Crisp, Painter; Bilotti, Sculptor.

MEDAL TO BARRY FAULKNER

"Progressive" Art Exhibited at National Club—Rasmussen's Work in Arlington Galleries.

The twenty-ninth annual exhibition of the Architectural League opened yesterday with a private view. The collaborative prize of $300 for a doorway for a museum of faience was won by Aymar Embury, architect; Arthur Crisp, painter, and Salvator Bilotti, sculptor. The Avery prize of $50 for sculpture was won by F. Telles Chamberlin. The medal of the Architectural League for painting went to Barry Faulkner for a carefully executed panel entitled "Famous Women," showing the influence of Perugino in the composition and in the beautiful craftsmanship. The sculpture medal went to Karl Bitter for his exhibit, and the medal of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects to York & Sawyer for the Guaranty Trust Company Building.

The general effect of the galleries is admirable, the committee having succeeded in gaining enough free space between each exhibit and its neighbor to avoid the huddled look common to exhibitions where many small objects are shown together.

One special exhibit attracts attention. An alcove is hung with photographs of buildings adapted to every use of a small American city, and these buildings are all designed in a simple American style of architecture that, in actual practice, would gain for the city an effect of artistic homogeneity instead of the diversity and frequently the clash of styles now found. There are in the group a city hall, library, museum, post office, auditorium, schools, banks, churches, stores, factories, a country club, and dwellings of various sizes. These buildings actually exist in different parts of the country and the style adopted is based on an intelligent adaptation of Renaissance and Colonial.

Among the notable exhibits in the galleries are Donn Barber's State Library and Supreme Court Building for Hartford, Conn., and his Hartford National Bank; the Municipal Building for Brooklyn, by McKenzie, Voorhees & Gmelin; the Oakland City Hall, by Palmer, Hornbostel & Jones; the Royal Trust Company of Montreal, by McKim, Mead & White; the Panama-California Exposition, by B. C. Goodhue; the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, by W. W. Bosworth; Graduate College, Cleveland Tower, Princeton, by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson; Mr. Ryan's Art Gallery, by Carrère & Hastings; St. Thomas's, New York, by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson; Mason Library, Great Barrington, by Blanchard & Barnes, and the Carl Schurz Memorial, by Karl Bitter, sculptor, and Henry Bacon, architect.

The exhibition will be open to the public from Feb. 8 to Feb. 28. The admission fee is 25 cents, but on Saturday entrance is free. Each Saturday evening an illustrated lecture will be given. On the 14th Mr. Blashfield will talk of the methods employed in mural painting, on the 21st Grant La Farge will explain how an architect really works, and on Feb. 28 Karl Bitter will talk of ancient and modern processes employed in the production of monumental sculpture. Fuller notice of the exhibition will be given later.

⁂

At the National Arts Club is an exhibition which requires more consideration than a first view permits. It is the best effort yet made to introduce to the public the "progressive" art. Examples are taken from the early and late work of the artists who have gone over the new movement, and in many instances their development can be traced minutely. The exhibition will last into next month, giving ample opportunity for study.

⁂

The new art is all over the place, and, like the little girl of the celebrated curl, "when it is bad it is horrid." At the Montross Galleries are some excellent examples of the stronger men in the "Modernist" movement, and of them also a later notice will be given. At the Macdowell Club are a few fine things and a few that remind one of a vicious type of caricature. The good effect of the stronger palette that has come into vogue is seen in the brilliant and wholesome flesh-tones of Emil Senn's figures, in the ringing silver and rose of the unrecognizable "Pool" by Mr. Dirks, and especially in the "Yellow Dog" by Arthur Freund. The dog is not only a very splendid muffled yellow but there is enough dog character in the picture to represent a dozen kennels. This character is gained by simplification, by the sweeping away of all but the most significant statements, but also by complete understanding of the whole subject. The modernist or reactionary who sweeps away what he has not mastered probably leaves what also he has not mastered, and his work is neither better nor worse for his simplifications.

That is how one feels about the decorations by Charlotte Reinma Meltzer. They suggest that she has studied the rhythms of Matisse or perhaps nature for the rhythms that Matisse very cleverly finds in nature, but her work does not suggest that she evolves it from a mind richly furnished with impressions. And since she perverts instead of exaggerates the forms of nature the result suggests not wholesome life but freak and broken laws. The other painters at the Macdowell Club, John Alger, Alexander Altenburg, C. A. Scovil, Morgan Steinmetz and Leon Wolf, obviously are making an effort to find a language of simple expression that shall have a vital part in contemporary life.

⁂

At the Arlington Art Galleries is the work of Bertram Rasmussen, a young Norwegian painter, who began his artistic education in 1911 in Paris under Jean Paul Laurens, and at the Julian Academy. Later he came under the influence of the progressive group in Paris and left the Academy to follow their programme. A couple of heads, one of a very blonde woman, the other "A Paris Painter," are remarkable, the first for its vitality of color, the second for its intensity of character; but these expressive moments in his work are few so far as the present exhibition shows them. There is, however, stuff for time and experience to work upon. The "Hommage" to Van Gogh and Cezanne, and the other, or as Mr. Rasmussen puts it, the "Hymn to the Prophets of Modern Art," is refreshing in its young spirit of hero worship. That is the sort of thing that, together with work, makes artists. Only there is so much that ought not to flaunt its immaturity outside the studio. Half a dozen canvases would have revealed the good, and the bad would have had a chance to die a peaceful death. It would die hard, however, because it is brutally but not meanly bad.

⁂

The following are the titles and dates for the next six lectures in the extension course in the Appreciation of Modern Art at the College of the City of New York, Chemistry Building, Monday afternoons, at 4:15: "Chavannes, Greatest of Modern Decorators," Feb. 9; "Monet and Impressionism in Landscape," Feb. 16; "Monet and Impressionism in Figure Painting," March 2; "Post-Impressionism, Cubism, and Futurism," March 9; "The Evolution of a Style in Sculpture," March 16 "August Rodin and Modern Sculpture," March 23.

⁂

At the Galleries of Kennedy & Co. is an exhibition of engraved portraits of literary and legal celebrities, ranging over several centuries and many lands. There are the line engravings by R. Morghen of Dante Allighieri, Petrarch, and Boccaccio, and there is Pickerill's portrait of Hannah More, engraved by Worthington. Emerson hobnobs with Anatole France, John Dryden with David Garrick. Shakespeare is from the Chandos portrait by Samuel Cousins, there is Lawrence Sterne by E. Fisher after Reynolds, and there is John Milton by S. Simon after R. White. In the legal portraits the contrasts seem less extreme, probably because we know less of the temperaments and characters interpreted.

GERMAN PLAYERS IN A NEW FARCE

"Majolika" Produced for the First Time in America at Irving Place Theatre.

STORY OF A POOR DUKE

Who Makes Pottery, Prospers, and Marries Daughter of a Prince, Who Also Needs the Money.

MAJOLIKA, a farce in three acts, by Leo Walter Stein and Ludwig Heller. At the Irving Place Theatre.

Herzog Friedrich	Rudolf Christians
Die Herzogin, seine Mutter	Grete Meyer
Fuerst Albrecht XXI	Heinrich Marlow
Maria Elisabeth	Annie Rub-Foerster
Graf Uechtspringe	Ernst Holznagel
Minister von Wikede	Ernst Robert
Der Hoftheaterintendant	Curt Manthey
Von Struth	Willy Wahl
Von Diefenburg	Rudolf Aicher
Von Altekendorf	Paul Dietz
Swierschinsky	Christian Rub
Generalkonsul	Heinrich Falk
Spangenberg	Hans Hansen
Markus Hamburger	Willy Frey
Veilchenfeldt	Otto Stoeckel
Doktor Rommel	Ernst Holznagel
Quisenow	Rudi Rahe
Mr. Cool	Christian Rub
Geraldine	Iffi Engel
Hasemann	Louis Praetorius
Grimm	Hans Hansen
Arnold	Curt Manthey
Fraeulein Mohr	Annie Simson
Fraeulein Halm	Louise Scheurich
Fraeulein Heller	Genzi Goetzer

"Majolika," a farce-comedy in three acts, by Leo Walter Stein and Ludwig Heller, was produced for the first time in America last night by the German Stock Company at the Irving Place Theatre.

The latest offering of the German players tells an amusing story of the impecunious Duke Frederick who followed the advice of his banker, Hamburger, and turned the raw earth of his principality into good, marketable pottery. In order to make a complete success of the noble enterprise, Hamburger and his able staff of accountants practically assume charge of the Duke's affairs, and to no mean purpose, for the net revenue from the business is sufficient to make it possible for the modern head of the ancient house to marry Maria Elisabeth, the attractive daughter of Prince Albrecht XXI. von Frankenstein, a relic of the old aristocratic school who also needs the money.

Chief contributors to the fun of the evening were Director Christians as the Duke, Christian Rub in clever impersonations of two widely different rôles, Willy Frey as the banker, and Otto Stoeckel, his bookkeeper. Heinrich Marlow, under whose stage management the piece was produced, appeared to advantage in the character rôle of the old Prince.

MISS RUTH GIBB'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Harold W. Carhart on Feb. 19.

The wedding of Miss Ruth Gibb, a daughter of Mrs. Arthur Gibb, by her first husband, the late John Richmond Gibb, and Harold W. Carhart will take place on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 19, at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church, and will be followed by a reception at Mrs. Gibb's residence, 14 East Fifty-fifth Street. The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires will perform the ceremony.

Miss Gibb, who is a granddaughter of the late John Gibb, will have her sister, Miss Dorothy Gibb, as her maid of honor. The bridesmaids selected are the Misses Ruth Callendar, Beatrice Raymond, Alice Moss, Althea Gibb, a cousin; Nathalie Slocum, and Agnes Bigelow, a cousin of Mr. Carhart.

Mr. Carhart will have Lawrence Cornwall as his best man, and the ushers are to be Eugene Moore, Dean Kalbfleisch, Gerald Murphy, John Green, John Parsons, Esmond O'Brien, George Carhart, and Edwin Bigelow.

Mrs. Gibb will give a dinner for her daughter and her attendants on Saturday evening, Feb. 14, and on the same evening Mr. Carhart will give a dinner for his best man and ushers.

Spanish Vice Consul Weds To-day.

The marriage of Miss Marguerite Marx, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney P. Marx of 310 West Ninety-fifth St., and Signor Fernando Perez del Pulgar, Spanish Vice-Consul, will take place this morning at 11 o'clock in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament.

F. Javier Salas, the Spanish-Consul General will serve as best man, and the bride will be attended by the Misses Kathleen Silo and Frances Burlinson.

The young couple will spend their honeymoon in Canada, and will make their home in this city on their return.

Bryans Are Dinner Guests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Vice President and Mrs. Marshall occupied the President's box at the Belasco Theatre this evening, and saw the new play, "Marrying Money," by Washington Pezet, son of the Peruvian Minister.

Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan dined this evening with the Counselor of the State Department and Mrs. John Bassett Moore. In the company to meet them were the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Da Gama, Senator and Mrs. Newlands, Mrs. Bayard, widow of a former Secretary of State; Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Mrs. James Pinchot, Viscount and Viscountess D'Azy, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ewing, and Capt. Boy-Ed, Naval Attaché of the German Embassy.

Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Ballou entertained at dinner this evening in honor of the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Franklin K. Lane.

Dance at Naval War College.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 6.—Officers of the Narragansett Bay naval station gave a dance at the Naval War College tonight, assembling a large company of the Winter residents, with the army and navy officers. Mrs. George W. Williams, wife of Commander Williams, and Mrs. Hart, wife of Lieut. Commander Thomas C. Hart of the torpedo station, received. The committee consisted of Lieut. Commander Williams Pye of the Naval War College, Surgeon James H. Minter of the Naval Hospital, Lieut. A. C. Read of the torpedo station, and Lieut. N. E. Nichols and Paymaster Robert S. Chew of the training station. Commander and Mrs. George W. Williams, Capt. and Mrs. Roger Welles, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Andrews gave dinners before the dance, the latter at Pine Lodge.

Settlement Luncheon To-day.

A luncheon will be given to-day at Sherry's under the auspices of the Women's Boards connected with the Settlements in New York and vicinity. Dr. John H. Finley will preside. Bishop Greer and Miss Katharine Bement Davis, Commissioner of Correction, will be among the guests of honor. Dr. Graham Taylor of the Chicago Commons; George McAneny, Miss Lillian Wald, and Mrs. Simkhovitch will be among the speakers.

Son to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. S. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Moore are being congratulated on the birth of a son at the home of Mrs. Moore's mother, Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer, 7 East Seventy-third Street. Mrs. Moore was Miss Edith Pulitzer, elder daughter of the late Joseph Pulitzer, and her marriage took place in December, 1911.

Travelers to South America.

Sailing to-day on the Vauban for Beunos Aires are:

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Lawrence, D. R. McDowell, F. G. Noss, Mrs. Paul E. Potter, G. G. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Roper, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stuart, S. Weaver, L. T. Burr, J. B. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Eustis, S. W. Goodwin, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gunther.

MISS HOYT TAKES LONG DIVE

From Top of Palm Beach Casino Into Pool 18 Feet Below.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 6.—In the annals of Palm Beach extending back twenty years it is recorded but once before to-day that a woman dove off the top of the Casino into the pool eighteen feet below. Miss Frederick A. Hoyt, 19 years old, daughter of Frederick Hoyt of New York, took the jump head first this morning. The other girl was Miss Helena O. Jones of Seagate, who dived here four years ago. Another remarkable dive to-day was that made by Edward Knieriem of New York, who has been coming here many years. He dove from the top of the high railing above the pool.

The "movey" man got a record of Palm Beach notables upon his film today, taking people in characteristic attitudes. He caught John D. Crimmins and John Pullman in their fishing togs out on the pier examining a 13-foot shark caught yesterday by W. P. Fogel of New York. The fish tipped the scales at 1,100 pounds.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Carnegie Phipps are on the train to-night coming from their shooting lodge in South Carolina, and will join Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Phipps in Palm Beach early to-morrow morning. They went north for a week's expedition after birds.

Ex-Judge and Mrs. E. H. Gary, after lunching with friends at the Beach Club, left for the north on their private car this afternoon.

Hotel Breakers arrivals to-day included Mrs. A. C. Kluge, Miss Beatrice Kluge, New York; Mrs. Robert B. King, Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. John H. Eastwood, Belleville; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Rogan, Miss Helen Rogan, Providence; W. J. Hayes, Miss Bella Pierson, and Miss Therese Pierson, Detroit.

Hotel arrivals at Poinciana were Col. Hester of Brooklyn, Lieut. D. Strensch, H. J. Sacks, S. P. Spear, Mrs. J. S. Olnel, John B. Stetson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seligman, Mrs. S. R. Bogue, New York; Mr. and Mrs. John F. Smith, Miss Anna E. O'Neill of New Bedford; J. Maloney, Orange, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Maurice B. Saul, Philadelphia; A. B. Anderson, London; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Rowland, Miss Margaret Rowland, Philipsburg, Penn.; James F. O'Neill, Mrs. William Welling, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hooker, Mrs. J. C. Carter, and S. P. Crosby, Hartford, Conn.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Lancaster Morgan will give a luncheon of forty at her home, 180 West Fifty-ninth Street, on Monday, Feb. 9, preceded by an interpretation of Charpentier's "Julien," with music.

Lady Hadfield, who has been at the St. Regis, left yesterday for Aiken, S. C., where she has taken a cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer and Miss Dorothy Harvey plan to leave in a few days for Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kennedy Tod, H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. Paul Sorg and her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Drouillard, are sailing to-day for the West Indies and the Panama Canal on the Victoria Luise. Charles Scribner, Jr., is sailing to-day on the Arcadian for Bermuda.

Lord and Lady Churston of London, who arrived on the Lusitania, are at the Plaza.

The Misses Mordaunt of 14 East Sixtieth Street left town about ten days ago, and will not return for several months.

Miss Lucile Thornton of 150 West Fifty-ninth Street gave a dance, followed by a supper, last night at the Plaza.

The second of the Fin de Semaine Club's subscription dances will take place to-night in the Winter Garden of the Hotel Astor, where Mrs. Williams-Heye is to give a tea dance this afternoon. The third and fourth meetings of the club will be on Feb. 14 and 21.

Mrs. Charles H. Dixson will entertain at Sherry's this evening with a dance for Miss Margaret Seton Porter.

Mrs. Sidney Bernheimer of 138 East Seventy-second Street will give a dance this evening at Sherry's for her daughter, Miss Viola Bernheimer. Young people only have been invited.

A reception will be held from 3 until 6 o'clock this afternoon at the home for Aged, Indigent Females, at 104th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the association that founded the home. Mrs. Haslett McKim, Mrs. Henry Oothout, Miss Blanche Potter, and Mrs. W. H. Birckhead are officers.

Mrs. Fairchild and Mrs. John W. Arnold have invitations out for an auction bridge on Friday afternoon, Feb. 13, at 108 East Seventy-ninth Street.

The Fencers Club will hold its annual amateur foil competitions on Monday evening at 8:30 at the Fencers Club rooms, 2 West Forty-fifth Street. Gold medals are offered as prizes by J. Sanford Saltus.

Mrs. Gerald M. Borden of 35 East Fifty-first Street will entertain on Friday, Feb. 20, with a theatre party and supper for Miss Gabrielle Gourd, a daughter of Mrs. Henry E. Gourd.

Mrs. John F. Harris will be the hostess at a luncheon for Miss Phyllis Page, a daughter of Mrs. Edward E. Page, on Monday, Feb. 16.

Mrs. David M. Morrison of 20 East Forty-ninth Street will give a dinner and party to the play on Tuesday evening, Feb. 17, for her daughter, Miss Abby P. Morrison.

Mrs. Richard A. Peabody of 123 East Seventy-third Street will give a dinner this evening for her daughter, Miss Constance Peabody.

Mrs. Charles B. Alexander gave a dinner of sixty covers last night for the Misses Alexander. About 150 additional guests came in afterward for dancing. None but young people were invited.

The tea dance yesterday at the Colony Club for the benefit of the Gramercy Neighborhood Association was attended by more than 200 people.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Van Courtlandt Hamilton entertained last night with a dinner at the St. Regis followed by a theatre party.

Mrs. Edward L. Young will give a tea dance at Sherry's this afternoon for her daughter, Miss Sybil Young.

The Masters School Day Nursery Association will hold a sale and tea from 2 to 7 o'clock this afternoon at the Plaza.

Mrs. Howard Carroll will give a dinner to thirty people this evening at the Carroll residence, 4 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Meyer will give a masquerade dance at 246 West End Avenue to-night.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers on Two Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked on them are:

CARPATHIA (Naples)—Mrs. J. H. Avery, Miss E. Avery, Miss C. Bishop, E. D. Bushnell, G. H. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Curtin, Judge F. H. Dupuis of Montreal, F. W. Fuller, Mrs. H. C. Hall, Miss Sarah Ker, Mrs. R. Murray, Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Rogers.

PRETORIA (Hamburg)—H. R. Clark, C. G. Clark, H. A. Fischer, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lange, Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Wilson, J. Paul Witt.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their pasengers were:

LUSITANIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. James Allan, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Arbuthnot, the Misses Arbuthnot, J. D. Atherton, J. M. Bathgate, Mrs. Fielding Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Bill, Mrs. Ada Carr, Lord and Lady Churston, E. P. Currier, John W. Dennis, Lieut. C. Dravo, Mr. and Mrs. E. Mackay Edgar, G. Maitland Edwards, Robert A. Gardiner, G. W. Guthrie, Mrs. E. S. Hale, George Haviland, Mrs. G. O. Hayne, Thomas B. Hohler, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Howes, Samuel Insull, Dr. E. A. Lambrough, W. B. Lowe, Mr. and Mrs. L. McCreery, Mr. and Mrs. H. de Mesa, Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Miller, W. C. Pemberton, J. Howard Pew, Mrs. Walter L. Pierce, Sir George Prescott, Bart, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Ryder, T. H. Sebag-Montefiore, Miss M. Sebag-Montefiore, Dr. Fenton Turck, F. A. Vanderlip, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Watson.

ST. PAUL (Southampton)—R. G. Anderson, Miss Gertrude M. L. Archer, Mrs. Rosa Bender, the Rev. John P. Brodhead, Arthur J. Brooks, Christopher Gilbert, Miss Elsie Goodwin, Miss Hilda M. Johnston, Miss Charlotte Kent, Mrs. C. H. Marple, Miss Ruth G. Nelson, Miss Alice New, Ernest H. Whitehead, Edwin A. Wyatt.

THEATRES MAY STOP TICKET SPECULATION

District Attorney Postpones 'John Doe' Inquiry When Managers Agree to Confer.

FAVORS THE LONDON PLAN

Brady Says Agencies Might Buy Tickets at a Discount and Sell at Box Office Prices.

Because of a movement which took shape yesterday to unite the theatre managers and producers of this city in an agreement to sell theatre tickets only at the box offices of their theatres or through agencies at box office prices, Assistant District Attorney Train decided to postpone the "John Doe" inquiry into the abuses in the sale of these tickets which he had expected to begin to-day.

Instead Mr. Train will call within a few days a conference of leading theatrical producers and managers at which plans to put an end to ticket speculation will be considered. Mr. Train made this decision yesterday after a conference with William A. Brady, who joined with Abraham L. Erlanger and Lee Shubert in expressing a desire to aid in remedying the conditions complained of. The theatrical men feel, it is said, that the profits of the theatrical business here will be increased if the public can obtain tickets at regular prices. While Mr. Train and Assistant Corporation Counsel Louis Hahlo believe that the matter can be regulated by law, they are disposed first to give the managers a chance to make the reforms in their own way.

Those firms which will be asked to send representatives to confer with Mr. Train are: Klaw & Erlanger, William A. Brady, David Belasco, H. H. Frazee, Charles H. Burnham, John Cort, Joseph Weber, Charles Frohman, C. B. Dillingham, Samuel Harris, Henry W. Savage, George C. Tyler of Liebler & Tyler, the Metropolitan Opera Company, the Century Opera Company, and the Harris estate.

"If these men do not wish to enter into an agreement," Mr. Train said yesterday, "the District Attorney and the Corporation Counsel has legislation in mind which will accomplish the same result. We can frame an effective law which will be constitutional."

Mr. Brady said that he was anxious to see the question solved to the satisfaction of the public.

"I believe that the prosperity of the New York theatres depends upon the good will of the public," he asserted. "The theatrical business was ruined in Chicago because the public had to pay exorbitant prices. Laws were passed there, but they were called unconstitutional. So great was the moral effect of the movement, though that speculation was stopped and there followed a resumption of good business, following the loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars in a few years."

The London system of selling tickets, Mr. Brady said, might furnish suggestions for a system here. There the libraries buy tickets at a discount and sell them at the regular price. The average price of orchestra seats is 10 shillings sixpence, and according to law tickets may be sold at an advance of one shilling. Such an advance is charged by Keith, Prowse & Co., who have many agencies in their musical shops in London.

If the tickets could be purchased at a discount by the agencies and sold at the regular prices it is thought that there would be branch agencies all over the city. Such an arrangement is now carried out by the Terminal Theatre Ticket Company, which has branches along the line of the McAdoo tunnel. They buy the tickets at a 10 per cent. discount, Mr. Train is informed, and sell them at the regular prices. They engage blocks of seats for each performance, and if a theatre is sold out the manager notifies the agency to make early returns.

"The sale of tickets at the regular prices," Mr. Brady said, "ought to make the theatrical business a paying one. If there is any special production, such as an all-star cast, the prices might be increased for the occasion. The trouble is that the general public is being mulcted by the New York agencies for the benefit of about 15 per cent. of those who go to the theatre. That proportion represents those who come from out of town and who buy tickets at hotels. For them it is a convenience. It often happens, though, that the agencies have bought up weeks in advance seats for a production which turns out to be a failure. In that case those from out of town who ask for 'seats to a good show' often have tickets for a failure thrust upon them."

Sixty Club Incorporated.

The Sixty Club, an organization of well known theatrical men, which has been holding dances every Saturday night at the Hotel Astor, was incorporated yesterday in Albany. The Directors named in the incorporation papers are J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr., A. O. Brown, Gilbert Miller, Arch Selwyn, William Elliott, Myer W. Livingston, and John W. Rumsey. The certificate is also signed by Bayard Veiller, Augustin Machugh, Irving Berlin, Edgar Selwyn, J. Lew Quinn, Douglas Fairbanks, A. Baldwin Sloane, F. Ziegfeld, Jr., Albert Paskert, Ernest Glendenning, Sam H. Harris, and William Courtleigh.

Vitagraph Theatre Opens To-night.

The Vitagraph Theatre, which was formerly the Criterion, was unofficially opened last night, when a large invited audience saw the feature moving-picture films which will be offered to the general public for the first time to-night. As a special attraction last night John Bunny, the moving-picture comedian, appeared personally in a "silent drama" called "The Honeymooners." In this play without words, which will be retained as an attraction at the theatre, Mr. Bunny was assisted by Mary Charleson and James Morrison.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A. Toxen Worm, formerly general press representative for the Shuberts, who has been engaged in other work for that firm, will resume that position next Saturday. At the same time he will retain the management of the Forty-fourth Street Theatre and the Folies Marigny. H. Whitman Bennett, the present press representative of the Shuberts, is to assume the same position with the Mutual Film Company.

A performance of "Potash and Perlmutter" will be given for the benefit of the Temple Ohab Zedek at Cohan's Theatre on Sunday night, March 1.

"The Whip," which was originally produced in this country at the Manhattan Opera House, will return to that theatre for its final engagement here Monday, Feb. 16.

William Faversham will hold his final dress rehearsal of "Othello" at the Lyric Theatre to-morrow night, instead of to-morrow morning, as previously announced.

The Verband Deutscher Schriftsteller will conduct a symposium on the mission of the German theatre in America at the National Arts Club Sunday night, March 8.

Thomas W. Ryley has started to trace the addresses of the many young women who at one time or another appeared in the Florodora Sextet, and will give a special Florodora matinee in their honor of "The Queen of the Movies," early next month.

At the Folies Marigny, on top of the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, to-morrow night will be known as "Professional Night," when 500 actors and actresses now playiyng in New York have been invited to attend as guests of the management.

Liane Carrera night was celebrated at the Paradis de Danse, atop of the Alhambra Theatre, last night. Five hundred invited guests took part in the programme of modern dancing and sat down to supper in the banquet hall early this morning.

One hundred and fifty members of the Philip Morris Mutual Aid Society, an organization of employes of the cigarette firm, will enjoy their annual outing to-day by witnessing the matinee performance of "America" at the New York Hippodrome.

Nicholis Dunaew, a Russian playwright and correspondent who has been associated with Maxim Gorky, Max Nordau, Count Tolstoy, and other literary men on the Continent, has signed contracts with one of the leading motion picture concerns here to produce Russian dramas in motion pictures.

E. F. Albee, representing B. F. Keith, signed contracts yesterday calling for the construction of a new vaudeville theatre, seating 2,500 people, in Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. The plans call for a two-a-day house.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

A Programme of Modern Music Wihtout a Soloist.

The programme of yesterday's concert of the Philharmonic Society at Carnegie Hall was given over to modern music, all of a somewhat popular and unusually pleasing and diverting character. There was no soloist, and probably few among the large audience felt the lack of one. There was played the first suite made by Bizet from his incidental music to Daudet's play "L'Arlésienne," music that now seems of great charm, of real distinction, not at all "Wagnerian"; though it was decried by those who first heard it for failing in charm and distinction and for being "Wagnerian."

There was Debussy's orchestral prelude, entitled "The Afternoon of a Faun," which seems now among the best and most imaginative of his compositions, written in a style more spontaneous and less mannered than many of his later orchestral pieces, before the composer had made his melodic lines and harmonic progressions into formulas that he now follows with less of musical content, and when he also wrote for orchestra with more delicacy and euphony than are shown in work that has recently came from his pen. There was Berlioz's overture, "The Roman Carnival," based on motives from his opera "Benvenuto Cellini," which has retained a place among the composer's more vital works, and was successful even at its first performance, when, as one of his biographers notes, "its repetition was demanded with transports," though the opera itself had made a brilliant failure half a dozen years earlier. And, finally, there was what Goldmark called his "Rustic Wedding" symphony, a suite rather than a symphony, though that has not been put to its discredit and it has not been made to suffer on that account in the thirty-eight years since it was first produced, during which it has kept its popularity. For notwithstanding the unpretentious character of this music, which lays no claim to profundity and possesses little, it has remained alive while innumerable symphonies truer to the symphonic form and aiming at greater heights and depths have been laid away in oblivion to gather dust.

The orchestra played these compositions very well, in its best style, with solidity and beauty of tone, with finish, sometimes with brilliancy. There have been performances of Debussy's piece of a more filmy delicacy, performances in which there was no break of the horn in the first measure, as there was yesterday; but in this performance, as in the other numbers, the playing of the orchestra reflected credit upon it and upon Mr. Stransky's training.

BARNARD JUNIORS' DANCE.

The Straight-Arm Position the Rule at Ball at the Waldorf.

The Junior Ball of Barnard College was held last night at the Waldorf-Astoria. The rainy evening did not keep down the attendance, and practically the entire junior class, as well as many seniors and alumnae, were present.

In the receiving line were Miss Helen MacDonald, Chairman of the ball; Dean Gildersleeve, and the Misses Sarah Schuyler Butler, Margaret Meyer, Dorothy Stanbrough, Helen Murphy, Regina Murname, Freda Kirchwey, and Edith Stiles.

The straight-arm position was the rule among the graceful dancers.

Among the patronesses were Mrs. George W. Kirchwey, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Miss Virginia C. Gildersleeve, Mrs. Frank W. Stanbrough, Mrs. Sumner B. Stiles, Mrs. Edward S. Martin, Mrs. Isabel D. Coates, Mrs. Helen H. Jenkins, Mrs. Robert J. Hillas, and Miss Mary S. Rosevear.

THIRD SHERRY DANCE.

Many Dinner Parties Precede Event —The Subscribers.

The third of the Three Sherry Dances, now in their third season, was danced in Sherry's small ballroom last night, and was preceded by a number of small dinners. The dances are managed this Winter by a committee of four, made up of Mrs. Edward S. Knapp, Mrs. J. Herbert Johnston, Mrs. Archibald Rogers, and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm. Mrs. Chisolm, Mrs. Johnston, and Mrs. Knapp received last night.

The dinner hostesses included Mrs. Pierre Mali, Mrs. J. Amory Haskell, Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, Mrs. Ricardo de Acosta, Mrs. Henry E. Coe, and Mrs. J. Herbert Johnston. Several of the parties of dinner guests attended the play before going to the dance.

Among the subscribers and those who attended last night's meeting were the Misses Winifred and Dorothy Chisolm, Mary Haskell, Gertrude Mali, Noel Johnston, Vieve Fisher, Margaret Trevor, Phyllis McVickar, Margaret Overton, Eleanor Darlington, Edith Pine, Lois Hall, Lentilhon Gilford, Louise Chappell, Anne Rogers, Margaret S. Knapp, Urling Sibley, Emily Coe, Audrey Osborn, Ursula Brown, Eleanor Mellen, Margaret Andrews, Sarah Cheney, Mercedes de Acosta, and Mary Haskell.

Also Mr. and Mrs. Fairman Dick, Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Peabody, Jr., and Alden Talbot, Arthur Gardiner, Copley Amory, Rudolph Kunhardt, Thornton Brown, William Bramwell, Harold Harvey, Gilbert Darlington, Junius Morgan, Livingston Short, John Marsh, Danforth Miller, George Montgomery, Stuart Pettit, Robert Breese, Webster Stetson, Hugh Rose, Harry Spear, Edmund Twining, Allan Lefferts, and George Gilder.

DANCE FOR CHARITY.

Mrs. Edey Entertains in Aid of Ruloff Fresh Air Fund.

Mrs. Frederick Edey opened her house, 10 West Fifty-sixth Street, last evening, for an informal dance in aid of the Ruloff Fresh Air Fund. The dance, which was a special one and not the annual dance for the charity, which Mrs. Edey will give during Easter, on her return from Palm Beach, was arranged by a committee of five made up of Mrs. Edey's niece, Miss Elizabeth Clarkson, and Miss Marjorie Elias, assisted by Holmes Daly, Arthur Taylor, and George Runk.

Those who subscribed were chiefly this and next Winter's débutantes and included the Misses Janet Murray, Katrina Weed, Caroline Weed, Julia and Mary Edey, Martha B. Reynolds, Lois Bisbee, Frances Ballard, Eleanor R. Vredenburgh, Mary Colt, Katharine Whitmarsh, Helen Bacon, Katharine Adams, Teresa Fabbri, Hélène Underwood, Margaret Overton, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. B. Washburn; also John K. Hollins, Campbell Smidt, Charles E. Kimball, Geraldyn Redmond, Jr., Ransom Noble, Mayhew Washburn, Gerald Daly, Walter Eaton, Harold Story, William Evarts, Walter Marvin, George Taylor, Robert R. Livingston, Carl Springer, and Orin Baldwin.

"Koenigskinder" Sung Again.

Humperdinck's "Koenigskinder" was given last night at the Metropolitan Opera House with Geraldine Farrar, Carl Jörn and Otto Goritz in the principal rôles. The others were Mmes. Ober, Fornia, and Mattfeld, Miss Forster, and Messrs. Ruysdael, Reiss, Reiner, Leonhardt, and Bayer. Mr. Hertz conducted.

Tourists for Bermuda and Panama.

Sailing to-day on the Arcadian (Bermuda) are:

Edwin C. Babbit, Mrs. G. Billings, Miss Olive Billings, Mr. and Mrs. R. Le Boutillier, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Craven, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Darrow, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Goodrich, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Grant, Mrs. C. L. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Price.

CALAMARES (Colon)—Mrs. G. H. Cornish, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. McCullock, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Thompson, S. B. Barber, E. Livingston Davis, Miss Eleanor Dinehart, Mrs. H. W. Chadwick, Z. B. Tilden, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilkinson.

JAPANESE SCHOLAR PEERS INTO FUTURE

Tells of New Association to Interpret Views of East and West.

TASK SET FOR NATION

Our Destiny, Says Prof. Anesaki, Is to Bind Two Civilizations Together.

An address in which he discussed the relations which, he said, many persons in Japan believed should exist between the Far East and the West, was delivered recently at a meeting of the American Asiatic Association by Prof. M. Anesaki, a noted Japanese scholar of the Imperial University at Tokio. Secretary of State Bryan attended the dinner and paid a high compliment to Prof. Anesaki. Prof. Anesaki said in part:

"However one nation may differ from others, one point perhaps is common to all—that each should advance her civilization in accord with the whole world. At least we deem this to be our destiny and opportunity. There is a great variety in the problems arising from the contact of nations, but the way of real understanding and deep rooted concord can perhaps best be established among nations through the channel of moral ideals and religious faith. What is needed in this respect is the openness of mind and quickness of sympathy which will penetrate the racial barrier.

"With just this in mind we have organized in Japan a society, the Association Concordia, the chief object of which consists in interpreting the moral and religious ideals of the East and of the West to each other. A sister Association Concordia has been founded in America, and we are together asking the cordial co-operation of all those who are mindful of promoting a universal concord among nations. Not uniformity but concord, this is our aim.

"No doubt your Asiatic Association has something similar in view. Whatever the present issues may be, however special interests may differ, may we not keep our course true to an end which will fulfill both of our needs at the same time? The common good of the world and the further progress of real civilization can only be promoted by open-minded concord and far-reaching cooperation among the leaders of nations."

Speaking of changes which had come about in Japan Prof. Anesaki said:

"In Japan a new era of the Restoration was opened by the solemn oath sworn by the Emperor that knowledge should be sought all over the world, and that all measures of government should be based on the righteous way of heaven and earth. The happy consonance between the knocking at the door from outside and the response from within has created a new era in Japan, and she has ever since been faithful to her new destiny.

"Under this new civilization, Japan is facing countless problems, but most of these are due to the fact that we must proceed in orderly progress, and at the same time not renounce or abandon any of our best inheritance.

"Japan is often said to be doomed because she is being westernized, and because she is unwilling to admit that the East should remain East. And quite as often the opposite accusation is made, and Japan now appears the incarnation of a devil-colored yellow peril. In the first case we are pitied because we are endeavoring to adopt Western civilization, and in the other case we are hated simply because we are Orientals.

"Until our last war with China our Western neighbor hated us and despised us because we seemed to her to be becoming the slaves of the Western 'barbarians.' This hatred increased in power until China so infringed upon Japan that she was at last obliged to resist it with force of arms. It was the firm conviction of the whole Japanese nation in the war of 1894-5 that we were fighting in order to awaken China from her stubborn blindness to the world's progress. But, curiously enough, no sooner was the war ended than a picture of the Oriental devil appeared, designed to impress the Western people with the dread of the yellow peril. Thus we are threatened on either side and our task is to resist both extremes and to keep steadily to a middle course.

"Despite these criticisms passed upon us, we are firm in our resolution and faithful to the charge laid upon us by our sovereign that our course should lie midway between East and West and that our destiny is to build a stone firmly into the bridge which binds the two civilizations together."

DR. WM. K. SIMPSON DIES.

Professor of Laryngology at College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Dr. William Kelly Simpson, well known as a throat and nose specialist, and for the last nine years Professor of Laryngology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, died yesterday from a cerebral hemorrhage at his home, 952 Lexington Avenue.

Dr. Simpson was born April 18, 1855, in Hudson, N. Y., the son of the late George W. Simpson. He was graduated from Cornell University in 1876, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1880.

He was consulting physician in diseases of the nose and throat at the Presbyterian and Seaton Hospitals, the New York Foundling Asylum, St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, and the Somerset Hospital in New Jersey.

Dr. Simpson was a member of the American Laryngological Association, Academy of Medicine, the Whist and Lotos Clubs.

Dr. Armin Uebelacker.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 6.—Dr. Armin Uebelacker, one of the best-known physicias in New Jersey, died at his home in South Street to-night from gangrene, following the amputation of his foot at the Memorial Hospital several days ago. Dr. Uebelacker was born in Bavaria, Germany. He was graduated from the Universcity Erlanger, coming to the United States where he studied at the Homeopathic College in New York. He was graduated from that college in 1871, moving to Morristown in the same year. He was a member of the American Institute of Homeopathy and New Jersey State Medical Society. For a number of years he was a member of the New Jersey State Medical Examining Board, serving as its President.

A LARGE CARD-ROOM OF IMPORTED VALENTINES

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30,000 AT ACTOR'S FUNERAL.

Mounted Police and 150 Reserves Were Kept Busy.

When the pall bearers carrying the coffined body of Sigmund Mogulesko, the Jewish actor, reached the Jewish National Theatre yesterday they found their way blocked by a weeping, pushing, half hysterical crowd of men and women fighting for admission to the auditorium for the services to be held there. There was room inside for only 1,900 persons and fully 20,000 were packing the corner of Houston Street and Second Avenue. The 50 policemen detailed to keep the crowd in order were hopelessly outnumbered.

The funeral procession was halted and the advance into the theatre was out of the question until fifteen mounted policemen and 100 more reserves could be called quickly together to clear the path.

When this had been done, and the choir of 100, the coffin and the widow and daughters of the dead man had passed into the theatre, the excited men and women charged in after. The police were swept off their feet, there was a struggle at the entrance, the large doors were unhinged and the glass panels smashed. Then, when the confusion was at its height, the police regained control and steadily pushed the crowd back beyond the cordon formed about the building and maintained throughout the services.

The body of the actor had lain in state since Wednesday at the Jewish Actors' Club at 106 Second Avenue. The procession to the theatre followed a special service at the club. The service at the theatre was marked by spoken tributes from Joseph Barondess, Jacob Adler, Boris Thomashefsky, David Kessler, Herman Bernstein, and others. There was weeping in the theatre throughout.

Afterward the coffin was carried through the streets in a hearse drawn by eight black horses and though the snow was falling and the pavements were wet under foot, the sidewalks were packed with those who had seen Mogulesko play and all of 30,000 people were waiting on the plaza at Delancey Street.

Horace J. Knapp.

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 6.—Horace J. Knapp, for more than twenty-five years Chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York State Press Association and widely known among up-State newspaper men, died to-night at his home, Kenwood Farm, a suburb of Auburn, aged 66 years. He was a brother-in-law of Representative Sereno E. Payne. Mr. Knapp entered the newspaper business as a carrier boy. In 1877 he became managing editor of The Auburn Daily Advertiser, of which he became part owner. He continued as editor and part owner until the dissolution of the firm of Knapp, Peck & Thomson a year ago.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY J. EASTMAN, widow of John Roble Eastman, the naval astronomer who was raised to the rank of Rear Admiral in 1906, died on Thursday night at her home in Andover, Mass., of nervous collapse. She had been seriously ill since the recent death of her husband. Mrs. Eastman was born in Boscowan, N. H., in 1840.

MARY E. PRIME, 83 years old, the oldest resident of Huntington, L. I., died on Thursday. She was a descendant of Jeremiah Wood, one of the early settlers.

JUAN L. IRIBAS, 59 years old, Spanish interpreter of the Travelers' Insurance Company, died of heart disease on Thursday at his home in Hartford, Conn. He was born in Spain, and came to this country when twenty-five years of age.

THOMAS H. DICKEY, 78 years old, a member of the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association since 1892, died at his home in Ocean Grove on Thursday. He is survived by his wife and one son, Dr. George H. Dickey of Flushing.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE STEIN, widow of Conrad Stein, who was in the brewery business in this city for forty years, died on Thursday at her home, at Seventy-eighth Street and Broadway, at the age of 58 years.

Mrs. ANNA WOODBERRY ENDICOTT, wife of Robert Rantoul Endicott of Beverly, Mass., died at Beverly on Thursday of a complication of diseases. She was 69 years old.

LEON J. GASTON, who was head chef of the White House under Presidents Garfield and Arthur, died at his home in Kansas City Thursday night. Mr. Gaston was born in Paris fifty-seven years ago.

CHARLES H. GRAVES, formerly a well-known hotel keeper in Brooklyn, died yesterday morning at his home, 211 Duffield Street, that borough, after a long illness. He was 54 years old and was a Mason and a member of the Elks. His wife and son survive him.

JOHN SCHUMACHER, retired carpenter and builder, died Thursday at Huntington, L. I., aged 79 years. He was a veteran of the civil war.

Mrs. HELEN PATTERSON PAIGE, wife of Asa G. Paige, and a daughter of Ariel Patterson, a shipbuilder, is dead at 1.805 Avenue J, Brooklyn, aged 79 years. Her husband was in the crockery business in that borough for many years.

HERMAN WISBAUER, clerk for many years in the Bureau of Charities, and at one time employed in the Controller's office, died Thursday from heart disease at 1.393 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 63 years old, and many years ago was a candidate for Postmaster of Brooklyn. Mr. Wisbauer belonged to the Brooklyn Arion Singing Society. A son and two daughters survive.

GEORGE WOLF GEER, an employe of the Sewer Department of this city, died Thursday at his home in Hempstead, L. I., aged 79 years. He was a civil war veteran and formerly Secretary of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company.

TERENCE F. DORE, clerk in the office of the Supervisor of Harbors, War Department, died yesterday from pneumonia at the home of his sister, Mrs. James Hickey, 376 Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

HUGO KUPILLAS, insurance broker, and organizer of the Eintracht Lodge, is dead at his home, West Hayes Avenue and De Witt Street, Corona, L. I. He was 61 years old and left a widow and seven children.

NATHAN W. WOOLEY, 67 years old, died Thursday at his home in Northport, L. I. He was a civil war veteran.

CHARLES H. DOW, who was formerly a banker in Denver, Col., died yesterday at his home, 439 Manhattan Avenue. He was 70 years old and had lived in New York City for the last fourteen years. Mr. Dow was a veteran of the civil war. He was a member of the Joplin (Mo.) Elks' Chapter. He is survived by his wife, Catherine Helen, and two children by his first wife, Charles M., of New York, and Mrs. Owen Thompson, of Washington, D. C.

Mrs. STIMONSON POWELL, one of the oldest residents of Long Island, was found dead in her bed at the home of Miss Louise Hewlett at Manhasset, L. I., yesterday morning. She was in her 93d year. Mrs. Powell was a native of Jericho, L. I., and was prominent among the Quaker sect on Long Island.

Miss CHARLOTTE A. LYON, widow of Webster Lyon, died Thursday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Howard Bageley, Main Street and Broadway, Douglaston, L. I. She was born seventy-eight years ago in Westport, Conn.

CHARLES G. RAPP, secretary of the Young-Smith-Field Company of Philadelphia, died at his home in Ardmore yesterday, at the age of fifty-three years. Mr. Rapp was one of the organizers of the Retail Credit Men's Association.

HARRY PERCIVAL GARDNER, assistant secretary of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, and one of the best-known insurance men in the country, died yesterday at his home in Cynwyd, Penn., at the age of fifty-three years.

AUGUSTUS H. DUNSING, one of the oldest residents of West Haven, Conn., died at his residence there on Wednesday.

WILLIAM GROFF HALL, a retired Lackawanna Railroad engineer, is dead at his home, 18 School Street, Washington, N. J. He was born in Hackettstown seventy-one years ago.

PHILIP MICHEL, in the lumber business in this city, died Thursday at his home in Bronxville, N. Y., in his fifty-second year. He was a member of the Young Men's Association of St. Peter's Church of this city, and left a widow, three sons, and three daughters.

BOOKSELLERS TO THE WORLD

February BOOK SALE

Sets of Books, by the Standard Writers, bound attractively in Cloth and Leather.

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BRENTANO'S
5th Ave. and 27th St., New York.

CLINTON VAN VLIET DIES OF GANGRENE

Amputation of Leg Fails to Save the President of Goodyear Rubber Company.

HIS APPENDIX REMOVED

Recent Operation Followed by Congestion of Blood—His Home Built of Stones from Many Lands.

Clinton Van Vliet, President of the Goodyear Rubber Company, died yesterday afternoon in the Flushing Hospital following an operation for appendicitis and the amputation of his left leg. He was in his 69th year and was born in Plainfield, N. J.

Mr. Van Vliet underwent an operation for appendicitis three and a half years ago. At that time he paid two surgeons $1,800 for the operation. At the time an appendicular abscess was removed, but Mr. Van Vliet always supposed that the surgeons had removed his appendix. Four weeks ago Mr. Van Vliet became ill. He believed he was suffering from indigestion, but his physician, Dr. George B. Story of Bayside, diagnosed the case as appendicitis.

Mr. Van Vliet was removed to the Flushing Hospital where on Jan. 18 he was operated on for the second time for appendicitis. The operation revealed the fact that at the first operation the appendix had not been removed.

Mr. Van Vliet appeared to rally for a while. Several days, however, after the operation gangrene set in which his physician attributed to a congestion of the blood. Mr. Van Vliet's condition became so serious that on Wednesday last his left leg was amputated in an effort to save his life.

Mr. Van Vliet was a resident of Douglaston, L. I., for the last fifteen years. In his early twenties he became identified with the Goodyear Rubber Company as a salesman. After three years he became Vice President of the company.

Mr. Van Vliet had a number of decided opinions about personal matters. He constantly repulsed life insurance solicitors and never belonged to any organizations. He liked country life and since his boyhood had made his home in suburban districts. The pillars of his residence in Douglaston were constructed of odd stones which he had accumulated in his travels. Some of these stones came from Asia. He was careful in his collection of them, and would send the stones he selected thousands of miles to his home. His collection took years to gather. Mr. Van Vliet left a widow, and a brother, Joseph Van Vliet of Newark, N. J.

Lorenzo J. Hatch Dies in China.

Lorenzo J. Hatch, for fifteen years Director of the Currency Engraving Department of the Chinese Government, died on Sunday at Peking, China. He was born in this country fifty years ago. Mr. Hatch was employed for many years in the United States Bureau of Engraving and Printing at Washington, D. C., and had the reputation of being one of the best steel engravers in the United States. His work attracted the attention of the Chinese, and he went to China in 1909 with a six years' contract with the Imperial Chinese Government. When China became a republic the new Government retained him in service. Mr. Hatch made his home for many years in Lawrence Park, Bronxville, Westchester County.

Charles Volkmar.

Charles Volkmar, one of the first art ceramists in this country, died from pneumonia yesterday at his home in Metuchen, N. J. He was born in Baltimore Aug. 21, 1841. Mr. Volkmar studied ceramic art in Paris from 1861 to 1879. He is said to have been the first artist in this country to paint under glaze on tiles. Mr. Volkmar was a member of the National Arts Club, Architectural League, National Society of Craftsmen, the Chicago Society of Etchers, the last surviving member of the old Charcoal Club, and was for many years the President of the New York Society of Ceramic Art.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

CARMALT—CHURCHILL.—On Feb. 5, 1914, at noon, at Calvary Church, New York City, by the Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, Marguerite Lawrence Churchill to Woolsey Carmalt of New York City.

ROSE—CARLEGON.—On Feb. 5, at Yonkers, N. Y., by the Rev. Peter H. Goldsmith, George Stanton Rose to Marion Carlegon.

SMITH—BOGUE.—On Feb. 5, 1914, at 2,460 Devoe Terrace, New York City, by Rev. C. Wallace Petty, Dora Watkins Bogue to Herbert P. Smith.

Died.

BAKER.—At his home in East Aurora, N. Y., Friday, Feb. 6, 1914, aged 82 years. Funeral Sunday at 2:30 P. M., Feb. 8, at St. Paul's Church, Buffalo, N. Y.

BAYLES.—On Friday, Feb. 6, at East Orange, N. J., Martha Bayles, in her 84th year. Funeral services at the residence of her brother, Westley H. Bayles, 14 Watson Av., East Orange, N. J., on Sunday at 3:30 P. M.

CLARK.—Rev. James Starr Clark, D. D., entered life eternal Feb. 5, 1914. Funeral services at 2:30 P. M., Monday, Feb. 9, at St. John's Church, Salisbury, Conn. Interment at Bethel, Conn., Tuesday, Feb. 10, on arrival of 10:40 train from New York.

CUTTING.—On Feb. 5, Frances A., daughter of the late Leonard and Phebe Cutting, in her 86th year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., Saturday, Feb. 7, at 10 A. M.

DOW.—Feb. 6, 1914, Charles Henry Dow, aged 70 years. Funeral service at Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Davenport (Iowa) and Denver (Col.) papers please copy.

DUNSING.—Entered into rest at his late residence in West Haven, Conn., Augustus H. Dunsing, beloved husband of Emilie Eckels Dunsing, on Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1914.

FISHER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1914, Benjamin Van Doren Fisher of New Germantown, N. J. Funeral from the residence of his brother, William P. Fisher at New Germantown, N. J., Saturday Feb. 7, 1914, at 2:15 P. M. Carriages will be at the White House Station, Central Railroad of New Jersey, at 12:05 P. M. on Saturday, on the arrival of the 10:30 A. M. train from New York, foot of Liberty St.

GOOCH.—On Friday morning, at his residence, Forest Hills, Long Island, N. Y., Robert E. Gooch, husband of Frances Pusey Gooch, in his 48th year. Services at his late residence, 59 Burns Av., Saturday morning, Feb. 7, at 11:30 A. M. Interment in Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville, Ky.

HAMMERSTEIN. — Abraham. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Bldg.,) Saturday, 10:30 A. M. Interment private.

HARRIS.—At Stamford, Conn., on Feb. 5, 1914, Frances C., wife of E. Fletcher Harris. Funeral service at residence, 235 Washington Place, Flushing, L. I., on Sunday, Feb. 8, 2:30 P. M.

KANE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, after a short illness, at Sharon, Mass., Constance Henley, beloved daughter of Daniel Higbee and Beryl Keith Kane, in the 20th year of her age. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 7, 3 P. M., at Marion, Mass.

MATHEWS.—Frederic L., son of the late Robert F. and Mary B. Mathews, on Feb. 5, 1914, in his 64th year. Funeral at the residence of Stephen Valentine, 62 8th Av., Brooklyn, at 2:30 P. M. on Saturday, Feb. 7.

McBIRNEY.—At his home, in Brooklyn, on Feb. 5, Charles T. McBirney, in his 36th year. Funeral from his late home at 1,112 Dean St., Sunday, Feb. 8, at 2 P. M. Interment at Flower Hill Cemetery, North Bergen, N. J., following the services.

MICHEL.—On Thursday, Feb. 5, after a short illness, Philip Michel, 52 years of age, beloved husband of Minnie Michel, nee Berghorn, in Bronxville, N. Y., and member of the Council of the English Lutheran Church, Mount Vernon, N. Y., and also St. Peter's Church, Young Men's Association. Funeral services at St. Peter's Luthern Church, 54th St. and Lexington Av., Sunday, Feb. 8, at 1 P. M.

MONROE.—James Officer, Feb. 4, 1914, at his residence, 5,952 Ohio St., Austin, aged 83 years 4 months and 16 days. Funeral Saturday, 2:30 P. M., from his late residence. Interment Forest Home.

Died.

MOORE.—At Montclair, N. J., Feb. 4, 1914, Dorothy Estelle, only daughter of William B. and Laura R. Wood, aged 14 years. Funeral services will be held at the home, 158 Lincoln St., on Saturday, Feb. 7, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

MOSLE.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 5, 1914, at her residence, Caroline Durnford, widow of George Mosle. Services at 10:30 o'clock Saturday, Feb. 7, at the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Holy Trinity, 65th St. and Central Park West. Please omit flowers.

NOSTRAND.—On Feb. 6, after a short illness, Mary Elizabeth, widow of the late Elbert Brinkerhoff Nostrand. Funeral at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Charles N. Dowd, 127 West 72d St., at 3:30 P. M., Sunday, Feb. 9. Interment private.

PAINE.—On Friday, Feb. 6, Ruby Maud Neville Paine, wife of William L. Paine of Kingston, Jamaica. Services at her late residence, 1,829 63d St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, Feb. 10, at 3 P. M.

PRIME.—At Huntington, N. Y., Thursday, Feb. 5, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Nathaniel Scudder Prime, in her 84th year. Services from her residence Saturday, Feb. 7, at 2 P. M.

SIMPSON.—Friday, Feb. 6, 1914, at his residence, 952 Lexington Av., William Kelly Simpson, M. D., son of the late George N. Simpson of Hudson, N. Y., in the 59th year of his age. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., Monday morning at 8:45 o'clock. Interment in Hudson.

STEIN.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 5, 1914, at 7 A. M., Josephine, (nee Freund,) widow of the late Conrad Stein, in her 58th year. A solemn requiem mass for the repose of her soul will be held on Monday, 9th inst., at 10 A. M. at the Roman Catholic Church of St. John the Baptist, in West 30th St., between 7th and 8th Avs. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

VAN VLIET.—At Douglaston, L. I., on Friday, Feb. 6, 1914, Clinton Van Vliet. Funeral services at his late residence, Sunday afternoon, Feb. 8, at 3 o'clock. Interment on Monday at convenience of family.

VOLKMAR.—Charles, at his home, in Metuchen, N. J., in his 73d year. Service at 8:30 P. M. Feb. 7, at the residence. No flowers.

BAUER.—Bernard, 1,333 Bristow St., Bronx, Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

BECKER.—Rosalie, 594 East 141st St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

BUNDSCHUH.—Katherine, Stapleton, S. I., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

DALEY.—Gertrude, Feb. 5. Funeral 869 9th Av., to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DAMERS.—Henry, Feb. 5. Funeral 206 West 30th St., to-day, 2 P. M.

DAUSCHA.—Dora, 23 East 88th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day.

ERNST.—John F. R., 1,988 Anthony Av., Bronx, Feb. 5, aged 51. Funeral to-day.

FLEISCHAUER.—Rosa, 340 West 86th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FUCHS.—Marie J., 114 West 101st St., Feb. 5, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HAWN.—George M., Feb. 4. Funeral 851 Amsterdam Av.

HERLIHY.—Catherine, 1,890 2d Av., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

HERON.—John, 413 East 122d St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LORZ.—Frederick, 2,250 Washington Av., Bronx, Feb. 4.

McBENNETT.—Catherine, 72 West 69th St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MANSFIELD.—William A., Feb. 5. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Sarah J., 1,196 Fulton St., Bronx, Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Daniel, 436 West 124th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REGAN.—Patrick, 633 East 135th St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHARP.—Janette, Feb. 5. Funeral 171 8th Av.

SMITH.—Patrick, 258 West 68th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

WILLIAMS.—Catherine A., 320 West 126th St., Feb. 5. Funeral private.

ZIEGLER.—Katherine, 661 Eagle Av., Bronx, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BAAS.—Eva D., 561 Union St., Feb. 5, aged 82. Funeral to-morrow.

BALLONEY.—Sara E., 415 Cumberland St., Feb. 6. Funeral to-morrow.

BROWN.—Lucy A., 129 Bainbridge St., Feb. 6.

CASSIDY.—Margaret, 252 Prospect Av., Feb. 5, aged 11.

CONK.—Amos, 98 Lynch St., Feb. 5, aged 59. Funeral service to-day.

DELANEY.—Catherine, 100 Wilson St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DORE.—Terence, 376 Clinton St., Feb. 6. Funeral Feb. 9.

DRISCOLL.—Mary, 300 Sheffield Av., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day.

DUNKEL.—Lena K., 121 Palmetto St., Feb. 5, aged 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

EGAN.—Thomas E., 590 Bergen St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FOLAN.—Mary, 209 Ross St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FUCHS.—John, 13 Thames St., Feb. 4, aged 34. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HART.—Catherine, 85 Reeve Pl., Feb. 5. Funeral Feb. 9.

HARNUNG.—William, 149 Cooper St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day.

HEANEY.—Francis, 443 Smith St., Feb. 6. Funeral Feb. 9.

HOCHSTIM.—Samuel, 232 Pulaski St., Feb. 4.

JOHNSON.—Caroline, 43 Grant Av., Feb. 4, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

KELLY.—James J. 558 58th St., Feb. 5. Funeral notice later.

KUHNEMANN.—Babetta, 89 Taylor St., Feb. 6. Funeral private.

LANDER.—Gertrude, 3,819 Fort Hamilton Av., Feb. 5, aged 83.

LUTHY.—Eliza, 660 Washington Av., Feb. 5, aged 49.

MICHAELS.—Jeanette G., 52 Sunnyside Av., Feb. 5. Funeral Feb. 9.

MOSS.—Margaret, 203 Luquer St., Feb. 6. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PAIGE.—Helen, 1,805 Av. J, Feb. 5, aged 79. Funeral private.

REEDY.—James J., 456 15th St., Feb. 4.

SCHWEITHELM.—Charles, 99 South Portland Av., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VIEL.—Johanna, 111 Schaefer St., Feb. 5. Funeral private.

WARNOCK.—Helen, Feb. 5. Funeral 697 3d Av. to-day, private.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ALLWOOD.—Ann, 381 Washington St., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 76.

BURNS.—Ann, 237 Summit Av., Jersey City, Feb. 6.

CALLAHAN.—Thomas F., Hoboken, Feb. 5, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CHAPPELL. — Elizabeth, 10 Barbara St., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 30. Funeral notice later.

DUBELBEISS.—Emil, 413 Shippen St., West Hoboken, Feb. 4, aged 55.

ERB.—Muriel A., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 3. Funeral private.

EVANS.—Sarah J., 35 Elliot St., Newark, Feb. 5, aged 70.

FERRY.—Jeremiah, 183 3d St., Jersey City, Feb. 5.

FISHER.—Mary, 83 Monticello Av., Jersey City, Feb. 5.

FRENCHMAN.—Emanuel, 11 Boudinot St., Newark, Feb. 5.

HARDING.—Nancy, 295 Orange St., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 72. Funeral Feb. 9.

HEIRN.—John, West Hoboken, Feb. 5, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HENDERSHOT.—Annette E., 13 Sterling St., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow.

JOHNSTON.—Anna, 329 Elm St., Newark, Feb. 5, aged 28. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

KELLETT.—Benjamin, Newark, Feb. 5.

KRAMER.—Eva, 816 Syms St., West Hoboken, Feb. 4, aged 83. Funeral Feb. 9.

KRETZMER.—George, Jersey City, Feb. 5, aged 80.

LYNCH.—Mary A., 33 Washburn St., Jersey City, Feb. 5. Funeral Feb. 9.

MANNING.—Nellie, 241 Union St., Jersey City, Feb. 5, aged 85.

McCARTER.—Anna M., 464 4th Av., Newark, Feb. 4.

O'CONNOR.—Margaret M., Newark, Feb. 5.

QUINN.—James, 316 New St., Newark, Feb. 4, aged 36. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

QUIROLO.—Antonio, 114 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Feb. 3, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

REIGER.—Carl, Newark, Feb. 4.

RICHARDSON.—Charlotte S., 57 Lyons Av., Newark, Feb. 6, aged 77. Funeral to-day.

SHEPPARD.—Annie W., 171 South Orange Av., Newark, Feb. 5.

VERDEN.—Bernard, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WOISNIS.—Kristina, Newark, Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

WOLFF.—Charles F., 47 6th Av., Newark, Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

FERGUSON.—Marion W., Babylon, Feb. 4, aged 86.

GERMOND.—Egbertine, Brentwood, Feb. 4.

LYON.—Charlotte A., Douglaston, Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MAHER.—Edward P., Woodhaven, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

STRYKER.—Irem H., Ozone Park, Feb. 5, aged 84. Funeral Feb. 9.

Westchester County.

MILLARD.—Frank V., Tarrytown, Feb. 4, aged 47. Funeral private.

MOSHER.—Henrietta, Mount Vernon, Feb. 4. Funeral service to-day.

In Memoriam.

DU VAL.—In constant loving memory of our mother, Alwine Du Val, who died Feb. 7, 1910.

CALLAGHAN.—Mary E., mass, St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

DONNELLY.—Mary, mass, Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, to-day, 9 A. M.

HICKEY.—Mary K., in memory of; died Feb. 7, 1912.

MILLER.—George, mass, St. Benedict's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

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BASEBALL--FOOTBALL MEN DISCUSS RULES, BUT CHANGE NONE--CUP YACHT TRIAL DATES

EBBETS WILL TRY TO RESTRAIN TINKER

Murphy of Cubs Makes Announcement After Conferring with Brooklyn President.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—An effort to stop Joe Tinker from playing ball this season will be made by organized baseball, according to President Murphy of the Cubs, who said to-day that he felt sure Tinker had legally "accepted terms" with the Brooklyn Nationals before he had signed his Federal League contract, this furnishing grounds for a suit. Murphy's statement was made after a conference with Charles H. Ebbets, Sr., of the Brooklyn club, who returned to his home after signing Pitcher Wagner. Ebbets, it is understood, did not see Tinker while here.

The expected shift of the Toronto Federal League franchise to Cincinnati or Cleveland may take place to-morrow at the meeting of the league heads here. President Gilmore is expected back from the Canadian city, with the report on conditions there which, according to reports which preceded him to-day, will be unfavorable to the league's continuing there.

Arthur Irwin, representing the New York Americans, was due in Chicago to-day for a conference with Rollie Zeider, who has signed a Federal League contract, and Ed Sweeney, who is on the fence between offers from the Yankees and the Buffalo "outlaws." None of the three appeared at places usually frequented by baseball men, and if any conferences took place they were secret.

Umpire Henry O'Day will present to the rules meeting at New York next week several changes which he says are important. O'Day is the inventor of the foul-strike rule.

Confirmation of the story that Al Bridwell, short stop, had signed with the St. Louis Federals, came to-day in a letter from Bridwell to President Murphy.

The Federal League made known to-day that its officers are planning a legal fight for the services of three St. Louis American League players, who, they said, signed with the Federals last Fall, but went back to the Americans when they were granted an increased salary. The three are Outfielder Gus Williams, George Baumgardner, a pitcher, and Samuel Agnew, a catcher. Charles Weeghman, President of the Chicago Federals, said he had made legal arrangements to fight for the services of William Killifer, and that similar action would be taken to regain the St. Louis men.

There were reports here to-night that New York men would attend the Federal meeting to-morrow, ond would make an effort to obtain the franchise now held by Toronto.

REDS' CATCHERS HOLD OUT.

Clarke and Hartley Want More Salary Than Herrmann Offers.

Grover Cleveland Hartley, the former New York catcher, who was traded to Cincinnati with Charley Herzog two months ago for Bob Bescher, is evidently not satisfied with the terms of the 1914 contract offered to him by Garry Herrmann. Hartley has refused to attach his signature to the document, and he asserts that Herrmann will have to show him more money before he signs. Tom Clarke, the mainstay of the Reds behind the bat, has also refused to sign, but Herrmann is confident that Clarke will fall into line next week. Garry has notified the Corona boy to meet him next Monday when the magnates arrive for the schedule meeting here, and terms will be discussed then. The only other holdout in the Red camp is Leon Ames, another former Giant.

When the American League convenes here next Wednesday at the Biltmore the schedule for the coming season will be announced. President Johnson originally announced that the Spring meeting of the league would be held on March 10, after the world's tourists return, so that President Charles W. Comiskey of the White Sox might attend. The Federal League activity and the opportunity to confer jointly with the National League club owners here next week has caused the change in plans. As all the members of the National Commission will be in this city Monday and Tuesday, it is probable that a special meeting of that body will be held.

Umpire Bill Brennan has officially notified the National League that he has gone over to the camp of the Federals. The contract which was sent to him for the season of 1914 has been returned to the National League office here, with a letter announcing his decision to join the Federal League staff. Close friends of Brennan say that the action taken by the National League in reversing his decision at Philadelphia last Fall when he forfeited a game to the Giants is the real cause of Brennan quitting the National League. He insists that he took the proper action under the conditions, and feels that he should have been backed up by the league.

Tesreau, Fromme, Wilson, and Bescher are the only Giants who are not under contract for the coming season. President Harry Hempstead says that he has received word from all four, and there is no doubt about them getting into line. The Federal League has not been able to make any of the quartet regard an offer seriously.

President Frank J. Farrell of the Yankees announced yesterday that the grading and filling at the new park at Kingsbridge is so near completion that only the cold weather prevents the work of beginning the erection of the playing stands at once. It is expected that this work will be started about the middle of March.

The signed contracts of Catcher Tex Erwin and Pitcher Bill Wagner were received yesterday at the office of the Brooklyn Club. All the players are now under contract, with the exception of Tinker and Romanach.

Byrne Signs with Phillies.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—"Bobby" Byrne to-day signed a contract with the Philadelphia National League Club. Byrne came to the Phillies last year from Pittsburgh. Although a third baseman, he will play at second base this year, succeeding Otto Knabe, who signed with the Baltimore Federal League Club.

Baseball News in Brief.

Manager Harry Smith of the Newark team, who left Newark a few days ago saying that he was bound for Hot Springs to start his Spring training, is rounding up some of the Newark men who have failed to send in their signed contracts. Smith made personal visits to at least six of his men and secured their signatures in the face of flattering Federal League offers. The men that Smith has gone to see are Cliff Curtis, Fred Walter, Bayard Taylor, Cy Barger, and Sherod Smith.

Walter Blakely has been signed to play with the Jersey City team of the International League by President Tom Fogarty. Blakely is a centre fielder and will accompany the Skeeters on their trip to the training quarters at Durham, N. C., next month. He played on the Montgomerys, a crack semi-professional team of Jersey City. He is a good batter.

Tom Quinn of Orange, N. J., has been signed by the Bridgeport club of the Eastern Association. Quinn has pitched several years for semi-professional ball teams in New Jersey. He is six feet two inches tall and weighs 180 pounds. Last year Quinn twirled for the St. John's team in the Holy Name League of Essex County.

Frank Williams, pitcher purchased by the Washington American League team from the Helena, Mont., club of the Mountain States League, has forwarded a signed contract to Manager Griffith from his home at Ozark, Ark.

ITALIANS AWAIT GIANTS.

Keen Interest in Visit to Naples and Rome—Pope to Greet Players.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Feb. 6.—The New York and Chicago baseball teams, which will play at Naples to-morrow, will be the object of great curiosity and interest, as the game is little known in Italy. They are expected in Rome Feb. 10, and will remain here four days, playing in the Stadium, the largest athletic amphitheatre in the peninsula and capable of holding over 100,000 spectators.

Immediately after their arrival in the Eternal City the members of the teams will be received by the Pope, and subsequently by Cardinal Merry del Val, who is a keen sportsman.

All arrangements for these audiences and for visiting the Vatican and St. Peter's have been made by Mgr. Charles O'Hern, Vice Rector of the American College, as the Rector, Bishop Kennedy, is in America on a visit to his sisters.

FOUR SWIMMERS QUALIFY.

Trial Heats in Metropolitan 200-Yard Championship Decided.

Three members of the New York Athletic Club and one representative of the West Side Y. M. C. A. will compete in the 220-yard Metropolitan Amateur Athletic Union swimming championships to-night in the New York A. C. tank. Two elimination trials were held last night. In the first Nicholas Nerich, New York A. C., and Harry Knecht, West Side Y. M. C. A., qualified. while in the second trial heats the survivors were J. C. Wheatley and L. B. Goodwin, both of the Mercury Foot organization. The final heat will be the feature event of an interesting programme of aquatic events.

In the first heat Nerich and Knecht opened up a lead in the first twenty-five yards. The pair kept well together, neither making any serious attempt at fast time. Coming into the second half of the trial, the New York A. C. man drew ahead, with Knecht in close attendance. This order was maintained to the finish, Nerich winning by five yards from Knecht.

Wheatley and Goodwin outclassed the other contestants in the second heat. The latter led for the first 100 yards, and then Wheatley closed up, and the pair swam on even terms for the next fifty yards. Goodwin made no effort to catch Wheatley on the last lap.

HARVARD, 4; YALE, 3.

Crimson Wins Hockey Game in Extra Period of Play.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Harvard defeated Yale to-night in the first of the championship hockey series, the score being 4 to 3, and the teams having to play ten minutes overtime. Neither team was in specially good trim, and flashes of good fast play were not frequent. The Yale men showed themselves the faster skaters, but Harvard's defense held up well, while Yale, had Goal Tender Shiller remained in his cage early in the match instead of coming out to meet shots, might have been returned the winner. Each team got a goal in the first period, Yale scoring first and Harvard getting back the point within ten seconds. Early in the next period Harvard went ahead three to one, but before the bell Yale got going and scored two goals in short order.

Three minutes after the extra period was on Harvard got its winning goal, and then held its margin down to the finish. Steve Hopkins, the Harvard centre, scored all four of the Crimson's goals, and twice shot the puck into the Yale net when only a foot offside. McDonald at right wing for Yale also made all of the Blue's points. The shooting of both men was accurate, and they stood out above all the others.

The line-up:

Harvard.	Position.	Yale.
Carnochan	Goal	Schiller
Willetts	Point	Gord
Claflin	Cover point	M. Heron
Smart	Right wing	McDonald
Phillips	Rover	Sweeney
Hopkins	Centre	Ordway
Clark	Left wing	W. Heron

Goals—Hopkins, (4,) McDonald, (3.) Substitutes—Curtin for Clark, Burgess for Ordway. Referee—Howard Sawyer, Princeton. Assistant referee—Fred Reed, Princeton. Time—Two twenty-minute periods and ten minutes overtime.

Victorias to Play Crescents.

The Victorias of Montreal, the best amateur team in Canada, will play the Crescents to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink. Every hockey enthusiast is familiar with the record of the Montreal Victorias, who have won the amateur championship of Canada and the Sir Montagu Allen Trophy, which is emblematic of the titular honors. It is from this team that the Canadian professionals in the eastern part of the Dominion are recruited, and to be a member of this famous organization is sufficient to establish a player's reputation as a hockey expert. The team this year is made up of players of exceptional merit, led by Russell Bowie, the most famous amateur player in Canada. The Crescents for this game will bring out some of the veteran champion players, among whom are Artie Liffiton, Bill Dobby, and Bob Wall, and a fine game is assured.

Columbia Hockey Next Week.

Columbia will play three hockey games next week, according to a revised schedule of the seven which was given out by Harry A. Fisher yesterday. The games are to be played on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. The first contest is with the St. Paul's School seven at Concord, N. H., on Feb. 11. On Lincoln's Birthday Columbia faces Dartmouth at Hanover, and on the following day plays the Massachusetts Institute of Technology team at the Boston Arena. This schedule gives the Columbia team a list of five games for the season, one of which has been played. The seven left for Ithaca last night for the game with Cornell on Beebe Lake to-day.

Travis to Play Naething in Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 6.—Walter J. Travis of Garden City and John Naething of Englewood will meet to-morrow in the final of the Lake Worth golf tournament. Travis was going very fast, reaching the turn in 31 to-day, leading by 5 up over W. H. Wood of the Country Club of Virginia. By retaining this lead he finished the match at the fourteenth hole by 5 up and 4 to play. Naething's victory over Walter Fairbanks was not anticipated, as the State champion is a consistent performer and knows the links. Naething played out in 34 and had the opportunity to return in 35 for the best medal round of the season. The scores:

First Division.—Semi-Final—W. J. Travis, Garden City, defeated W. P. Wood, Virginia, 5—4; John Naething, Englewood, defeated Walter Fairbanks, Denver, 6—4.

Second Division.—D. C. Murray, Yahnundasis defeated A. F. Huston, Merion, 5—5; J. C. Head, Pittsburgh, defeated C. S. Cook, Jr., Braeburn, 1 up, 19 holes.

Third Division.—H. C. Colburn, Indianapolis, won by default; G. C. Breckwith, Minneapolis, defeated Joseph Back, Edgewater, 1 up, 20 holes.

Agassiz to Give Up Polo.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—It was announced to-day that Rudolph L. Agassiz, the Boston financier, who for many years has been active as a polo player, had decided to dispose of his string of polo ponies and to enter no competitions this year. Mr. Agassiz said that business activities necessitated his withdrawal from the sport. It is understood that he will assist in the development of the American team for the match with British polo players next Summer.

Meets for Columbia Track Men.

Columbia's track team will compete in three dual meets. The intercollegiate championship of the greater city has been abandoned and in its place Columbia has arranged with the Naval Academy for a dual meet at Annapolis on May 2. Syracuse is down for a meet at Syracuse on May 9, and the only home meet is with Colgate on May 16. The schedule: April 25, Pennsylvania relays, at Philadelphia; May 2, Naval Academy, at Annapolis; May 9, Syracuse, at Syracuse; May 16, Colgate, at New York; May 29 and 30, intercollegiate championships.

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FOOTBALL RULES AGAIN UNDER FIRE

Joint Committee, However, Is Opposed to Radical Changes in the Code.

The joint Football Rules Committee met last night at the Hotel Martinique to consider changes in the football code for next season. Many suggestions for changes have been made, but the majority of the committee are opposed to any radical changes. Late last night E. K. Hall of Dartmouth, the Chairman of the committee, announced that in all probability there would be no fundamental changes in the present rules.

Those present at the meeting were: E. K. Hall, Dartmouth, Chairman; Walter Camp, Yale, Secretary and editor of rules; Dr. J. A. Babbitt, Haverford; C. W. Savage, Oberlin; Dr. Harry L. Williams, Minnesota; Clyde Williams, Iowa City College; Harris S. Cope, Sewanee; Lieut. D. I. Sultan, West Point; Dr. Carl Williams, Pennsylvania; Percy Haughton, Harvard; Paul J. Dashiel, Annapolis; Parke H. Davis, Princeton; A. A. Stagg, Chicago; Capt. J. W. Beacham, Cornell. W. S. Langford, the referee, who was invited to take part in the proceedings of the Rules Committee last season, was not at the session this year, and has announced that he will not be able to act as an official hereafter.

Alonzo A. Stagg, head coach at Chicago, presented several suggestions of changes to the committee, but no action was taken on them. Mr. Stagg represents the consensus of opinion of the Western coaches, who are anxious for several changes in the code.

The Western element want the value of scoring reduced, and there is much opposition to the suggestion by Eastern coaches. Mr. Stagg suggested that the value of a touchdown be reduced to five points, while a field goal be reduced to two points. Mr. Stagg also has several suggestions curbing the forward pass.

Percy Haughton, Harvard's head coach, who takes the place of Crawford Blagden on the committee, is not in favor of the forward pass in its present form, and it is likely that there will be a long discussion in the committee concerning this play.

It was suggested at last night's meeting, also, that the try for goal after a touchdown be eliminated. Another suggestion on this point was that there be no "kick-out," an idea which was first put forward by Tad Jones, the former Yale quarter back. The followers of this suggestion advocate that the try for goal be made from the same relative position where the touchdown was made.

Walter Camp of Yale put forward the suggestion for the re-establishment of the field judge, and Parke Davis of Princeton was the champion of the idea to number the players. All of these innovations were suggested, but no action will be taken on them until to-day's meeting.

Chairman Hall stated that last night's session was devoted to talk over the suggestions offered, and he seemed to believe that the conservative element of the committee would decide to leave the rules alone, as they had worked out satisfactorily during the past season. The committee will convene this morning at 10 o'clock.

The meeting had attracted several well-known football men who are anxious to know just what the Rules Committee expects to do. Among these were Glenn Warner, the Carlisle Indian coach, who believes that the rules are all right as they stand; also George Foster Sanford, who talked with several members of the committee and advocated that the defensive possibilities of the game be opened a little more. Sanford would like to see a game where a touchdown would be possible by straight rushing tactics.

Childs to Coach Indiana Eleven.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Feb. 6.—Clarence C. Childs was chosen football coach at Indiana University early to-day to succeed James Sheldon, who resigned at the close of last season. Mr. Childs, if he accepts, will begin his duties Sept. 1 next and will remain at the university during the entire school year. Mr. Childs is a graduate of Yale 1912 and has a successful record as a football coach at Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio. He played guard and tackle on the Yale eleven, and, as a hurdler, was a member of the American team that won the majority of the track events at the Olympic games in Stockholm, Sweden, in 1912. Mr. Childs is 29 years old.

Northwestern to Get New Coach.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—The athletic department of Northwestern University will have an Eastern football man as coach of its eleven next Fall, it was announced to-day by Lewis Omer, director of athletics. He said Coach Grady had decided not to remain with the Purple another year. The name of the new coach may be given out next week, Omer said.

GOLF CLUBS TARDY.

Twenty-five Fail to Send in Lists to Handicap Committee.

Forty-three clubs out of sixty-eight which are members of the Metropolitan Golf Association have responded to the call of James A. Tyng, Chairman of the Handicap Committee, for information regarding those players entitled to a rating of nine or less in the list of the local association. The time appointed for this information to be in the hands of the committee was Feb. 5.

The organizations on the tardy list follow: Apawamis Club, Brooklyn-Forest Golf Club, Country Club of Lakewood, Fox Hills Golf Club, Glen Ridge Country Club, Hackensack Golf Club, Haworth Country Club, Hollywood Golf Club, Mahopac Golf Club, Midland Golf Club, Morris County Golf Club, National Golf Links of America, Oakland Golf Club, Ocean Country Club, Piping Rock Club, Powelton Golf Club, Princeton Golf Club, Ridgewood Country Club, Rumson Country Club, Spring Lake Country Club, Scottish-American Golf Club, Siwanoy Country Club, Suburban Club, Upper Montclair Country Club, and Westfield Golf Club.

71st Regiment Rifle Shoot.

Company B, Seventy-first Infantry, N. G. N. Y., scored a double victory in the annual rifle shooting matches for the Zabriskie and Homer trophies, winning both events with record-breaking performances during the past week. In the competition for the Zabriskie trophy, which was for teams of ten men, the winners made a score of 456 out of a possible 500, defeating their nearest opponents, Company D, and bettering the old record by nine points. In the Homer trophy event Company B defeated the runner-up, Company K, by two points, and bettered the old mark by one tally, with a score of 232. Both matches were contested at distances of 200 and 500 yards, the conditions being two shots for sighting and five for record on each range. The Zabriskie event was for teams of ten men and the other for teams of five men each.

Pinehurst Golf Postponed.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 6.—The St. Valentines' golf tournament here was postponed to-day on account of rain.

SQUASH CHAMPION LOSES.

George Whitney Defeats L. du P. Irving in Harvard Club Tourney.

The defeat of L. du Pont Irving, the club champion, was the feature of the third round of the Harvard Club squash tennis championship tournament yesterday on the club courts, Forty-fourth Street west of Fifth Avenue. Irving fell before George Whitney, the national champion, in straight sets. The tournament has shown a complete reversal of form over last year, when Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, defeated George Whitney and then lost to L. du Pont Irving in the championship round. The match between Whitney and Irving was too one-sided to be interesting. The champion made a fair showing in the first set, but was completely outclassed in the second.

In the lower half Dr. Stillman came through to the fourth round by defeating J. W. Burden, while Irving showed excellent form. winning from E. E. Whitman in the second round and F. M. Blagden in the third. The first match was an easy one, but the second went to three sets for a decision. Irving lost the first set, 18—15, after a long drawn out struggle. Blagden was unable to maintain the pace in the next two sets and was put out of the running.

F. H. Davis and H. S. Satterlee played an interesting three-set match, in which the latter won the first set, and then went to pieces, Davis capturing the match somewhat easily. Only one match remains to be played in the third round. The summary:

Harvard Club Championship.—Second Round—E. S. Benedict defeated P. M. Morrison by default; L. du Pont Irving defeated E. E. Whitman, 15—5, 15—0; George Whitney defeated N. W. Tilton, 15—0, 15—5; F. M. Blagden defeated L. I. Grinnell, 15—7, 15—4; W. P. Philips defeated J. W. Apple, Jr., 15—7, 15—4; F. H. Davis defeated H. S. Satterlee, 15—18, 15—9, 15—11.

Third Round—Dr. A. W. Swann defeated H. Green, 15—8, 15—9; E. H. Pool defeated E. S. Benedict by default; George Whitney defeated L. du Pont Irving, 15—11, 15—5; L. du Pont Irving defeated F. M. Blagden, 15—18, 15—11, 15—12; J. V. Onativia, Jr., defeated W. P. Philips by default; Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, defeated J. W. Burden, 15—8, default; E. S. Winston defeated D. R. Richberg, 15—1, 15—3.

NATIONAL SQUASH TOURNEY.

Thirty-two Players Will Take Part in the Championship.

Play in the national squash tennis championship tournament begins this afternoon on the courts of the Heights Casino, Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock. George Whitney, the title holder, will play through the tourney, and will be opposed by former champion, Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, and the champions of the Princeton, Columbia, Harvard, Squash, Heights Casino, Bridgeport, University, Englewood Field, and Montclair Athletic clubs.

Among the strongest competitors this year will be Charles M. Bull, Jr., L. du Pont Irving, A. J. Cordier, Frank Kiddie, E. S. Winston, J. V. Onativia, and others from Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New Jersey.

All of the matches will be the best two out of three games, except the final one, which will be the best three out of five. Arrangement have been made to admit women to the court galleries during the tournament.

Tennis Draw Date Changed.

By an agreement of the officials the draw for the national indoor lawn tennis championship tournament will be made Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Seventh Regiment Armory. This is a change from the evening of Tuesday, Feb. 10, which had been previously announced. Robert F. Putnam, the President of the club, and William B. Cragin, Jr., who will act as referee of the tournament, made the change yesterday after a consultation. The entry list promises to be unusually large, and among the entries already received are those of Counts Otto and Alexander Sahn-Hoogstraeten, champions of Austria. Yale will be represented in the tournament by its complete team, and the reason for advancing the time of the draw was so as to permit of all competitors being properly notified of their matches.

Postpone Tennis Meeting.

Official announcement has been made of the postponement of the annual meeting of the officers and delegates of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, scheduled for last night at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. The meeting will be held at the same hotel on Feb. 13, starting at 4 o'clock with an executive session and ending in the evening with a meeting of several hundred delegates from all sections of the country. Besides the regular business, there will be an election of officers, assigning of all fixtures for the year, adoption of rules, and preparation for the Davis Cup series.

Drawings for Gold Racquet Play.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Feb. 6.—Entries for the racquet championship for the gold racquet, open to all amateurs, to be held under the management of the Tuxedo Club at Tuxedo Park, beginning Feb. 12, closed to-day. The drawings were held to-day and the opening match will be between C. C. Pell of Tuxedo, champion of Canada, and C. P. Pike of the University Club of Chicago. Other pairings are H. F. McCormick of Chicago vs. G. A. Herne of Chicago; W. H. Burden, New York, vs. G. M. Heckscher, New York; C. G. Osborne, Chicago, vs. G. C. Clark, Jr., New York, and S. G. Mortimer, Tuxedo, will play the winner of the Pell-Pike match in the first round.

Princeton in Soccer League.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 6.—Princeton will compete in the Intercollegiate Soccer League in their Spring series according to the action taken to-day by the Executive Committee of the Athletic Association. The tigers have been making progress in this sport and it is expected that with membership in the league even more interest will be shown. Sixty men reported to Capt. McMaster in the Fall for the Autumn season, which resulted in seven victories, two defeats, and one tie. Practice for the league series of games with Harvard, Haverford, Columbia, Cornell, Yale, and Pennsylvania will commence within the next two weeks. The opening game will take place in March.

Winners with the Cue.

The tie for fourth place, which existed in the amateur Class C 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy, in Brooklyn, between George T. Moon, Jr., and Charles Matthews, was decided last night, when the latter won by the score of 200 to 149 in 57 innings. The tie for second and third place between H. H. Smith and Charles Martin will be decided this evening.

In an exhibition game of 18.2 balk-line billiards at Dunn's academy, 160th Street and Westchester Avenue, last night, Albert G. Cutler defeated Harry Stern by the score of 200 to 167. Cutler made high runs of 42, 36, and 30, with an average of 11 2-18. Stern's highest runs were 34, 31, and 30, with an average of 9 2-18.

In the continuation of the 18.2 billiard tournament at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy last night, A. B. Major tallied 150 points to the 92 obtained by Capt. J. T. Snitzler. The winner averaged 2 28-61, with a high run of 16, while Snitzler averaged 1 31-61, with a best break of 7.

In the English billiard series at Doyle's academy last night, F. A. Vass defeated P. Booker by a score of 300 to 150 in fifty innings. The best break of the winner netted him 45, which is the high run of the tournament. There will be a rapid fire event to-night for players of the English game.

THIRTY-FIVE TRIALS FOR CUP YACHTS

Defender Will Not Be Selected Until Final Tests Aug. 15 to 22 at Newport.

Dates for the trial and tuning-up races of the trio of yachts now building as possible defenders of the America's Cup were announced here to-night by Secretary G. A. Cormack of the New York Yacht Club. The dates are part of a schedule of races prepared for the three yachts by W. B. Duncan, covering a period extending from June 2 to Aug. 22.

The actual trial races will be held off Newport, R. I., Aug. 15 to 22, but the showing made in all the races sailed after July 6 will be considered by the Cup Committee in the final selection of the defending yacht to meet the Shamrock IV. in the cup races Sept. 10, 12, 15, and following dates, if more than three races are necessary.

Approximately thirty-five races are planned before the beginning of the final trial races. Of these twenty-five will be held previous to the annual cruise of the New York Yacht Club, and the remainder during the runs and races under the auspices of this club. In all races held by the New York Yacht Club the conditions will be similar to those prevailing in the actual cup races and the Regatta Committee of the other clubs on the schedule will be requested to adopt a similar policy.

An important feature of the schedule is a series of six match races off Newport July 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, and 14 under direction of the New York Yacht Club. In this series the three candidates for defending honors will be matched against each other in rotation in order that the Cup Committee may have opportunity to judge the relative merits of the three yachts under conditions similar to those that will exist in the international contest off Sandy Hook in September. No order of meeting has as yet been arranged, but the Defiance will race the Herreshoff yacht and K. S. Cochran's candidate in turn, and the round robin series will be continued until all three have raced against each other.

In all races off Newport the contests will be started from a buoy to the eastward of Brenton's Reef Lightship, and the starts in all the matches will be the regular America's Cup starts, as follows:

Signals.—The preparatory signal shall be given fifteen minutes before the starting signal, and a warning signal five minutes before the starting signal. In case of a change in the time of starting, the same signals shall be used.

At the starting signal, a yacht may cross the line; the exact time at which either yacht first crosses the line after the starting signal, during the succeeding two minutes to be taken as her start, and the end of that period as the start of the yacht crossing after its expiration.

The complete schedule as prepared by Mr. Duncan is as follows:

June 2, 3, and 4, New York Y. C., Glen Cove; 6, Larchmont Special; 10, 11, and 12, New York Y. C., Sandy Hook; 23, Indian Harbor Y. C. Special; 25, New York Y. C. Annual (Sound;) 26, Seawanhaka-Corinthian Y. C. Special; 27, Seawanhaka-Corinthian Y. C. Annual; 29, Larchmont Y. C.

July 2, New York Y. C. (Sound;) 3, American Y. C. Annual; 4, Larchmont Y. C. Annual; 7, Eastern Yacht Club, Newport; 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, and 14, New York Y. C., Newport, match races, in pairs; 16, 17, 18, Newport Yacht Racing Association; July 30, New York Y. C. cruise (Rendezvous;) 31 to Aug. 8, New York Y. C. Cruise.

Aug. 15 to 22, trial races at Newport.

Defiance's Lead Bulb Inspected.

BATHE, Maine, Feb. 6.—The lead bulb for the keel of the proposed cup defender Defiance, which was cast a week ago, was inspected to-day by George M. Pynchon and C. C. Dunham of New York. Mr. Pynchon will be managing owner of the boat, which is being built for a syndicate of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston yachtsmen. The schooner yacht Irolita, owned by E. Walter Clarke of Philadelphia, one of the members of the syndicate, is to be used as the mother ship of the Defiance and will house the crew of the racer, it was announced to-day.

Mr. Pynchon said to-night that Capt. S. B. Howell, master of his yacht Istalena, would be professional skipper of the Defiance, and that the entire crew of thirty-six men had been selected. Work at the wheel in the trial races will be divided between Capt. Howell and Mr. Pynchon. Capt. Howell will come here in three weeks to remain until the launching.

New Rochelle Y. C. Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the New Rochelle Yacht Club will be held at the Manhattan Hotel, Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue, New York City, this evening at 6 o'clock. A proposed amendment to the by-laws will be acted upon at this meeting relative to the proposals for memberships. The officers to be elected:

Commodore—J. Albert Mahlstedt; Vice Commodore—Henry H. Moulton; Rear Commodore—James L. Givan; Secretary—C. A. Marsland; Treasurer—Henry M. Lloyd; Trustees—Henry H. Todd, William H. J. Ehlers, Edwin A. Knapp.

Regatta Committee—Perry C. Pfeiffer, Martin S. Kattenhorn, George C. Molloy.

Law Committee—John F. Lambden, William P. Jeffery.

Entertainment Committee—Harold T. Birnie, Edward A. Sanford.

Nominating Committee — Montrose W. Houck, Arthur H. Titus, William C. Merrill.

Measurer—Roger M. Haddock.

Steel Mast for Bristol Cup Defender.

BRISTOL, R. I., Feb. 6.—The mast of the yacht under construction here as a possible defender of the America's Cup will be of steel, it was learned to-day. Some time ago work was begun on a wooden stave mast, but this will be reserved for use in the event of the trial races showing that a steel spar is too heavy.

Kramer Anxious to Race Rivals.

Willie Kramer of the Long Island A. C., who recently ran the fastest two miles of the season, yesterday announced his willingness to Matthew P. Halpin, Chairman of the New York A. C. Athletic Committee to race Hannes Kolehmainen, the world's champion, or Abel Kiviat, or both, at the games of the Winged Foot organization which are to be held in Madison Square Garden next Wednesday night. Kramer averred that he resented the intimation that he was afraid to compete against either man, and stated that he would give his rivals until Monday night to accept his defi. If neither takes up his challenge it is quite likely that the trio will not be seen in the same competition again this year.

Wolgast to Box Dundee Here.

Arrangements were completed yesterday for a ten-round bout between Ad Wolgast, former lightweight champion, and Johnnie Dundee of this city at the Empire Athletic Club on Tuesday, Feb. 17. Wolgast will receive a guarantee of $3,500 for his share. Dundee will work on a percentage basis with the management. The weight named in the articles is 133 pounds ringside.

Ten-Round Bouts for Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 6.—The Financial Committee of the City Council recommended to-day that permission be granted for short boxing bouts, not to exceed ten rounds. An effort will be made to open the game here again with a match between Harlem Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast.

DUNDEE DEFEATS LORE.

Battling Levinsky Also Wins from McMahon at Empire A. C.

Johnnie Dundee of the west side, conceding ten pounds to Johnny Lore, another west sider, beat Lore in the ten-round bout which featured last night's show at the New Star Casino, 107th Street and Lexington Avenue. In the ten-round semi-final Battling Levinsky added another victory to his series of successes at the expense of Tom McMahon of Pittsburgh, and in the opening ten-round bout Eddie Smith of Yorkville outpointed Freddie Hass of the Bronx.

Dundee's whirlwind finish in the last three rounds brought back the victory that seemed to be slipping away from him. The little Italian made a flying start and in the first two rounds made Lore look like a novice with a series of punches that came from every angle. In the third round, after a hard left swing which struck Lore on the elbow, Dundee's left arm fell limply at his side, and during the remainder of the round he did all his work with his right. In this round Lore gained the honors, and from that time until the seventh Dundee showed little of his usual speed. Lore made Dundee's stomach the object of his attack, and in the fifth round landed a low punch which resulted in a warning from the referee. Dundee managed to get an even break in the sixth round, but Lore had the better of the fourth, fifth, and seventh through his hard hitting to the body.

In the eighth Dundee cut loose with some of the speed that has brought him to the front so rapidly, and Lore began to show signs of weariness. During the last three rounds the Italian was again shooting in his punches from various angles and moving around the ring so fast that Lore could not land with any effectiveness. Lore bled from the mouth in the eighth round. In the ninth Dundee showed up as well as in the opener, and his fast finish more than offset his work during the interval between the third and seventh chapters.

Battling Levinsky clearly outpointed Tom McMahon in the semi-final which was slow in the early chapters and decidedly fast on Levinsky's part at the finish. A good left jab and fast footwork carried Levinsky to his victory which was decided by a considerable margin. The weights were 171 pounds for Levinsky and 179 pounds for McMahon. McMahon seemed slow and wasted a lot of time with punches that were only half-hearted efforts.

Speculators gathered a supply of the tickets, expecting another such rush as marked the opening show at the club, but they were disappointed. The club house was filled comfortably but there was no overcrowding. The management of the club made a fight against the speculators and finally drove them into the street after they had taken positions in the lobby.

AMATEUR BOXERS IN RING.

M. Schweiger Loses in One Class But Wins in Another.

M. Schweiger of the Pastime A. C. showed his mettle as a boxer last night in the semi-final and final bouts of the open amateur boxing tournament at the Cathedral Club, Brooklyn. After being put out of the competition in the 125-pound class by losing to James Nugent of the Paulist A. C., who later drew the bye, leaving the latter the runner-up, Schweiger entered the 135-pound class to fill the vacancy caused by the rejection of a man in the class by the physician, and he stopped W. Psevedogin of the Greek-American A. C. in two rounds.

The Pastime boxer's victory over the powerful Greek came as a surprise. In the opening round he had his opponent down, and in the second was ready to repeat, when the referee stepped between the pair and called a halt.

P. Franchini of the Sunset Athletic Club, after gaining a three-round decision over W. Aste of the Christ Church House Athletic Club, fought L. Murtha of the New West Side Athletic Club, who drew a bye, and received the popular decision after three fast rounds. Franchini was the master from the start, and executed a left jab with lightninglike speed which was too much for Murtha to offset.

James Nugent of the Paulist A. C. showed the best ability of any of the boxers, and easily came through the 125-pound class, defeating Schweiger in the semi-final and F. McCormick of the Xaviers in the final. The greatest surprise of the series was the defeat of J. Rosenberg, Metropolitan champion in the 145-pound class, by one of his clubmates, A. McCauley of the Pennant A. C. The bout was a hummer from the start, and, although the ultimate winner did good work, many favored the title holder to win.

Fleming and Rodden at Fairmont.

Hughey Rodden of Scotland and Frankie Fleming, featherweight champion of Canada, will be the headliners to-night in the bouts arranged for the Fairmont Athletic Club. The semi-final of ten rounds will bring together Willie Warren and Walter Brooks. There will be ten four-round preliminaries.

Columbia Picks Wrestling Team.

Columbia's wrestling team, which is to face Lehigh University at South Bethlehem to-night in the first of a series of intercollegiate dual meets, was selected yesterday by Hugh McLaughlin, the coach. Twenty-five candidates for the team were put through a long afternoon of elimination bouts. The winners were:

115-pound, Bernstein, '14; 125-pound, Federman, '14S.; 135-pound, Gardner, '15S.; 145-pound, G. Wheeler, '14; 158-pound, Patterson, '14S.; 175-pound and unlimited, N. G. Pendleton, '17.

Penn Wrestlers Win Six Bouts.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—The University of Pennsylvania wrestling team opened the season here to-night by defeating Pittsburgh by six bouts to one. Pennsylvania's representatives succeeded in throwing their opponents in every class except the 125-pound. Michael Dorizas, the Greek athlete and holder of the Pennsylvania strength record, threw Gibbons of Pittsburgh in the heavyweight event with a body hold in 19 seconds. Dorizas weighed 238 pounds and Gibbons 177.

Erasmus Hall Games To-night.

Brooklyn's biggest schoolboy meet will be staged at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory to-morrow evening under the auspices of Erasmus Hall High School. More than 1,000 athletes will compete in the thirty events, and, judging from the class of the entrants, several new scholastic records should be made.

Fifty-five schools have entered their strongest track teams and the battle for the point trophy promises to be the closest waged around these parts in years. Tome School of Port Deposit, Md., will be represented by six athletes. The Southerners are always very prominent in track athletics and they are certain to finish near the front. Other schools that should be in the fight for the point honors are Poly Prep, De Witt Clinton, Stuyvesant, Central High, Englewood, Far Rockaway, Jamaica, Morris, Commercial, Stevens Prep, Fordham Prep, Yonkers, Mount Vernon, and Bloomfield.

NEW AUTO NUMBER PLATE BROUGHT OUT

Increased Visibility at Night Claimed for Device—Other Motoring News.

The question of visibility of the rear number plate on an automobile, especially at night, has agitated officials and police authorities in various States for some time. In the usual number plate as it is attached the tail light is apt to obscure one or more of the numerals if the observer is on the lamp side of the vehicle as it passes. Inequalities of light on the different numerals also make accurate reading difficult on occasion. To obviate these difficulties a new form of plate has just been brought out. This device consists of two plates, hinged at the side away from the tail lamp. In the outer plate the numerals are cut out. The face of the rear plate is painted white and this, showing through, gives the effect of the usual painted numerals. At night, however, the rear plate is swung back, leaving the bull's eye of the tail light between the two pieces of metal. In this way the light diffused from the white inner surfaces of the plates shines evenly through the apertures representing the numbers. The principle is something like that of a stencil. It is claimed for this device, which is the invention of Louis Gottschalk of this city, that the numbers can be read at twice the distance at which those of the present form of number plate are visible and that, as the front plate is on a plane with the lamp rather than behind it, all the numbers are in plain view from any angle. Differences in the intensity of the light, which is thrown through, rather than upon the plate, are also said to be less than in the present form.

⁂

A new association of spark plug manufacturers was formed last week in Chicago. The association will work not only for the betterment of its members, but for the users of spark plugs by co-operative interchange of ideas. The secretary of the association is J. W. Fisher, and the Treasurer A. R. Mosler. Government is to be by the Executive Committee comprising D. B. Mills, Albert Champion, R. A. Strohnehan, E. M. Bedford, and Emil Grossman. Dues are to be $25 a year, and the annual meetings are to be held in New York in January.

⁂

An electric vehicle bureau has been established by the United Electric Light and Power Company coincidently with the opening of its new generating station at 201st Street and the Harlem River. It is planned to co-operate with companies distributing vehicles and their accessories as well as with garages and private owners. To this end transportation and operating data will be collected.

⁂

"Automobile Row" learned yesterday that Fred K. Parke had joined Charles A. Trask, designer of the Economy Cyclecar, in the formation of the International Cyclecar Company. The company has offices at 1,790 Broadway and a factory at Providence, R. I. The new car has a 36-inch tread, 100-inch wheel base, V shaped radiator, two-cylinder air cooled motor, belt drive, and planetary gear shift. It weighs 470 pounds, has magneto ignition and carries the gasoline under the bonnet.

Columbia Beats Dartmouth.

Columbia scored a second victory over the Dartmouth basket ball team last night on its home court by the score of 21 to 16. The game, after a slow first half, opened up in the second period to a close and exciting struggle, in which the Green drew to within one point of the Blue and White's score and gave the home team a decided scare. But the Columbia five braced at the crucial minute and pulled the game out of the fire. Columbia's team was in fine form, with the exception of Benson, who, in spite of his plucky playing considering his recent sickness, missed many shots. The Dartmouth five was without the services of Capt. Snow, who was declared ineligible just before the team left Hanover, and Sisson was out of the game because of sickness. The line-up:

Columbia.	Position.	Dartmouth.
Dwyer	Left forward	Brownell
Meenan	Right forward	Winship
Wegener	Centre	Young
Lee	Right guard	Rector
Benson	Left guard	Louden

Goals from field—Meenan, (3,) Dwyer, (2,) Lee, (2,) Brownell, (2,) Wegener, Winship, Williams, Rector. Goals from fouls—Benson, (5,) Winship, (6.) Substitutes—Reynolds for Meenan, Williams for Brownell. Referee—E. Fauber, Wesleyan. Umpire—Lieut. Stillwell, West Point. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Lehigh Defeats Lafayette.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Feb. 6.—In a hard-fought game, which was not decided till the very last minute of play, Lehigh defeated Lafayette at basket ball in the cage of Ortygia Hall to-night by the score of 26 to 23. The team work of the Lehigh aggregation was marvelous. They completely smothered Lafayette's offense. Green was the chief star. He seemed to cover the entire Lafayette team. It was only the foul goal shooting of Troxell that kept Lafayette in the game. The line-up:

Lafayette.	Position.	Lehigh.
Troxell	Forward	White
Stone	Forward	Price
Blackburn	Centre	Kirkpatrick
Snyder	Guard	Berg
Scheeren	Guard	Green

Goals from field—Price, (2,) Kirkpatrick, (5,) Green, (3,) Troxell, Stone. Goals from fouls—Troxell, 19 out of 23 trials; Price, 6 out of 17 trials. Referee—Mr. Crowell of Swarthmore.

Results of Basket Ball Games.

Seton Hall basket ball quintet last night defeated the Muhlenberg College of Allentown, Penn., on the former's court by the score of 23 to 17.

De La Salle basket ball five defeated the Islip High School, champions of Long Island, on the former's court by the score of 20 to 4. De La Salle's second five defeated Holy Name Alumni in a preliminary game by the score of 28 to 22.

Horace Mann Defeats Collegiate.

Horace Mann basketball team defeated the Collegiate School five on the latter's court yesterday by the score of 28 to 12. The game was marked by fast playing, accurate guarding, good foul shooting, and the general fine work of Goodell for Collegiate and Donnell and Wright for Horace Mann. The Horace Mann second defeated the Collegiate second by the score of 31 to 11.

CROWDS AT BOAT SHOW.

Interest Unabated at Exhibition in Madison Square Garden.

There was no apparent diminution of attendance yesterday at the next to the final sessions of the National Motor Boat Show, which has been holding forth for a week, in Madison Square Garden, with the aggregate number of persons present during the exhibition eclipsing any previous show devoted to the industry. The show, which was opened last Saturday afternoon by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, will close to-night.

The growth of motor boating as a sport has been made more evident than ever before by the presence of hosts of enthusiasts, who, by their purchases, attest that many new racing craft will be seen in local and other waters near the Atlantic seaboard. Some of those who invested in some of the boats on show, or their duplicates, yesterday were Warren Packard of automobile fame, who purchased a runabout 30 feet long with a 5-foot beam.

W. D. Berdan of Toledo, Ohio, announced himself the possessor of a high-speed runabout, 36 feet long, which will be equipped with a 75 horse power engine, which he bought last night. A cruiser, 47 feet long, with a 10 feet 6-inch beam, was sold to A. P. Clapp of this city. Dr. Pfeiffer of New York purchased a 21-foot runabout, and a special 25-footer of the same type was sold to Juan Paris, to go to Maracaibo, Venezuela. D. S. Whitehead of Newark and O. M. Edwards of Syracuse each bought a 25-foot special runabout, while W. O. Bixler of Easton, Penn., purchased an 18-foot runabout for use on Lake Hopatcong.

One of the attractions is an eight-cylinder engine, which is rated at 300 horse power, with a bore of 8¼ inches and a stroke of 10 inches. The engine weighs 7,000 pounds, and all the moving parts are enclosed. The engine is air started, and has two separate sets of ignition. Three of these motors are to be installed in a 100-foot boat now being constructed for a well-known yachtsman, who anticipates being the possessor of the fastest cruiser in the world.

The annual meeting of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers was held yesterday morning in the Engineering Society's Building in West Thirty-ninth Street, and each of the various reports developed the fact that the organization was in a most flourishing condition. As the result of the election of five members of the Executive Committee to succeed a like number who were retiring, James Craig, C. L. Snyder, Crispin Oglebay, W. H. Mullins, and Ora J. Mulford were the successful candidates.

Expert Here for Dog Show.

George Raper arrived yesterday on the Lucania to attend the Westminster Kennel Club dog show. This year he is to be merely a looker-on. Raper is making his seventeenth visit to New York to judge, exhibit, or look over the famous bench show. He holds the globe-trotting record for dog experts, having judged at Montreal, Chicago, Boston, San Francisco, Johannesberg, South Africa; St. Petersburg, Copenhagen, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and other Continental shows. Raper is in the best of health, and said that to his regret he had recently been forced to decline to serve as an all-around judge through a circuit of dog shows in Australia and New Zealand. "I hope to be able to go to the Antipodes the next time I am asked," remarked Raper. "I will then have judged at about all the first-class shows in the world."

Walkers Have New Pathfinder.

Fred Lachermacher is the new pathfinder of the Walkers' Club of America, and at the last meeting of the club Frank Heath was elected assistant pathfinder.

RECEIVING TELLER

Your money is here on deposit!

No matter what you buy; whether it's a suit from the $15 and $20 Sale; or an overcoat among the bargains at $15, $20 or $25.

Your purchase must be satisfactory, or we hand your money back.

Draw your own conclusions as to our qualities and values.

Down go the furs!
Fur lined coats.
Fur outside coats.
Fur foot muffs.
Fur laprobes.
Fur gloves and gauntlets.
Every one in our stock radically reduced.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

USED MOTOR TRUCKS
All in good shape, repainted and ready for immediate service.

Garford, 5 ton (guaranteed)	Alco, 3½ ton
Garford, 3 ton "	Gramm, 2 ton & 3 ton
Saurer, 4 ton	G. M. C., 5 ton
Mack, 3 ton & 5 ton	Universal, 3 ton
Packard, 3 ton	Argus, 6 ton

DELIVERY WAGONS

Autocar	Buick	Overland
Chase	Krebs	Int. Harvester

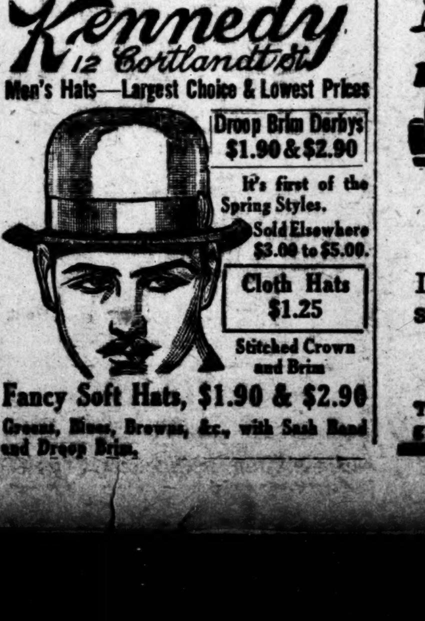
Prices from $300 upwards. Easy Terms.
R. & L. Co., Garford Agents,
Broadway, Cor. 62d St., New York.

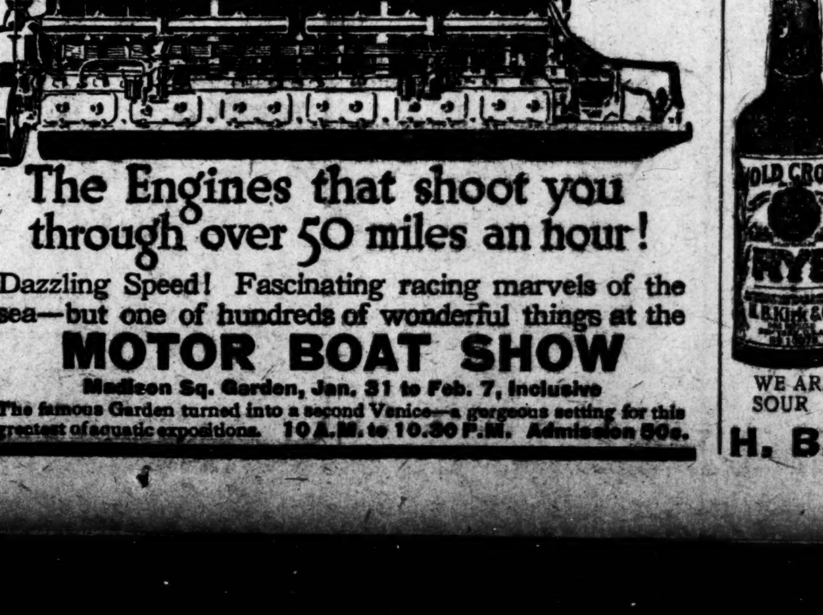
TO-MORROW

All advertisements in the Auto Exchange column of The New York Times to-morrow will be grouped according to makes of cars, each group under a separate heading.

The sale of used automobiles is beginning to show its Spring activity and will be stimulated by this special service.

Regular advertising rate 30 cents a line. Telephone 1000 Bryant.


Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Men's Hats—Largest Choice & Lowest Prices
Droop Brim Derbys $1.90 & $2.90
It's first of the Spring Styles. Sold Elsewhere $3.00 to $5.00.
Cloth Hats $1.25
Stitched Crown and Brim
Fancy Soft Hats, $1.90 & $2.90
Greens, Blues, Browns, &c., with Sash Band and Droop Brim.


The Engines that shoot you through over 50 miles an hour!
Dazzling Speed! Fascinating racing marvels of the sea—but one of hundreds of wonderful things at the
MOTOR BOAT SHOW
Madison Sq. Garden, Jan. 31 to Feb. 7, Inclusive
The famous Garden turned into a second Venice—a gorgeous setting for this greatest of aquatic expositions. 10 A.M. to 10.30 P.M. Admission 50c.

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
America's Finest Rye
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.
OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

NEW HAVEN DEALS AROUSE THE SENATE

But Members Agree There Is No Law by Which the Attorney General Can Prosecute.

RESTS WITH STATE COURTS

Commerce Board Powerless in Further Inquiry—Borah Favors Prison Sentences.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Norris resolution to reopen the Interstate Commerce Commission's investigation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad brought about a spirited debate in the Senate to-day, and men involved in some of the past financial transactions of the road were bitterly denounced.

Senator Newlands, Chairman of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, read a letter in which Commissioner Prouty, who conducted the New Haven inquiry, said the investigation already had been carried to a point where all trails led into the offices of corporations outside the commission's jurisdiction. The commission had much information, said the Commissioner, that had not been used in the report, but he explained that it appeared to be of little interest.

Mr. Prouty wound up his letter by saying:

"On the whole, I do not believe anything could be accomplished by a further investigation. I believe more could be done by a Senate committee than by the commission."

In the discussion which followed the reading of the letter Senators generally expressed a desire for legislation that would put within reach of the criminal branches of the Federal courts financial operations that even a conservative like Senator Lodge of Massachusetts criticised severely. Most of the Senators seemed to agree that there was no law under which the Attorney General could prosecute the supposed offenders, although action might lie against them in State courts.

"Four or five men should be in the penitentiary now," declared Mr. Borah, a Progressive Republican from Idaho, "if the facts shown in the Prouty report are true. The spectacle of these men in stripes would be more wholesome than any law we could enact. But the States have laws that fit these cases and prosecutions should be begun by them. I am willing, however, to let the investigation wait for a time, if it seems likely to embarrass the Administration in bringing criminal prosecutions."

"There is no Federal statute under which the offenders can be arraigned," said Mr. Cummins of Iowa, a Progressive Republican lawyer. "I do not wish to harrow the feelings of any one, but the record will show what was the attitude of some Senators when bills relating to this subject were before the Senate. These Senators are still here. Investigations will do no good and talk of criminal prosecutions will amount to nothing as long as there is no law under which prosecution can begin against a single looter of the New Haven."

"If there is no law under which criminal prosecution can lie," said Mr. Norris, father of the resolution, "there is nothing in the fear expressed that our investigation would give immunity to offenders. We could get the information we need from bookkeepers and give them immunity that would not extend to the men higher up. Laws remedying this condition will never pass unless public sentiment is aroused by a full disclosure of the facts."

Senator Norris made it plain that he was not criticising the present management of the road and he joined with Senator Lodge in asserting that there was "no more honorable railroad officer in the United States than Mr. Elliott."

The resolution went over until to-morrow.

MELLEN WON'T APPEAR.

Tells Massachusetts Board He Can't Leave Connecticut.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Charles S. Mellen, ex-President of the New Haven Railroad, declined to-day to attend the Public Service Commission's hearing on the publicity expenses of the road, on the ground that he could not leave Connecticut, where he was soon to be tried on a charge of manslaughter. Mr. Mellen said, however, that he was willing to answer written questions.

Timothy E. Byrnes, a former Vice President of the company, wrote from California that engagements in the West prevented his return East at this time.

Vouchers for payments by the road were identified by M. K. Dugan, Secretary of the New Haven Company. He testified that he was authorized to sign vouchers and decide whether they were for reasonable amounts, but could not tell why some payments were approved by Mr. Mellen and others by Mr. Byrnes. He said he had no knowledge of the legal services rendered by J. O. Wardwell and H. M. Knowles, witnesses at a previous hearing, whose vouchers were approved by Mr. Mellen, although they did not go through the regular law department of the company.

The advertising representatives of The Boston Transcript, Boston American, Boston Post, Boston Advertiser, and The Christian Science Monitor identified vouchers representing payments by the New Haven for advertisements in their publications.

Representative Cleaveland A. Chandler of Bridgewater, a member of a New York advertising firm, testified that before his election to the Legislature in 1912 he had received no advertising from the New Haven, although he had tried to get it. After he was elected, he said, he received a large order for advertising to be placed with several magazines. He denied that the fact that he had declined to vote on legislation involving the railroad had any connection with the advertising contracts.

Thomas F. Curley, ex-State Senator, was recalled, and said he was unable to remember the specific service for which the railroad had paid money to him. He denied knowledge of any bills affecting the New Haven while he was a member of the Legislature. He was questioned by Mr. Hill, who finally said:

"It is only fair to state that in my closing argument I shall say that your statements, Mr. Curley, were willfully false from beginning to end."

A resolution requesting the Federal authorities to postpone action on the railroad situation in New England was defeated in the Massachusetts House to-day. Representative Washburn of Worcester, who introduced the measure, favored concerted action by the Legislatures of the New England States instead of Federal intervention.

CHANGES ON NEW HAVEN.

Brooker Quits Committee—Richards for Morgan's Place.

The Executive Committee of the New Haven Railroad at a meeting yesterday received and accepted the resignation of Charles F. Brooker, President of the American Brass Company, as a member of the committee. Mr. Brooker gave as his reason that he would sail for Europe soon, and would be away for several months. He retains his place on the Board of Directors.

The committee decided to recommend to the board the choice of Edward Milligan, a member of the board, in Mr. Brooker's place on the Executive Committee. It decided also to recommend that J. L. Richards of Boston, one of the Directors, should be made a member of the Executive Committee in place of J. P. Morgan, who resigned recently from the Directorate.

Chairman Howard Elliott, after the meeting, said that the names of five men had been submitted to Attorney General McReynolds for members of the Board of Trustees, who are to take over the holdings of the New Haven in the Boston & Maine under the dissolution plan agreed upon.

BELIEVES IN REGULATION.

President Smith Tells How Railroads Should Be Judged.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 6.—Alfred H. Smith, President of the New York Central lines, addressing the Engineering Society of Western Pennsylvania here to-night, expressed the highest confidence in Government commissions for railroad regulation.

"Serious thought," he said, "is being given to the constantly increasing cost placed upon railroads by Federal, State, and municipal regulations, with concern as to where it is all going to end. It appears most proper that the Government through its commissions should pass upon the outlays made by these properties in providing facilities for the service of the public as a sound basis on which to charge the users of these railroads for the transportation sold to them, and yield to investors a fair return if private capital is to continue to be called upon.

"There is criticism afoot that the railroads have not used their money judiciously. The efficiency and integrity of railroads must be judged by facts palpable to all—their strength in heavy steel rails, good ballast, steel cars, modern signal systems, and other appurtenances that constitute a safe transportation machine whose efficiency is proved by paying the highest wages for services rendered by its employes, and furnishing transportation at the lowest cost. This is a simple problem. Those who confuse it and complicate it serve only to hide the truth."

PLAN FOR RESERVE BANKS.

Washington Clearing House Submits One to Organization Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The plan which the Washington Clearing House Association has approved for the system of Federal reserve banks to be established under the new currency law was forwarded to the Federal Reserve Organization Committee to-day. Washington is named as the headquarters for one of the first eight districts, and four districts are also named, in order of preference, in the event that more than eight Federal reserve banks are created.

The twelve cities recommended are: New York, with surplus and capital of national banks of $364,000,000, and capital for a regional bank of $22,000,000; Washington, with $260,000,000 and $15,000,000, respectively; Chicago, $184,000,000 and $11,000,000; Boston, $165,000,000 and $10,000,000; St. Louis, $90,000,000 and $5,400,000; San Francisco, $116,000,000 and $7,000,000; Atlanta, $78,000,000 and $4,666,000; Denver, $68,000,000 and $4,000,000; Cincinnati, $120,000,000 and $7,000,000; Kansas City, $148,000,000 and $9,000,000; Pittsburgh, $116,000,000 and $7,000,000, and Minneapolis, with $80,000,000 and $4,800,000.

The capital of State banks and trust companies that might come into the system are not included in the figures submitted.

FOR A JOINT ROAD MEETING.

Builders Invited to Convention of Autoists and Highway Association.

The question of a joint convention of the American Highway Association, the American Automobile Association, and the American Road Builders' Association in Atlanta, Ga., this year was debated at length yesterday at the annual meeting of the Road Builders' Association in the Hotel Astor.

A communication from the Highway Association inviting the road builders to participate in the convention was read. The majority of those present spoke strongly in favor of accepting the invitation, but, in accordance with the by-laws, the matter was referred to the Board of Directors for final action.

The officers elected were: President—W. A. McLean, Provincial Engineer of Highways of Ontario, Canada; First Vice President—George W. Tillson, Consulting Engineer of the Borough of Brooklyn; Second Vice President—A. W. Dean, Chief Engineer of the Massachusetts Highway Commission; Third Vice President—A. B. Fletcher, State Highway Engineer of California; Secretary—E. L. Powers, editor of Good Roads; Treasurer—W. W. Crosby, a consulting engineer.

Members of the Board of Directors elected were Samuel Hill, Paul H. Sargent, A. H. Blanchard, R. H. Gillespie, Harold Parker, and Fred E. Ellis.

MISSOURI ROADS FIGHT ON.

Seek Another Supreme Court Appeal in the Rate Cases.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 5.—The Missouri railroad rate cases, in litigation many years, were started on another journey to the United States Supreme Court to-night, when Eugene E. Ball, a partner of Frank Hagerman, attorney for the thirteen roads involved, went to Red Oak, Iowa, the home of Judge Smith McPherson of the Federal Court, to obtain the Judge's signature to an appeal from Judge McPherson's decision to-day in which he held that he had no power to retain jurisdiction in suits to recover alleged overcharges.

The railroads seek an order from the higher court compelling Judge McPherson to take jurisdiction over the claims of shippers and passengers, who paid the higher rates during the life of the McPherson injunction. The claims amount to about $24,000,000.

In their "assignment of errors," on which the appeal is based, the railroads allege the court erred in "decreeing that it refused jurisdiction to settle and determine all liability, if any, for alleged overcharges between shippers and passengers and complainant."

LOOSE SCREW IS EVIDENCE.

Person Injured Need Show No Other Proof of Negligence.

A loose screw in the floor of a passenger car on which a passenger trips and falls to his injury is in itself evidence of negligence on the part of the public service corporation operating the car, the Appellate Division ruled yesterday in setting aside a Supreme Court dismissal of the complaint in Joseph Schonleben's suit against the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

The court ordered a new trial of the suit, in which Schonleben's complaint was dismissed because he had failed to show how the screw got loose and why the company should be charged with knowledge and negligence. The court held that any explanation of the condition which caused the accident must come from the company to absolve it from the patent negligence of operating a car in that condition.

BANK STOCK TAX UPHELD.

City's Appeal from Judgment for Second National Sustained.

The constitutionality of a tax on bank stock was upheld by the Appellate Division yesterday, which sustained the city's appeal from a Supreme Court judgment in favor of the Second National Bank, which sued to recover taxes it had paid on its stock from 1904 to 1907. The bank complained that the tax had been collected irregularly because no notice had been given as to how and when the tax might be opposed.

This point the Appellate Division conceded was well taken, but added that the time to urge it had elapsed and that no redress might be had, since the bank, by its own delay, had lost the right to question the payment of the tax.

DECK WALKS FOR OFFICERS.

Capt. Cooper, U. S. N., Paces Olympic Ten Miles as a Physical Test.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The latest way to meet the physical test imposed on officers of the navy is to walk ten miles on the promenade deck of a steamship while on the ocean between Liverpool and New York. This method was discovered by Capt. George F. Cooper, U. S. N., Chief of the Hydrographic Office.

Capt. Cooper was a delegate to the recent International Convention on Safety of Life at Sea at London, and returned to the United States on the Olympic. He walked around her deck more than forty-four times one afternoon.

READY TO WIPE OUT STOCK MARKET EVILS

H. K. Pomroy Tells Senate Committee That Remedial Legislation Is Needed.

OBJECTS TO POSTAL CENSOR

Bill to be Amended to Meet His and Republican Opposition—For Publicity of Honest Values.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Democratic Senators of the Committee on Banking and Currency listened in surprise today while H. K. Pomroy, once President of the New York Stock Exchange, and now on the Board of Governors, expressed approval of legislation prohibiting certain evils of the stock market sought to be corrected by the bill before the committee, incorporating stock exchanges, and excluding from the mails and interstate wires quotations of exchanges not fully complying with its provisions. Their interest in Mr. Pomroy's testimony was enhanced when Senator Nelson of Minnesota and Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, the ranking Republicans of the committee, both undoubted conservatives, strongly favored remedial legislation.

It is not unlikely, as a result of these expressions from the Republican Senators and from Mr. Pomroy, that the bill will be amended in important particulars to obtain further support from Senators in sympathy with their views. The greatest opposition to the pending bill is directed against the power of censorship that it vests in the Postmaster General, and Mr. Pomroy opposed that feature of the bill as strongly as the other witnesses from New York. Senator Owen showed himself willing to amend the bill, which he sponsors, so as to restrict the Postmaster General to regulations prescribed in the bill, while the committee as a whole did not seem opposed to some change that might transfer all such powers from the Postmaster General to the Trades Commission proposed in a measure before the Committees on Interstate and Foreign Commerce of the House and Senate.

The provisions generally outlined in the pending bill requiring full publicity of the values behind corporate stocks and securities met Mr. Pomroy's approval. But he opposed the provision directing Stock Exchanges to vise these values before listing the securities based on them. Such a requirement, he said, would impose a greater burden on Stock Exchanges than they could carry. At the same time, under the provisions of the pending bill, a Stock Exchange's failure to perform this onerous duty in regard to one issue would subject quotations of all other securities listed on that Exchange to exclusion from the mails and from interstate telephones and telegraphs.

Favors Federal Licenses.

"Don't you think," asked Senator Nelson, "that many evils would be avoided if corporations proposing to do an interstate business should be obliged to obtain a license from the Federal Department of Commerce and then secure the department's permission for all issues of security?"

Mr. Pomroy seemed to approve the suggestion, and Senator Nelson later introduced a bill making the provision he had suggested. Other bills of a similar sort have already been presented to both houses.

"What we must do," interrupted Senator Weeks earnestly, "is something to restore confidence. Signs of discontent and distrust are cropping out continually through the business world, and those incidents should be reduced to a minimum. Foreign investors are alarmed and amazed when they read, as they recently did read, of a great corporation that failed to pay its dividends, but within the year paid $80,000 in lawyers' fees and $60,000 salary to the company's President. That seemed to be more than the President's office was worth."

"You can't say anything so severe about these practices that we won't agree to it," said Mr. Pomroy quickly. "A committee of the Exchange is now working on this subject."

"Senator Weeks's suggestion is a good one," said Chairman Owen. Other Democrats of the committee showed their approval.

"I notice," said Senator Bristow of Kansas, a radical Republican, to Mr. Pomroy, "that you seem to approve many of the suggestions of this bill, but oppose the penalty excluding quotations from the mails. What do you think would be a proper penalty?"

Laughter greeted this question, but Chairman Owen said that it was highly pertinent.

"I don't know what would be a proper penalty to impose," said Mr. Pomroy.

"Well, you get that committee of yours to work on it," said Senator Bristow. Mr. Pomroy promised to think about the subject and to submit in writing his views on other points to the committee in a few days.

Mr. Pomroy submitted the latest edition of the rules of the New York Stock Exchange to show that the Exchange already had taken long steps in the direction of insisting upon honest values behind listed securities.

Postmaster General's Power.

The first indication that the committee would restrict the proposed grant of power to the Postmaster General came in the testimony of Charles A. Conant of New York. Mr. Conant said that, as he read the bill, the Postmaster General could require any regulations he pleased of a stock exchange, and exclude its quotations from the mails if it violated them. Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska said that was how he understood it also. But Chairman Owen insisted that the bill was not so intended and should be changed to make it clear that the Postmaster General could enforce only the requirements actually embodied in the bill.

Mr. Conant, like Mr. Pomroy, feared that the imposition of heavy supervisory duties on the stock exchanges would force them to close their doors and would drive the business of buying and selling stocks and bonds to other unregulated quarters.

"But I am afraid," said Mr. Conant, "that this bill is a 13-inch gun to kill a canary bird. Besides, no one, whether he is a Postmaster General or an officer of a stock exchange, can be certain that no water is left in an issue of securities. The final test of that is the success of the corporation.

"Some faults of stock trading will soon be corrected by the new currency law. The fluctuations of surplus money for use in speculation will probably be reduced. The Government should wait until business men have adjusted themselves to these new conditions before legislating further. You gentlemen oppose the interlocking system; you should see then that these proposed interlocking changes might work disaster."

George H. Kendall, head of the New York Bank Note Company, urged that incorporation of the New York Exchange be required because of its rules barring from its lists securities printed by any but the American Bank Note Company and its subsidiaries. He swore that fifty-two members of the Exchange were stockholders in the American Bank Note Company and reaped a harvest from the "monopoly."

Members of the Consolidated Exchange of New York and probably representatives of the Boston Exchange will be heard to-morrow.

Earned $12 a Week, Left $37,000.

FORESTVILLE, Conn., Feb. 6.—Through application for appointment of an administrator for the estate of Patrick Coughlin, who died here recently, it became known to-day that Coughlin, whose wages during his life here never exceeded, it is said, $12 a week, had died worth about $37,000. He came here as a young man, and during much of his long, frugal life, according to those who knew him, earned less than $12 a week.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THE S. L. WALLER CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, of 154 Nassau Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,078 and nominal assets of $3,054.

KLOPPER & NUSSBAUM.—A petition has been filed against Klopper & Nussbaum, dealers in women's and men's furnishing goods, at 1,171 First Avenue, by these creditors: Star Apron Company, $167; Emanuel Goldstein, $115; M. Lichtenstein, $75, and Mary Feder, $276.

MAX HOLTZER.—Schedules of Max Holtzer, dealer in cloaks and suits, at 2 and 4 West Fourteenth Street, show liabilities of $77,694, of which $55,399 is secured, and nominal assets of $80,943.

SALLMAN BROTHERS.—Schedules of Sallman Brothers, manufacturers of dresses, at 88 Hester Street, show liabilities of $5,812 and assets of $725.

ALBERT KLENK.—Schedules of Albert Klenk, wholesale grocer at 442 Fourth Avenue and 805 Lexington Avenue show liabilities of $36,954 and assets of $22,222.

EUGENE A. KOHUT.—Schedules of Eugene A. Kohut, jeweler, at 65 Nassau Street show liabilities of $35,588 and assets of $30,400.

MORRIS BEBERFELD.—Judge Mayer has signed an order denying a discharge from bankruptcy to Morris Beberfeld, dealer in corsets and gloves at 3,413 Third Avenue, because he transferred property within four months of the filing of the petition against him on Jan. 19, 1912.

JAMES F. EGAN.—Judge Hand has appointed James D. Boyd receiver for James F. Egan, mason builder of 162 West Twentieth Street, with bond $500.

THE NOVICK CLOAK COMPANY, manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 10 Waverly Place has made an assignment to Max Miller. The deed was signed by Frederick Schlesinger, the secretary, by order of the Board of Directors.

MORRIS SCHLESINGER, manufacturer of dresses, at 130 West Seventeenth Street has made an assignment to Charles H. D. Robbins.

280 Business Failures This Week.

Bradstreet's reports 280 business failures in the United States in the week as compared with 437 in the previous week, and 250, 323, 291, and 249, in the corresponding weeks of 1913 to 1910. The Middle States had 78, New England, 34; Southern, 65; Western, 63; Northwestern, 17, and Far Western, 23. Canada had 57 as compared with 61 in the preceding week. About 84 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 12 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abram, Clara—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, $144.
Bernstein, Moses, Yetta Bernstein, Nelson Bernstein, and Mark Rudick—Sherman National Bank of New York, $529.
Bugbee, William P.—Consolidated Fire Works Co. of America, $277.
Crawford, Frank B.—J. K. Stafford, $125.
Cornyn, Felix—S. McElluff, costs, $107.
Cort, John—T. R. Hart, $2,144.
Coffey, Joseph F.—M. Rothschild, $219.
Cutler, Jennie—Vogue Hat Co., Inc., $154.
Duckworth, Walter F. and Kate C.—American Bonding Co. of Baltimore, $188.
Donovan, James—L. A. Freker, $295.
Edelstein, Joseph, Boris Thomashefsky, Jacob P. Adler, and Harry M. Wilner—M. Korbe, $1,230.
Same—Same, $2,230.
Ferehland, Charles—35 Per Cent. Automobile Supply Co., $137.
Feeney, Patrick H.—Park & Tilford, $169.
Favorini, Francesco—S. Piana, $219.
Goodman, Philip—B. Crystal & Son, $305.
Henn, William—National Surety Co., $405.
Hirsch, Harvey A.—W. J. Coleman, $146.
Hocart, John H.—New York Transportation Co., $337.
Heenan, Martin M.—L. Cohen, $244.
Johns, James F.—M. L. Ducas, $2,020.
Joseph, William, and Bernard Goldberg—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., $359.
Jenkins, Arthur—B. P. Jenkins, costs, $120.
Koch, Albert G.—J. B. Hulse et al., $144.
Karpp, Joseph—H. Nadermann, $5,133.
Kass, Abraham L.—W. Rosenthal, $111.
Kaidy, Mender F.—H. Rosenzweig et al., $214.
Kelleher, Daniel J.—C. J. Shalvey, $287.
Layman, Hiram D.—Holmes Plumbing and Contracting Co., $369.
Long, William, and Henry Bode—Sonn Bros. Co., $225.
Lewis, Thomas L.—C. Archambault, $1,014.
Lewis, May—S. Libster, $100.
Lipshutz, Julius—S. Hecht, $372.
Lipshutz, Benjamin—Same, $695.
Leitner, Jacob—J. A. McCafferty, $329.
Loeb, Wm. S.—Mullen & Buckley, Inc., $207.
Linch, Geo. W., rec'r—A. Fasolino, $1,100.
Luce, Clara—S. Blickman, $157.
Mulhall, Josephine J.—B. Altman & Co., $1,101.
Miller, Rubin—A. Agress, $218.
McCormick, Thomas J.—National Regulator Co., $341.
Mackey, Joseph J. A.—P. J. Dooling, costs, $108.
McCracken, James T.—C. N. Dowd, $164.
Nach, Joseph, and Joseph Pise—J. Kappel, $217.
McMullen, Rose—D. Frank et al., $817.
Murray, Walter A.—A. M. Hurst, $113.
Nichols, Horace E.—A. A. Whitman, $478.
Offeney, Louis—George Ringler & Co., $532.
Pawlowsky, Arthur A.—Julius Roehrs Co., $1,314.
Quencer, Mary A.—Schieffelin & Co., $443.
Prag, Motz—Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co., $854.
Repatzky, Philip—C. Greenberg and others, $364.
Reilly, Frank—Sonn Bros. Co., $100.
Russell, Henry J., and Michael F. Welch—Voska Foelsch Sidio, Inc., $414.
Rowan, Delia—H. Meyer, $720.
Raymond, Samuel S., and Samuel S. Raymond, Jr.—M. Raymond, $399.
Rheinstrom, Flo L.—New York Star Co., $154.
Ritter, Isidor—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $202.
Rubenstein, Isaac—J. T. Brundage, $513.
Sember, Andrew, and John Waytovich—C. Ihrisky, $115.
Steiner, Clarence—Brookfield Linen Co., Ltd., $165.
Silverstein, Isadore—J. F. Riley, $2,103.
Sigman, Morris, gdn.—5th Av. Coach Co., costs, $119.
Sexton, Robert H.—S. L. Rau, $329.
Stiner Leasing Co.—Edward Brady, Inc., $150.
Simon, Monroe L. and Elsie J.—Chelsea Exchange Bank, costs, $123.
Shamie, Abraham—N. S. Zakian, $809.
Steinach, Stephen M.—American Play Co., $411.
Sinclair, Scott—Brooks Bros., $135.
White, Arthur H.—Grabler Co. of N. Y., $393.
Walsh, John F. and Lawrence A.—Paladina Contracting Co., $1,943.
Wahl, Max—International Provision Co., $102.
Willsen, Julius P., Jr.—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $112.
Wilbur, Clarance—Joseph H. Mayer Bros., $404.
Woolf, Emanuel and Jacob—M. Strauss and others, $1,106.
Wright, Nannie H., or Mrs. D. D. Gregory Wright—Scott & Fowles Co., $10,376.
Ward, Patrick—F. Pender, $140.
Bay View Development Corp.—R. S. Baylis, $149.
Bellanca Aeroplane Co.—G. Bellanca, $1,608.
Crescent Park Theatre Co.—A. A. Whitman, $245.
C. J. Sullivan Adv. Co.—J. P. Wagner, $545.
Long Island R. R. Co.—S. F. De Baud, $7,849.
M. Perelberg Iron Works—U. S. Metal Products Co., $176.
N. Y. Railways Co. & Standard Oil Co.—J. Donohue, $1,500.
Nine Hundred & Twenty-Nine Park Ave. Co.—Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc., $522.
Randerson Auto Parts Co.—Automobile Trade Directory, $188.
Stiner Leasing Co.—Edward Brady, Inc., $150.
Chittick, Henry R.—City of N. Y., $244.
Catterell, Arthur E.—Same, $244.
Clifford, Geo.—Same, $244.
Cavanaugh, Joseph—Same, $244.
Cogan, Joseph M.—Same, $244.
Christopher, James C.—Same, $244.
Doherty, Thomas L.—Same, $244.
Dodge, Mary C.—Same, $244.
Everit, Edw.—Same, $244.
Fielder, Wm. J.—Same, $244.
Fitzpatrick, Thomas J.—Same, $244.
Fox, Thomas J.—Same, $244.
Fincken, Henry—Same, $244.
Fanning, Christopher—Same, $244.
Goth, Wallace C.—Same, $244.
Gottlieb, David H.—Same, $244.
Gredinger, Mary—Same, $244.
Grass, William—Same, $244.
Hutchinson, William M.—Same, $244.
Henry, Alonzo—Same, $244.
Harris, Albert T.—Same, $244.
Hauser, Andrew—Same, $244.
Harris, Davis—Same, $244.
Howard, Timothy—Same, $244.
Harrison, Patrick J.—Same, $244.
Henry, John T.—Same, $244.
Holzman, Isaac—Same, $244.
Jacoff, Eli—Same, $244.
Joyce, Edward—Same, $244.
Janvein, George M.—Same, $244.
Johnsen, Henry—Same, $244.
Jansen, Harry—Same, $244.
Jones, John E.—Same, $244.

Bronx County.

Barrol, Lilly—H. V. Becher, $191.
Cahill, Philip—H. L. Hirschberg, $335.
Groh, Otto—Knickerbocker Ice Co., $211.
Levy, Abraham—Franken Bros., Steinberg Co., $197.
Pfizer, Charles Jr., and Charles Pfizer, Jr., Co., Inc., $7,648.
Rappolt, Herman A.—L. J. Flesh et al., $217.
Schultz, Bernard, Martha M. Schultz and Mary L. Fiske—H. L. Hirschberg, $143.
Seehef, Joseph—Westchester Av. Bank, $222.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Casualty Co. of America—M. F. McGuiness and others, Feb. 4, 1914, $1,250.
Charles B. Hoff Co.—S. Sonn and others, Jan. 13, 1914, $123.
Dunlap, William A.—Edwin Dumble Co., Jan. 3, 1914, $181.
Farnsworth, Fred C., and F. C. Farnsworth & Co.—C. G. Cornell, Jr., Aug. 9, 1913, $170.
Giorno, John and Maria—C. S. Waterhouse and others, Jan. 25, 1913, $187.
Haines, Frances W.—J. Loewenthal, Oct. 28, 1912, $11,108.
Loewenthal, Julius—F. W. Haines, Jan. 27, 1913, $131.
Needle, Jacob—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Jan. 24, 1914, $1,902.
Kotzen, Morris N.—H. N. Goodstein, Jan. 12, 1914, $480.
Stern, Nathan—L. Wise, Jan. 22, 1909, $510.
William Katzman & Son—Superior Muff Bed Co., Jan. 26, 1914, $93.
Hochstadter, Bella W., and Herman Kratzenstein—Brody, Adler & Koch, May 2, 1913, (reversed,) $9,048.
Volk, Jacob—J. Kaslowsky and others, Dec. 22, 1909, (vacated,) $334.

FAVOR $42,000,000 BRIDGE OVER HUDSON

Commercial Bodies Meet with Commissioners of Two States.

BIG SPAN AT 57TH STREET

Tunnel for Freight to be Built Further Downtown—Another Meeting to be Held Soon.

At a meeting of representatives of various commercial and civic organizations held in the Holland House yesterday afternoon what may prove to be the first definite move toward securing legislation that will pave the way for the construction of the proposed Hudson River Bridge from Fifty-seventh Street, Manhattan, to the New Jersey shore was taken. Among the organizations represented at the meeting were the Maritime Association of the Port of New York, the Central Mercantile Association, the Fifth Avenue Association, the West Side Taxpayers' Association, the Broadway Association, the North Side Board of Trade, the Forty-second Street Association, and the Harlem Board of Commerce.

The members of the New York State Bridge and Tunnel Commission and of the New Jersey Interstate Bridge and Tunnel Commission were also present and joined in the discussion, as did also H. W. Hodge, the consulting engineer of the joint commissions. The members of the New York Commission present were McDougall Hawkes, E. W. Bloomingdale, George R. Dyer, A. J. Shamberg, and Arthur J. O'Keeffe, and the members of the New Jersey Commission were W. H. Noyes, Col. J. Hollis Wells, De Witt Van Buskirk, George Limouze and Victor L. Mason.

Mr. Hawkes said that up to the present time the matter had not been the subject of legislation in this State. A bridge such as is proposed, Mr. Hawkes said, would in his opinion entail a minimum expenditure of about $75,000,000. He added that it would not surprise him very much if the cost would exceed $100,000,000 before the bridge was finished.

"In all the history of the world," said Mr. Hawkes, "a bridge of the size and style of this one has never been built, the towers alone of such a bridge being as high as the Eiffel Tower in Paris."

"I disagree with Mr. Hawkes," said Mr. Hodge, "and I want to say that the cost of a bridge such as is proposed is not one of judgment, but a matter of cold calculation. For $42,000,000 an eight-track bridge can be built, a bridge that will take care of 400,000 passengers an hour, the eight tracks consisting of two for the subway traffic, two for the elevated, and four for trolleys, while the highways can accommodate ten vehicles abreast. Such a bridge can take care of five times as much traffic as a tunnel.

"As for the problem involved in the construction of such a bridge, it will not be as big as was that of the Brooklyn Bridge at the time when that structure was erected. The land needed for approaches will cost about $5,000,000. The bridge will be a population builder and will have more capacity than any bridge ever built in the world's history. Its deck will be 200 feet wide and the towers will be 550 feet above water and 250 feet under water. It will be a bridge of a single span, and it will have to be high enough to clear the highest masts of ocean liners, for instance, the wireless mast of the Imperator, 208 feet above the water. Its total length will be about one and one-half miles, or from Ninth Avenue in Manhattan to the Hudson Boulevard in New Jersey."

Franklin P. Duryea of the Fifth Avenue Association advocated early action in getting the proposition under way.

"We have never touched the nearness the bridge will make possible," said Mr. Duryea, "and if it is built we will see factories spring up on the New Jersey side of it like mushrooms. It will not only open up another great territory in New Jersey, but it will also connect New Jersey to Long Island, and we must not forget that the part of the city of which Fifty-seventh Street is the centre is destined to be the business centre of Manhattan.

"This matter of the tunnel in the lower city and the bridge at Fifty-seventh Street, should now be definitely taken under consideration, and I trust that such will be one of the results of this meeting."

W. J. Salomon, representing the Forty-second Street Association, advised against haste, and called attention to the fact that the successful candidates in the recent municipal election had emphasized economy in all city expenditures for at least the next four years to come.

The meeting adopted a motion for the appointment of a committee to report to the various organizations represented the sense of the meeting held yesterday, and to ask for the appointment of delegates to another meeting at which they will be clothed with the power to agree on a plan looking to the initiation of proper legislative action in the matter of an uptown bridge and a freight tunnel in the lower city.

NAVY MEDICAL DIRECTOR.

Inspector W. C. Braisted to Succeed Surgeon General Stokes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Secretary Daniels has selected Medical Inspector William C. Braisted to be Surgeon General of the Navy, relieving Medical Director Charles F. Stokes, whose term of four years expired to-day.

Surgeon General Stokes is relieved of his detail under Secretary Daniels's policy of making such appointments for one term of four years only, in order to insure variation in service. The Secretary issued a statement praising the administration of Surgeon General Stokes, and declaring that never before has the standing and reputation of the Medical Corps of the navy been so high.

Director Braisted, who is now fleet surgeon of the Atlantic Fleet, was born in Ohio and appointed to the navy from Michigan. He has been President of the Military Surgeons' Medical Association.

LOVED TWO GIRLS, SLEW ONE

Greenburg, Penn., Man Also Killed Himself—Tragedy in Automobile.

GREENSBURG, Penn., Feb. 6.—Love for two 16-year-old girls, neither of whom knew of the other's existence, prompted John McFadden to kill Anna Lutz and himself as they sat in an automobile near Ligonier, Penn., early to-day.

McFadden, who had taken the girl for a ride last night, telephoned his employer here that he would never see him again, and men in high power machines were sent hurrying over the mountains to find him. They came upon the automobile by the roadside, its engine still running, and McFadden and the girl dead.

In McFadden's pocket was a note saying that Bertha Milligan, at Lambert, Penn., could tell the cause of the tragedy. To Coroner H. A. McMurray the girl said McFadden had written her a letter yesterday telling her he was going to kill "the other girl" and himself.

Florence Lawlor on the Way Home.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Florence B. Lawlor, the sixteen-year-old schoolgirl of Brooklyn, who ran away and was found here, started for home to-day with her uncle, B. R. Hedges of Columbus. The girl explained that she wanted to study medicine, and ran away to show her parents that she was in earnest. She was cared for at the rooms of the Young Women's Christian Association here until her uncle arrived.

HOSPITAL ON HAACKE FARM.

Contagious Diseases in Queens to be Treated There.

Notwithstanding the objections of a large number of residents of Queens, the Board of Estimate yesterday passed a resolution authorizing the Board of Health to go on with the work of constructing a contagious disease hospital on what is known as the "Haacke Farm on Flushing Road, near Lots Lane, Jamaica. The matter has been before the board in one shape and another for the past four years, but there has always been opposition. The committee appointed to investigate reported that no other site suitable for the purpose could be found.

Those opposed to the site suggested yesterday that the hospital be put on an island in the East River or on any other site except the one selected. Dr. Goldwater, the new Health Commissioner, opposed the island site on account of the trouble in transferring patients. John P. O'Brien of Queens, who opposed the selection of the Jamaica site, asked for another week's delay, so that another site could be selected.

"Can you assure us that if given a week longer the site that you will select will not be objected to?" asked the Mayor.

"No proposition that can be raised will not be objected to," replied O'Brien. "Your very election was not unanimous, although it should have been."

The Mayor laughed, and when Borough President Connolly of Queens said that many sites had been considered and all had met with opposition from the Board of Health, and that there seemed to be nothing left to do but accept the Haacke Farm, it was decided to take that property.

WOULD LIMIT TRANSFERS.

Service Board Suggests Compromise for Willis Ave. Bridge Extension.

So many families in the Bronx are allied by marriage with other families in the upper part of Manhattan that the Public Service Commission to further the maintenance of frequent communication between them has urged the Board of Estimate to depart from one of the most cherished rights of the city in regard to street railways. Up to now the authorities have insisted on the law which compels a company to give free transfers between all lines within the city limits, but the importance of promoting family harmony has caused the commission to advocate an exception.

The Union Railway Company has before the Board of Estimate a request for a franchise to extend its lines over the Willis Avenue Bridge through 125th Street to the Hudson, but it has requested that in doing this it be relieved from the obligation to give free transfers to the cars of the Third Avenue Railway Company, which controls it. Hearings were heard on this proviso by Commissioner Eustis. He found that there was on the one hand a strong local demand for this extension of service from the families which were divided between the two boroughs, and, on the other hand, that there was a good deal of justification for the company's statement that it would be impossible to grant the ordinary transfer privileges.

So on his recommendation the commission wrote yesterday to the Board of Estimate suggesting that the company accept its franchise from the board, and then apply to the commission for the right to limit its transfers, with the understanding that permission for this would be granted.

FIND LONG-MISSING BOY.

Children's Society Had Him, but Police Didn't Know It.

Four-year-old Albert Tons, who disappeared last Wednesday morning from his home, 316 South First Street, Williamsburg, was found late yesterday afternoon in the custody of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. Albert, after leaving his home, wandered across the Williamsburg Bridge, to be picked up crying an hour later on the Manhattan plaza.

The mother of the youngster, almost overcome with grief and fear, after three days' suspense, again appealed to the police of the Bedford Avenue Station yesterday to find her boy. Detective Dowling asked Mrs. Tons if she had inquired at the Children's Society, and she told him she had asked there for him five times. The detective called up the society, and was told over the telephone that a small boy answering the description of Albert was detained there.

He then came over to Manhattan with the boy's aunt, Mrs. Mamie Lepore. According to Detective Dowling, when he asked one of the clerks of the society to fetch the boy the clerk said they had no boy answering Albert's description. Dowling insisted, and he and Mrs. Lepore were then admitted to a room where there were about twenty-five boys. As soon as Mrs. Lepore entered the door one of the youngsters rushed to her with outstretched arms.

"Albert!" shouted Mrs. Lepore.

"Auntie!" cried Albert. "Please take me back home."

Little Albert was returned safely to his mother last night, and there was a celebration in the Tons home.

FOR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Chamber Will Build It and City Will Equip and Maintain.

President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen presented to the Board of Estimate yesterday a letter he had received from Mortimer L. Schiff, as Chairman of a committee of the Chamber of Commerce, offering to erect a building for a College of Commerce and Administration. The offer was an outcome of several conferences held last year, participated in by Mr. Schiff, Mr. McAneny, Controller Prendergast, and President Finley, formerly of the City College, and the board was asked to give its approval of a bill to be presented to the Legislature as an enabling act. The Board of Estimate directed the Corporation Counsel to prepare such a bill and send it to Albany.

The Chamber of Commerce is to erect a building at a cost of $500,000 and to expend $800,000 to install and equip in the building a "Museum of Commerce and Civics," to be a permanent municipal exhibit. The city is to provide a site for the building, and, after it is finished, appropriate a yearly sum for its maintenance. It is thought that the city will choose the site of the old City College at Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue.

The plan is to make the college a public institution, subject to the control of the State Board of Regents. Four Trustees are to be chosen by the Board of Trustees of the City College out of their own number, and four are to be chosen by the Chamber of Commerce. The Mayor, or some other high official of the city, is to be a member of the Board of Trustees ex officio.

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DIVIDENDS.

Green Bay & Western Railroad Co.

The Board of Directors has fixed and declared Five Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class "A" Debentures, a dividend of Five Per Cent. on the Capital Stock and Five-eighths of One Per Cent. on Class "B" Debentures out of the net earnings for the year 1913, payable at No. 40 Wall Street, New York, on and after February 9, 1914, the dividend on the stock to be payable to stockholders of record February 7, 1914, and said amounts payable on the Debentures to be paid upon presentation of the Debentures for notation thereon of such payment. Income tax ownership certificates will be required in respect of the Debentures.

CHARLES W. COX, Treasurer.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY CO.

Dividends of three per cent. on the preferred stock and of three per cent. on the common stock of this company have been declared payable Feb. 16, 1914, to stockholders of record Feb. 9. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

ERNEST ISELIN, Secretary.
New York, Jan. 30, 1914.

The J. G. White Management Corporation.

Operating Managers,
43 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The regular quarterly dividend (Fourth Quarter) of 1¾% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 18th, 1914.

T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Recede Further—New Bond Issues Under Way—Cuban Issue Oversubscribed.

Less business was done in stocks on the Stock Exchange yesterday than on any day since Jan. 13, and it was principally during the final hour that the market moved in volume. During that period prices declined quite generally, although on the average the loss was not large. The securities most conspicuous in this decline were the Rock Island stocks and collateral bonds and New York Central. It was the third day of reaction in stocks, during which the general level of quotations has shown a net recession of about one point. The bond market as a whole continued to reflect the eagerness with which high grade investments have been sought since the beginning of the year. State and municipal issues which lately came into prominence, held their own well, and in some cases made further gains. The conspicuous success of the $10,000,000 Republic of Cuba issue, which was largely oversubscribed, and which was quickly quoted at a premium indicated that demand was still runing ahead of supply. Much interest was evinced during the day in the plans which are under way for financing by the Southern Pacific Company, which is expected shortly to make formal announcement of a new issue of considerable size. A decline in the outstanding convertible bonds of the Southern Pacific was prompted by the reports which were current concerning the terms upon which the new financing, which is expected to take the form of another convertible issue, will be done.

The happenings in the bond market and in the stock market supplied cumulative evidence of the tendencies which have been clearly at work in the two departments of the securities markets during the last week, during which stock prices have been reactionary, while the bond demand has continued on an unusually large scale. Further issues were floated abroad, where as well as here investors have come very freely into the market. The new offerings are having their effect upon the market for consols, which reacted further yesterday, although they still stand about five points above the lowest price at which they sold during the early days of January.

So far as the money market is concerned the indications were that to-day's bank statement would show another gain in cash which may be expected to help to continue in force the condition of ease which has come to prevail in the money market here in keeping with a tendency which has been practically world-wide. London discounts for six months were quoted yesterday at 2 per cent., and a decline in shorter maturities carried the rate below that figure. A recession was also shown at Paris, where a half per cent. margin has been established between the open market rate and the bank rate recently reduced to 3½ per cent.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of January show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Seven roads	$4,311,719	+ $146,286
Twelve roads	9,351,349	— 1,343,621
Nineteen roads	13,663,068	— 1,197,335

FORT WORTH & DENVER CITY for December—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Av. mileage	454	454	454
Gross	408,369	524,356	444,462
Net aft. taxes	111,906	176,987	145,081
6 mos. gross	2,642,601	2,924,599	2,873,478
Net aft. taxes	614,837	1,097,556	1,054,134

GREAT NORTHERN for December—

Av. mileage	7,792	7,774	7,345
Gross	5,564,360	6,548,454	4,984,305
Net after tax.	1,648,036	2,717,650	1,949,477
6 mos. gross	44,991,520	44,110,727	36,618,076
Net after tax.	18,642,361	19,725,455	16,979,161

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for December—

Av. mileage	1,231	1,231	1,230
Gross	1,127,694	1,107,618	959,194
Net after tax.	205,904	216,898	186,615
6 mos. gross	6,524,041	6,630,519	6,083,109
Net after tax.	1,226,917	1,385,503	1,298,968

WABASH PITTSBURGH TERMINAL for December—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	54,122	67,704	*13,582
Net	1,983	6,686	*4,703
6 mos. gross	523,389	416,810	106,579
Net	133,761	65,965	67,796

WESTERN MARYLAND for December—

Gross	676,249	577,127	99,122
Net	79,282	82,039	*2,757
6 mos. gross	4,310,544	3,790,503	520,040
Net	725,750	914,725	*188,975

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN WRITING PAPER CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Net earnings	$943,910	$1,489,762	$1,400,096
Other income	105,943	111,887	125,435
Total income	1,049,853	1,601,649	1,525,531
Bond interest	850,000	850,000	850,000
Other deduct.	329,043	306,392	312,208
Deficit	129,190	*445,257	*363,323
Sink. fund	100,000	100,000	100,000
Deficit	229,190	*345,257	*263,323
Dividends	124,805	249,610	249,564
Deficit	353,995	*95,647	*13,579

*Surplus.

BUCKEYE PIPE LINE for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Decrease.
Net profits	3,632,581	6,000,422	2,367,841
Dividends	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Deficit	367,419	*2,000,422	†2,367,841

*Surplus. †Increase.

FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION CO. and subsidiary companies (excluding the Deming Ice & Electric Co.) for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Decrease.
Gross earnings	2,329,164	2,167,507	*161,657
Net earnings	903,492	936,799	33,307
Int. charges	531,821	442,827	*88,994
†Cent. Ark. Ry. Lt. pfd. div.	63,000	63,000	
Fed. L.&T. dv.	150,000	150,000	
Bond discount	40,716	73,895	33,179
Surplus	117,955	207,077	89,122

*Increase. †Central Arkansas Railway & Light Corporation was not incorporated until 1913 and the $63,000 dividends is included in 1912 to make the earnings comparable.

PETTIBONE-MULLIKEN CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Mfg. prof. less main taxes & expenses	583,140	511,922	71,218
Other income	13,392	12,789	603
Total income	596,532	524,711	71,821
First pfd. div.	157,500	71,375	76,125
Second pf. div.	52,500	26,250	26,250
Balance	386,532	417,086	*30,554
Org. expenses		40,739	*40,739
Depreciation	74,504	70,776	728
Balance	315,027	305,560	9,467

*Decrease.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.02	Kentucky Con.	.03
Andes	.02	Mexican	1.10
Belcher	.35	Occidental Con.	[illegible]
Best & Belcher	.04	Ophir	.17
Caledonia	1.30	Overman	.18
Chollar	.01	Potosi	.02
Confidence	.30	Savage	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Seg. Belcher	.09
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.05
Crown Point	.30	Union Con.	.05
Gould & Curry	.01	Utah Con.	.05
Hale & Norcross	.09	Yellow Jacket	.34
Julia	.02		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	8.00	Comb. Fraction	.11
Jim Butler	1.00	Diamondf. Daisy	.03
McNamara	.11	Diamondf. Blk. B.	.03
Midway	.42	Florence	.57
Mizpah Ext.	.45	Goldfield Con. M.	1.55
Montana	1.07½	Goldfield Merger	.11
North Star	.42	Jumbo Ext.	.21
Rescue Eula	.15	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Merger	.68	Silver Pick	.07
West End	1.10	Vernal	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.38
Atlanta	.17	Round Mountain	.42
Booth	.05	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.04	Manhattan Con.	.03
		Manhat. Big Four	.15

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6¼	6½	Jackpot	5½	6
Elkton	50¾	51	McKinney	58	59½
El Paso	223	265	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	2	2½	Portland	104¼	112
Gold Dollar	5⅝	6¼	Vindicator	82½	84
Isabella	9⅝	10½	Rav. B. H.	3	4½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Boston & Maine Assents.

Assents were received yesterday from the holders of $180,000 of Boston & Maine notes to the extension to June 1, which was proposed to the holders of the notes which fell due on Feb. 3. Of the $10,000,000 outstanding, assents, including those received yesterday, amount, it was said, to $8,300,000. This leaves $1,700,000 of the notes whose holders have not yet assented to the extension, although many of these have signified their intention of doing so. It is still hoped by the Boston & Maine management that the owners of the balance of the notes will agree to the proposed extension as the best solution of the situation which confronts the company.

Low Rate on City Warrants.

An indication of the conditions now prevailing in the market for short-term high-grade securities was supplied by a sale which was made yesterday of a block of New York City warrants which fall due on June 15. These were bought some time ago on a 4¼ per cent. basis. The holder sold them yesterday on a 2.80 per cent. basis.

A Needed Lesson for Brokers.

The Pujo Committee's inquiry and the Owen measure, which followed it, for the regulation of Stock Exchanges, meaning the New York Stock Exchange, have done something for the brokers in educating them to the need of combating a general misunderstanding as to the purposes and methods of the Exchange. When Mr. Untermyer was questioning officials of the Exchange it was shown that they had never formulated in their own minds the economic reasons for their organization. They knew that there had to be a place for the purchase and sale of securities, but they were at a loss to explain the reasons for practices to which they had long subscribed. The leading members began to discuss the situation among themselves, with the result that when the Albany hearing on the proposed incorporation of the Exchange came up the brokers made a much better showing. They have still further strengthened their position by the recent hearing at Washington, in the opinion of the financial district. Where the Stock Exchange has been unable to make a good defense of a practice it has come to realize that the practice is wrong.

Broker's View of Exchange Legislation.

The position of the Stock Exchange in its relation to the public was set forth in this way yesterday by a prominent member: "Under the rules of the Exchange the public always gets an absolutely fair market. They know or they can learn the character and value of what they are buying. The machinery of the Exchange exists for the benefit of the people at large, and the broader the nature of business the greater the usefulness to the public. Instead of trying to legislate against honestly conducted Exchanges, the Federal and State Legislatures would be doing a greater public service by directing their efforts to the protection of the credulous people whose savings are stolen by unscrupulous persons."

Two Views of Steel Market.

If part of the comment passed by steel makers on the state of the market could be used without reference to the rest a cheerful survey of the situation could be prepared. For instance, one conservative officer of a steel company of importance said yesterday that incoming orders in January were fully 100 per cent. higher than in December. Should this statement be allowed to stand alone a sermon against discouragement in the industry might be founded thereon. But he qualified this good news by saying that January orders were no more than one-third of the normal receipt in the same month of other years. All of which goes to show that January was not as poor a month by any means as it might have been, but it doesn't speak well for December's record. Specifications are said to be better than in the closing days of 1913, and in consequence the mills are running closer to capacity. In place of a ratio of about 45 or 50 per cent. in December most of them are said to be working at about 65 per cent. of capacity.

Oil Stock Traders Disappointed.

The long-awaited dividend of the Standard Oil Company of New York was not satisfactory to traders on the Curb. Five minutes before news came that the Directors had decided on a payment of $2 a share, the market for the stock was booming. Five minutes afterward it appeared as though a collapse of prices was coming. The quotation dropped rapidly for a total of 29 points, but buying orders came in then to give enough support to cause a fair recovery. The market had been looking for an initial disbursement on the company's increased capitalization of at least $3 a share.

To Reduce Capital Stock.

The American Fruit Product Company of Rochester, N. Y., is to be reorganized following the annual meeting and election of Directors to be held next Thursday. Steps will be taken to reduce the capital stock from $1,000,000 to $400,000 of preferred and from $1,750,000 to $175,000 of common. The company is endeavoring to get the consents of all shareholders to the plan.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	3	2¾	2¾	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¾@3	3@3¼	3¼@3½
Commercial paper (prime bills)		3½@3¾	3¾@4

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$375,141,190	$24,157,237
Sub-Treasury debit balance		528,105

Banks lose this week $2,776,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	3	3¾	20 m 45½ pf
Paris	3	3½	25 f 18½c.
London	1⅞@2	¾@1	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8585	$4.8570	$4.8570
A year ago	4.8775	4.8760	4.8775
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8550	
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8570	$4.8595
Paris	5.18⅛—1-16	5.18⅛
Berlin	94 15-16+1-64	95+1-64
Switzerland	5.18⅛—3-32	5.18⅛—1-16
Holland	40.26	40.28
Belgium	5.20⅝	5.20—1-16

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83¼
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½
Berlin	94⅛	94⅜

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83¾	$4.8275
Paris	5.21⅝	5.23⅛
Berlin	94⅜—1-32	94⅛—1-32
Amsterdam	39.95	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	5c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	5c	Montreal	62½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 9-16d per ounce, up 1-16d; New York, 57⅝c, up ⅛c.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Heavy Break in a Number of the Oil Stocks the Market Feature.

A sharp reaction occurred in a number of the oil stocks in the outside security market yesterday. The break came, following the announcement of a dividend of $2 on Standard Oil of New York, the first payment declared since the increase in its capital. The shares of the company, which closed at 209 on Thursday, sold off to 188, and closed 4 points higher, making the net loss for the day 17. Standard Oil of Kentucky, new, at its lowest point was 20 points under the close of the previous day, but a recovery left the net change 18 points. Solar Refinery sold off 19 points, Standard Oil of Ohio 18, Atlantic Refining 13, Prairie Oil and Gas 12, and Standard Oil of California and Standard Oil of Kansas each 10. Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Br.-Am. Tob.	23½	23½	23⅛	23½
700	B.-A. T., new	24	24	23⅞	24
325	Kelly S. T.	53	53	50½	51¼
100	Man. Transit.	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
3,000	Marc. of Am.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛	5¼
55	M. Mot. 1st pf	28	28	27¾	27¾
2,000	*Mays Oil	24	25	24	25
150	Pueb. S. & R.	2½	2½	2⅜	2½
1,900	Riker-Heg'n	8	8	7⅞	8
1,300	Savoy Oil	10⅞	12	10⅞	11½
200	Tob. Prod. pf	85	85	85	85
1,000	†U.C.S.C. of A.	93	93	92⅞	92⅞
5	U. C. S. pf	113	113	113	113

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	A.-A. Oil, new	..	18⅞	17⅛	17¾
35	Atlantic Ref.	..	840	825	830
200	Buckeye P. L.	..	178	168	172
25	Crescent P. L.	..	59	58	58
620	Galena-Sig. O.	..	196	190	190
300	Nat. Transit.	..	44½	44	44
500	Ohio Oil	..	169	161	164
300	Pierce Oil	..	110	102	105
250	Prairie O.&G.	..	532	518	523
360	Solar Refin.	..	395	376	376
90	S. Penn. Oil	..	349	342	342
30	So. Pipe Line	..	250	249	250
900	**S. O. of Cal.	..	335	305	315
2,500	S. O. of C., rts.	..	23	20	20½
65	S. O. of Ind.	..	537	510	515
85	†S. O. of Kan.	..	490	476	480
400	S. O. of Ky. new	..	285	265	267
225	S. O. of N. J.	..	435	425	425
2,500	S. O. of N. Y.	..	215	188	192
75	S. O. of Ohio	..	490	445	460
300	Union Tk. L.	..	107	100	102
250	Vacuum Oil	..	223	214	215
100	Wash. Oil	..	63	62	63

RAILROAD.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
150	U. P. rts., exsive $3 cash div	29	29¼	29	29¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	*Atlanta	17½	18	17½	18
300	*Beaver Con.	28	28	28	28
1,000	*Booth	5	5	5	5
1,500	Braden Cop.	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
2,500	Brit.-Col. Cop.	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
8,500	‡Buffalo M.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
3,300	*Carib'ou Cob't	72	72	70	71
100	Con. Cop. M.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
400	*Comb. Frac.	11	11	11	11
1,000	*Diam'f'd B.B.	4	4	4	4
130	Dome M., Ltd.	17¼	17¼	17	17
20	First Nat	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
1,200	*Florence	59	59	57	57
4,000	*Gold Hill	31	†34	30	31
100	Goldf'd Con.	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
250	Greene-Cananea, new	41½	41½	40⅝	40⅝
2,000	*Greenwater	7	7	7	7
1,700	*Jumbo Ext.	22	23	22	23
400	Kerr Lake	4⅞	4⅞	4 13-16	4 13-16
1,200	La Rose Con.	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
200	Mason Val	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,700	McKin.-Dar.	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
1,500	*MacNamara	11	11½	11	11½
500	*Nevada Hills	39	43	39	43
600	*N. Utah Bing.	43	43	43	43
4,500	Nipis. M. Co.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6½
1,500	*North Star	45½	45½	43½	43½
1,100	Ohio Copper	⅜	..	9-32	9-32
5,000	*Oro	12	13	12	12
2,500	*Silver Pick	7	7½	7	7½
310	St. Sil. Ld.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
300	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	Tono. Belmont	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
2,500	Tono. Ext.	1 13-16	1⅞	1 13-16	1 13-16
4,400	Ton. Jim But.	1.00	1.00	.99	1.00
2,500	*Tono. Merger	69	69	68	68
1,000	*Ton. Midway	42½	42½	42	42
200	Tono. Mining	7	7	7	7
300	*Tono. Mizpah	47	47	47	47
200	Tono. Mont.	1 3-32	1⅛	1 3-32	1⅛
450	Tono. of Nev.	7	7⅛	7	7
600	Tularosa	½	..	7-16	7-16
100	Tri-Bullion	⅛	..	⅛	⅛
150	Tuo. Copper	83	83	83	83
3,000	*W. E. Con.	1 7-16	1½	1⅜	1 7-16
1,800	*W. E. Ext.	3	4	3	4

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Can. Pac. 6% notes	103½	103½	103½	103½
10,000	Cub. new. 5s	99	99	99	99
5,000	Kel. Sp. T. 4s	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝

*Sells cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	18	18¼	18½
Atlantic Refining	810	820	840	850
Borne-Scrymser	320	330	325	335
Buckeye Pipe Line	173	176	176	178
Chesebrough Mfg.	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	115	125	115	125
Continental Oil	240	245	240	245
Crescent Pipe Line	50	60	58	60
Cumberland Pipe Line	62	67	62	67
Eureka Pipe Line	315	325	320	325
Galena-Signal Oil	191	194	191	194
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	138	142	136	140
Indiana Pipe Lines	135	140	138	141
National Transit	43	45	44	46
New York Transit	305	315	315	320
Northern Pipe Line	120	125	120	125
Ohio Oil	164	166	168	170
Prairie Oil & Gas	520	525	530	535
Solar Refining	370	380	390	400
Southern Pipe Line	248	253	250	252
South Penn. Oil	343	348	347	352
S. W. Penn. P. L.	153	158	154	158
Standard Oil (Cal.)	315	317	321	323
Stand. Oil (Cal.) rts.	21	23	21	23
Standard Oil (Ind.)	520	525	537	542
Standard Oil (Kan.)	475	485	480	490
Standard Oil (Ky.)	270	275	280	290
Standard Oil (Neb.)	475	485	480	490
Standard Oil (N. J.)	425	428	431	433
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	189	191	207	209
Standard Oil (Ohio)	450	460	480	485
Swan & Finch	280	290	280	290
Union Tank Line	100	102	106	108
Vacuum Oil	212	215	222	225
Washington Oil	61	65	61	65
Waters-Pierce Oil	3200	..	3400	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 6. Bid.	Feb. 6. Asked.	Feb. 5. Bid.	Feb. 5. Asked.
American Cigar	145	150	145	150
American Cigar pf.	93	95	92	94
Am. Machine & Fdy.	75	85	75	85
British-Am., new	23¼	23⅝	23¼	23⅝
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F.	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & F. pf.	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	215	225	215	225
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	255	265	255	265
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	85	86½	85	86½
United Cigar Stores	92¼	93	93	93⅝
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Cop.	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅜	100¾
Am. Locomotive	5	July, 1915	99⅝	100¼
Austrian Gov.	4½	Jy, '14-'15	99⅜	99¾
Balt. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜
Bos. & Maine Ext.		June 2, '14	..	..
Boston & Maine	6	June 2, '14	..	96
Brook. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅝	99⅞
Canadian Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	103¼	103½
Chesapeake & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	100	100¼
Chi. & West. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅝	99⅞
Chicago Elevated	5	July, 1914	97½	98½
Consolidated Gas	6	Feb. 25, '14	100	100⅛
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	100⅛	100¼
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100½
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	99¼	100
Federal Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	99⅝	99¾
General Electric	5	Apr. 16, '14	3.75%	3.00%
General Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100	100¼
General Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98⅝	99½
Hocking Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅛	100⅜
Illinois Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜
Int. & Gt. North.	5	Aug., 1914	96½	97
Int. Harvester	5	Feb. 15, '15	100	100⅜
Lackawanna Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97¼	97¾
L. S. & Mich. So.	4½	Mar. 15, '14	100	100⅛
Michigan Central	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛
Minn. & St. Louis	6	Feb., 1916	97½	98
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	5	May, 1915	97½	98
Missouri Pacific	5	June, 1914	96⅞	96⅞
Mont. Tram. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99⅝	100⅛
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛
N. Y. Central	5	Apr. 21, '14	100⅛	100¼
N. Y. Central	5	Sep. 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝
N. Y. Central	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅝
N. Y. Central	4½	May, 1915	99⅝	100
N. Y., N. H. & H.	6	May 18, '14	99¾	99⅞
Northern Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅞	101⅛
Pac. Gas & Elec.	6	June 25, '14	100⅛	100¼
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100⅛
Southern Pacific	5	June 15, '14	100⅛	100¼
Southern Railway	5	Feb., 1916	99⅜	100⅛
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜
Sulzberger & Sons	6	June, 1916	99⅝	100⅛
U. S. Sm. R. & M.	5	Aug., 1914	99½	100
Union Typewriter	5	Jan. 15, '16	99⅛	99⅝
United Fruit	5	May, 1917	102	102⅜
Utah Company	6	Apr., 1917	99¾	100⅛
West. Elec. & Mfg.	6	Aug., 1915	101¼	101½
Western Maryland	5	July, 1915	95	98½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., '14-'23	4.50%	4.40%
C. & N. W. eq. tr.	4½	July, '14-'23	4.50%	4.40%
Erie eq. tr.	5	Jan., '14-'23	5.00%	4.90%
H. V. eq. tr.	5	Aug., '14-'23	5.00%	4.80%
Ill. Cent. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., '14-'23	4.50%	4.40%
N. Y. C. L. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., '14-'28	4.75%	4.45%
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., '14-'23	4.50%	4.35%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	5	Fe. 15, '14-'23	5.00%	4.80%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., '14-'23	4.50%	4.40%

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Cigar Mach. Corp.	2½	2½	2½
1	Con. Coal	95½	95½	95½
53	Con. Power	105⅝	105	105
2,041	Con. Power rights	51c	50c	50c
14	Elkhorn Fuel	19	19	19
20	Fairmont Gas, w. i.	23¾	23¾	23¾
45	Houston Oil ctfs.	17½	17½	17½
10	Houst. Oil pf. ctfs.	59½	59	59½
10	Penn. Water & P.	68	68	68
45	United Ry. & Elec.	25⅞	25½	25½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Arundel S. & G. 6s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
2,000	A. C. Line con. 4s	94	94	94
9,000	Balt.-A. S. L. 5s	66	66	66
3,000	Car. Central 4s	87¼	87¼	87¼
700	City Balt. 3½s, '30	92	92	92
1,300	City Balt. 4s, '51	98¼	98¼	98¼
500	City B. 4s, '51, P. L.	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	City Balt. 4s, '54	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
200	City Balt. 4s, '54	98¼	98¼	98¼
500	City Balt. 4s, '58	98¼	98¼	98¼
500	City Balt. 4s, '61	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	City B. 4s, '61, D. L.	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	City B. 4s, '61, S. L.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
2,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼
2,000	Georgia Con. 5s	104½	104½	104½
1,000	Ga. & Fla. 4s	43	43	43
8,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	39½	39½	39½
500	Hous. Oil div. ctfs.	78¼	78¼	78¼
6,000	Macon, D. & S. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
5,000	Macon Ry. & L. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	Mt. V.-W. C. D. 5s	39	39	39
1,200	Seaboard & Roa. 6s	100	100	100
3,000	U. E. L. & P. 4½s	93	93	93
1,000	U. Ry. & E. 1st 4s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞
14,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞
100	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s	88	88	88

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,550	Alaska	23	22½	22⅝
250	Allouez	40½	40¼	40½
120	American Zinc	20½	20¼	20⅛
375	Arizona Com.	5¼	5	5⅛
100	Bonanza	60c.	60c.	60c.
1,485	Butte & Superior	35½	35	35½
622	Calumet & Ariz.	68⅞	68¼	68½
5	Calumet & Hecla	445	444	445
10	Centennial	18	18	18
35	Cliff	2½	2½	2½
124	Copper Range	40	39½	39⅝
10	Daly-West	3	3	3
105	East Butte	12½	12¼	12¼
180	Franklin	4⅜	4¼	4⅜
442	Granby	89½	89	89½
55	Greene-Cananea	41¼	40⅞	41
65	Hancock	20⅞	20½	20⅞
20	Island Creek	48	48	48
215	Island Creek pf.	86¼	86	86¼
129	Isle Royale	23	22½	22½
230	Kerr Lake	4 15-16	4⅞	4⅞
35	Lake	9⅝	9½	9½
10	Mass Cons.	3	3	3
125	Mayflower	8	8	8
100	Miami	23½	23¼	23½
35	Mohawk	44⅝	44½	44½
1,535	New Arcadian	4	3¾	3⅞
1,107	North Butte	30	29⅝	29⅞
260	Old Colony	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
100	Old Dominion	53	53	53
165	Osceola	82½	81½	82½
205	Pond Creek	19⅝	19	19
20	Quincy	66½	66	66½
35	Shannon	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
100	Shattuck	28⅝	28¼	28⅝
35	St. Mary's Land	37	37	37
260	Superior	30⅝	30	30
130	Tamarack	36	35½	36
392	U. S. Smelting	43¼	42⅜	42¾
29	U. S. Smelting pf.	48⅞	48⅝	48⅞
218	Utah Apex	2½	2⅜	2½
385	Utah Cons.	10	10	10
400	Winona	4¼	3⅞	4
40	Wolverine	46½	46	46
20	Wyandotte	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Atchison pf.	100½	100½	100½
30	Boston Elevated	84	83	83
1	Boston & Lowell	170	170	170
491	Boston & Maine	49	47¼	48
5	Fitchburg pf.	92	92	92
10	Mass. Elec. pf.	62¾	62¾	62¾
9	Northern N. H.	112	110	112
32	West End St. Ry.	73½	73½	73½
50	W. End St. Ry. pf.	93	93	93

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Ag. Chem.	54	54	54
323	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	96¼	95⅞	96
5	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
300	Am. Pneu. Serv.	3¾	3⅜	3¾
40	Am. Pn. Serv. pf.	21½	21	21
260	East Boston Land	13½	13¼	13½
8	Edison	255½	255½	255½
6	Edison rts. 1st pd.	152½	152	152
175	Gal. & Hous. rts.	76c.	71c.	76c.
65	Ga. Ry. & E. pf.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
55	Mass. Gas	93⅞	93⅜	93⅞
238	Mass. Gas pf.	93½	93	93
59	McElwain pf.	101½	101½	101½
95	Miss. River Power	38	37	37
10	Miss. R. P. pf.	70	70	70
198	N. E. Tel.	141	140¼	140¼
50	Reece Buttonhole	18½	18½	18½
50	Reece Folding	4	3¾	4
140	Swift & Co.	107	107	107
30	Torrington	28	28	28
15	Torrington pf.	28½	28⅛	28⅛
317	United Fruit	170½	168½	170
269	United Shoe Mach.	56½	56¼	56¼
168	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.	28½	28¼	28½
175	Wollaston Land	1⅜	1¼	1⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$46,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	67½	67	67½
1,000	Miss. River P. 5s	85½	85½	85½
6,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay S. Gas	16	17	Houghton	3½	4
Begole	1 1-16	1 3-16	La Rose	1 3-16	1⅞
Bohemia	1⅝	1⅞	Majestic	24	25
Boston Ely	50	53	Mex. Met.	21	22
Butte & L.	30	32	Nev. Doug.	1⅝	1 11-16
Cactus Cop.	1½	2	New Baltic	1½	1⅝
Calaveras	1¼	1 5-16	Ohio	30	31
Chief Con.	1¼	1 5-16	Oneco	1¼	1½
Con. Ariz.	45	50	Raven	13	15
Corbin Cop.	1¼	1⅜	So. Lake	4¾	5
Cortez M.	35	40	S. W. Miami	1⅝	2¼
D.-Daly	2 3-16	2 5-16	U. Verde E.	50	55
First Nat.	2 15-16	3	Yukon	2½	2¾
Hollinger	16½	17½			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	*Am. Radiator pf.	134½	134½	134½
35	Booth Fisheries pf.	82	81	81
250	Chicago C. & C. pf.	55	55	55
240	Chicago Pneu. Tool	57⅞	57	57⅞
50	Chicago Ry., Ser. 2	33¼	33¼	33¼
10	Chicago Ry., Ser. 3	8	8	8
200	Corn Prod.	12⅝	12¼	12⅝
10	Diamond Match	102	102	102
10	Hart, S. & M. pf.	105	105	105
50	Illinois Brick	68	67½	67½
200	Mont. Ward pf.	111¼	111¼	111¼
20	Natl. Carbon	155	155	155
10	Public Svc. pf.	80	80	80
135	Swift & Co.	107¼	107	107¼
841	Union Carbide	146	142½	143½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝
4,000	Chicago Ry., Inc.	54¼	54	54
5,000	Chic. Elec. Ry. 5s	98	97½	98
5,000	City Ry. 5s	101	101	101
4,000	Edison 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1,000	Met. Gold 4s	78¼	78¼	78¼
10,000	Ogden Gas 5s	95½	95½	95½
14,000	Swift 6s, W. I.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞

*Ex dividend.

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Cambria Steel	50	49⅞	50
230	Electric Storage Bat.	54½	53⅝	54½
285	General Asphalt	41¾	41¼	41¾
260	Gen. Asphalt pf.	80	79⅞	80
250	Ins. Co. of Am.	22½	22¼	22½
40	Inter.-Met.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
40	Lehigh Nav. cfs.	84½	84¼	84½
210	Lehigh Val. Tran.	20¼	20¼	20¼
100	Leh. Val. Tran. pf.	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞
110	Phila. Rap. Tran.	18⅛	18	18
2,197	Phila. Co.	46½	45	45¾
849	Phila. Electric	27	26⅝	26⅝
10	Penn. Salt. Mfg. Co.	108	108	108
40	*Ry. Co. General	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
33	United Co. of N. J.	229	229	229
138	United Gas Imp.	85⅞	85	85
192	Union Traction	46⅝	45⅜	45⅜
5	York Rys. pf.	34	34	34

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$62,000	United Ry. inv. 5s	78½	76½	78½
19,000	West N. Y. & P. g. m. 4s	82½	82½	82½

*Ex dividend.

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Columbia Gas & E.	13	13	13
100	Crucible Steel	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
10	Crucible Steel pf.	94½	94½	94½
10	Indpt. Brew. pf.	24½	24	24½
135	Mfrs. L. & H.	51⅞	51¾	51⅞
25	Nat. Fireproofing	7	7	7
40	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	26¼	26	26
70	Ohio Fuel Oil	15	15¼	15¼
10	Ohio Fuel Supply	41	41	41
22	Oklahoma	57	57	57
25	Pitts. Brewing	11	11	11
55	Pitts. Brew. pf.	28⅞	28¼	28⅞
25	Pitts. Plate Glass	102	102	102
280	Pure Oil	15		
50	Westinghouse A. B.	131¼	131	131

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	84	84	84

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4½s..Mar., 1963	106	106⅛	105⅞	106
4½s..May, 1957	106	106¼	105⅞	106
4½s..Nov., 1957	106	106⅛	105⅞	106
4½s..May, 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4½s..Nov., 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4¼s..Mar., 1930-'60	100⅞	101¼	100¾	101¼
4¼s..Mar., 1962	100⅞	101	100⅞	100¾
4¼s..Sept., 1960	100⅞	101	100⅞	101
4s..May, 1959	97	97½	97	97½
4s..Nov., 1958	97	97½	97	97½
4s..May, 1957	97	97½	97	97½
4s..Nov., 1956	95⅞	96½	95¾	96½
4s..Nov., 1955	95⅞	96½	95¾	96½
4s..Nov., 1936	96¼	..	96¼	..
4s..1918-1919	99	..	99	..
3½s..Nov., 1954-'55	85⅞	86½	85⅞	86½
3½s..May, 1954	85⅜	86½	85⅜	86⅛
3½s..1950-1954	84	86	84	86

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Judge Robert S. Lovett, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, will sail for Egypt to-day, to be gone about eight weeks. The trip is for recreation alone.

The Pettibone Mulliken Company reported yesterday net profits of $596,531 for the year ended Dec. 31. A balance of $315,027 was carried to surplus after applying $71,504 to the depreciation account.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Prices Generally Lower—Irregularity in Paris and Berlin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 7.—The Times will say to-day in its City article:

"The abundance of money appeared greater than ever yesterday. The discount market again gave way under pressure of money, bills being very scarce, and the leading Continental Exchanges moved against London in consequence. The Bank received £39,000 ($195,000) in bar gold, £95,000 ($475,000) in sovereigns from Australia; but £320,000 ($1,600,000) received from Egypt and £5,000 ($25,000) from Australia were earmarked for India.

"In all departments of the Stock Exchange business was on distinctly a smaller scale. Profit-taking was in progress both in high-class securities and in the more speculative markets; and, as fresh buyers were not numerous, prices gradually declined, closing as a rule only a shade above the lowest outlay. Some relapse in consols was to be expected after the remarkable upward movement of last month. It would have been very surprising if there had been no profit-taking in a market which at one time showed an advance of over 5 from the lowest point touched. The reaction was regarded as healthy and natural in the circumstances.

"Most of the leading Brazilian railway companies' securities had a heavy appearance, and American shares, after being very idle, closed dull. As was anticipated, applications for the new Belgian Government loan were on a very large scale, and the scrip rose to a substantial premium."

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 87 francs 42½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Prices moved irregularly on the Boerse to-day. Shipping shares closed lower.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	76⅝	..	..	—7-16
Consols account	76¾	..	..	—7-16
Amalgamated	78⅞	76¾	77	— ¼
Atchison	101⅜	98½	98⅝	— ¼
Balt. & Ohio	96½	93¾	94¼	— ½
Can. Pacific	223⅞	217⅝	218	— ½
Ches. & Ohio	68¼	66¼	66½	— ⅝
Chi. Gt. West.	14½	14⅛	14	— ¼
St. Paul	109¼	106¼	105⅞	+ ⅝
Denver	18¾	18¼	..	..
Erie	32¼	31⅜	31⅝	..
Erie 1st pf.	50	48⅝	48⅜	— ⅛
Illinois Central	117¼	114¼	114⅝	— ⅛
Louis. & Nash.	142¼	138⅛	138	+ ½
Kan. & Texas	23⅞	22⅞	22⅝	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	96⅞	94	94	+ ⅛
Norf. & West.	108½	105¼	104⅞	+ ⅝
Ont. & West.	31½	30⅝	30⅝	..
Pennsylvania	58	112⅝	112⅞	..
Reading	86½	168⅛	167⅞	+ ¼
Southern Ry.	28¼	27½	27⅞	— ⅜
South. Pacific	100⅞	97⅞	98	— ⅜
Union Pacific	167⅝	162⅞	162⅞	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	67⅜	65⅜	65⅞	— ½
Wabash	3¼	3⅛	2⅞	+ ¼

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

RAILROADS. 1914.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 30	83.52	83.33	84.33	+1.14
Jan. 31	84.92	84.20	84.59	+ .16
Feb. 2	84.64	83.78	83.89	— .70
Feb. 3	84.44	83.74	84.32	+ .43
Feb. 4	84.68	83.82	84.01	— .31
Feb. 5	84.12	83.52	83.74	— .27
Feb. 6	83.74	83.00	83.16	— .58

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 30	61.10	60.14	61.01	+1.18
Jan. 31	61.68	61.01	61.36	+ .35
Feb. 2	61.54	60.70	60.91	— .45
Feb. 3	61.43	60.69	61.30	+ .39
Feb. 4	61.60	60.92	61.06	— .24
Feb. 5	61.22	60.66	60.87	— .19
Feb. 6	61.00	60.52	60.67	— .20

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 30	72.81	71.73	72.72	+1.16
Jan. 31	73.30	72.60	72.97	+ .25
Feb. 2	73.09	72.24	72.40	— .57
Feb. 3	72.93	72.21	72.81	+ .41
Feb. 4	73.14	72.40	72.53	— .28
Feb. 5	72.67	72.09	72.30	— .23
Feb. 6	72.37	71.76	71.91	— .39

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Feb., 1913	77.30 Feb. 3	71.51 Feb. 25	73.39
Feb., 1912	76.61 Feb. 20	75.24 Feb. 1	75.84
Feb., 1911	82.60 Feb. 6	78.87 Feb. 24	80.05
Yr. to date	73.30 Jan. 31	67.50 Jan. 3	72.97
Year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
Year 1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41 Jan. 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday there was no bid for copper, which was offered at 14¾ for all deliveries up to May. Tin was dull, but steady. Other commodities were unchanged. Closing quotations for standard copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Spot	..	14.75	Spelter	5.40	5.50
Feb.	..	14.75	Zinc	5.40	5.50
March	..	14.75	Lead	4.10	4.20
April	..	14.75	Tin	40.80	41.25

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin follow:

Copper—	£ s. d.	Tin—	£ s. d.
Spot	65 0 0	Spot	185 5 0
Futures	65 10 0	Futures	186 10 0

The market ended steady. Spanish pig lead, £19 10s., up 5s. Spelter, £21 7s. 6d., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s. 6d., down 3d.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

Quotations for public utility securities in which price changes were reported yesterday were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Light & Traction	353	357
Amer. Gas & Electric	80	82
Amer. Power & Light	71	73
Cities Service	97	99
Montana Power Co.	46	48
Montana Power Co. pf.	100	102
Northern Ontario Light & Power	13	16
Northern States Power Co.	20	22
Northern States Power Co. pf.	79	81
Pacific Gas & Electric	86	89
Republic Rwy. & Light Co.	20	22
Standard Gas & Electric	9	10
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	31	33
Tenn. Rwy., Light & Power Co.	15	17
Tenn. Rwy., Light & P. Co. pf.	68½	70
Utah Securities	21⅝	22¾

FRANK A. VANDERLIP BACK.

Consulted Stillman in Europe on Putting City Bank in the Reserve.

Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, returned last night on the Lusitania from Europe, where he went three weeks ago for a consultation with James Stillman, Chairman of the Board of Directors. It was understood when he went abroad that Mr. Vanderlip took with him the unsettled question as to the advisability of applying on behalf of his bank for membership in the Federal Reserve Association. The action of the National City Bank, as the largest institution in the country, was awaited by many other national banks, which were said to be in doubt as to the advisability of joining the new system. A few days after Mr. Vanderlip's meeting with Mr. Stillman the National City Bank forwarded its application for membership to Washington.

Mr. Vanderlip said that he had not spent any time while in Europe in canvassing the possibilities for branches of the National City Bank in Paris, Berlin, and London. He is disposed to wait, he says, until the workings of the new banking system have demonstrated the need for European branches before taking the matter up with the Directors. The new law allows members of the Federal Reserve system to open foreign branches, a privilege denied national banks under the former National Bank act.

Mr. Vanderlip said that the reported consolidation with the Corn Exchange Bank, which was denied by other officers of the bank, had never been proposed. He went over on the Lusitania, so that he had but ten days to divide between Paris and London. Mr. Stillman plans to visit New York in May.

A let-up in commercial enterprises freed a great deal of money for investment purposes in England, and that factor, together with the rise in British consols, had done much to stimulate the security market in London, Mr. Vanderlip asserted.

MERCANTILE BILLS KEEP BANKS BUSY

Brokers Report Biggest Business in Their History for January and It Is Booming Still.

DUE TO EASY MONEY MARKET

Merchants Seize Opportunity to Get Loans on a Cheap Discount Basis.

A national banker whose concern is an active buyer of commercial paper said yesterday that purchases thus far in February had been as heavy as at any time in January, a month in which the placing of commercial bills was exceptionally large. The reports given by commercial paper brokers indicate that the extent of borrowing for commercial purposes since the first of the year would show that a new high record was established if actual figures were obtainable. It is not possible to gather the transactions carried through by local banks for their own account and in behalf of correspondents in interior cities, but brokers in mercantile bills say for the most part that they never did as great a month's business as in January, and that the sale of paper since the month closed has been large.

Bankers and paper brokers are chary of estimating the probable extent of borrowing on bills in January, but the total of the estimates made yesterday showed that commercial paper valued somewhere between $50,000,000 and $75,000,000, had been discounted by New York City institutions. This was for their own account, and estimates were based on the enormous increase of loans in the month reported by Clearing House banks. The amount of paper taken for outside institutions was not touched upon. The bankers said that there was no way of making a guess on this phase of the market, owing to the vast network of banking interests which extend from this centre.

Brokers refused to try to figure an aproximate amount of the paper that had passed through their hands to find lodgment with local banks, but an estimate of aggregate discounts as presented by one of the largest houses indicated that New York banks had not, for themselves, taken more than half the total paper negotiated. A member of this firm thought that bills worth more than $125,000,000, and possibly more than $150,000,000, had been sold by brokers in this city in January. His own house, said he, had not done quite as much business as in January of last year, but he had been informed that commercial paper dealers generally had surpassed every other month in their history.

Several reasons were advanced in financial circles for this extensive borrowing by merchants and manufacturers. Observers of the bill market said that the call for credit represented in part an increase of business throughout the country. The warning was given, however, not to make too much account of this manifestation. More important elements were present in the loan market to cause a demand for funds. The betterment of industry and trade was said to be still chiefly a matter of sentiment and borrowing for application to expanding demands of business was being done more for the future than for present needs.

A potent feature in filling the market with commercial paper was the opportunity merchants saw of getting loans on a cheap discount basis owing to easy money. They borrowed through the medium of commercial bills in order to use the proceeds to pay off bank loans, then, as the discount rate for paper was high, and took steps when they found that they could borrow at cheap rates in the bill market to sell their paper and liquidate obligations with the banks. In addition to reducing the cost of their money they were able to increase their credit with the banks by squaring up, as bankers like to see even their best customers wipe the slate clean now and then.

Some loans negotiated by manufacturers and merchants in the period of dear money were with banks which put out not their own funds but funds of foreign banks and banking houses carried by them. The commercial borrower, by selling his paper and paying of these loans, worked to decrease the amount of foreign capital out at interest in this country.

Bill brokers assert that a large part of the paper sold in January, when money was pouring into this city from the interior and interest and discount rates were dropping rapidly, was put out by borrowers who had waited long for the chance. There are many important manufacturers who make a point of never issuing notes unless they can be discounted at a low figure. Rather than have their names on paper that has to be sold on a stiff basis, they curb their needs and wait for a more propitious time.

Numerous borrowers of this class refuse to have their paper discounted at a higher rate than 4 per cent. In January they were able to get the money they wanted at favorable figures, for the discount fell from 5½ per cent. to 4 per cent. for six month bills. The market at the present time is quoted on a 3¼ to 4 per cent. basis, and brokers say that the available supply of desirable bills has become largely reduced by the hunger of banks for "good" paper.

BROKERS' SOCIETY ELECTION

Officers for Association of Stock Exchange Partners Chosen.

The Association of Partners of Stock Exchange firms held its first annual meeting yesterday and elected the slate of officers for the ensuing year which was prepared some time ago. The officers chosen were: President, H. R. Winthrop of Harris, Winthrop & Co.; Vice President, H K. Evans of E. & C. Randolph; Treasurer, Frederick Bull of Edward Sweet & Co.

The permanent Board of Governors for 1914 consists of Richard H. Swartwout, Charles S. Sargent, Jr., Robert H. McCurdy, Arthur Hagen, J. Horace Harding, R. M. Stuart-Wortley, Walter R. Herrick, Felix Rosen, C. H. Boynton, Arthur Turnbull, Andrew J. Miller, and E. Townsend Irvin. A Nominating Committee consisting of these men was selected yesterday: J. S. Farlee, Oscar L. Gubelman, Albert McClave, James B. Lowell, and Joseph W. Harriman.

E. F. Hutton of E. F. Hutton & Co. suggested that a credit association be formed to keep track of customers who failed to make good on their accounts, and prevent them from doing business with other houses. The proposal was taken under advisement by the Board of Governors.

DENY STEEL PRICE POOL.

Officers of Subsidiaries Say They Fixed Rates Independently.

Frank A. Burr, General Sales Manager of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company, testified yesterday in the Government suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation, of which his company is a subsidiary, that he had a free hand in fixing prices for all of its products and that they were not the result of any conference with any association of manufacturers.

Severn P. Ker, President of the Sharon Steel Company, another subsidiary, said he had invariably fixed the prices for its products. He denied the existence of any pool, and declared the competition was keen in the steel business.

The hearings are held before Special Examiner Henry P. Brown at 71 Broadway.

New Railroad Co. Incorporated.

NEWARK, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The organization and incorporation was announced here to-day of the Newark, Williamson & Northern Railroad Company with a capitalization of $150,000. The road, which is to be an extension of the Newark & Marion Railroad, already in operation, will run from here across Wayne County to Williamson, on Lake Ontario. It will tap the Wayne County fruit country. Business men in Syracuse and Williamson are its organizers.

100 Years a Commercial Bank
THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
192 Broadway
Cor. John St.
Capital and Surplus, $3,500,000
Resources, 28,000,000
Invites Your Account

5½% GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. Tax exempt in New York State. We are under the supervision of the State Banking Department.
Our Booklet "A" Explains
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FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
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6% Mortgages
GUARANTEED TAX-EXEMPT
ON IMPROVED NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.
REFUNDING MORTGAGE FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000, in the year 1913, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,282.43, in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 1, 1914.

LOS ANGELES PACIFIC COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article Fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the Union Trust Company of San Francisco, Trustee, dated January 3, 1910, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $5,000 to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, to the amount of $5,294.53 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the 11th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Los Angeles Pacific Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Dated Los Angeles, Cal., January 14, 1914.

VIRGINIA SOAPSTONE COMPANY.

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Four Per Cent. First Lien Mortgage of Virginia Soapstone Company, dated May 1st, 1907, hereby gives notice that the Virginia Soapstone Company proposes to purchase $75,000 face value of bonds issued under such mortgage at a price not exceeding par and accrued interest, and in respect thereof the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals for the sale of such bonds at its office, No. 389 Fifth Av., New York City, up to the close of business February 28, 1914. Each such proposal shall be for the sale of such bonds with current and all undue coupons, and those offered at the lowest price will be accepted up to said amount.

Dated New York, January 31, 1914.
ASTOR TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MORRIS & SMITH.

Whereas, Stuyvesant Fish Morris, Jr., and St. John Smith have transacted a general banking and brokerage business under the firm name and style of Morris & Smith, at No. 15 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, for a period of more than three years; and

Whereas, Said copartnership has been dissolved by the retirement and withdrawal of St. John Smith: and

Whereas, Stuyvesant Fish Morris, Jr., who was a copartner in said former firm, and Robert G. Kennedy intend to continue to conduct the business of said former firm and the use of said copartnership name; now, therefore,

We, STUYVESANT FISH MORRIS, JR., and ROBERT G. KENNEDY, do hereby certify, pursuant to the Partnership Law of the State of New York, that we are the persons intending to conduct a general banking and brokerage business and to deal under the said copartnership name of Morris & Smith, at the offices of said former copartnership at No. 15 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and that our respective places of residence are as follows:

STUYVESANT FISH MORRIS, Jr., Hewlett, Long Island, N. Y.
ROBERT G. KENNEDY, Montclair, New Jersey.

STUYVESANT FISH MORRIS, Jr.,
ROBERT G. KENNEDY.

Dated New York City, the 28th day of January, 1914.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 28th day of January, 1914, before me personally came Stuyvesant Fish Morris, Jr., and Robert G. Kennedy, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Seal.] WILLIAM I. BATEMAN,
Notary Public, N. Y. County, No. 34.
N. Y. Register No. 4015.

The above certificate was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 29th day of January, 1914.

LYON FURNITURE AGENCY.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore formed consisting of ROBERT P. LYON and ARTHUR S. LYON, conducted under the name of THE LYON FURNITURE AGENCY and LYON MERCANTILE AGENCY, whose principal place of business is located in the County of New York and State of New York, was dissolved by the withdrawal of said ROBERT P. LYON as partner therefrom, and that the said ARTHUR S. LYON will continue said business under the same names and assume all obligations.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto affixed our hands and seals this 4th day of February, 1914.

ROBERT P. LYON.
ARTHUR S. LYON.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership existing between Harry Rosenfield and David H. Robinson, doing business as Rosenfield & Robinson and the National Raincoat Co. at 352 Fourth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, has this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated New York, February 2d, 1914.
HARRY ROSENFIELD.
DAVID H. ROBINSON.

SO. PACIFIC PLANS $50,000,000 ISSUE

Convertible Bonds Will Be Put Out to Provide for $30,000,000 in Notes Maturing in June.

KUHN, LOEB & CO. IN CHARGE

Bankers Who Handled Company's $20,000,000 Note Issue Will Form a Syndicate to Underwrite Bonds.

Plans were under discussion yesterday for an issue of about $50,000,000 Southern Pacific convertible bonds to provide for the notes, amountiing to about $30,000,000, which mature next June and for other requirements of the company. A definite decision regarding the company's financing, it was said, had not been attained, and would not be probably until some day next week.

Meanwhile the proposal under discussion is an issue of bonds convertible into Southern Pacific stock at par to be offered to the stockholders of the company at par. There is $272,672,400 of Southern Pacific stock outstanding, and an offer of bonds to the amount of 20 per cent. of the stockholdings would call for an issue of $54,534,480. No information was available, though, regarding the exact proportion in which the shareholders will have the privilege of subscribing.

If the plan now under discussion is carried out it was expected in the bond market yesterday that a syndicate to underwrite the issue would be formed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who placed the $20,000,000 of notes which were sold by the company last June. That was part of an authorized issue of $30,000,000, of which most of the balance has been put out since. It was recalled in this connection that the agreement with the note syndicate provided that in the event of convertible bonds or other securities being offered to the road's stockholders in the life of the notes the members of that syndicate would be allowed to participate in the underwriting of the new issue at an underwriting commission of 2 per cent. On this ground it was thought likely that underwriting for the proposed convertible bonds would be arranged on these terms.

Apart from last year's issue of notes this is the first important financing other than an equipment issue which has been done by the Southern Pacific since its separation from the Union Pacific. The Southern Pacific has one issue of convertible bonds outstanding. These carry 4 per cent. interest and are convertible into stock at 130.

In the bond market it was pointed out in respect to the proposed terms of this issue that any comparison with the basis on which other bond issues have been bought lately must take into account the fact that the most active demand since the first of the year had been for high-grade mortgage bonds. It was natural, it was added, that on a debenture issue such as the Southern Pacific was considering a higher rate of interest should be offered. It was also desired, it was said, to fix such terms for the new Southern Pacific issue as would give value to the right to subscribe which is to be offered to the company's stockholders.

CUBAN ISSUE OVERSUBSCRIBED

Investors Anxious to Obtain Bonds Guaranteed by Customs Receipts.

The $10,000,000 worth of bonds offered by the Republic of Cuba were oversubscribed heavily yesterday soon after the terms upon which the bonds were being sold by the bankers became known in the financial district. The bonds were offered by J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the First National Bank, and the National City Bank at 98½ less the usual commission of one-quarter of 1 per cent. Before the day was over they were quoted at a premium of a full point.

The bankers' circulars were distributed yesterday afternoon. In them it was announced that the subscription lists would be closed at 3 P. M. on Feb. 10 or earlier. The fact that the bonds were heavily oversubscribed yesterday was cited as another striking illustration of the great demand which has existed of late for investment issues.

The Republic of Cuba, the circular points out, pledges as special security for the bonds its customs receipts, subject to prior pledges. These amount to only $4,010,000 a year, while the customs receipts of the republic have averaged more than $25,000,000 a year for the last five years. Under the Platt amendment the Government of this country has acquiesced in the creation by Cuba of the public debt represented by these bonds.

The interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on Feb. 1 and Aug. 1, and the bonds mature on Feb. 1, 1949. Principal and interest on the registered bonds are payable in New York in United State gold coin. Coupon bonds are similarly payable in New York or at the holder's option in London, in Germany, or in Paris at fixed rates of exchange.

BUY PENNA SUBSIDIARY BONDS

Smith & Co. and Brown Bros. Take $4,000,000 Issue.

The banking firms of Edward B. Smith & Co. of Philadelphia, and Brown Brothers & Co. of this city bought yesterday $4,000,000 worth of bonds of underlying companies of the Pennsylvania Railroad. They included $3,311,000 first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the Connecting Railway Company, which are guaranteed principal and interest by the Pennsylvania Railroad. It owns that part of the New York Division extending from the junction with the main line near West Philadelphia station to Frankford Junction.

The other $700,000 are first mortgage thirty-year bonds of the Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mount Joy, and Lancaster Railroad Company. These bonds are secured by a first mortgage on that part of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company main line between Harrisburg and Dillerville, together with important trackage between Portsmouth and Columbia. It is understood that the Pennsylvania is negotiating for the sale of several other small issues of bonds of subsidiary companies.

$100,000,000 SUIT SETTLED.

M., K. & T. Road Agrees to Abandon Merger of Its Texas Lines.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 6.—The $100,000,000 suit of the State of Texas against the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway o. Texas was settled to-day by a compromise without a money penalty.

The suit was brought under the State anti-trust laws to prevent a merger of several of the road's Texas branches, a merger which the Texas Legislature specifically authorized last Spring. In the suit, State Attorney B. F. Looney held the Legislature's action to be unconstitutional.

Under the compromise filed in court here to-day the Texas system is to be separated from the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway of Kansas, which the suit calls the "parent corporation." The compromise binds the railroad to spend $6,000,000 on improvements in Texas. This is in addition to $2,000,000 for the repair of damage done in last December's floods.

The compromise provides that the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company of Kansas convey all of its interest in the stock of the Texas concern to H. E. Hildebrand of San Antonio, who, in turn, is required to convey the interest to the Central Trust Company of New York for the use and benefit of the stock and bondholders of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company of Kansas.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 6, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Feb. 6, 1914	318,065
Same day last year	170,324
Total year to date	12,176,686
Same period last year	10,023,859
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	71.91 —.39
Same day last year	76.59 +.20

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
95	100	100	Adams Express	96	96	96	96	—4
22¼	22⅜	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
12¾	13	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
46½	48½	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	48	48	47	47	—1
76	76¼	19,680	Amalgamated Cop.	76½	76⅞	76	76⅛	— ⅞
26	27	600	Am. Beet Sugar	26¾	27	26½	26½	— ½
95	97	200	Am. Brake S. & F.	96	97	96	97	+3½
141½	143	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf.	141½	141½	141½	141½	—1¾
31¼	31½	5,600	Am. Can	31¼	31⅝	31	31¼	— ⅞
93	93½	200	Am. Can pf.	93½	93½	93	93	— ½
51¼	51¾	2,410	Am. Car & Fdry	52⅛	52¼	51⅜	51⅜	—1¼
36	36½	200	Am. Cities	36	36	36	36	— ¾
44¾	45	800	Am. Cotton Oil	44	45½	44	45¼	+1¼
4⅞	5⅛	1,300	Am. H. & Leather	4⅝	5¼	4⅝	4⅞	+ ½
24½	25	1,310	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	24½	25¾	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
26½	26¾	600	Am. Ice Securities	27	27	26½	26½	— ¼
34½	35	610	Am. Locomotive	35½	35½	34¾	34¾	—1
101	102	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ¼
48½	50	200	Am. Malt pf.	48⅞	49	48⅞	49	...
68½	68¾	1,710	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	69	69¼	68⅝	68⅝	—1⅛
35¾	36¼	200	Am. Steel F'dries	36	36	35¾	35¾	— ⅞
106½	107½	200	Am. Sugar Refin.	106⅞	107	106⅞	107	— ½
112	114	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	112⅛	112½	112⅛	112½	— ¾
121¼	121½	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	121½	121½	121¼	121¼	— ¼
246	250	100	Am. Tobacco	246¼	246¼	246¼	246¼	— ¼
104	105	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	105	105	105	105	...
37⅛	37¼	1,910	Anaconda Cop. Co.	37⅜	37⅝	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅜
98¼	98⅝	500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅜	98½	— ¼
101	101½	700	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	100⅝	101½	100⅝	101½	+ ⅛
124½	124⅞	100	Atlantic Coast Line	124½	124½	124½	124½	...
105¾	..	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106	106	106	106	— ⅛
93⅝	94	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio	94	94⅛	93½	93¾	— ½
81	83	300	Baltimore & O. pf.	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
..	..	65	Bank of Commerce	180	182	179½	182	...
36⅛	37	300	Bethlehem Steel	36¾	36¾	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
76	77	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	76½	76½	76½	76½	— ⅝
91¼	91½	1,500	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	91½	91¾	91¼	91¾	— ⅞
29¾	30	3,800	California Petrol'm	29½	30⅝	29½	29½	— ½
65½	66	400	California Pet. pf.	66½	66½	66	66	...
216	216¼	11,250	Canadian Pacific	217¾	217¾	215¾	216	—2
30½	[illegible]	9,600	Central Leather Co.	30⅛	31⅜	30⅛	30½	+ ¼
65⅞	66	1,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	66	66½	66	66	— ½
13¾	14	600	Chicago Gt. West'n	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	— ¼
32	32¼	1,000	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	32¼	32¼	32	32⅛	— ⅜
105½	105¾	1,440	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅝	105⅝	— ¼
142¼	143½	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	142¼	143	142	143	+1¼
134½	136	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	135	135	135	135	+ ½
42½	42⅝	7,000	Chino Copper	42¾	43	42⅜	42⅜	— ¾
..	44	100	Clev., C., C. & St.L.	38	38	38	38	—2
32⅛	33	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	33¾	33¾	33	33	— ⅞
27	28	100	Col. & Southern	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ½
116⅜	116½	3,890	Northern Pacific	117	117¼	116⅜	116½	— ⅝
2½	2¾	100	Ontario Mining	2½	2½	2½	2½	...
80	95	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	82	82	82	82	—1½
112⅛	112¼	2,300	Penn. R. R.	112¼	112⅜	112	112⅛	— ⅝
22¼	22⅜	1,200	Pitts. Coal	22⅜	22⅝	22¼	22⅜	— ⅜
92¾	93	300	Pitts. Coal pf.	92⅞	92¾	92⅜	92¾	— ⅝
92	94	100	Pitts. Steel pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½	— ½
42¼	42½	1,510	Pressed Steel Car	42½	42⅝	42	42½	...
102	102½	300	Pressed Steel C. pf.	103	103	102¼	102¼	—1¾
112	113	100	P. S. Corp. of N. J.	112½	112½	112⅛	112½	...
31	31⅝	1,600	Railway Steel Sp.	32	32	31	31¼	— ¾
19¾	20	1,600	Ray Con. Copper	20⅛	20⅛	19¾	19⅞	— ⅛
167¼	167⅜	29,800	Reading	167¼	167⅞	167⅛	167⅜	— ½
25¼	25½	460	Rep. Iron & Steel	26	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅜
88¼	89	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
8⅝	8¾	10,600	Rock Island Co.	9¾	10	8½	8¾	— ⅞
13⅞	14	7,800	Rock Island Co. pf.	14¾	15⅝	13¾	13⅞	—1¼
13½	14¼	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	14	14	14	14	— ½
31½	35	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf.	33¼	33¼	33	33	— ⅝
26	26½	100	St. Louis Southw.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ ⅞
21	21½	600	Seab. Air Line	21½	21⅝	21¼	21½	— ¼
55¼	55½	1,300	Seab. A. L. pf., x d.	55½	55¾	55¼	55½	—1
190⅝	192½	250	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	191	192	191	192	+ ½
97	97⅛	15,300	Southern Pacific	97¾	98	96¾	97⅛	—1
27⅛	27¼	3,610	So. Railway ext.	27⅛	27½	27	27	— ⅞
29	29½	400	Studebaker Co.	29⅝	29¾	29⅛	29¼	— ¼
86½	88	200	Studebaker Co. pf.	87	87	87	87	+ ½
35¼	35½	2,800	Tennessee Copper	35	35⅝	35	35½	+ ½
144¾	145⅝	1,500	Texas Co.	146½	146½	145	145	—1
15½	16½	100	Texas & Pacific	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ¼
43⅝	44	4,200	Third Avenue	43⅞	44¼	43⅝	43⅝	+ ¼
20	23	15	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	23	23	23	23	...
29½	31	200	Un. B. & P. Co. pf.	30	30	29½	29½	—2⅛
162⅛	162¼	14,870	Union Pacific	162⅜	162⅞	161⅞	162⅛	— ¾
85	85¼	600	Union Pacific pf.	85½	85½	85	85	— ¾
23	24	300	Un. Rys. Invest	22¾	23¾	22¾	23½	+1¼
47¾	49	1,300	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	47	48⅝	47	47¾	+1¼
46	50	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	49	49	49	49	+2
56⅜	60	200	U. S. Express	57¼	57½	57¼	57½	+1½
59	59½	600	U. S. Rubber	59⅛	59⅛	59	59⅛	— ⅛
101¼	101¾	600	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	101¾	101⅞	101¾	101¾	— ⅛
65⅛	65¼	52,065	U. S. Steel	65¾	65⅝	65⅛	65⅛	— ½
110¾	111	100	U. S. Steel pf.	111	111	111	111	...
54½	54⅝	3,200	Utah Copper	55	55	54½	54½	— ¾
31	31⅝	100	Va.-Car. Chem.	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+ ⅛
2⅞	3	600	Wabash	3	3	2⅞	2⅞	...
8¾	9¼	450	Wabash pf.	9	9	9	9	— ⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Pett-Mull..	28½	30	Do pf....	95	..
Do 1st pf	95	99	Vul Detin.	9	14
Phelps-D...	183	..	Do pf....	35	40
Phila Co...	90	96	West Md..	31	31½
Do 6 p c pf.	90½	91	Do pf....	50	60
P, C, C & St L.....	88	91½	W U Tel..	62	63½
Do pf....	101	108	W E & M 1st pf....	116	119
P'man Co..	155½	156	Weym-B...	235	275
Quicksilver	2¼	2¾	Do pf....	114	120
Do pf....	2¾	4	W & L E.	5¼	5¾
R R Sec I C stk c. ..		78	Do 2d pf.	8	10
			Wis Cent..	46	50

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Day.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$675,466	$2,994,069	$184,998,963
Int. rev. ord.	966,872	3,353,752	191,880,437
Corp. tax	19,707	61,086	3,377,699
Miscellaneous	92,557	785,243	32,584,187
Total receipts	1,754,604	7,194,121	412,841,289
Expenditures	1,640,940	9,372,035	432,886,811
Surplus	113,663	....	....
Deficit	....	2,177,913	20,045,522

UNION PACIFIC CONVERSION.

Readjustment Proposed by Bondholders Is Illegal, Lovett Says.

Robert S. Lovett, Chairman of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, said yesterday that it would be illegal to make any readjustment of the conversion rights of the holders of its convertible bonds, as had been suggested and urged by some of them because of the special dividend to be paid to the common stockholders of record on March 2.

In the discussion of the matter it was learned that, in addition to the bondholders in this city who had written to Judge Lovett, a protest had been made by the Dutch bondholders on the same ground, that the value of the right to convert their bonds into stock at 175 had been reduced by about 35 points, the value of the Baltimore & Ohio stock and the $3 in cash a share that is to be distributed.

The Dutch bondholders, in fact, were the first to make a protest, and a cable message was sent to them yesterday by Judge Lovett advising them of the position of the Directors.

It became known also that, in addition to the proposal that the bonds be made convertible at a price of 140 for the stock in order to offset the proposed reduction in the assets and the cut in the dividend from 10 to 8 per cent., it had been suggested that securities be set aside to make up the difference to the convertible bondholders at any time that they might see fit to take advantage of the conversion privilege.

"The distribution," said Judge Lovett, "is of accumulated surplus profits, plainly applicable as dividends only on common stock, and is chargeable to surplus and not capital. There is nothing in the convertible bonds, or in the indenture under which they were issued, that impairs the ordinary right of stockholders to a distribution at any time of the entire profits, or that limits the power of the company with respect to rate of dividends, increase of stock, reduction of surplus, or otherwise. The company promised to pay the principal and the interest, and to convert the bonds at a certain rate during a certain period at the option of the holder; and that was absolutely all it promised.

"The suggestions that have been made for a reduction of the convertible rate, or for setting aside securities for the benefit of the convertible bondholders whenever they choose to convert, were carefully considered, but are impossible because illegal and in plain violation of the rights of the common stockholders. Such action would be annulled by the courts, or, if effected, would render the Directors personally liable.

"Our action was taken only after full consideration of the relative rights of the holders of the preferred stock, common stock, and the convertible bonds, for all of whom we have felt we were trustees."

There are also substantial holders of the bonds in England and the question involved has been under discussion in the English newspapers, but Judge Lovett said that he had heard nothing on the subject from the London Stock Exchange, as had been reported.

New York Central Bond Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day set Feb. 18 and 19 for the hearing on the proposed $167,000,000 bond issue by the New York Central. A Senate resolution led to the inquiry.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 6, 1914	$4,229,500
Same day last year	2,276,000
Total year to date	109,991,500
Same period last year	67,102,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change.	89.36 —.06
Same day last year	92.00 —.02

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

New York Central and the Rock Island shares were particularly weak features in the dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The first named was notably active. The tendency of the list was generally toward heaviness throughout the day, with the lowest prices touched in the late afternoon. Over-night quotation changes, as reflected on the 9:30 o'clock opening call, in nearly all cases represented declines.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska Gold	22¾	22¾	22⅝	22⅝
3,440	Amal. Copper	76⅛	76⅛	76	76
30	Am. Beet Sug	26⅞	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛
490	Amer. Can	31½	31⅝	30¾	31
50	Amer. Can pf.	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
30	Am. C. & F.	52	52	51½	51½
110	Am. Cot. Oil.	45¼	45½	43¾	45½
10	Am. Ice Sec.	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
210	Am. Smelting.	69⅝	69⅝	68⅝	69
40	Am. Sugar	106⅝	107	106⅝	107
40	Anacon. Cop.	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅞
30	At., T. & S. F	98⅝	98⅝	98½	98½
40	Balt. & Ohio.	93⅝	93⅞	93⅝	93⅞
70	Brook. R. T.	91¾	91¾	91⅝	91⅝
90	Cal. Pet	30	30⅝	30	30
710	Can. Pacific	217½	218	215¾	215⅞
600	Central Leath.	30⅛	31⅜	30	31
60	Ches. & Ohio.	66½	66½	66	66
150	C., M. & S.P.	105⅞	106	105⅝	105⅝
70	Chino Copper.	43	43	42½	42½
110	Col. F. & I..	33¼	33¼	32⅝	33
140	Corn Prod	12	12⅞	12	12¼
80	Dist. Securi..	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18⅝
200	Erie	30⅞	31¼	30⅞	30⅞
10	Good. Rub	24½	24½	24½	24½
200	Gt. North. pf.	133⅞	134	133	133
10	Inter.-Met	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
10	Inter.-Met. pf	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
360	Leh. Valley	153	153¼	152½	152½
370	Mex. Pet	71⅝	72⅛	71¼	71¼
410	Mo. Pacific	27⅛	27⅜	27	27
2,070	N. Y. Central	93⅞	93⅞	91⅞	91⅞
360	N.Y., N.H.&H.	73	74½	72⅞	73⅛
40	N.Y., O. & W.	30	30	30	30
60	Norf. & West.	104⅞	105⅛	104⅞	105⅛
90	North. Pac	116⅞	117¼	116⅞	117
220	Pennsylvania.	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼
140	Pressed St. C.	42½	42½	42½	42½
20	Ry. St. Spr..	31⅝	31⅝	31¼	31¼
60	Ray Copper..	20	20	20	20
8,480	Reading	168	168	167	167⅞
270	Rock Island..	9⅝	10	8½	8⅝
330	Rock Isl. pf..	15	15½	13½	14
10	Seab. A. L. pf	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾
770	South. Pac	97⅞	98	96⅞	97
10	Southern Ry.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
70	Tenn. Copper.	35	35½	35	35½
10	Texas Pacific.	16	16	16	16
300	Third Av	43¼	44	43¼	43½
4,680	Union Pac	162⅞	163	161⅞	162⅞
20	U. S. Rubber.	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞
6,920	U. S. Steel	65½	65⅝	65½	65½
40	Utah Copper..	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞
33,370					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Atlanta	.17½	.17½	.17½	.17½
300	Comb. Frac..	.12	.12	.12	.12
200	Florence	.60	.60	.60	.60
40	G'field Con..	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½	1.62½
800	Jim Butler..	1.00	1.00	.98	.90
500	Jumbo Ext..	.22½	.22½	.22½	.22½
400	North Star..	.43½	.43½	.43½	.43½
300	Ophir	.20	.20	.20	.20
500	Oro	.11	.11	.11	.11
600	Tono. Merger	.69	.69	.69	.69
300	West End	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½
4,340					

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.

LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

$10,000,000

REPUBLIC OF CUBA

EXTERNAL DEBT FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 1914

Authorized by the Cuban Congress

Ratified by the President of the Republic of Cuba

Dated February 2, 1914 Due February 1, 1949

Interest payable February 1st and August 1st.

Principal and Interest of Registered Bonds payable in New York in United States Gold Coin.

Principal and Interest of coupon bonds payable, at the holder's option:

In New York, in United States Gold Coin; or
In London, at the rate of $4.86 per Pound Sterling; or
In Germany, at the rate of M. 4.20 per Dollar; or
In Paris, at the rate of Fcs. 5.18 per Dollar.

The Republic of Cuba pledges its good faith and its credit for the due and punctual payment of the Principal and Interest and of the Sinking Fund Installments. As a special guaranty and security for such payments, the Republic of Cuba pledges so much of the Customs Receipts and other revenues of the Island of Cuba as may be required to make the said payments, such pledge being subject to existing pledges mentioned on page 3 of our circular, copies of which will be furnished on application.

THIS PLEDGE IS GIVEN PRIORITY OVER ALL AND EVERY CHARGE OR LIEN WHICH MAY HEREAFTER BE CREATED.

Principal and interest are free from Cuban Government Taxes and Imposts.

FISCAL AGENTS AND REGISTRARS OF THE BONDS: J. P. MORGAN & CO.

Coupon Bonds in denominations of $100, $500, and $1,000. Registered Bonds in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000. Coupon Bonds of $500 and $1,000 may be registered as to principal. Coupon and registered bonds interchangeable.

Application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

From the Agreement with the Republic of Cuba governing the issue, and from other writings furnished by the Government, we summarize as follows:

MONTHLY SINKING FUND PAYMENTS of $29,500 are to begin on November 10, 1919, and to continue uninterruptedly until such payments shall have been sufficient to pay or to redeem all the bonds; and the Sinking Fund is to be applied from time to time to the purchase of bonds in the market at a price less than 102½ per centum, if reasonably practicable; otherwise to the redemption at 102½ and accrued interest, of bonds drawn annually by lot, for the purposes of the Sinking Fund.

On any interest date after February 1, 1921, on not less than thirty days previous notice, additional bonds beyond those required for the Sinking Fund may, at the option of the Republic of Cuba, be drawn for redemption at 105 and accrued interest.

The Customs Receipts of the Republic for the last five fiscal years ended June 30 have averaged $25,444,964 per annum and have increased from $22,143,055 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909, to $28,173,823 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1913. These Customs Receipts are exclusive of Special Taxes and Other Revenues of the Republic. The total amount annually payable by the Government to discharge its obligations in respect of loans heretofore contracted does not and will not exceed $4,010,000.

PURSUANT TO THE SO-CALLED "PLATT AMENDMENT" OF 1901, THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA HAS FORMALLY ACQUIESCED IN THE CREATION BY THE REPUBLIC OF CUBA OF THE PUBLIC DEBT REPRESENTED BY THESE BONDS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE ABOVE BONDS AT 98½ AND ACCRUED INTEREST. SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE CLOSED AT 3:00 P. M., FEBRUARY 10, 1914, OR EARLIER AT THE OPTION OF THE UNDERSIGNED, WHO ALSO RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY OR ALL APPLICATIONS AND IN ANY CASE TO AWARD A SMALLER AMOUNT THAN APPLIED FOR.

Payment in full for bonds is to be made in New York funds at the offices of the undersigned, upon allotment.

Pending delivery of the definitive bonds, temporary receipts will be issued and bonds will be delivered in exchange for the receipts as and when the completed bonds are received by the undersigned.

J. P. MORGAN & CO. KUHN, LOEB & CO.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK. NATIONAL CITY BANK.

New York, February 7, 1914.

Subscription books closed. This advertisement is published as a matter of record only.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.
Schenectady, New York, February 7, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, at Schenectady, N. Y., on Wednesday, the 18th day of February, 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections, and appointments which have been made or taken by the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of the company since the date of the last annual meeting, as set forth in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee.

The polls will remain open from ten o'clock in the forenoon until two o'clock in the afternoon on said date.

The transfer books of the company will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, February 7th, 1914, and opened at the opening of business on Thursday, February 19th, 1914.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
New York, January 8, 1914.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

You are hereby notified that a special meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York will be held at its banking house, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 18, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on said date, for the purpose of passing upon the question of whether or not the terms and provisions of the recently enacted Federal Reserve Act shall be accepted by this Bank and of passing upon the question of the subscription by this Bank to the capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank to be organized in the district in which this Bank shall be located as provided in said Act.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.

PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY.
Annual Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated January 16, 1914.

J. W. SMITH, Secretary.

Old Dominion Terminal Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary and proper will be held at the principal offices of the Company, Pier 25, North River, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1914, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to the date of meeting.

W. L. WOODROW, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

WESTCHESTER & BRONX TITLE & MORTGAGE GUARANTY COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the WESTCHESTER & BRONX TITLE & MORTGAGE GUARANTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 131 Central Avenue, White Plains, N. Y., on the 9th day of February, 1914, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open between the hours of 9:30 and 10:30 in the forenoon of said day.

J. CRAWFORD STEVENS,
January 23, 1914. Secretary.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO. will be held at the office of the company, 438 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, February 24, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books will be closed from the close of business Tuesday, February 10, 1914, until the morning of Wednesday, February 25, 1914.

JOHN HIGGINS, Secretary.

Old Dominion Steamship Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper will be held at the principal offices of the Company, Pier 25, North River, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1914, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to the date of meeting. W. L. WOODROW, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT U. S. Capitol Building and Grounds, February 2, 1914.—Proposals (in duplicate) will be received and publicly opened at the above office on Saturday, March 7, 1914, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the construction and completion of a new building for Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum, Pennsylvania Avenue, 24th and 25th Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C. Attention is called to the fact that the general excavation, general foundations, and the elevators and their mechanical equipment are excepted in the general and detailed specifications to be issued. Plans and specifications are in process of preparation, and will be ready for issue about February 9, 1914. These comprise the erection of the building, with the exceptions noted, under one general contract. Intending bidders desiring plans and specifications will forward a certified check or bond (no cash received) in the sum of $50.00 as a guarantee for the return of the same. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and to waive any technicality in any bid. ELLIOT WOODS, Superintendent U. S. Capitol Building and Grounds.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y., JAN. 26, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for installing steam-heating apparatus in Bldg. 54 and 55, double set, this post, will be received here until 11 A. M., Feb. 26, 1914. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster.

SPECIAL

Want to meet high-class man who is able to invest as much as $1,000,000 in a business in which I am now and have been most successfully engaged for fifteen years. Profits have been and are very large. The business is conservative, risks small. The investment of such nature as to leave the capital available in cash at almost a moment's notice. References given and required. Substantial corroboration will be supplied.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY

Address Box C, New York Commercial, 20 Vesey Street, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, February 5, 1914.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., March 2, 1914, for EXCAVATING AND GRADING on the site and athletic field of the New Central High School Building No. 178, located between Eleventh Street, Thirteenth Street, Florida Avenue, and Clifton Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required to insure return of plans and specifications. Oliver P. Newman, Frederick L. Siddons, Chester Harding, Commissioners, D. C.

Rare Old Books
Pamphlets and odd
Volumes picked up at
Bargain Prices.
BOOK EXCHANGE
The New York Times
Review of Books
Every Sunday.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday......3¾ to 4% for the best names.
Thursday.......3¾ to 4¼% " " " "

⁂

To Show Fancy Worsteds.

Arthur G. Meyer, 79 Fifth Avenue, selling agent for the Hoosac Worsted Mills, North Adams, Mass., will on Monday open complete lines of fancy worsteds (men's wear) for the coming heavyweight season. Mr. Meyer said yesterday that prices would range from 20 to 30 cents a yard below those of last year.

⁂

Chicago House Coming Here.

Edgar B. Walters, who for thirteen years has been New York manager for W. S. Peck & Co., Syracuse clothing manufacturers, which firm has liquidated its business, will on April 1 become local manager for the corporation of Kuh, Nathan & Fisher Company, Chicago. Mr. Walters will open an office here and superintend extending the Chicago concern's business in the East and Southeast.

⁂

What a Man's Wife Can't Do.

The right of a man to engage in business, making use of his personal trade connections and good will, cannot be bartered away by his wife, even though he has sold his business to her, and she covenants that her successor in interest shall have exclusive American rights to handle certain imported products. This was the ruling of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday in granting the appeal of Hans Mahler, a confectionery importer, and vacating an injunction against him, obtained by the Hans Mahler Company, which forbade him to traffic in certain imported articles. Mahler sold his business to his wife and she in turn sold it to the company. His contract of sale to her, however, did not contain a covenant to refrain from business.

⁂

An Active Linen Market.

The present week in the linen cloth market has been one of much activity and has given an optimistic tone to the future. A representative of James F. White & Co., in commenting on the situation yesterday, had this to say:

"The linen position is strong, and heavy orders are coming in from all sections. The rush of orders has been so heavy the past several days that our office force has been obliged to stay evenings in an effort to catch up. The buying is from every part of the country, and shows a healthy demand on a thoroughly conservative basis. As matters stand, you can paint as optimistic a picture as you choose regarding conditions. 'Strong and steady' accurately describes the market at the present time."

⁂

Practice Begun Must Continue.

When a man has formed a corporation bearing his own name and habitually uses the pronoun "I" in his advertising, concealing the fact that the corporation is really doing the advertising during the period in which he controls the corporation, he cannot restrain the continuance of this practice after he leaves the position of control and engages in a rival business as an individual. Enunciating this principle of law, the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court handed down a decision yesterday vacating an injunction in favor of William C. White, a haberdasher, against William C. White, a haberdashery corporation. White insisted that the corporation had infringed on his right of privacy and should be compelled in its advertising at the present time to discontinue the use of the pronoun "I" and should divulge that it was a corporation.

⁂

Pottery Salesmen's Dinner.

Arrangements have practically been completed for the annual dinner of the Pottery, Glass and Brass Salesmen's Association, which will be given at the Hotel Astor on Monday night. Among the speakers at the dinner will be United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, the Right Rev. C. C. Burch, D. D., Suffragan Episcopal Bishop of New York; Representative Joseph Taggart of Kansas, Representative Lincoln Dixon of Indiana, J. A. Gregory, Mayor of East Orange, N. J., and Carl F. Prosch of Honesdale, Penn. The musical programme will include singing by Herr Leo Helzel, a tenor from the Court Theatre of Wiesbaden, Germany, and William Logan, a concert baritone. It is expected that between 200 and 300 members and guests will attend the dinner. The commitee in charge is made up of Henry Endemann, Chairman; W. S. Pitcairn, H. S. Mirrielees, John Nixon, A. A. Bean, and J. F. O'Gorman, Secretary.

⁂

Suggestions for Design Law.

In regard to the objections to the bill recently introduced in Congress with a view to preventing the piracy of commercial designs, which were recently voiced in this column by M. Hefti, the latter offers two suggestions for re-drafting the bill. Both of these suggestions apply to portions of the bill that were criticised, and one of them is to the effect that instead of charging $1 for each single registration, thirty to fifty designs should be included in one registration. As for the criticism regarding the expense and delay incident to litigation, Mr. Hefti refers to the registration law of Switzerland. This law, he says, contains ideal provisions for expeditious legal procedure through the establishment of a commission of experts in every trade. These men judge cases of alleged infringement, in much the same manner as a court, and their decision is taken as final. Though there is a right of appeal, it is seldom, if ever, resorted to.

⁂

Now Making Intermediate Sizes.

Buyers of misses' and children's clothing have often complained, according to the Dry Goods Economist, of the lack of properly fitting garments for girls from 11 to 15 years of age. These buyers contend that girls of such ages were too young to wear misses clothing and too old for regular children's sizes. They furthermore complained that the cut of the garments offered was of such character that they had a great deal of trouble in the fitting. To take care of girls of this age a number of local houses have this year made the intermediate sizes, which run from 11 to 15. These garments are cut especially to fit girls of the ages named, the waist being considerably larger than in the regulation misses' garments and the hips as well. Buyers who have experimented with these dresses report that they have met with considerable success, and expect still better business when the public becomes educated to the fact that these sizes are now obtainable.

⁂

Neckwear and Veiling Outlook.

Reports from the local women's neckwear field do not agree fully on the activity of business at the moment but for the most part, they tell of healthy buying movement. Sheer effects in both cotton and silk are well thought of, as are guimpes. Net is a favorite material for the latter, some of which are offered with sleeves and some without. Laundered collars with long points and madras-striped effects similar to those now worn by men are in good demand. Fichus hold strong positions, some of the most popular ones showing the new winged effect. Easter lily effects in collars, fichus, guimpes, and sets are among the most active novelties shown. One enterprising house has marketed the "Sari" collar, based on an elaborate creation seen in the play of that name. This is a combination collar and jabot. It is made of fine net, and has a shirred standing collar, to which is attached a large pointed, handmade embroidered jabot. The veiling business is in good shape, for it is helped both by the styles in dress and in millinery. Conservative designs are the most sought, with beauty patch effects very active. Among the really novel effects meant for use in the early Spring is a new drooping orchid pattern.

⁂

Out-of-Town Orders Coming In.

Out-of-town orders for ginghams, drills, and allied lines were reported yesterday in the trade as being plentiful, and indicative of excellent business for the current year. A factor in the present situation full of encouragement to merchants in this city is the circumstance that all reports received here agree that retailers in all sections of the country are carrying low stocks which shortly must be replenished. A representative of one of the largest gingham and drill houses in New York summed up the situation yesterday when he said:

"Ginghams, drills, and like fabrics are now in very good demand. Orders are coming in rapidly from all parts of the country. In fact, one of our salesmen stated this morning that he was two days behind in filling the orders on his desk. As illustrating the scarcity of stocks held in many sections by retailers, I may instance that to-day we received an order from a merchant in a Missouri town calling for the delivery by fast freight of twenty cases of assorted goods. So anxious was this party for the stock that he wired us to use our discretion in the character of the goods to be covered by the order.

"This is representative of the condition in which many retailers now find themselves, and augurs well for future business at this end. I look for strong, but conservative buying during 1914. No great boom probably, but first-rate business."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Labels, Coal, Beads, and Lithograph Plates Passed On.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Birn Brothers, New York, and held that labels lithographically printed in less than eight colors and glazed with a mother-of-pearl effect are properly dutiable under the provision in Paragraph 412 of the Tariff act of 1909 as "all other articles," at the rate of 20 cents a pound. The Appraiser returned the goods as embossed and die cut. The Collector levied duty at 30 cents a pound under the first part of the same paragraph.

The Washington Water Power Company, Great Falls, Mon., failed in a contention for lower duty on merchandise assessed by the Collector as coal under the act of 1897, at 67 cents per ton. The importer claimed that the product should have been classified as culm or coal slack with a tax of only 15 cents a ton. Judge Somerville held that, as the company did not submit sufficient testimony in support of its claim, the action of the Collector was presumptively correct. The American Bead Company, New York, was upheld in a claim for duty at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem on necklets of glass beads strung and fastened by gilt metal clasps. The board decided that the articles are toys, and reversed the Collector's assessment of 60 per cent. under the jewelry provision of the act of 1897.

It was decided that lithograph plates imported by the Catholic Book and Church Supply Company, Portland, Ore., were properly assessed at 50 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 166 of the old law. The articles were claimed as of no commercial value.

First Cargo of Free Wool from Canada.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The first cargo of Canadian raw wool imported under the new tariff law, weighing 50,000 pounds, and consigned to New York, reached here to-day. This is the first Canadian wool shipment made through Ogdensburg in many years.

DRY GOODS TRADE ACTIVE.

Prices Being Quoted on Merchandise for Fall Delivery.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"The week's trade in dry goods reflects a good condition of retail stocks throughout the country. Shipments show a gain over those of the same week a year ago and cash receipts were slightly ahead at the close of last week.

"Orders taken by our representatives on the road bear favorable comparison with those of the corresponding period in 1913, with fewer men on the territory. About 70 per cent. of the road orders are for immediate delivery.

"More sample lines representing merchandise for Fall delivery are nearing completion and prices are being named. Quotations were announced this week on cotton and woolen blankets and outing flannels. On woolen blankets the prices are lower than last season, while some numbers of cotton blankets have slightly advanced. In hosiery it will be possible for merchants to obtain better qualities to sell at their popular retail prices; specially is this noticeably in woolen and cashmere hosiery."

Marshall Bros. Ask More Time.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 6.—The Creditors' Committee of James Marshall & Bros.' hat factory has sent out an agreement for creditors to sign, granting to the concern an extension of time until July 1, 1914. By this extension the firm will not be required to meet its obligations until that time. The various plants of the company will continue operations, having received assurance of sufficient capital for that purpose.

Montgomery Ward Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Montgomery Ward & Co., reporting for last year, show gross sales of $39,725,712, an increase of $5,000,000 over the previous year. Net earnings after operating expenses and depreciation amounted to $1,653,481, which was eqaul to 33.06 per cent. on the preferred stock.

Standard Register Receiver.

DAYTON, Ohio, Feb. 6.—John C. Shea, President of the Standard Register Company, manufacturers of autographic registers and supplies, was to-day appointed receiver of the concern upon the application of W. S. McConnaughey, a stockholder. The proceeding is an amicable one, financial stringency being assigned as the cause of the application.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Frederick S. Clark, President of the Talbot Mills, North Billerica, Mass., was in the local market yesterday.

Sigmund Moritz, who has represented M. Stein & Co., clothing manufacturers, Philadelphia, Penn., in the Middle West for several years, will become associated with Charles E. Jaffee & Co., of this city on March 1. Mr. Moritz will cover the same territory for the local house.

The Auxiliary Society of the Traveling Salesmen of New York will meet in the association's rooms at the Hotel St. Denis on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

M. P. Ansorge has resigned as a Director of the Clothiers' Association of New York because of his retirement from active business. His son, Herbert C. Ansorge of Ansorge Brothers & Co., has been elected to succeed him. Eugene S. Benjamin, who is now in the Orient, has resigned from the Board of Directors also because of his retirement from business. Max L. Wile of Berger, Raphael & Wile has been elected to succeed Mr. Benjamin.

The offices of the Wiertz Silk Manufacturing Company, formerly at 656 Broadway, have been moved to 222 Fourth Avenue, corner of Eighteenth Street.

G. H. Williams, representing Malone & Nicholson, 32 Park Place, is now on a trip through his territory in New York State and Pennsylvania. He will be away for several weeks.

Paul Haviland of Haviland & Co., the china house, returned to this city yesterday on the Lusitania from a European trip, which began shortly after Christmas. With him came George Haviland, who has charge of the pottery at Limoges, France, and who is making his first trip to New York in about ten years.

The Rubber Club of America is collecting figures covering the production of rubber products in this country and the number of workers in the industry. The year 1912 is being taken as a basis. To preserve trade secrets the returns are being made by the manufacturers on numbered slips, the names to which the numbers belong being known only to the Secretary.

In a recent issue of THE TIMES it was noted that J. Mittenthal, who was formerly connected with H. S. Mittenthal & Co., Dallas, Texas, had become associated with Milton Lichtenstein & Co., resident buyers, 170 Fifth Avenue. This Mr. Mittenthal is not J. E. Mittenthal, who was formerly connected with the Dallas firm, but who is now the Southern representative of I. Unterberg & Co., shirt manufacturers of 90 Franklin Street.

Henry Stauf, President of the firm of G. H. Stiehl & Co., manufacturers and importers of women's and children's hats, 76 Madison Avenue, will sail for Europe on Feb. 11 aboard the Lusitania. Mr. Stauf will be abroad for eight weeks, and will visit France, England, Scotland, Germany, Austria, Italy, and Switzerland. The trip may result in the addition of a new foreign department by the Stiehl firm. Mr. Stauf will be accompanied by Mrs. Stauf and Mrs. L. Stiehl.

PEAL BELLS COME IN FREE.

General Appraisers Call Change Ringing a Branch of Music.

The Perkins Institution and Massachusetts School for the Blind won a victory over the customs authorities at Boston yesterday, when the Board of United States General Appraisers in this city decided that peal bells imported by the institution for the instruction of its pupils in change ringing are to have free entry under the Tariff act of 1909 as "scientific apparatus."

The Collector at Boston returned the bells as "manufactures of metal," and exacted duty at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem under the metal schedule of the law. At the hearing in the case it was conceded by Assistant Attorney General Wemple, representing the Government, that the school in question is one entitled to the benefit of free entry for its apparatus. The Government's objection was that instruction in bell ringing was not an "encouragement of the fine arts" as specified in the law. Judge Hay in his decision said:

"The testimony shows that the eight tower bells are to be used in this institution for the blind for the instruction of certain pupils in the art or science of change ringing. We think from the testimony and the literature upon the subject that change ringing of bells, while not as universal, is as much an art as any branch of music. They are therefore useful and appropriate in teaching a branch of the sciences and are intended to be used as such. They were imported in good faith for the use of the institution, concededly entitled to the benefit of the law, and are not for sale. The protest is therefore sustained, and the Collector directed to reliquidate th entry granting free entry to the bells in question."

OWN NO ROCK ISLAND STOCK

Phelps, Dodge & Co. Say They Never Held Any Shares in That Concern.

To assure stockholders of Phelps, Dodge & Co. that the company was not interested in renovating the Rock Island Company and did not own Rock Island shares, the Directors of Phelps, Dodge & Co. issued this statement yesterday:

> As numerous articles have recently appeared in the daily papers connecting Phelps, Dodge & Co. with the Rock Island Railroad Company, and intimating that Phelps, Dodge & Co. had not only been large buyers of Rock Island stocks, but had obtained the control of the property, we therefore consider it only right and proper to advise our stockholders officially that Phelps, Dodge & Co. has never had a single share of Rock Island stock or invested one dollar of money in any of these securities.
>
> The El Paso & Southwestern Company, in which some of our stockholders are interested, purchased some years ago a small minority interest in Rock Island preferred stock, and has never increased or diminished its holdings since that date.

In Wall Street it had been understood that Phelps, Dodge & Co. was not interested in the Rock Island. The announcement was made some time ago that the purchases of Rock Island stock made in behalf of interests connected with the mining organization had been only for personal accounts. The Rock Island shares sold down to new low records yesterday—the common to 8½ and the preferred to 13¾.

DUTY ON HATTERS' PLUSH.

Ruling Which Gives a Chance for Prolonged Litigation.

An amended ruling of the Treasury Department received here yesterday by Collector Malone increases the duty on black silk plush less than 26 inches wide, including the selvage, from 45 to 50 per cent. ad valorem under the new tariff law. The plush in question is much used by hatters and others, who, it was said yesterday, will not accept the classification and rate proposed by the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury without a contest before the Board of General Appraisers and the Customs Court.

The letter to the Collector says that, as it has been represented to the department that only such plush as is 26 inches wide was commercially known as hatters' plush prior to the enactment of the tariff law, the Government's former ruling is so amended as to direct the assessment of duty on all silk plushes other than those 26 inches in width, including the selvage, under Paragraph 314, at 50 per cent. ad valorem. The letter says that the department is justified in excluding plush less than 26 inches wide for the reason that such goods cannot be used economically in the making of hats.

The importers and users of the plush contend that, regardless of the width, the fabrics are properly dutiable at only 10 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 382, which provides specifically for hatters' plush. Under the old law many conflicts arose between the Government and merchants regarding the classification of these goods. It was said yesterday that with the jumping of the duty to 50 per cent., against the 10 per cent. claimed by importers, prolonged litigation is inevitable.

MUST PAY DUTY TWICE.

Looks Like a Clerical Error, but Is Not So in Law.

That an importer may be compelled to pay duty twice on the identical importation unless the papers actually before a Collector of Customs disclose a "manifest clerical error," was the gist of a decision made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers.

It appears that E. L. Garvin & Co., Custom House brokers of this city, representing a client, received two pro forma invoices for the same merchandise. Entry was made on both of them with the result that duty was required by the Collector and paid on the same merchandise twice. In their appeal to the board it was claimed that the executing of the second invoice was a manifest clerical error, as that term is used in the customs administrative act, and in fact constituted a non-importation. Judge Hay, in his decision for the tribunal upholding the imposition of the double duty, says in part:

"This is not a non-importation within the meaning of that term as used in customs law. Prior to the decision of the Court of Customs Appeals in United States vs. the Swedish Produce Company, it was treated as a clerical error and relief afforded if a proper claim had been made, but the error complained of here is not manifest from the papers that were before the Collector. Hence, there is apparently no relief for the importer. The protest is therefore overruled."

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on general business conditions, Dun's Review says:

> There are further evidences of reviving business activity, with the expansion in industrial operations constituting one of the best features of the situation. Somewhat less complaint is now heard regarding labor conditions, as the number of unemployed, while apparently still large, has been considerably reduced of late. This obviously enhances the purchasing power of the people, and confidence in the future is gradually strengthening. Developments in iron and steel last month were of such an encouraging nature that prices in certain finished lines have been advanced $1 a ton—a significant fact in view of the freedom with which concessions were formerly offered. The output of pig iron in January showed a continued contraction, but the leading interest has recently blown in several blast furnaces, and an increase in production is expected during February. In the copper trade fair bookings are noted, both for domestic and foreign account, and quotations are firmer. Reports from the principal woolen centres are quite favorable, as it is stated that not in months have the mills been so busily engaged as at present. Buyers, however, still show a strong disposition to confine purchases to near-by requirements, and prices for Fall are the lowest named for several years.

Bradstreet's says:

> Optimism continues to spread, and in some lines of industry, particularly iron and steel, actual improvement keeps encouraging pace with sentiment. Withal, there is sufficient irregularity, primarily traceable to unseasonable weather conditions, to act as a check rein on the general tendency toward betterment. In the forefront is the fact that trade with the larger distributors is expanding, and for so early in the season it may be deemed to be encouragingly good, while movements on the whole surpass those of this time last year. Buyers are in the leading markets, and while representatives of some lines have devoted the week mostly to inspecting displays, gradual improvement is the order of the day.

Receiver for Chicago Jewelers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Franklin L. Wood to-day was appointed receiver for the H. F. Hahn & Co., wholesale jewelers. The liabilities of the company were declared to be $475,000 and the assets $500,000.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Incorporated to-day: Mfrs. & Dealers Motor Underwriters, $150,000; E. H. Greenwood, W. E. Metzger, W. B. Joyce, 115 B'way.

Joseph Hronda Co., half moon pearl buttons, novelties, $100,000; Jos. Hronda, Wm. Belsky, P. F. Dusha, 554 E. 86 St.

Richardson Mfg. & Distributing Co., metal goods, &c., $50,000; F. K. M. Delavan, Nicholas Orlando, G. D. Richardson, 367 Fulton St., B'klyn.

World Film Corp., (takes over World Spl. Films Corp.,) $600,000; Van Horn Ely, W. A. Pratt, Albert Wick, 45 Wall St.

Southern La Grange Co., realty, &c., $600,000; R. M. Kurtz, L. H. Groser, C. A. Baker, 52 B'way.

Public Lighting Service Corp., apparatus, fixtures, &c., $100,000; Frank Wormann, F. D. Tietz, B. J. McGraw, 368 Jay, B'klyn.

Genung, McArdle & Leeney, White Plains, dry goods, &c., $35,000; J. H. McArdle, W. L. Leeney, M. E. Genung, Mt. Vernon.

Athens Textile Co., Athens, hosiery, underwear, $50,000; C. W. H. Arnold, S. Ely, C. A. Fox, 17 State St.

Cutler Inhaler Co., Buffalo, drugs, chemicals, &c., $25,000; S. F. Briggs, J. E. Plant, W. A. Field.

Cherrie Mintz Mfg. Co., Poughkeepsie, medicated confections, $25,000; W. T. Ward, R. W. Williams, C. H. Jennings.

Wagga Co., electric supplies, $50,000; L. E. Warren, C. A. Burr, O. H. Cacciola, 261 B'way.

Guardian Audit Co., $50,000; R. H. Bruns, F. H. Hall, F. T. Fisher, 17 Battery Pl.

Jas. Mitchell, Inc., realty, &c., $40,000; C. N. Hernandez, M. L. Berlinger, Jas. Mitchell, 1,440 B'way.

Sparkville Realty Corp., $30,000; Conrad Gaschott, W. Klob, John Otto, 542 5 Av.

Foreign Art Ass'n, $25,000; C. A. Regan, H. S. Thalheimer, David Bloch, 7 E. 32 St.

Levine & Posner, iron, steel articles, &c., $25,000; J. B. Levine, Isidor and Abr. Phillips, 630 E. 16 St.

Humason Bldg. & Realty Corp., Buffalo, $20,000; W. B. Walsh, L. C. and E. F. Welsh.

Martin-Schaefer Co., selling agents, $20,000; L. B. Martin, W. J. Smith, A. O. Schaefer, 474 77 St., B'klyn.

Morton Park Realty Corp., Queens, $12,000; R. J. Lewis, Herman Ringe, L. I. Cherey, 464 Grand St.

Luidt Chocolate Co., confectionery, $15,000; Chas. Spitz, A. H. and Max L. Arnstein, 600 W. End Av.

Bison Legging Co., Buffalo, leather goods, $10,000; Zalek Chitvin, Kate C. and Marvin M. Sapperston.

Franklin Feature Films, $10,000; M. M. Hart, J. S. Bernstein, H. S. Goldman, 1,410 B'way.

Gustoni Restaurant Co., $10,000; Gustave Hoeber, Jos. Banner, Anthony Ray, 17 W. 33 St.

Morse Themo-Gage Co., Ithaca, $10,000; C. F. Everett, R. and L. D. Morse.

Institute of Educational Travel, tours, lectures, &c., $12,000; C. W. Gerstenberg, R. R. Miller, E. E. Pratt, 233 B'way.

Capital increase: South African Gen. Electric Co., $50,000 to $150,000; Australian Gen. Electric Co., $50,000 to $450,000; Mexican Gen. Electric Co., $50,000 to $100,000; all owned by the Gen. Electric Co., Schenectady. Public Service Express, N. Y., $50,000 to $100,000.

Capital Reduction: Atlantic Box & Lumber Co., N. Y., $75,000 to $35,000.

Authorizations: Piemont Winery, San Fran., wines, &c., $200,000; rep., L. A. Valente, 60 Wall St.

Reliance Motion Picture Corp., Richmond, Va., $1,000,000; rep., J. P. Dunning, 29 Union Sq. W.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Forecasts:

N. Car., S. Car.—Rain Sa., clear in aft.; colder in w. Su. fair, colder; mod. s. to w. winds.

Ga.—Fair Sa.; colder in n. w. Su. fair, colder; brisk n. w. winds.

Fla.—Rain Sa.; colder in n., cen. Su. fair, much colder; lt. s. to w. winds. Fair, colder Sa. in n. w., with a cold wave. Su. fair; dim. n. w. winds.

Ala.—Fair, colder Sa. Su. fair; brisk n. w. winds.

Miss.—Fair Sa.; colder. Su. fair; dim. n. w. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Sa., Su.; colder Sa. in extr. s.; warmer in cent. n. Su.; brisk n. w. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Sa., Su.; warmer in n.

Utah—Fair Sa., Su.

Ark., Okl.—Fair Sa., Su.; not so cold.

Tenn., Ky.—Fair Sa.; colder. Su. fair.

Ohio—Snow or rain, colder Sa. Su. fair; brisk n. w. winds.

Ind.—Fair, colder Sat.; Sun. fair.

Ill.—Fair Sat., snow in early morn.; Sun. fair; mod. n. w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Snow Sat.; colder; Sun., snow flurries, cont. cold; brisk n. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Snow Sat.; colder; Sunu. snow, cont. cold.

Wis.—Snow, colder Sat.; Sun. fair, cont. cold; brisk n. w. winds.

Minn., Iowa.—Fair, warmer Sat.; Sun fair.

Mo.—Fair Sat., snow in early morn. in e.; Sunday fair, warmer.

Neb., Kan., N. Dak., S. Dak.—Fair Sat., Sun.; not so cold.

Announcement of Purchase
of the entire salvage stock of the well-known brand of
ADLER'S GLOVES
valued at $150,000.
This stock consists of Full Lines of Staple Gloves for Men, Women and Youths. All in first-class condition.
Entire stock will be sold at wholesale only. Full details will be advertised shortly.
S. Steinfeld & Co.
600-602 Broadway.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Colder weather in grain regions imparted snap to the markets. Wheat left off with gains reaching from ¼c. to ⅝c., corn was up from ⅝c. to ¾c., and oats was firm. Cotton was nervous, but closed with advances of from 4 to 9 points. Provisions were heavy and cotton oil was irregular.

WHEAT.

A blizzard over the Western wheat belt, with the lowest temperature of the season in the Southwest, resulted in a sharp upturn in values in the wheat market. Prices late in the day lost part of the advance, however, closing ¼c to ⅝c net higher.

The foreign markets were generally firmer. Receipts at Western points were somewhat smaller, but the total so far this week shows little change from last week, and the cash demand at Western points was only moderate, especially in the Southwest.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 99c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red Winter, $1.00½, nominal, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03, free on board; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.02¼, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	100⅝	100¼	100 5-16	99⅞	100
July	..	..	97	96⅝	98¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	93½	93⅛	93¼	92⅞	93⅞
July	89¼	88⅜	88⅞	88⅝	91⅝

CORN.

The colder weather over the West resulted in a sharp covering movement in the corn market. Cash markets were somewhat firmer over the country, and the technical position was believed to be firm, and while there was a moderate setback in the afternoon, prices closed well up to the top with net gains of ⅝@¾c.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 70⅛c c. i. f. to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	66⅝	66¼	66⅜	65¾	53¾
July	65⅝	65⅜	65⅝	65	54⅞
September	64⅞	64⅝	64¾	64⅛	55¼

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was inactive, but prices were heavy throughout most of the day. The hog markets were generally quiet and rather heavy, but late in the session there was a partial recovery, due largely to the firmness in corn. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 25,000, estimated for Saturday, 17,000. Kansas City received 3,000 and Omaha 9,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.10	11.07	11.10	11.12	10.55
July	11.30	11.27	11.27	11.30	10.55
Ribs—					
May	11.70	11.65	11.67	11.70	10.50
July	11.85	11.80	11.82	11.85	10.47
Pork—					
May	21.87	21.80	21.80	21.90	19.70

COTTON.

The cotton market showed continued nervousness yesterday, but the close was very steady and from 4 to 9 points net higher. March was again relatively firm, leading the advance and closing at a premium of 36 points over May.

It seems to be the general impression that spot demand has slackened somewhat since the first of the month, and the leading Southern spot markets have worked a shade lower. Southern spot markets at the close yesterday were unchanged to 1-16c lower; generally unchanged.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.65 for middling upland; sales 100 bales; delivered on contract 300 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	12.05	12.04	12.14@12.16	12.05
March	12.24	12.08	12.23@12.24	12.14
April	..	..	11.97@12.00	11.93
May	11.88	11.76	11.87@11.88	11.83
June	11.76	11.76	11.86@11.88	11.81
July	11.88	11.75	11.86@11.88	11.81
August	11.65	11.54	11.64@11.65	11.58
September	11.42	11.42	11.50@11.52	11.46
October	11.46	11.35	11.44@11.45	11.40
December	11.55	11.55	....	..

OATS.

The oats market turned upward with the other markets, influenced by sharp covering, which, earlier in the day, uncovered stop loss orders. The local cash market was steady, standard white being quoted at 44½@45c; No. 2, 45@45½c; No. 3, 44@44½c; No. 4, 43½@44c; ordinary clipped white, 44@46c; fancy clipped white, 45@47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39⅝	39¼	39½	39⅛	35
July	39½	39⅛	39⅜	39⅛	34⅞

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cotton oil was narrow, prices closing at 1 point advance for February and 2 to 4 points lower for the other positions. Crude oil was not pressed for sale, and offerings on the whole were very well absorbed.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.06@7.10	7.00
February	7.06	7.06	7.06@7.10	7.05
March	7.14	7.11	7.13@7.15	7.13
April	..	..	7.19@7.25	7.23
May	7.30	7.28	7.27@7.29	7.31
June	7.39	7.39	7.38@7.40	7.40
July	7.51	7.47	7.48@7.49	7.51
August	7.63	7.60	7.60@7.62	7.63
September	..	..	7.67@7.70	7.70

COFFEE.

The coffee market developed a sagging tendency during yesterday's operations, opening at a decline of 2 to 6 points and closing at the bottom, with a net loss of 8 to 10 points. Aside from moderate buying for European account, which caused a slight rally around midday, there was little feature to the trading, which seemed to consist largely of local operations, with longs inclined to liquidate and shorts to cover. The European markets were heavy, Havre closing at a decline of ½ to ¾ franc, while Hamburg was unchanged at ¼ pfennig lower.

The local spot market was steady, with moderate sales, and prices were unchanged on the basis of 9⅛c for Rio No. 7.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	9.16@9.18	9.24
March	9.29	9.19	9.21@9.22	9.30
April	..	..	9.31@9.32	9.40
May	9.48	9.41	9.41@9.42	9.50
June	..	..	9.50@9.52	9.59
July	..	..	9.60@9.62	9.69
August	..	..	9.69@9.71	9.78
September	9.83	9.78	9.78@9.79	9.86
October	..	..	9.82@9.84	9.91
November	..	..	9.87@9.89	9.96
December	9.97	9.90	9.91@9.93	10.01
January	..	..	9.94@9.96	..

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALTOONA—Kline Bros.; J. A. Baird, notions; 214 Church.
ATHENS, Ga.—Buchwald Bros.; C. L. Buchwald, ladies' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White Co.; B. Ormsby, dress goods, silks; 214 Church.
BEAUMONT—Fashion Store; J. E. Jones, ladies' ready-to-wear; Navarre.
BIRMINGHAM—G. A. Fuller, ladies' ready-to-wear; Woodward.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; K. Berger, furniture; C. Jennings, domestics; J. J. Murphy, underwear; H. J. Gibbs, furn. goods; L. Fisher, men's clothing; 60 W. 33d.
BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; W. Reinhart, furn. goods; 31 Union Square.
CEDAR RAPIDS—Killion Co.; A. L. Killion, cloaks, suits, waists; 41 Union Square.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; Mrs. H. K. Moulinier, coats, suits, dresses; 200 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—H. Jonap & Co.; Miss L. M. Levy, veilings, neckwear; Miss E. Marcuson, children's wear; 220 5th Av.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey Co.; J. B. Ivey, house furn. goods; Continental.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; W. E. Nesbit, carpets, upholstery goods; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss E. Doherty, costumes; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. Landauer, millinery; J. R. Anthony, millinery; A. R. Stumer, millinery; 621 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. Kettlewell, hats, caps, gloves; 438 Broadway.
CHICAGO—J. K. Hermes, rugs; Navarre.
CHICAGO—S. Lederer; S. Rosenthal, general mdse.; Longacre.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; L. R. Fahy, upholstery goods; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—Morehouse Co.; W. W. Wright, cloaks, suits; 60 W. 33d.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss L. L. Price, waists; Miss K. G. Quinn, costumes; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Scott-Griggs Co.; Mrs. C. J. Seese, millinery; 51 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—McQueen & Bonda; W. McQueen, shirtings; Hoffman House.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; W. L. Foster, cloaks, suits; Mrs. V. W. Hart, ready-to-wear; Mrs. A. Barth, misses' wear; 214 Church.
COLUMBUS, O.—H. A. Morgan Co.; H. A. Morgan, furn. goods; Grand.
DALLAS—Titche-Goettinger Co.; S. Neumaier, notions, laces; 353 4th Av.
DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; Miss K. L. Plambeck, laces, hdkfs., trimmings; 214 Church.
EVANSVILLE—Andres Co.; Miss B. Scherer, cloaks, suits; N. E. Lefebre, general mdse.; 60 W. 33d.
FORT WORTH—Burton D. G. Co.; Miss K. Brooder, millinery; 239 4th Av.
GREENVILLE, Miss.—Nelm & Blum Co.; S. Blum, ladies', children's garments; millinery; 69 5th Av.
JACKSON, Tenn.—Rosenbloom Bros.; J. Rosenbloom, general dry goods; Aberdeen.
KALAMAZOO—Strong, Zinn Co.; W. W. Armstrong, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 315 4th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Maxwell, McClure, Fitts D. G. Co.; R. W. Smith, notions, laces; 43 Leonard; Park Av.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; C. W. Warnock, corsets, petticoats, underwear; 214 Church.
LOS ANGELES—A. Firsenot Co.; C. Priddy, notions, hdkfs.; Marie Antoinette.
LOS ANGELES—J. M. Hale & Co.; L. R. Davis, cloaks, suits; 50 Union Square.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; Miss T. Kling, linings, notions; 214 Church.
MAHONEY CITY, Penn.—"Garey's"; A. A. Garey, silks, cotton waists; 15 E. 26th.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; F. C. Paraski, hosiery, knit underwear, furn. goods; I. Kornik, black, colored dress goods, flannels; 22 E. 17th.
OSKALOOSA, Iowa—Baldonff, Rosenblatt Co.; Miss W. Ryan, corsets, muslin underwear; A. Rosenblatt, cloaks, suits; Navarre.
PHILADELPHIA—W. H. McMahon, carpets; York.
RICHMOND, Ind.—G. H. Knollenberg Co.; F. H. Haner, notions, corsets, millinery; G. E. Klute, dress goods, silks; St. James.
RICHMOND—Anderson, Lewis, Gray Co.; M. M. Anderson, dry goods; Great Northern.
ROCHESTER—McCurdy, Norwell Co.; E. E. Swarthout, dress goods, silk; 220 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith O'Brien Co.; Miss H. M. Cox, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Emporium; A. Hollander, notions; 60 W. 33d.
SAN FRANCISCO—Star Jobbing House; Mrs. Fein, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 6 W. 22d.
SAN FRANCISCO—Prager Co.; Miss Peiser, ladies' wear; 200 5th Av.
SEATTLE—McDougall & Southwick Co.; O. C. Wolfinger, domestics; 214 Church.
SHREVEPORT—Florsheim Bros. D. G. Co.; S. L. Florsheim, carpets; 43 Leonard.
SIOUX CITY—Pellitier Co.; F. L. Clarke, carpets; 45 E. 17th.
SPRINGFIELD, Tenn.—Dulin, Glenn & Co.; F. Glenn, furn. goods, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; A. F. Williams, furniture; 320 Church; Park Av.
SYRACUSE—Syracuse D. G. Co.; Miss N. M. Stark, mfg. dept., waists, dresses; 320 B'way.
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; W. H. Campbell, domestics; J. W. Sherer, dress goods, silks; F. Reger, dry goods; 320 Church; Wallick.
TULSA, Okla.—Hunt, Riddick Co.; D. Hunt, notions, ready-to-wear; M. H. Reddick, notions, hosiery; 220 5th Av.
WATERLOO, Iowa—Kimmell & Lefkowitz; H. Lefkowitz, ready-to-wear; Broztell.
WENATCHER, Wash.—Newbauer Dept. Store; N. I. Newbauer, general mdse.; 129 W 27th.
ZANESVILLE—H. Weber Sons Co.; S. Weber, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man for city and vicinity; muslin underwear. M. L. H., Box L 27 Times.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-717-719 BROADWAY.

Phil Gill Says:-
"I don't see how he does it at the Price." That's the wail of my competitors and the wonder of my customers when they see how much value I crowd into my DRESSES.
39 WEST 32D ST.

Taffetas Wanted
Navy—Pearl—Steel—Brown.
Fisher & Thompson,
26 Washington Place.

NOVELTY DRESSES
POPULAR PRICES
Sigmund Katz, 153 West 23d St.

AUCTION SALES.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11TH, 1914,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

25 shs. Atch., Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Pfd.
19 shs. Manhattan Rway Co.
5 shs. Eagle Warehouse & Storage Co.
17 shs. Union Ferry Co.
25 shs. Reading Company 1st Pfd.
12 shs. Erie R. R. Co. 1st Pfd.
250 shs. Brooklyn City R. R. Co.
45 shs. People's Trust Co., Bklyn.
50 shs. Garfield Safe Deposit Co.
5 shs. Central Safe Deposit Co.

FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

$37,000 Pennsylvania Knitting Mills Co. of Reading 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bonds, due 1952, Nov., 1910, Coupons attached.
$11,000 New York & Westchester Town Site 6 p. c. Deb. Inc. Bds., carrying $2,750—6 p. c. Inc. Bds. of same Company.
50 shs. Riker & Hegeman Co. Pfd (old stock.)
18 shs. Riker & Hegeman Co. common (old stock.)
$1,000 2d Mortgage made by Morris Meletzky and wife to Samuel Miller, dated March 22, 1912, at 6 p. c. on property 91 Garden Street, Yonkers, N. Y.
2,000 shs. The United States Light & Heating Co. common.
25 shs. Security Bank.
10 shs. National Nassau Bank.
5 shs. Chemical National Bank.
10 shs. New York Life Insurance & Trust Co.
17 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
25 shs. Adams Express Co.
100 shs. Siegel Stores Corporation common.
25 shs. Lawyers Westchester Mortgage & Title Co.
1,500 shs. Standish Arms Realty Co.
The following participations in a 3rd Mtge. for $123,500 held by the Title Guarantee & Trust Co. on the property of the Standish Arms Realty Co., 167 to 171 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y., to wit: 2d participation, $35,000; 3d participation, $35,000; 4th participation, $30,000; 5th participation, $5,000. The above participations are all subject to a 1st participation of $18,500 and have priority as to each other in the order named. They are sold plus such interest as may be due.
Three participations in a 4th Mtge. for $30,000 on said property held by the Brooklyn Trust Co. as Trustee, said participations being of equal status to wit: One for $4,000, endorsed interest paid to Aug. 1, 1910. Another for $10,475, endorsed interest paid Aug. 1, 1910, and the other for $15,525, endorsed interest paid to Feb. 1, 1910, all sold plus such interest as may be due. Two promissory notes of Standish Arms Realty Co. to the order of W. C. Bolton, endorsed without recourse, one for $22,000, dated April 8, 1912, due Oct. 8, 1912, and the other for $7,000, dated June 3, 1913, due July 3, 1913.

MERCHANDISE.

Department Stores, Jobbers, Attention
Van Praag & Co., Auct'rs, will sell
Tues., Feb. 10, and Wed., Feb. 11,
AT 10:30 A. M. EACH DAY,
at Our Salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.,
$60,000 Inventory Value
Stock in Original Cases,
DRY GOODS
DOMESTICS
LADIES' and GENTS'
FURNISHINGS
and NOTIONS
BEING THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
August Steffens Dry Goods Co.,
the well-known wholesale concern of Davenport, Iowa, retiring, comprising the most staple and saleable merchandise, and will be sold in very large trade lots. Descriptive catalogues at sale.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORITZ SAFRAN, ISIDOR SAFRAN, and LEO SAFRAN, individually and as copartners, engaged in business under the firm name and style of M. SAFRAN AND SONS, Bankrupts.

Take notice that, pursuant to an order of this court dated the 28th day of January, 1914, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the 13th day of February, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the premises formerly occupied by the bankrupts, at No. 257 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, the following described property:

Parcel No. 1.—All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupts and of the receiver in and to the unexpired term of a certain lease of the basement in premises known as No. 257 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, subject to all arrears now due or which may become due under the terms of this lease, including the charges for the period during which said premises were occupied by the receiver, and also subject to all incumbrances and liens of every kind, nature, and description.

Parcel No. 2.—All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to all the portable furniture, fixtures, and equipment, including tables, chairs, linen, glassware, crockery, kitchen utensils, and chattels of every kind, nature, and description, except as hereinafter set forth, and excluding the food supplies contained in the premises above mentioned and excluding the cash registers.

Parcel No. 3.—All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the stock of wines, liquors, food supplies, groceries, cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco contained in said premises.

The following property located in the premises above described, formerly occupied by the bankrupts in the conduct of their business, is not included in the above sale:

All partitions, stationary fixtures, bar, mirrors, counters, plumbing, ventilating apparatus, electric light fixtures, and one sixteen-foot range, four fire and four ovens, with plate shelf; two broilers, one gas and one charcoal; one steam table, with Bain Marie, and kitchen table; one saucepan rack, one hood to cover range, broilers, and boilers; one set of coffee urns, one dish-washing machine, two dish heaters, one silver buffing machine, one cutlery renovator, one steam table outfit for lunch counter, one lot of service counters, with wire inclosure extending to ceiling; one meat refrigerator, one fish refrigerator, one fruit refrigerator, one milk and butter refrigerator, one beer refrigerator, one bar refrigerator, one lot of kitchen and service sinks, one six-ton refrigerating machine with brine piping, and coils for all refrigerators; one vegetable refrigerator. Said property may be inspected on any day before said sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. at said premises.

Dated New York, February 8th, 1914.

OTTO M. STERNFELD, Receiver,
31 Nassau Street, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JAMES F. KENNEY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Eugene Blumenthal, the temporary Receiver herein, will offer for sale the property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, and fixtures, situated at No. 509 Eighth Avenue and No. 964 Third Avenue.

The property will be offered for sale as follows:

Sealed bids will be received by the Receiver at the office of the Wholesale Shoe League, No. 127 Duane Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1914, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

(1) For the entire stock and fixtures, located at 509 Eighth Avenue.

(2) For the entire stock and fixtures, located at 964 Third Avenue.

(3) For the entire stocks and fixtures, located at both places.

All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least 10% of the amount thereof, and the balance, or purchase price, must be paid to the Receiver within twenty-four hours after acceptance, and must describe the property for which the bid is offered.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids submitted.

The stock and fixtures may be inspected and examined at the above premises on the 3d and 4th days of February, 1914, between the hours of nine A. M. and five P. M.

Any person desiring information may obtain the same from the undersigned,

EUGENE BLUMENTHAL, Receiver,
Woolworth Building, New York City.
HASTINGS & GLEASON, Attorneys for Receiver, 258 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The above sale adjourned to Feb. 12, 1914, at same time and place. Inspection of property Feb. 10, from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

EUGENE BLUMENTHAL, Receiver.

The above sale is adjourned to February 13, 1914, same time and place.

EUGENE BLUMENTHAL, Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN BERMAN, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 17th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 12 East 13th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of delicatessens, groceries, ice boxes, coffee grinder, meat cutter, cash register, fixtures, &c. Inspection Feb. 14th and 16th between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

GEORGE R. HALL, Receiver.
DANIEL DRANGLE, Attorney for Receiver, 124 Essex St., New York.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of STEWART M. HUNT, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that pursuant to an order of this Court I, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on the 7th day of February, 1914, at 11 o'clock, at Montrose, Westchester County, and State of New York, the premises directed by said order to be sold, to-wit:

All of the right, title, and interest of John J. Totten, Clinton F. Ferris, and Edward J. Wilson, as Trustees in Bankruptcy of the above named bankrupt, and all the right, title, and interest of the above named bankrupt in and to the premises therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the buildings thereon erected, and all machinery connected or attached to said buildings and property situate at Montrose, in the Town of Cortlandt, County of Westchester, and State of New York, on the easterly side of New York and Albany Post Road, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southwesterly corner of the premises hereby conveyed and adjoining land of School District No. 15 of said Town of Cortlandt; thence running northerly along said New York and Albany Post Road, one hundred (100) feet; thence easterly three hundred (300) feet to a small apple tree; thence southerly and parallel to the first described course, fifty (50) feet to a stone wall and property of said School District No. 15; thence westerly with said stone wall to the point or place of beginning, containing all the land within said bounds, be said dimensions more or less, together with all and singularly tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances belonging to the said property.

Dated New York, Jan. 24, 1914.

JOHN J. TOTTEN,
CLINTON F. FERRIS,
EDWARD J. WILSON,
Trustees.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Trustees, No. 64 William St., New York City, N. Y.

For the information of prospective purchasers, there is a mortgage upon the said property amounting to the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) principal, which may remain or not, at the option of the purchaser. All interest to date of deed, and all taxes on the property, will be allowed by the Trustees out of the purchase price. The wife of the bankrupt will release her dower and accept a sum in gross in full satisfaction of her interest therein.

For any further information regarding the same apply to WILLIAM HENKEL, JR., Attorney for Trustees, No. 64 William St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City,
or NATHAN P. BUSHNELL, Attorney for Bankrupt, Peekskill, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISIDOR COHEN, who was doing business under the name and style of COLLAPSIBLE PAPER BOX COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this court, bearing date December 24th, 1913, the undersigned, Willis S. Whittlesey, Esq., temporary receiver of the above-named bankrupt, offers for sale the property, assets, and effects of the said estate, consisting of paper box making machines, tools, fixtures, raw stock consisting of paper board, made-up material consisting of paper boxes, &c., now located at 430 West 14th Street, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan. The said property may be inspected on said premises any day up to and including February 13, 1914, upon request of the receiver. Said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on said premises, on the 13th day of February, 1914, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon of that day. The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York City, February 6, 1914.

WILLIS S. WHITTLESEY, Receiver,
7 East 42d St., New York City.
ADOLPH M. SCHWARZ, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of F. D. HOHMAN, INC., Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Feb. 13, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 239 West 56th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobiles, auto bodies, landaulet, limousines, touring bodies, chassis, tires, parts, motors, magnetos, office furniture, desks, safe, &c. Inspection Feb. 10th and 11th between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Receiver.
WILLIAMS & HAMBURGER, Attorneys for Receiver, Flatiron Bldg., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,037.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HERMAN B. FLAXMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Herman Flaxman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, verified February 5, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court; and that all creditors nd other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable District Judges at the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 16, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

New York, February 6, 1914.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAURICE PEARL trading as THE INTERNATIONAL RUBBER COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 16th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of rubberized piece goods, &c. Inspection Feb. 14 from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

EDWIN H. UPDIKE, Trustee.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Trustee, 141 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 17,980.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SIMON LUSTIG and LOUIS LUSTIG, individually and as copartners, trading under the firm name of LUSTIG BROS., bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Simon Lustig and Louis Lustig, bankrupts, have filed their petition, verified February 2, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by them to their creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court; and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable District Judges at the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 16, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

New York, February 5, 1914.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,072.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY BAUM, trading as BAUM DRY GOODS CO. AND NATIONAL DRESS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Baum, bankrupt, has filed his petition, verified February 5, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court; and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable District Judges at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 16, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

New York, February 5, 1914.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CONSTAD & ROSEN, Aleged Bankrupts.—No. 19,101.

To the creditors of Constad & Rosen, alleged bankrupts:

That pursuant to an order of Hon. Julius M. Mayer, Judge, dated January 28th, 1914, the above entitled matter was referred to me, as Referee, for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above named alleged bankrupts will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupts herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 2, 1914.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,997.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.In the matter of HUSCH, INC., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Husch, Inc., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Husch, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 6th, 1914.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL WEISS, Bankrupt.—No. 19,255.

To the creditors of Samuel Weiss, of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Samuel Weiss was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, February 6th, 1914.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, W. 57th St. Rev. GEORGE F. PENTECOST, D. D. 11 A. M.—"Resurrection Guarantee." 8 P. M.—"Bringing Sons to Glory."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St., Amsterdam Av. Rev. Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—Preaching 11 and 8 by Rev. Alvah S. Hobart, D. D. EVERYBODY WELCOME.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs. Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 8 West 46th St. Dr. Woelfkin, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Bible Classes 9:40 A.M. Sunday School 9:30 A.M.

FORT WASHINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH, 600 West 181st Street. Rev. ENOS J. BOSWORTH. 11 A. M.—"CHURCH BUILDING." 8 P. M.—"THE STING OF THE SERPENT."

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway, 104th.—Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY. 11, "A Life of Golden Deeds." 8, "Heart Insanity."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. Rev. JAMES M. BRUCE, 11 and 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVE., COR. 31ST ST. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Union Bible Class 9:45. Rev. E. R. Eaton, Ldr.

WASHINGTON HGTS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av., Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—"Tenth Commandment." 8 P. M.—Bunyan's "Pilgrims' Progress."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.:

First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th Street and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st Street.
Fifth Church, Madison Avenue & 38th Street.

Church of the New Jerusalem.

NEW CHURCH, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. "The Lord's Ministry in Galilee," illustrated by lantern pictures for children and older people, 10:15 A. M. Service at 11 A. M., the Pastor will preach. Subject: "Unreasonable Living." A consideration of causes which lead to some of the follies and insanities of life.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. 8 P. M., "Christian Unity." Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, 76th St. Dr. STIMSON, Pastor. Services 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.—Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M., "What Jesus Taught Concerning His Own Death." 8 P. M., Illustrated Lecture, "New York in 1776," Mr. R. P. Bolton.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE. Founded 1876. Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St. 11 A. M.—Mr. ALFRED NOYES, Speaker. Subject: "Militarism or the Green Table." 8 P. M.—Mr. A. W. MARTIN, Speaker. Subject: "The First Christians."

Jewish.

BETH-EL TEMPLE, Fifth Avenue and 76th Street. Rabbi FOSTER of Newark. Sunday morning at eleven. "MOSES THE BUILDER."

FREE SYNAGOGUE. CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 11. Dr. WISE: "Lincoln: Man and American." ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St. Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Sermon by Dr. Enelow, "The Alloy of Life." Sunday, 11:15 A.M., Sermon by Dr. Silverman, "The Ethics of Immigration Restriction." Mon., 11 A. M. sharp, lecture by Dr. Enelow, "Judah Ha-Levi: Philosopher and Poet." All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d. Dr. REMENSNYDER. Services 11, 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

HEDDING CHURCH, 337 E. 17th St., Dr. W. H. Wood, Pastor. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH, Cor. 60th Street. Rev. CHARLES L. MEAD, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Glory of the Church." 8 P. M.—"The Secret of Lincoln's Life." Strangers welcome.

PROF. W. M. SLOANE, L. H. D., LL. D. "The Balkan Puzzle," Lecture 10 A. M. PARK AVENUE CHURCH, cor. 86th Street.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76TH ST., WEST. 11 A. M., SERMON, DR. FINCH. 4 P. M., MUSICAL SERVICE. Selections from "The Ascension," with special quartet, chorus, violin, and 'cello.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 126th Street. Dr. HARRY F. WARD of Boston. Morning, 11. Evening, 8.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Avenue and 86th Street. C. L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., "Our Stewardship." 8 P. M., "The Gospel of Cheer."

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48TH ST. WEST of Broadway, J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister. 11 A. M., "Positive Religion"; 8 P. M., "Lincoln."

New Thought.

BERKELEY THEATRE, 44th St. & 5th Ave. MARY E. T. CHAPIN. 11 A. M.—"CHILDREN." 8 P. M.—Studio, same bldg. "The Way Out."

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST. Princess Theatre, West 39th St., near 6th Av. Speaker, REV. DR. W. JOHN MURRAY. SUBJECT: "What Is Sin?" 11 A. M.

Happiness Talks, Wednesdays, at three. Margaret Cutting Ives. 60 West Tenth St. No charge.

MR. HENRY FRANK, SCHUYLER THEATRE, B'WAY, 82D ST., SUNDAY, 11 A. M.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St., Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

SWAMI ABHEDANANDA, Carnegie Chapter Hall, 57th, 7th Av., Sunday Evenings, 8:15. "Reincarnation."

THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, Sundays, 11 A. M. F. W. Sears, Speaker. NEW AEOLIAN HALL, 32 West 43d St. Finest Pipe Organ in the World. Organ Recital and Sacred Concert, 10:30 A.M. YOU are welcome. Reserved seats. Free seats.

THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, Speaker, Dr. JULIA SETON SEARS. Sundays, 11:15 A. M., 48th St. Theatre.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Communion at the Morning Service.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., bet. B'way and 7TH AV., Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Afternoon subject, "BROTHERHOOD WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE CHURCH." Sabbath School at 9:45 A. M. Young Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M. Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M. ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St. Pastor, The Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D. Morning Services at 11 o'clock. Offering for the Deacon's Fund. DR. JOWETT WILL PREACH. At 4:30 o'clock the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed. The midweek service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. Rev. P. Elwood Erickson, M. A., will preach 11 and 8.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Presbyterian.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 24th Street. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister. The pastor will preach 11 A. M., Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M. Adults' Bible Class, 10 A. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. FIFTH AVENUE—ELEVENTH STREET. HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 73D STREET. Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D., Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Communion following Morning Service. Topic for the Evening Sermon will be SOME ELEMENTS IN THE CHRISTIAN CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIAL PROGRESS.

THE BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Frank Latimer Janeway. Dr. Merrill will preach at eleven and four o'clock. Bible School and Classes, 9:40 and 10 o'clock. Midweek Service, Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. NOON SERVICE EVERY WEEKDAY (except Feb. 12,) 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, at eleven o'clock. Preacher, the Reverend Professor JULIUS AUGUST BEWER, Ph. D. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Broadway at 120th Street. Public lectures on "THE BEGINNINGS OF THE CHURCH," by the Rev. Professor ERNEST F. SCOTT, D. D., of Queen's University, Kingston, Canada. Monday, Feb. 9, "The Lord's Supper." Wednesday, Feb. 11, "The Earliest Christianity," at five o'clock.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Corner 10th St.—Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN. Amsterdam, at 105th.—At 11 A. M. REV. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., will preach. At 8 P. M. GENERAL BOOTH, will preach.

WEST 23D ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 7th Av.—Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, D. D., at 11 and 8.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., } Pastors. Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M. Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th St., near Broadway. The Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. W. Montague Geer.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Chas. Fiske, D. D.
8:15 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. J. O. S. Huntington, O. H. C. Service for Church Mission of Help.
Daily Services at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and 4:30 P. M. (Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st, the Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion 8 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector at 11 A. M. Choral Evensong at 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D.D., Rector. Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rev. Charles Fiske, D.D., of St. Michael and All Angels, Baltimore,) 10:45. Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, Fifth Ave. above 45th St. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. 8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11, Morning Service, Sermon, Bishop Rowe.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Ave. and 20th St. ALWAYS OPEN AND FREE TO ALL. REV. HENRY MOTTET, D. D., Rector.
8—Holy Communion.
11—Rev. Wm. C. Brown, D. D.
12—Holy Communion.
3—Children's Service.
3—French Service.
8—Rev. Samuel Neal Kent.

DAILY NOON-DAY SERVICE, Commencing 12:30 and lasting 15 minutes. PREACHER, Rev. Samuel Neal Kent.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST. REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer. Address, Rector.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th Street, Dr. Houghton, Rector. Communions: 7, 8, 9 A. M. LE JEUNE'S MASS and SERMON, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. SERMON at 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th Street. Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer: Preacher, The Rector .... 11 A. M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton .... 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 East 27th. Services: Demain, 10:30 et 8. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11 (Rector). 4 (Mr. Washburn); 8 (Mr. Edwards).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., at 44th St. 8:30 A. M. and 11 A. M., 4 P. M. Organ Recital 5:15 P. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH is on 16th Street, east of Third Avenue. Services at 8, 11, and 8. ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, Madison Ave. and 71st St. Holy Communion, 8; Sunday School, 9:45. Morning Service, (Rev. C. P. TINKER,) 11. Afternoon Service, (Rev. N. P. CAREY,) 4.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE, Tenth Street and Second Avenue, WM. NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector. Services 8:00, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00 A. M., 4:00, 5:00, 8:00, 9:00 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 West 84th. Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—8-11; Evening, 8, Mendelssohn's "Elijah."

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, Fifth Av. and 53d St. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. (Rector.)
11—Morning Service and Sermon. (Rector.)
4—Evensong and address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

THE ASCENSION, 5TH AV. & 10TH ST. Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Rector. 11, Rector. 4, Mendelssohn's "Elijah." 8, Rev. Dr. W. D. P. Bliss. "Unemployment."

THE NEW YORK PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CITY MISSION SOCIETY. The public is invited to take the steamer "Lowell," foot of East 26th St., on Sunday, Feb. 8, at 3 P. M., for a service at the Episcopal Chapel, City Home for the Aged, Blackwell's Island, to commemorate the 25th anniversary of its consecration. REV. L. W. BEARD, Chaplain.

TRINITY CHURCH.

Sunday Services:
7 and 7:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
8:15 A. M.—Holy Communion, (in German.)
10:15 A. M.—The Litany.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion.
3:30 P. M.—Evensong and Sermon.
8:00 P. M.—Shortened Evensong and Sermon.

Weekday Services:
7:30, 9 A. M., 5 P. M.
Short service for business people daily, (except Saturday,) at 12 M.

CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Ave. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach. 11 A.M.—"Gold Tried in the Fire." 8 P.M.—"A Little Lower Than the Angels."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Ave. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Evening Subject: "Truthfulness." Church School and Bible Classes, 9.45 A. M. Quartet accompanied by Organ, Harp and Violin.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Ave. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. Wm. I. Chamberlain, D. D., [illegible] preach at 11 A. M. Rev. Thomas Mo[illegible] Nichols at 4:30 P. M. Subject: "A [illegible] Brighter Than the Sun[illegible]" Oratorio; [illegible] Paul," Mendelssohn. Hans Kronold, [illegible]

Reformed.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE REFORMED Church, Convent Av. and 149th St., (near Broadway,) PAUL SEIBERT LEINBACH, D. D., Minister. All seats free. Everybody welcome. 11 A. M.—"The Best Rule for Your Life." 8 P. M.—"Five Kinds of Cowards."

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner of 57th St. 11 A. M., Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D. 4:30 P.M., Rev. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, D.D.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 123d St. Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 55th St. and Madison Av., W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship at 11 o'clock, No. 144 East 20th St., New York, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.

PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY, Inc., Spiritualist meetings, Sunday 3 and 8 P. M.; Monday and Thursday, 8 P. M. Tuxedo Building, 59th and Madison Ave. Everybody welcome. CHRISTENSEN, Psychic.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL HEADQUARTERS, 2,228 Broadway, 79th St., to-morrow evening promptly, 8:15. Subject: "Theosophy, a Solution for the Unrest of To-day," by Miss Annie Peake. Admission Free. Strangers Welcome.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS', (Unitarian,) Fourth Avenue and 20th Street. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Minister. Rev. WM. L. SULLIVAN, Associate Minister. Mr. SULLIVAN will preach the sermon. Subject, "THE SPIRITUAL IDEAL OF A LIBERAL CHURCH." Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, (Unitarian,) Park Av. and 34th St. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "GOD AND THE PROBLEM OF EVIL." Last in a series on "SOME VEXING THEOLOGICAL PROBLEMS OF OUR DAY." Thursday, 4 P. M., free organ recital.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, corner 121st St. Services at eleven. "THE NEW RELIGION." Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., minister.

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th Street. Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M., "THE UNIVERSALIST CHURCH AND THE CHURCH UNIVERSAL," and at 4:30 P. M., "Lessons from the Life of Lincoln."

Y. M. C. A.

"IS THAT SO?" Moving Pictures and Addresses. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. and 8th Ave., 3:30 P. M.

Other Services.

BILLY SUNDAY, Carnegie Hall, March 9, 8 P. M. EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE. Tenth Tent Open Air and Shop Campaign. Admission Tickets, 541 Lexington Av.

EDUCATIONAL SERIES, Bible Study Evening Lectures, 151 West 125th Street.—Beginning Feb. 8, "The Kingdom of God" in picture. Abraham to Millennium. Illustrated by stereopticon.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8TH Av. and 44th St., Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, 10:30 A. M. and 7:45 P. M., preaching by Rev. J. Hudson Ballard of Nyack, N. Y. Morning subject, "The Unknown Present"; evening, "What Does it Mean to be Born Again?"

READ REV. 13:16, 17, THEN HEAR, 7:45 P. M., "A Mark on the Foreheads of the Men of this Generation: A Requisite to Do Business." Prof. C. T. Everson, Heights Lecture Hall, 181st St. and Audubon Av.

THE DAILY TEMPLE, 32d St., between Park and Madison Avs. Sunday, Feb. 8, at 8:15 P. M., Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, "Religion and the Workingman." Reading by Miss Knopf.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 W. 80th.—Swami Bodhananda, "The Seat of Authority," 3 P. M. "Man—His Own Ancestor," 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.

CLINTON AVENUE CHURCH, CLINTON and Lafayette Avenues, Rev. NEHEMIAH BOYNTON, D. D., Rev. MORRISON RUSSELL BOYNTON, Ministers.—Public worship 10:30 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Dr. BOYNTON will preach at both services. Morning subject: "Every Man's Work." Evening subject: "Determination." Everybody welcome.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Rev. Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus, President of Armour Institute, Chicago, will preach morning and evening in exchange with Dr. Hillis.

Presbyterian.

LAFAYETTE AVE., BROOKLYN, Cor. So. Oxford, (3 blocks from Subway Terminal.) The Rev. Charles Carroll Albertson, D. D., The Rev. James Forsyth Riggs, Jr., A. M., Ministers. Dr. Albertson will speak at 10:30 and 7:45.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR (Unitarian.) Pierrepont and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP. Service at 11.

Y. M. C. A.

Dr. S. PARKES CADMAN. "Is Religion an Option or a Necessity?" Address and Question Box. Music by SCHUBERT BRASS QUARTET. Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Men only. Free. BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av. and Monroe St., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:04 | Sun sets..5:24 | Moon sets..5:01

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:40	5:14	11:10	11:11
Governors Island	5:01	5:32	11:32	11:49
Hell Gate	6:51	7:22	1:32	1:29

Arrived—Friday, Feb. 6.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, Jan. 31.
SS St. Paul, Southampton, Jan. 28.
SS Chester, Antwerp, Jan. 16.
SS Moncenisio, London, Jan. 20.
SS Pibston, Guantanamo, Jan. 29.
SS Denaby, Huelva, Jan. 14.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, Feb. 3.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Feb. 5.
SS Mexico, Havana, Feb. 3.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Franconia (Aust.)	Algiers	Jan. 27
Floride	Havre	Jan. 24
Italia	Palermo	Jan. 23
Caribbean	Bermuda	Feb. 5
Kristianiafjord	Bergen	Jan. 25
Almirante	Kingston	Jan. 21
Parima	St. Thomas	Feb. 3
San Eduardo	London	Jan. 24
Scottish Prince	Trinidad	Jan. 30
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 31
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 4

DUE TO-MORROW.

Megantic	Liverpool	Jan. 29
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Hamburg	Jan. 29
Provence	Havre	Jan. 31
Pisa	Hamburg	Jan. 23
Cameronia	Glasgow	Jan. 31
Kansas City	Swansea	Jan. 24
Italia	Palermo	Jan. 23
Terence	Barbados	Jan. 31
Commewijne	Port of Spain	Feb. 2
Glamorgan	St. Lucia	Jan. 31
Cubic	Liverpool	Jan. 27
City of Columbus	Savannah	Feb. 5

DUE MONDAY.

Prinz F. Wilhelm	Cherbourg	Feb. 1
Minneapolis	Southampton	Jan. 31
Chicago	Havre	Jan. 31
Allemania	Inagua	Feb. 4
Coamo	San Juan	Feb. 4
Bermudian	Bermuda	Feb. 7
Comus	New Orleans	Feb. 4
El Oriente	Galveston	Feb. 3
Gunther	Rotterdam	Jan. 26

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Caledonia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carpathia, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
M. Washington, Azores	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Ardoyne, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vauban, Barbados	9:00 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Calamares, Jamaica	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Emily L. Boas, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg	——	9:00 A.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Czar, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Denver, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Victoria Luise, Havana	——	11:00 A.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Christopher, Para	——	6:00 A.M.
El Valle, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Madison, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Japanese Prince, Argentina	12:30 M.	3:00 P.M.
Christian X., Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	——	11:00 A.M.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	——	10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 6.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg to New York, was 840 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 8th, afternoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 900 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 8th, forenoon. French Line.

SS Minneapolis, London to New York, was 1,275 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 9th, forenoon. Atlantic Transport Line.

SS Italia, Genoa to New York, was 388 miles E. at 12:05 A. M.; due 7th, forenoon. Anchor Line.

SS Kristianiafjord, Bergen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 1:30 P. M.; due 7th, forenoon. Norwegian-American Line.

SS Loki, Hamburg to New York, was 850 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 4:30 P. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Almirante, Kingston to New York, was 211 miles S. at noon.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 306 miles E. of Sabine at noon.

SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 8 miles S. of Egmont Key at noon.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 136 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 5 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 312 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 18 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 12 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 228 miles S. at 8 A. M.

SS Parima, Barbados to New York, was 250 miles S. at noon.

SS Carolyn, San Juan to New York, was 450 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Caribbean, Bermuda to New York, was 326 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, crossed Sabine Bar at 3 P. M.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 265 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 11, SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 9, SS Potsdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 12, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Feb. 10, SS Kristianiafjord, and at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 12, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Manchuria	Feb. 7
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nile	Feb. 11
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa	Feb. 12

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cedric, at Queenstown, Feb. 6.
SS Herm, at Odessa, Jan. 29.
SS Virginia, at Algiers, Feb. 2.
SS Texas, at Christiania, Feb. 3.
SS Kandelfels, at Calcutta, Feb. 5.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Feb. 6.
SS Majestic, at Plymouth, Feb. 6.
SS Vaderland, at Dover, Feb. 6.
SS Laconia, at Naples, Feb. 6.
SS Cleveland, at Malta, Feb. 6.
SS Baron Jedburgh, at Port Said, Feb. 6.
SS Chipana, at Puerto Madryn, Feb. 6.
SS Kansas, at Beria, Feb. 5.

Sailed.

SS Amerika, from Southampton, Feb. 6.
SS Patris, from Patras, Jan. 28.
SS Lucia, from Trieste, Feb. 2.
SS Benedict, from Barbados, Feb. 5.
SS Lackawanna, from Manchester, Feb. 5.
SS Isle of Jura, from Buenos Aires, Feb. 4.
SS Kafus, from Manila, Feb. 5.

Passed.

SS Parmsum, for New York from Santos, passed Pernambuco.
SS Russia, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Noordam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Mounier, New York for Salonica, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Jan. 3; Hong Kong, Jan. 6; Shanghai, Jan. 9; Yokohama, Jan. 17; Honolulu, Jan. 27—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Manchuria, were dispatched east at 7:20 P. M., Feb. 2, and are due in New York this morning.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..Feb. 17
¶Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Feb. 21
*Barbarossa .... Feb. 26
¶Kaiser Wilhelm II....Mar. 10
*Gneisenau .... Mar. 12
Bremen (Bremen direct)..Mar. 19
¶Sails at 1 A. M.
Steamers marked (*) indicate One Cabin (II) to Bremen direct.
Baltimore-Bremen direct. One Cabin (II.); Wednesdays.
Sailings on SATURDAY for THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene .... Feb. 14
Koenig Albert .... Feb. 28
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MARCH 28—APRIL 18—MAY 9
MAY 30—JUNE 20—JULY 11
Via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton.
OTHER SAILINGS:
*ST. PAUL, Feb. 13, 10 AM | *NEW YORK, Feb. 27
OCEANIC, Feb. 18, noon | *ST. PAUL..Mar. 13
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, (Noon.)
Splendid Steamer
MEGANTIC, Feb. 12
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†CYMRIC.....Feb. 7 | BALTIC........Mar. 12
CEDRIC.......Feb. 26 | CEDRIC........Mar 26
†Cymric carries only ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) and THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS.
American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE, $55 UP.
ST. PAUL.....Feb. 13 | NEW YORK...Feb. 27
ST. LOUIS....Feb. 20 | PHILA'PHIA...Mar. 6
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N.R., 16th St.
Minneapolis, Feb. 14, 10 AM | Minnetonka, Mar. 7
Minnewaska, Feb. 28, 10 AM | Minneapolis, Mar. 21
Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 21st Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
FINLAND.....Feb. 11 | VADERLAND..Mar. 4
LAPLAND.....Feb. 25 | KROONLAND..Mar. 11
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Caledonia, Feb. 7, noon
Cameronia, Feb. 14, n'n | California, Feb. 28, n'n
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Feb. 21, noon.
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*La Savoie.....Feb. 18 | *La Savoie.....Mar. 11
*La Lorraine...Feb. 25 | *La Lorraine..Mar. 18
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"HAMBURG," April 4, 3 P. M.
"MOLTKE," April 16, 3 P. M.
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QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Campania, Feb. 18, 1 am | Mauretania Apr. 8, 1 A. M.
*Carmania, Feb. 28, 10 am | *Campania, Apr. 15, 1 am
*Campania, Mar. 25, 1am | Lusitania Apr. 22, 1 A. M.
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Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Patras, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See Itinerary.
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To Rotterdam, $60 and up, 1st Cabin; $45, 2d.
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Czar....Feb. 7, 2 PM | Kursk..Feb. 28, 2 PM
Dwinsk..Feb. 17, 2 PM | Russia..Mar. 10, 2 PM
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Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
*Potsdam....Feb. 10 | *Noordam....Mar. 3
†N. Ams'dam.Feb. 24 | *Ryndam....Mar. 10
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

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Spring Tours de Luxe to the Far East, with expert leadership, leave San Francisco March 5 and 21. Itineraries include Japan in Cherry-Blossom and Wistaria Season, a delightful 350-mile cruise among the Philippine Islands, Manchuria, Korea and China. Limited membership, fully inclusive fares.
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LONDON PARIS, HAMBURG
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Kais'n Aug. Vic. Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant....Feb. 19, 12 Noon
Amerika........Feb. 19, 12 Noon
†Pennsylvania..Feb. 28, 12 Noon
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Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
S. S. Hamburg....Feb. 17, 3 P. M.
S. S. Cincinnati..Mar. 5, 3 P. M.
S. S. Hamburg....Apr. 4, 3 P. M.
S. S. Moltke.....Apr. 16, 3 P. M.
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From BOSTON to London, Paris, Hamburg
Fuerst Bismarck.Feb. 27, 10 A. M.
Rhaetia........Mar. 13, 10 A. M.
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WORCESTER.......2.40
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FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
CONTINENTAL HOTEL
ROME

COURT CALENDARS.

Appellate Division.

These decisions were announced yesterday:

People, &c., respt., vs. Irving V. Dwyer et al., applts. Judg't and order affirmed.

Elizabeth W. Mitchell, respt., vs. Philip Boyer et al., applts. Judg't and order reversed; new trial ordered.

David Miller, respt., vs. Sam'l S. Blood, as Pres't, &c., applt. Judg't and order reversed with costs and compl't dismissed.

John McClave, respt., vs. Texas Co., applt. Judg't and order reversed, new trial ordered with costs to applt. to abide event, unless plff. stipulates to reduce the recovery to $39.88; in which event the judgment is reduced to $39.88 and as so reduced is affirmed with costs to applt.

Louis J. Weinstein, respt., vs. F. Stanwood Welden, applt. Judg't reversed with costs and compl't dismissed on the merits with costs.

Hugh L. Fox et al., applts., vs. Frederick F. Proctor, respt. Determination affirmed with costs.

Lawrence C. Phillips, respt., vs. Jos. Roth et al., applts. Judg't and order reversed, new trial ordered.

Joseph Schanz, respt., vs. Carl Sotscheck et al., applts., same.

People ex rel Bridget C. Peixotto, respt., vs. B. of Educ'n, &c., applt. Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs.

Wm. G. White, respt., vs. Wm. G. White, a corp'n, applt., same.

Geo. H. Walker, respt., vs. Jacob Mueller, applt. Findings 8, 9, 10, 13 and 14 and conclusion of law reversed and finding substituted as stated in opinion. Judg't reversed with costs to applt. and final judgment directed in the decision as modified.

Theodore B. Barringer, respt., vs. Sun Pub. Assn., applt.—Interlocutory judgt. reversed, with costs, demurrer sustained, and final judgt. ordered in favor of deft., dismissing compl., with costs.

Thomas McGowan, applt., vs. Leonard Morgan, respt. — Judgt. reversed and new trial ordered.

Charles W. Schaffer, respt., vs. Vandewater & Co., Ltd., applts.—Same.

Press Pub. Co., applt., vs. Gen. Accident, Fire and Life Assurance Corp., respt.—Same.

People ex rel. Thomas L. Watt et al., as exrs., &c., relators, vs. Antonio Zucca et al., &c., defts.—Matter remitted to Bd. of Assessors to determine relators' damages in accordance with the evidence.

Leonye V. Bauduy, respt., vs. Mail and Express Co., applt.—Judgt. and order reversed and new trial ordered.

Same vs. same.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Joseph Schenleben, applt., vs. Interborough R. T. Co., respt.—Judgt. and order reversed, new trial ordered.

Rose Ladner, respt., vs. Louis Rieger et al, applts.—Judgt. modified as directed in opinion and affirmed, with costs of appeal to applts.

Thomas J. Tuomey, applt., vs. John J. Walsh and ano., respts. — Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs.

Margaret B. Coutant, respt., vs. Jennie C. Mason, applt. — Judgt. and order reversed; new trial ordered.

John F. Comoy, applt., vs. United Surety Co., respt.—Judgt. reversed and ordered as stated in opinion for plff.

Adolph Bauman & ano., respts., vs. Nathaniel J. Hess & ano., applts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to applts. to abide event, unless plffs. stipulate to reduce verdict to $1,443.75, with interest from date of verdict, in which event judg. as so modified and order affirmed without costs.

Mary Wagner, respt., vs. City of N. Y., applt.—Determination and judgment reversed, and deft's motion to dismiss complt. granted, with costs in all courts.

1st Nat. Bank of Pittsburgh, respt., vs. Edmund K. Stallo & ano., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

American Mfg. Co., applt., vs. Mackenzie, Quarrier & Ferguson, respts.—Judg. and order affirmed, with costs.

Yetta Davis, respt., vs. Jos. Edelstein, as exr., applt.—Same.

Dan Munn, respt., vs. Cornell S'boat Co., applt.—Judg. reversed and compl. dismissed with costs.

Bridget Thompson, respt., vs. Rosalie Hesslein, applt.—Judg. and order affirmed, with costs.

Helen H. Tanzer, respt., vs. Henry P. Read and Ella L. Read, applts.—As to Ella L. Read, judg. and order affirmed; as to Henry P. Read, judg. and order reversed and compl't dismissed.

Marie Dick, as admx., respt., vs. Steel & Masonry Contracting Co., applt.—Judg. and order affirmed, with costs.

Michael Maloney, respt., vs. Cunard S. S. Co., applt.—Judg. and order reversed, and compl't dismissed, with costs.

Windsor Trust Co., plff., vs. Jennie B. Waterbury & ano., defts.—Judg. for plff., with costs.

Florence C. Van Alen, respt., vs. S. I. Midland Ry., applt.—Judg. and order affirmed, with costs.

Peo. ex rel. Joseph D. Borgman, rel., vs. Waldo, as Comm'r., respt.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed.

Chas. P. Gray, respt., vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., applt.—Determination affirmed, with costs.

Alfred Mauger, respt., vs. Geo. W. Linch as recr., applt.—Judg't and order affirmed with costs.

Pasquale Cavallo, respt., vs. People's Surety Co., applt.—Judg't affirmed with costs.

Joseph J. Carroll as admr., applt., vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., respt.; same.

Douglas Smith et al., applts., vs. Oro Grande Mines Co. et al., respts; same vs. same; same vs. same; same vs. same.—Orders reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and demurrers overruled with $10 costs, with leave to defts. to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs.

Hans Mahler & ano., respts., vs. Hans Mahler & ano., applts.—Judg't reversed and compl't dismissed with costs.

People, &c., respt., vs. Dan'l Gillman, applt.—Judg't reversed and new trial ordered.

Elvira G. Brokaw et al., respts, vs. Louis Sherry, applt.—Judg't affirmed with costs on opinion of referee.

Uvalde Asphalt Paving Co., applt., vs. City of N. Y., respt.—Judg't and order affirmed with costs.

Timothy F. Driscoll, respt., vs. Thomas E. Colby, applt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs.

Thos. Gilleran, respt., vs. Thos. E. Colby, applt.; same.

Ida H. Snell, applt., vs. Joanna M. O'Rourke, respt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted to the extent stated in opinion. Order denying reargument affirmed without costs. Motion for stay granted without costs.

In re Jas. McIntosh, applt., vs. Jos. Johnson as Commr., resot.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

2d Natl. Bk. of N. Y., respt., vs. City of N. Y., applt.—Judg't reversed with costs and compl't dismissed.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Giegerich, J. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate. John T Maher, Wilhelmina Birchall, Charles S Pringle.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—La Fetra, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. In re Kaufman—Wilbur Larremore. Menser<Kirschbaum—John V Mitchell. Bijur, J. Rector of Church Incarnation of N Y<Forster—Joseph P McGowan. Dollar Sav Bank<Auletta & Co—James A Farrell.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Louis T Lehmeyer<McKeon Realty Co—Edward C Martin. Guaranty Trust Co<Solomon Brooks—Albert H Matthews. Fred Fuld<Fredk Plaut—Augustus L Apples.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.
COUNTY COURT—No day calendar.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

CHRISMAN, WILMER O., (Jan. 12;) more than $5,000 personalty to Laura E. Chrisman, wife.

HASTIE, MARTHA, entire estate to John Beattie, brother.

LUTZ, ULYSSES S., left $2,000 to Amariah Foster, friend; $500 each to Marie Catherine, Ellen, and Alphonse Lutz, children; specific bequest to Alphonse Lutz; residue to Laura Foster, friend.

NALDI, ANGELO, (Aug. 18, 1908;) $1,200 personalty in equal shares to Maria and Enrico Naldi, children.

SCHMITT, CASPAR, (Jan. 12;) $500 personalty to Philip Vork in trust for Francis and Philip Schmitt, sons.

WASSERMAN, EDWARD, (Feb. 1;) more than $10,000 personalty in equal shares to Jessie, Renee H., and Edward Wasserman, children.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

DREYFUSS, ABRAHAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM DREYFUSS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 149 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 22d day of March next. —Dated New York, the 20th day of September, 1913.

NORMA LESINSKY, Executrix.
ALBERT R. LESINSKY, Executor.
ALBERT R. LESINSKY, Attorney for Executors, Office and P. O. Address, 149 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

FOR REAL ESTATE CONTROL.

Nichols Advocates State Supervision of Installment Dealers.

R. S. Nichols of the law firm of Rollins & Rollins, which was counsel for the State Banking Department for several years, appeared yesterday before the Sub-Committee on Private Banking of the Van Tuyl Commission to Revise the State Banking Laws, meeting at the Chamber of Commerce. Announcement had been made that a public hearing would be given on the question of bringing under State supervision all domestic investment companies, but Mr. Nichols was the only person who appeared.

Mr. Nichols said that as a result of his experience in the liquidation of the affairs of a number of realty corporations he was convinced that all corporations selling real estate on the installment plan, or selling securities of such corporations to the public, should be put under the control of the State Banking or Insurance Department.

He cited the operations of irresponsible realty corporations which, after buying a piece of land that was almost worthless, gave a mortgage to a trust company and issued so-called bonds, secured by the mortgage. In most cases the bonds were in small denominations and were sold to poor persons. The paper received by the purchaser, he said, was nothing more than a receipt, and the inability of the purchaser to keep up his installment payments permitted the company to resell the property.

As an instance of this sort of company he mentioned the Fidelity Development Company, one of Joseph G. Robin's enterprises. He advocated that all sellers of real property under contract be required to file with the proper public official the contract of sale, which would give the purchaser a vendee's lien on the property.

Charles L. Bernheimer, Chairman of the committee, said after the hearing that it was the intention to keep away from "blue sky laws" as far as possible, but that in the formulation of recommendations some "blue sky law" features could not be avoided.

The Vay Tuyl Commission, as a whole, will meet at the Chamber of Commerce next Wednesday, when it is expected that it will adopt formally some chapters of the draft of the new law made by the sub-committees.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers—Patrol. J. E. Feeley, 16 pct. to 4 insp. dist; John Ottati, 4 insp. dist. to 18 pct.; Louis Waxman, 4 insp. dist. to 39 pct.; T. F. Berkery, 6 prct. to boiler sqd. and clerical duty; Prob. Patrol. J. A. Kilgallon, 28 prct. to 4 insp. dist.

Assignments—Insp. J. F. Dwyer, 4 dist to com. 6 dist., in addition to his own, while Insp. Titus is sick.

Fined—Sergt. W. H. Ahrens, 2 prct., absent no leave, 2 days; Patrol. Ernest Scharer, 10 pct, failed prevent burglary, 3 days; J. F. J. Healey, 42 prct., absent no leave, 3 days; G. C. Duerholz, 43 prct., absent from post, 8 days; J. J. McGurn, 65 prct., absent no leave, 2 days; J. H. Brennan, 81 prct., same, 2 days; J. P. Morgan, 144 prct., allowed prisoner to escape, 10 days; C. W. Oehler, 145 prct., late in relieving, 3 days; H. C. Leibfried, 147 prct., improper patrol, 5 days; Dennie Sheridan, 149 prct., absent from post, 5 days; A. H. Schupp, 154 prct., lost keys, 1 day; C. A. Shanley, 161 prct., absent from post, 5 days; C. A. Shanley, 161 pct., improper patrol, 5 days; H. H. Haubenreich, 164 prct., loitering, conversation, 1 day; Emile Ehlinger, 164 prct., same, 1 day; Edward Schneider, 276 prct., absent from post, 10 days; Richard Dillon, 279 prct., off post, 5 days; F. E. Galloway, 282 prct., absent from post, 3 days; H. F. Gibeny, 290 prct., absent no leave, 1 day; T. F. Dugan, traf. div. B, off post, 5 days; Prob. Patrol. Jos. Frogel, 26 prct., conversation, 1 day; A. G. Gillis, 26 prct., same, 1 day; Kaian Herskovitz, 26 prct., absent from post, 5 days.

Charges Dismissed. — Lieuts. C. E. Sherwood, 18 Prect., failed to take proper police action; D. E. Borst, 32 Prect., failed to detain prisoner; M. W. Collins, Det. Div., failed to cause investigation as to missing person; J. J. Murphy, Det. Div., same. Sergts. J. W. McCoy, 61 Prect., improper language; J. P. McCormack, 148 Prect., failed to enforce discipline; F. J. Beekler, Det. Div., failed to distribute copies of gen. alarm. Patrol. John Clement, 4 Prect., failed to prevent burglary; Henry Howard, 5 Prect., struck man, failed to return property to prisoner; C. E. Foye, 25 Prect., made false accusation against a woman; James Whalen, 33 Prect., improper patrol; J. J. Wilson, 39 Prect., failed to prevent burglary; H. E. Roosa, 65 Prect., failed to pay debt; W. S. Cochran, 65 Prect., absent from school crossing; J. L. Massie, 65 Prect., failed to pay debt; Edw. Ennis, 147 Prect., improper patrol; W. H. O'Shaughnessy, 148 Prect., same; Anthony Monahan, 148 Prect., failed to enforce discipline; J. C. Garner, 150 Prect., off post; Matthew O'Connell, 151 Prect., struck man; Frank P. O'Neill, 154 Prect., failed to discover burglary; E. H. Pulch, 169 Prect., failed to make arrests, struck man; J. F. Hussey, 278 Prect., improper patrol; T. F. Dugan, Traf. Div. B, intoxication; H. A. O'Brien, 28 Prect., improper language.

Relieved from Suspension. — Capt. J. F. Sweeney, 15 Prect.

Death Reported.—Patrol. E. A. Murtha, 147 Prect., Feb. 6.

Fire Department.

These will report at the 7th Reg. Armory for practice at 10 A. M. Feb. 9: J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; T. S. Richards, Eng. 227; W. Clancy, Eng. 76; C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 13; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; E. A. Woolley, (2d Sec.,) Eng. 287; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; Frank Munn, Eng. 244; J. J. O'Keefe, Eng. 250; Ralph Bornholz, Eng. 36; I. W. Chattaway, Eng. 271; Chas. Charons, Eng. 221; Jos. Stack, Eng. 250; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 213; Ernest Bernsen, H. & L. 11; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 35; A. M. Forster, H. & L. 108; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; Jos. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; Alex. Ungerer, H. & L. 23; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137.

Transfers.—E. J. Farrell, H. & L. 121, to Eng. 269; W. E. Walsh, H. & L. 107, to Eng. 206; B. F. Carter, Eng. 206, to H. & L. 107.

Fined.—J. J. McKeough, Eng. 1. Neglect of duty, 2 days; M. J. Kailey, Eng. 19. Absence, no leave, 2 days.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Chap. G. H. Jones, C. A. C., for exam. by San Francisco Retiring Bd.

1st Lt. T. H. Bane, Ord. Dept., to W. Reed Hosp., D. C., for treat.

Orders of Dec. 30, assigning 1st Lt. D. C. Cubbison, F. A., to 5 F. A. revoked.

Changes in the Field Art., May 1: 1st Lt. W. A. Capron, 6 to 5 F. A.; 1st Lt. D. C. Cubbison, to 2 F. A.; 1st Lt. J. G. Tyndall, 2 to 6 F. A.

Lt. Cubbison to sail about May 5 for Manila to joint regt.

Lts. Tyndall and Williams, after May 1 to regt. in U. S.

Transfers in the Cav. arm, May 1; 2d Lt. S. M. Williams, 7 to 1 Cav.; 2d Lt. H. D. F. Munnikhuysen, 1 Cav. to 7 Cav. and sail May 5 to Manila to regt.

Maj. W. B. Rochester, Q. M. C., now in N. Y., to Ft. Sam Houston, as asst. to Dept. Q. M. and of Cav. Div.

Leaves: 2d Lts. T. J. J. Christian, 7 Cav., 1 mo. ext.; E. A. Everts, 12 Inf., 6 mo.; 1st Lt. D. C. Cubbison, F. A., Feb. 11 to April 30.

Navy Orders.

Surg. C. N. Fiske, to Mare Isl.

P. A. Surg. C. B. Munger to rec. ship, Puget Sound.

P. A. Surg. W. H. Short, Guantanamo, to temp. rec. ship, Mare Isl.

P. A. Surg. W. S. Hoen, Mare Isl., to the Pittsburgh.

P. M. B. D. McGee, the Wisc. and the Ind., to the Neb.

P. M. I. T. Hagner, the Neb., to orders.

P. A. P. M. H. R. Snyder, to Newport.

P. A. P. M. D. B. Wainwright, to the Wisc. and the Ind.

Bswns. H. M. Eldridge, the Pittsburgh, to orders; W. R. McFarlane, Mare Isl., to the Pittsburgh.

Gun. H. Jorgenson, Intrepid, to Pac. Res. Fleet.

Ch. Mach. F. W. Cobb, to coal depot, Tiburon, Cal.

Mach. J. A. Crimmins, to Reina Mercedes.

P. M. Clerk O. Tagland, apptd. to Pac. Torpedo Flot.

P. A. Surg. F. P. W. Hough, Philpns., to the Cincinnati.

P. A. Surg. E. C. White, Hosp., Canacao, P. I., to orders.

Mach. J. A. Ward and Ch. Carp'r C. Ler Bennett, the Galveston, to Olongapo, P. I.

Carp'r C. N. Liqued, Olongapo, P. I., to orders.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Celtic, at Guacanayabo Bay; Dolphin, and Culgoa, at Tampico; Preston, at Miami.

Sailed—Patuxent, Guantanamo for Port au Prince; San Fran., and Patapsco, San Juan for Guacanayabo Bay; Des Moines, Havana for E. Coast of Mex.; Tonopah, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, and the E-2, Galveston for N. Orleans.

Jason, Hampt. Rds. for Guantanamo Bay about Feb. 9. Cyclops, Hampt. Rds. for Vera Cruz about March 1.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builder Buys Fort Washington Avenue Corner for Improvement—West Sixty-fifth Street Flat Sold—Active Day in Bronx, Col. Ruppert Being a Buyer—Long Island Acreage Deal.

A Washington Heights deal which will lead to the immediate improvement of another large Fort Washington Avenue corner was one of the leading transactions in the realty market yesterday. The property is the southwest corner of the avenue mentioned and 162d Street, already excavated for improvement. It was purchased by Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum from the Simbar Realty Company, of which Nathan Wilson is President. The plot is 102 by 120 by 99.11 by 141. The buyers have arranged to resell it to the Friedman Construction Company, which recently built two large six-story houses on the avenue, and they will improve the 162d Street plot with a similar house.

The Mandelbaums sold the corner just bought back a year ago to the Simbar Company, taking in part payment a Bronx apartment at 906 to 916 Simpson Street. They formerly owned the adjoining 161st Street corner, which was sold a short time ago to a builder, who is erecting a six-story house.

The J. Romaine Company acted as the broker in the transaction.

West 65th Street Flat Sold.

The five-story apartment house at 10 West Sixty-fifth Street, near Central Park West, covering a plot 30 by 100, has been sold to an investor by M. M. Hayward & Co. for the Astor Trust Company, executors of the estate of Annie F. Shardlow.

$98,344 for Suffolk Street Plot.

The most important of the auction offerings yesterday was the sale of the property at 45 to 51 Suffolk Street, south of Broome Street, 74.11 by 100.7, and occupied by a one-story building formerly used for moving pictures. The sale was the result of foreclosure proceedings, the indebtedness being nearly $90,000. Sadie Schwartz bought the property for $98,344. The auctioneer, Joseph P. Day, announced that the Government had agreed to lease the building for ten years to use as the Branch B Post Office, paying $13,500 a year, less light and heat.

Lenox Avenue Transfer.

Aaron Coleman took title yesterday from Jacob Israelson to the three six-story apartments at 514 to 520 Lenox Avenue, being the southeast corner of 136th Street, 99.11 by 100, subject to a mortgage of $150,000. In part payment for the purchase Mr. Coleman gave three five-story flats at 30, 32, 40, 42 and 44 West 135th Street, each on plot 25 by 99.11, to which Mr. Israelson took title subject to a mortgage of $72,000.

A Recent Buyer.

Cornelius S. Morrell is the buyer of the five-story loft 177 Pearl Street, sold recently by Lillian C. Caspar.

Lively Bronx Market.

The Bronx market was unusually active yesterday. Several big deals were reported in the eastern section, important among which was the resale by the Benenson Realty Company of the triangular block bounded by West Farms Road, Hoe Avenue and 167th Street. It contains about seven lots and fronts 271.10 feet on West Farms Road, 228.9 feet on Hoe Avenue and 148.4 feet on 167th Street. It was held at $75,000.

The purchaser is the Abson Realty Company, A. Weissmann President, which will erect three apartment houses on the block. Alexander Selkin negotiated the transaction.

Manhattan property was given in part payment for the three five-story apartments, each 40 by 100, recently completed on the west side of Stebbins Avenue, just south of Westchester Avenue, by the Foxvale Realty Company.

Col. Jacob Ruppert, who has been an active buyer in the Bronx during the past couple of weeks, added to his holdings by the purchase of the five-story flat with stores, occupying a plot 45 by 100 on the northeast corner of Tremont and Daly Avenues. The property, which was purchased through J. B. Lang, was held at $80,000

L. M. Mosauer & Co. has sold for George F. Johnson, Jr., the plot on the north side of 178th Street, 98 feet west of Boston Road, 87.6 by 100, to a builder who will erect two five-story apartment houses.

The Kerby Realty Company has sold for the Mutual Life Insurance Company the southwest corner of Lafontain Avenue and 179th Street, and also for a client the northeast corner of Grand Boulevard and Bush Street. Both corners will be improved.

Brooklyn.

The United Realty Agency has sold for the Kline Realty and Improvement Company, the four four-story houses at 23, 25, 27, 29 Grafton Street to an investor, also a plot 200 by 100 on the southeast corner of Riverdale Avenue and Osborn Street, for Pauline Berkowitz, to a client.

The Sherman & Goldstein Realty Company have sold the last of their row of new buildings on the easterly side of Twentieth Avenue, near the Sea Beach Station, and have now rented all the apartments and stores on this block.

Wood, Harmon & Company have sold at Hyde Park three lots on East Fifty-first Street, near Avenue D, to Mrs. R. W. Hodges, Frank J. Hodges and D. J. Steele, Jr.; at Kensington Park two lots at the northeast corner of Avenue F and East Second Street to L. L. Gray, and at Kingsboro one lot on East Twenty-sixth Street, near Avenue S, to R. B. Dungey.

Rockaway Lots at Auction.

Henry C. Johnson, Jr., as auctioneer, sold yesterday the property belonging to the estate of Charles W. Burchell, located on the ocean front at the Rockaways and in the vicinity of Remsen Avenue, Seaside, between Central Avenue and the Boulevard. The proceeds of the sale was $41,005, and the prices paid were the highest given for property in that vicinity. The highest price paid was $22,500, given by Peter A. Blake for one lot with a frontage on the ocean, adjoining Wainwright's roller coaster and Crystal Hotel. For two adjoining lots he paid $13,000 and $8,000.

$125,000 Brooklyn Apartment.

Plans have been completed by Shampan & Shampan for a high-class apartment house to be erected on the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Third Street, Borough of Brooklyn, for the Cranston Construction Corporation, as owners.

The building will occupy a plot 95 by 147 feet and the entrance of the building will be through an open court. The cost will be $125,000.

Long Island.

Edwin N. Rowley has sold for the Magenheimer estate, 43 acres at Fort Salonga with a frontage on Long Island Sound to William Buchheit, Jr. Mr. Buchheit owned the adjoining property on the west and this purchase gives him a tract of over 100 acres.

Somerville & Somerville have sold at Coney Island a plot of four lots on the west side of West Thirty-first Street to Henry W. Rabe; and also plots on the westerly side of West Thirtieth Street to Isabella Byrne, George W. Stivers, C. Jacobs, Paul Hurdus and A. Lamberg.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Rosedale to J. J. Waldron a plot 60 by 100 on Victoria Place; to J. Lyons a plot 60 by 75 on Rosedale Avenue and Stratford Road. The same company sold at Floral Park to J. Coffey and M. Sullivan each a plot 40 by 100 on Belmont Street; to J. O'Connor a plot 40 by 100 on Oak Street; to F. Mancusco a plot 40 by 100 on Willow Street. The same company sold at St. Albans to H. Conklin a plot 60 by 100 on Maple Street and Franklin Avenue.

Suburban.

Robert E. Farley, President of the Gedney Farm Company, has planned the construction of a large residence to cost about $25,000 on the site of the former Willets' house at Gedney Farm, Westchester County.

Commercial Leases.

Heil & Stern have leased for the estate of J. H. Mahony the entire building at 105 Water Street, to Celestino Fernandez & Sons, for a term of years.

Walter J. Salomon has leased in the Seymour Building, 503 Fifth Avenue, stores to Simon Lindau, Abraham Pollak and Joseph Wallace; in the Unity Building, 101 West Forty-second Street, stores to Charles M. Bernstein, Maurice Hirschfield, Lunine & Tucker, Harry B. Schepps, Jacob Misky, and Nathan Greenfeld.

Chris. Schierloh has leased for Ellen Daly the southwest corner of Tenth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, including the store and basement, to John Queren.

An Agent's Liability.

When a man engages janitors, pays for repairs and receives and receipts for the rent of a building in his own name, he is responsible as its owners for any damages resulting from violations of law followed by injuries to tenants and others lawfully on the property.

This was the ruling of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday in reversing the action of the court below, which dismissed the complaint in Thomas McGowan's suit against Leonard Morgan.

Morgan was the apparent owner of a tenement house in which McGowan was injured in a hall where the lights required by law were not kept burning. He had the complaint dismissed on the ground that his ownership had not been proved.

The evidence showed that he was recognized as the landlord by all tenants and employes and had never represented himself as an agent of anyone. The Appellate Division ordered a new trial.

Real Estate Board Dinner To-night.

Taxation, with special reference to the prevailing agitation for the halving of the tax on buildings, will be the topic of a talk by Prof. E. R. A. Seligman, who holds the chair of political economy at Columbia University, at the eighteenth annual dinner of the Real Estate Board of New York, in the Waldorf-Astoria this evening. Short addresses also will be made by Gov. Martin H. Glynn and Mayor John Purroy Mitchel.

January Building Record.

General feeling in the building and allied trades has improved in sympathy largely with the more cheerful tone of business and the appreciably easier trend of money, but the season of the year is evidently adverse to the projection of new enterprises, because the taking out of permits for new buildings has not expanded, as shown by comparisons of permits and of estimated expenditures with December and January last year.

Reports to Bradstreet's Journal from eighty-five cities of the country show an aggregate expenditure permitted for of only $27,460,600 in January, as against $48,182,595 in December and $34,546,732 in January, 1913. There is here indicated a decrease of 43 per cent. from December and of 20.5 per cent. from January last year, with only thirty-five cities out of eighty-five showing increases over the like month of 1913.

Real Estate Notes.

The Broadway Association has arranged a meeting at the Hotel Martinique, Wednesday, Feb. 11, at 4 P. M., to hear a discussion by Allan Robinson of the "single tax" propaganda.

The St. John's Park Realty Company has taken title to the four-story house at 4 East Twenty-ninth Street, 20 by 98.9, from the Seamen's Bank for Savings, and also to the six-story Hawarden Hall apartment, on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and 129th Street, 100 by 110, from the Greenwich Bank.

The new twelve-story apartment house on the southwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixtieth Street, 100 by 60, has been transferred from the John A. Hearn Construction Company to the New Holland Land and Mortgage Company, Eugene Van Schaick, President, subject to a $482,000 mortgage.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. were associated as brokers in the rental of the buildings, 90, 92, and 94 Grand Street, to Weingarten & Geberer, for Charles Lane.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By L. J. Phillips & Co.

96th St, 320 West, s s, 225 ft w of West End Av, 41.8x100.8, six-story tenement; adjourned to Feb. 18.

By Henry Brady.

9th St, 433 East, n s, 188 ft w of Avenue A, 25x92.3, five-story tenement and stores; Warwick Savings Bank against Blanche Realty Co. and others; Cary & C., attorneys; H. N. French, referee; due, $21,410.52; taxes, &c., $931.80; to the plaintiff for $22,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

Suffolk St, 45-51, w s, 125.10 ft s of Broome St, 74.11x100.7x75.1x100.7, one-story theatre; David Frankel against Sale Agid and others; Sohmer & S., attorneys; Louis Lande, referee; due, $8,485.05; taxes, &c., $1,802.60; subject to a mortgage of $79,000; fire insurance premium, &c., $2,041.92; to Sadie Schwartz for $98,344.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Marmion Av, 1,888, e s, 61 ft s of Fairmount Place, 85.2x106.10, four-story tenement; C. R. Bietsch against Intercity Land & Securities Co. and others; J. D. Rogers, attorney; W. W. Pellet, referee; due, $3,829.82; taxes, &c., $550; subject to first mortgage of $20,000; to the plaintiff for $22,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

237th St, 412 East, s s, 137.7 ft e of Martha Av, 37.8x99.11, two-story dwelling; readvertised for Feb. 11.

By Henry Brady.

Vyse Av, 1,449-51, w s, 100 ft s of Jennings St, 50x100, three-story stable; Samuel Goldsticker against Letitia L. McGaskill and others; Edward Jacobs, attorney; H. M. Goldfogle, referee; due, $2,874.36; taxes, &c., $861.36; to R. Baldo for $4,700.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Harrington Av, n s, 155.4 ft e of Fort Schuyler Av, 100x100; Ray Batt against Victoria Bohm and others; House, G. & V., attorneys; R. W. Bonynge, referee; due, $5,598.21; taxes, &c., $800; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

121st St, 507 to 515 East, for a one-story shed, 25x50.10; L. E. Hargeus estate, 81 Nassau St, owner; A. L. Schultz, 533 East 83d St, architect; cost..................$300

St. Nicholas Av, n w corner of 176th St, for a six-story tenement, 99.11x105; S. J. Egan, 302 West 181st St, owner; Neville & Bagge, 217 West 125th St, architects; cost..$125,000

104th St, 435 and 437 East, for a four-story garage, 50x100.11; E. Shuttleworth, Long Island City, owner; G. Fusco, lessee; M. Del Gaudio, 401 East Tremont Av, architect; cost $35,000

Lurting Av, w s, 150.28 ft n of Pierce Av, for a two-and-one-half-story brick dwelling, 24x28; Matthew Pfandenbauer, 815 Elton Av, owner; George P. Crosier, 223d St and White Plains Av, architect; cost.....$4,500

3d Av, w s, 200 ft s of 171st St, for a one-story brick store and nicolette, 167.3x102.4; John D. Crimmins, 624 Madison Av, owner; Thain & Hewlett, 1,181 Broadway, architects; cost $40,000

259th St, s s, 60 ft w of Huxley Av, for three two-and-a-half-story frame dwellings, 28x53 each; E. Graf Construction Co., E. Graf, 21 Fernbrook St, Yonkers, President, owner; Ernest Frank, 21 Fernbrook St, Yonkers, architect; cost..............$21,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Jerome Av, s e corner of Fordham Road, to a one-story frame store, 45x64; Rollins estate, 208 East 41st St, owner; Andrew J. Thomas, Webster Av and Fordham Road, architect; cost $15,000

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$400,000
for
Building Loans
in the
Borough of Manhattan.
HUDSON MORTGAGE CO.,
135 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, FEB. 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 204, n s, 25x100; John L. Rubinsky to Isadore M. Levy, 777 West End Av, Feb. 4, (mtg $35,500).............$100

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 56-64, 102.2x —; Friedman Construction Co. to Shenk Realty and Construction Co., 62 West 107th St, Feb. 4, (mtg $180,000;) attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....................$100

GRAND ST, 90 to 94, n e corner of Greene St, 75x101; Greene St, 42 to 50, e s, 110.3x100x109.11x100, with a T to strip on n, 0.8x100; Lillie Freeman to Charles Lane, 152 8th Av, Brooklyn, all liens, Feb. 5; attorneys, De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St $100

LENOX AV, 514 to 520, e s, 99.11x100; Jacob Israelson to Eliphalet L. Davis, 249 West 22d St, Feb. 5, (mtg $152,000;) attorney, New York Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Eliphalet L. Davis to Aaron Coleman, 50 West 68th St, Feb. 5, (mtg $150,000;) attorney, same $100

MADISON AV, e s, 80.6 ft s of 124th St, 20.5x80; Frederic H. and Anna P. Tackaberry to John A. Tackaberry of Bala, Penn., quitclaim and C. A. G., Jan. 3; attorney, John F. Valleant, 165 Broadway..........$1

MONROE ST, 81 and 83, n s, 39.8x71.7x irregular; Solomon Insky to Esther Kaplan, 32 Pike St, (mtg $44,000,) Feb. 4; attorney, I. Ellers, 116 Nassau St...................$1

ORCHARD ST, 162, e s, 25x87.6; Matilda Lustgarten to Rudolph Wallach Co, 68 William St, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway............................$1

PEARL ST, 177, w s, 18.7x90.5; Lillian C. Casper to Herman Rode, Jr., 708 Glenmore Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 30, (mtg $17,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Herman Rode, Jr., to Cornelius S. Morrell, White Plains, N. Y., (mtg $17,000,) Feb. 4; attorney, same...$100

1ST AV, w s, 50.5 ft n of 43d St, 25x73.9; Isidor Cohn to William H. Jeffers, 107 Bidwell Av, Jersey City, mtg $17,000, all liens, Feb. 6; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway $1

8D AV, n e corner of 58th St, 50.2x —; Aaron Goodman to George Ricard, 317 West 139th St, May 21, 1912; attorney, State Bank, 378 Grand St.................................$100

SAME PROPERTY; George Ricard to William H. Meagher, 149 Edgecombe Av, June 22, 1912; attorney, same..................$100

4TH ST, n w corner of Horatio St, runs n 183.8 to s w s of 13th St x n w — to s s of Gansevoort St x w 96.5 x s 183.7 to n s of Horatio St x e 99 to beginning; St. John's Park Realty Co. to Elmer A. Darling, East Burke, Vt., (mtg $350,000,) all liens, Feb. 4; attorney, S. C. Herriman, 30 Broad St $100

7TH AV, e s, 373 ft s of 22d St, 18.5x50; Selma Green to Paul R. Pelz, Hotel McAlpin, 33d St and Broadway, mtg $11,000, Dec. 12; attorney, Charles Oakes, 2 Rector St $1

11TH ST, 858 West, s s, 22x100.3; 11th St, 860 West, s s, 22x100.3; John L. Lyttle, receiver in bankruptcy of J. H. Goetschius, 45 Cedar St, to Charles Winters, 529 Hudson St, mtg $15,000, all liens, Dec. 30; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $2,800

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, quitclaim, mtg $15,000, Jan. 12; attorneys, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, mtg $15,000, all liens, Feb. 5..............$2,300

SAME PROPERTY; Charles Winters to Luella M. Goetschius, 375 Orange Road, Montclair, N. J., mtg $15,000, Feb. 6; attorneys, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; Luella M. Goetschius to William D. Kilpatrick, 71 East 95th St, mtg $15,000, Feb. 6; attorneys, same....$1

12TH ST, 290-294 West, 50.6x121.3; Henry Marks et al to Hudsonia Realty Corporation, 208 West 187th St, Feb. 3, (mtg $67,500;) attorneys, Stroock & S., 30 Broad St $1

17TH ST, 50 to 54 West, s s, 66x92, (foreclosure Feb. 3;) Joseph H. Fargis, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, Feb. 6; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.......................$286,000

63D ST, s s, 287.6 ft e of West End Av, 37.6x100.5; Pauline Alp to Isaac S. Heller, 71 Central Park West, Feb. 5, (mtg $34,000:) attorney, Isaac A. Heller, 35 Nassau St. $100

87TH ST, s s, 130 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.8, deed of trust; Arthur V. Gwynne to Cornelius R. Waterbury, 172 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, trustee for party of first part, Feb. 2; address 52 Wall St....$1

99TH ST, 151 and 153 West, n s, 40x100.11; Hillenbrand Realty Co. to Caroline Hoffart, 417 West 121st St, (mtg $53,000,) Feb. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

113TH ST, 76 and 78 West, s s, 50x100.10; Carrie S. Lyons to Mathilde Moisberger, 1,044 Lexington Av, mtg $73,000, ½ part, April 9, 1913 ....$100

115TH ST, 336 East, 25x100.10; Leah Cohn to Charles Velter, 2 West 88th St, (mtg $16,000,) Feb. 5; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 79 Avenue A $1

135TH ST, 40 to 44 West, 75x99.11; 135th St, 30 and 32 West, 50x99.11; Aaron Coleman to Jacob Israelson, 129 West 121st St, Feb. 4, (mtg $72,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway $100

148D ST, 126-128 West, 41.8x99.11; Estelle Wohlgemuth to John H. Bodine, 1,427 Madison Av, Feb. 12; attorney, O. H. Sugerman, 149 Broadway $1

148D ST, 130-132 West, 41.8x99.11; Metropolis Holding Corporation to John H. Bodine, 1,427 Madison Av, Jan. 29; attorney, same, $100

144TH ST, n s, 199.6 ft w of 8th Av, 26x99.11; Rose S. Friedus to Millie Schwarz, 1,044 Findlay Av, all liens, Dec. 15; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St..$100

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, 128, e s, 80.6 ft s of 134th St, 19.6x89.6; Frederic Bierhoff and others, executors, to Henry M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th St, Feb. 5, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 51 Chambers St.................................$7,200

ALEXANDER AV, 126, e s, 100 ft s of 134th St, 20x89.6; Frederic Bierhoff and others, executors, to Henry M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th St, Feb. 5, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 51 Chambers St $7,275

ALEXANDER AV, 126, e s, 100 ft s of 134th St, 20x89.6; Frederic Bierhoff and others, executors, to Henry M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th St, Feb. 5, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 51 Chambers St $100

ARCULARIUS PLACE, s s, 249.7 ft e of Gerard Av, 50x100; Michael J. Leonard to Ella F. Conroy, 2,469 7th Av., Feb. 4, (mtg $3,000;) attorneys, Martin & H., 507 Tremont Av $100

BELMONT AV, w s, 425 ft s of 183d St, 60x128.7; Walter W. Irwin, referee, to Morris Laderman, 17 Livingston Place, Jan. 24; attorney, John L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St.. $8,000

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 274.5 ft s of 177th St, 109x irregular; Defender Construction Co. to Crotona Parkway Amusement Corporation, 20 Nassau St, June 2, 1913; attorney, A. E. Hartcorn, 20 Nassau St..$100

CROTONA AV, 2,344, e s, 440 ft n of 183d St, 20x100; Anthony Rieger to Amelia V. Rieger, 2,344 Crotona Av, Feb. 4, (mtg $7,600;) attorney, H. Rieger, 2,344 Crotona Av $1

DAVIDSON AV, n w corner of 184th St, 80x16.8; Michael Naftal to Lillie L. Rittenberg, 25 West 184th St, Nov. 16, 1910; attorney, William C. Rittenberg, 233 Broadway $1

DECATUR AV, e s, 280.8 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 50x100; Harold A. Gerken, by Frederick M. Gerken, guardian, to Helen M. Case, 284 East 163d St, July 30, 1913, rerecorded from July 31, 1913; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,250

DECATUR AV, e s, 280.8 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 50x100; Charles Danewitz to John J. Tully Co., 730 North Oak Drive, Feb. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............................$1

GLEASON AV, s e corner of Zerega Av, 108x105; Colorado Realty Co. to Mary E. Colford, 148 Wadsworth Av, April 15, 1913.$1

HONEYWELL AV, e s, 95 ft s of 180th St, 25x100; Anthony Rieger to Edward J. Duffy, 393 East 168th St, Jan. 2, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Edward J. Duffy, 393 East 168th St. $100

LOT 14, Block 4, map of Whitehall Realty Co.; Thomas J. O'Connor to Henry Jansen, 1,487 2d Av, Jan. 22, (mtg $1,120;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LOT 1,076, map of Gleason property; Walter W. Taylor to Angelo Del Vesco and others, 1,831 Matthews Av, Jan. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

LOT 183, map Bronx Terrace; Irving Realty Co. to Realty & Commercial Co., 30 Broad St, (correction deed,) Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

LOT 96, map of Wakefield; John H. Rogan, referee, to Sound Realty Co., 128 Broadway, Feb. 5; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway $2,500

MARMION AV, n e corner of Elsmere Place, 100x96.3; Defender Construction Co. to Edmund Francis Realty Co., 20 Nassau St, Jan. 29; (mtg $92,500;) attorney, A. E. Hartcorn, 20 Nassau St.......................$100

SEDGWICK AV, 1,415, w s, 25x95; William H. McNutt to Carrie E. Owen, 1,524 Helen Av, Detroit, Mich., Jan. 28; attorney, D. Seymour, 80 Broadway...................$100

TILDEN AV, e s, Lot 671, Laconia Park; Emma N. Polak to Celi Klein, 314 East 30th St, Feb. 5; attorney, Emma N. Polak, 391 East 149th St $100

VALENTINE AV, e s, 266 ft n of 194th St, 44.4x83.11; John J. Tully Co. to Charles Danewitz, 3,356 Decatur Av, Feb. 5, (mtg $40,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

WENDOVER AV, n s, 184.5 ft e of Webster Av, 37.6x83.7x irreg; Jos. G. Abramson to Home Guardian Co., 45 West 34th St, Feb 5, (mtg $20,100;) attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.............$100

170TH ST, s w corner N. Y. & Harlem Railroad, 100x24.6; Empire City Savings Bank to One Hundred and Ninety-first Street Construction Co., 35 Nassau St, Feb. 4; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $37,500

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 56 to 64, e s, 102.2x180.4; Shenk Realty and Construction Co. to Friedman Construction Co., 189 Broadway, Feb. 5, prior mtg $180,000, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St $15,500

GRAND ST, 90 to 94, n e corner Greene St, 75x101; Charles Lane to Lillie Freeman, 1,109 Forest Av, Feb. 5; due Feb. 15, 1917; attorney, Jacob Freeman, 99 Nassau St. $75,000

GREENE ST, 129-131, w s, 50.10x100; Stone St, 37-43, n s, 84.3x—; Hermanos Realty Co. to John C. Barron, Haworth, N. J., prior mtg $165,000, 1 year, 6 p. c., Jan. 2; attorneys, Olin, Clark & P., 34 Nassau St.. $7,000

GREENE ST, 42 to 50, e s, 110.3x100; Charles Lane to Lillie Freeman, 1,109 Forest Av, Feb. 5; due Feb. 15, 1917; attorney, Jacob Freeman, 99 Nassau St...........$60,000

ORCHARD ST, 162, e s, 28x87.6; Rudolph Wallach Company to Title Guarantee & Trust Company, 176 Broadway, Feb. 5; due as per bond...............................$18,000

PIKE ST, 28, w s, 25x85; Chevra Adas Wolkowisk to Isaac Gordon, 221 East 5th St, Feb. 4, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Levin, 167 East Broadway..................$4,000

WADSWORTH AV, s e corner of 192d St, 111.1x110.11; 191st Street Construction Co. to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Feb. 4, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $100,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, Feb. 6, prior mtg $100,000, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $8,000

3D AV, 2,098, w s, 30x100; Joseph H. Myers to Carrie I. Jones, 176 West 76th St, prior mtg $25,000, Jan. 2, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, D. I. Shapiro, 149 Broadway......$5,000

4TH ST., 317 and 319 East, 42.10x96; Mayer Singer to Sadie Grumet, 11 Avenue D, prior mtg $46,000, Feb. 3, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........................$6,000

5TH ST, 619-623 East, 50x97; Joseph Bauman to Isaac Marx, 585 Tumey St., Brooklyn, Feb. 6, 5 years; attorney, W. B. Marx, 257 Broadway............................$53,000

26TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 6th Av, 25x98.9; Sophia E. Blake to Jere J. Campion, 20 East 10th St, Feb. 6, due March 2, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St $2,000

40TH ST, 147 West, 20x98.9; Mary M. E. Deane, individually and executrix and trustee, to Joseph M. Egan, 639 Crotona Park North, Feb. 4, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $20,000

60TH ST, n s, 43 ft w of Lexington Av, 21x100.5; Moses H. Moses to Barwood Realty Co., 100 Broadway, Feb. 6, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Myers & G., 100 Broadway. $2,500

60TH ST, 100 to 104 East, 60x100.5; New Holland Land & Mortgage Company to John J. Hearn Construction Company, 69 West 46th St, Feb. 5, prior mtg $465,000; due as per bond; attorneys, Gillespie & O'Connor, 20 Vesey St...................$17,000

129TH ST, 58 East, 24.2x99.11; Kate E. Van Vaten to Elizabeth Flanagan, 222 South 9th St., Brooklyn, Feb. 5; 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. T. Stuart, 29 Broadway...$1,500

148TH ST, 205 West, 37.5x99.11; Sherman Co. to William Rankin, 119 West 77th St, Jan. 30; 5 years; attorney, Lawyers' Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway............$24,000

148TH ST, 207 West, 37.6x99.11; same to same, Jan 30; 5 years; attorney, same. $24,000

183D ST, 657 West, 16.8x74.11; Rose K. Aram to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 6, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

Bronx.

ELTON AV, n w corner of 161st St, 50.1x—; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co to Oliver E. Davis, 824 Morris Av, prior mtg $67,000, Dec. 19, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,310 3d Av..............$5,000

LOT 14, Block 4, map of Whitehall Realty Co.; Henry Jansen to Thomas J. O'Connor, 289 Orange Road, Montclair, N. J., Jan. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,880

LOTS 221 and 222, map of Varian estate; Nathan Levin to Harry Levin, 291 Edgecombe Av, Feb. 5, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, A. S. Levin, 35 Nassau St..$1,500

NORTH ST, s s, 15 ft e of Davidson Av, 50x100; Lynridge Realty Co. to Kate Oberscheimer, 477 Echo Place, Feb. 2, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Norbert Plank, 88 Park Row $4,000

VALENTINE AV, e s, 306.4 ft n of 174th St, 40.4x94; Charles Danewitz to John J. Tully Co, 730 North Oak Drive, prior mtg $20,000, Feb. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 100 Broadway,.....$3,750

VALENTINE AV, e s, 366 ft n of 194th St, 40.2x83.1; same to same, prior mtg $20,000, Feb. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney. $1,750

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 259.7 ft n of 179th St, 19.2x9.5; Engemio Baiseley to Ella L. Hebberd, 1 West 83d St, Feb. 6, due Feb. 6, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, B. F. Gerding, 1,901 Bathgate Av $300

3D AV, 3,702, e s, 26x100; Thomas D. Malcolm to Rosa Baum, 613 East 135th St, Feb. 4, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

138TH ST, s s, 50 ft e of Brown Place, 25x100; Jacob Engelberg to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 5, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $18,000

164TH ST, s s, 88.2 ft e of College Av, 22x88.7; Ida Davis to Morris Greenblatt, 823 East 168th St, Feb. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hyman Davis, 316 East 164th St. $1,000

170TH ST, s w corner of land of New York & Harlem Railroad, 100x24.6; 191st Street Construction Co. to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Feb. 4, 3 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $30,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, prior mtg $30,000, Feb. 4, demand, 6 p. c.; same attorney. $5,000

227TH ST, 819 East, n s, 25x114; Hedwig B. White and others to Lenox Littig, 155 1st Av, Feb. 5, due March 1, 1917, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.. $3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

HUDSON ST, 111-113, 2d loft; Susman J. Valk to Farbwerke-Hoechst Co., 122 Hudson St, 4 years and ten months from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, S. J. Valk, 113 Hudson St.. $2,000

JAMES ST, 22, store and basement; James Poggi et al. to Socrates Th Moscahlades et al., 1,230 Madison Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Jacob Rutz, 230 Grand St.. $1,140

MONROE ST, 154, all; Samuel Remer to Gerson Tuder, 233 East 99th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, J. L. Shapiro, 130 Delancey St...................................$3,814

PARK AV, n e corner of 87th St, corner store; Minnie Hoppe, executor, to Mortimer Cullinan, 1,265 Lexington Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914.....................................$2,040

2D AV, 72, store; Saul Eder and another to Max Storper and another, 72 2d Av, 3 years from Oct. 15, 1913; attorney, H. Koppelman, 144 Lexington Av...........................$1,260

35TH ST, 511-515 West, all; Loma A. Jonas and another to James Allegra, 109 1st Av, 5 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, J. J. Alexander, 115 Broadway..................$4,250

182D ST, 574, s e corner of St. Nicholas Av, corner store and basement; August Schierloh to Joseph M. Lenhon, 1,409 Prospect Av, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1916; attorney, Guggenheim, U. & M., 37 Wall St..........$3,000

Bronx.

ST. ANN'S AV, 725, all; St. Ann's Av, 729, cellar; Mary Schroeder and another to Erich P. Haake, 725 St. Ann's Av, 3 years from July 1, 1913; attorney, party of the second part.....................................$264

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

6TH AV, 638; Charles Guttilla against B. May, owner; Joseph Polansky, contractor.$84

14TH ST, 413 to 419 West; United States Gypsum Co. against William Astor, owner; John J. Gillen, lessee; Long & Hagen, contractors $142

53D ST, 60 West; Janes & Kirtland against Christine M. Van Deventer, owner; R. Craig Van Deventer, agent, contractor..$106

127TH ST, 145 West; August Mugler against Inter-City Land and Securities Co., owner and contractor...............................$36

Bronx.

HOFFMAN ST, 3,453; Vincent F. Bernesser against Charles Levy, owner and contractor. $88

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

CROTONA PARKWAY, w s, 604 ft s of 177th St; N. J. Terra Cotta Co. against Defender Construction Co. and others, Feb. 7, 1913 ....$533

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 604 ft s of 177th St.; Minnie E. Roden against Kramer Contracting Co. and others, Mar. 3, 1913 $137

DALY AV, w s, 556 ft s of 177th St; N. J. Terra Cotta Co. against Defender Construction Co., and others, Feb. 6, 1913....$532

ELSMERE PLACE, n e corner Marmion Av; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against Dessender Construction Co. and others, Oct. 30, 1913....................$279

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BURLING SLIP, 11; Clinton St, 133, and 3d Av, 1,984 to 1,988; Edw. R. Bowne against Frederic Bowne and others, (partition;) attorney, W. E. Carnochan.

CATHARINE ST, w s, between Cherry and Oak Sts, Lot 50; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Ernestine B. Harris, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

CHERRY ST, n s, between Corlears and Jackson Sts, Lot 44; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Alice McArdle, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

ESSEX ST, w s, between Hester and Division Sts, Lot 25; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Ray Schuman, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

FRONT ST, s s, between Broad St and Coenties Slip, Lot 13; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Jane Wallace, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

LOT 39, Block 1,976, Section 7; Louis Pines against Jacob Blumenthal and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorneys, Schwartzman & Schwartzman.

MAIDEN LANE, n s, between Gold and William Sts, Lot 8; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Robert L. Bracklow, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

MINETTA ST, w s, between Minetta Lane and Bleecker St, Lot 23; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Melvin G. Palliser, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

PEARL ST, w s, between Frankfort and Ferry Sts, Lot 10; Rudolph Wallach Co. against John W. Eggers, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

SULLIVAN ST, w s, between Broome and Watts Sts, Lot 63; Rudolph Wallach against Albert Remsen, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

VERMILYEA AV, 153 to 159, (except pa released;) Margaret C. Hoey against Ali Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan.

10TH ST, s s, between Hudson and Bleecker Sts, Lots 10 and 11; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Henry Brevoort, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

13TH ST, n s, between Avenues C and B, Lot 41; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Henry Brandt, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

51ST ST, n s, 252.6 ft e of 5th Av, 27.6x100.5; Metropolitan Life Ins. Co. against John Peirce and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher.

128TH ST, 45 West; Charles Sherman and others against Leonard G. Jerram and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

130TH ST, 260 West; Charles G. Moller and others against Aaron S. Ratkowsky and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

131ST ST, 64 West; Matthew McNamara against Sarah McCormick and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. J. Bannon.

141ST ST, 239 and 241 West; Charles B. McClain against Inter-City Land and Securities Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. J. Brady.

144TH ST, 540 and 550 West; Isidor Greenberg against New Haven and New York Realty Corporation, (action to foreclose two mechanics' liens;) attorney, H. Hetkin.

144TH ST, 510 West; Elmer E. Cooley against Rosa Frank and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. E. Cooley.

Bronx.

OLD BOSTON ROAD, intersection at s s of land of Strauss; Sound Realty Co. against Cathleen Turney and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. E. Marx.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING PRES. CHAS. F. BERGER, C. E. V. PRES
EDWARD CORNING CO
BUILDERS
100 W'H. ST. NEW YORK

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TIMES BUILDING
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There still remain for rental
several high-class apartments at
375 PARK AVE.
Your inspection is invited.
8 to 12 Rooms 3 to 4 Baths
Rentals $2700 to $6000
52nd to 53rd Street

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Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Lovely Home

Semi-detached brick, 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights, sewer; $5,500 and up; small payments; 20 years' time; FEW FOR RENT, $25 to $35; everything desirable; photos and details mailed upon request. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone Cortlandt 5528.

Are You Looking

for a new home? Let me send you photograph and particulars of my new seven-room steam-heated brick house in Brooklyn; all improvements; $5,600; long-time payments. Or will rent for $30 until you find out if you like the neighborhood. Trustee, 62A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cortlandt 7440.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick

hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 872 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. FLEER BROS. Write.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MODERN COTTAGE,

7 rooms, large, light, and airy; all improvements; ground enough for vegetables, fruit, and berries; quiet, restricted neighborhood; 30 minutes' ride; $100 cash, balance $18 per month; one month free to responsible party. Address COTTAGE, Box 92 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

HOME

There is a dignity in the ownership of a home that comes with no other possession.
Establish a home of your own at
CEDAR KNOLLS
It is a perfect home site—of, but not in, the city. Send for booklet.
The time to buy is now, when the market is dull, and prices and terms are favorable.
First Mortgage & Real Estate Company
30 East 42d Street.

Living Room Type COTTAGE 9 rooms, 3 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, convenient, refined location—$8500.
H. B. Downey, 232 Huguenot St., Tel. 1807, New Rochelle, N. Y.
Everything For Sale or Rent in this vicinity.

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All-year Residential Properties
For Sale or Rent,
Unfurnished or Furnished.
Joseph Elsener, Owner, Scarsdale, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN IDEAL HOME

in a restricted section; within 20 minutes of the Pennsylvania Station; located on large plot. First floor has large 10-foot porch, with sun parlor on the south side; foyer hall; living room, dining room, butler's pantry, and kitchen. Second floor has two master's chambers connecting, one bedroom, tiled bathroom. Third floor has three bedrooms and storage room. Cellar contains laundry, toilet, and coal bins. Has 2½-inch North Carolina pine flooring on which parquet floor is laid. Ground floor is finished in straight oak trim; second floor in birch trim; third floor in cypress trim. Has slate roof, handsome combination gas and electric fixtures; combination coal and gas range in kitchen with ash chute to cellar. Hot water heating system. Shrubbery, lawn and hedge surrounding house all completed.

PRICE, $7,500.

Can be bought by responsible buyer on easy terms. For particulars, address, Secretary, Room 1003, 1 W. 34th St.

LONG ISLAND DEVELOPMENT
within easy reach of
Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,
averaging $15 per lot;
easy terms.
Box H. H. 84 Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Fine Country Home at Real Bargain

Superbly located on south slope of high ridge near Summit, N. J.; invigorating mountain air; 30-mile view; five minutes from Lackawanna station; less than hour to Broadway; brand new house, 10 rooms; spacious living room, music room, dining room, butler's pantry; six sleeping rooms, two bathrooms, laundry, toilet, and storage rooms in basement; hardwood trim, parquet floors, open fireplace, steam heat; city conveniences; half acre ground; splendid all-year home; will sell for $7,000; very easy terms if desired. Investigate this.
J. W., 51 EAST 42D ST., ROOM 614, N. Y.

CRANFORD, N. J.

Just completed, several beautiful new residences, with all modern improvements; eight rooms and two baths; unusually attractive and well built; choice location, near depot; big plot; price, $7,000; reasonable terms. Write for booklet or call. S. E. Broescher, 71 Warren St., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR SALE—
Lease of Northwest Cor.
of
10th and Market Streets,
PHILADELPHIA

(having 23 years to run,) embracing the entire building, 66 foot front on Market Street, 210 feet on 10th Street, seven stories and basement; also lease (having 11 years to run) for five floors in buildings 1,005-7-9-11 Market Street, (adjoining the corner building,) 66x210; also the fixtures and delivery service all heretofore used by Blum Brothers, Inc., department store; this property is in the centre of the retail store district and the buildings have been

ESPECIALLY ARRANGED for a DEPARTMENT STORE

and have been so occupied for eleven years past.
EDWARD WOLF, WILLARD P. BARROWS, Receivers, 10th and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

41 Park Row &
147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high, 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

LIGHT LOFTS
50x95, in a 12-story, modern, fireproof building, convenient to 6th Av. L and surface cars.
Exceptionally low rental.
DIX BUILDING.
'Phone 561 Chelsea. 116 West 14th St.

54 EAST 59TH ST.
Entire Second Floor,
Approximately 24x80.
Office or Physical Culture Gymnasium.
RENT $800.
Apply on premises.

13 EAST 30TH STREET
CLOSE TO 5TH AV.
STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET.
Steam heat, electric light; rent low.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

Most Attractive Store on Nassau St.
Also
A large Billiard and Pool Room, containing 5,000 sq. ft.—No. 116 Nassau St.
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS, Agents.

All or part of corner suite of eight offices facing on 34th Street and Broadway, overlooking Herald Square, to sublet at a concession to desirable tenant. Brokers protected. SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES COMPANY, 47 West 34th Street.

BROOKLYN.

8 Modern Lofts, With Power
Complying with all factory laws.
Sprinkled, Ample Fire Escapes.
Light 3 sides; elevator; steam heat.
About 36,000 Sq. Feet in all; would divide.
Help Easily Obtainable.
Convenient to shipping terminals.
Lowest Fire Ins. Rate.
Owner, 270 Willoughby Av., cor. Classon Av.
BROOKLYN.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

3 Rooms and Bath
$2.00 PER DAY
or 66c per Room
at
61-65 E. 59th St.
Same locality as the Plaza, Savoy and Netherlands.
Hotel Service
THE MANHANSET
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43-47 EAST 58TH STREET
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1400-$1550
Standard all night service. Resident Manager.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

610 WEST 116th ST.
5 rooms and bath, high-class house, bet. B'way & Riverside Dr.; balcony, beautiful view; immed. poss.
RENT $900.
Concessions. Tel. Morningside 3040. Thompson.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—A Winter storm of marked severity, by reason of the low temperatures, snow, and high winds that accompany it, was central Friday night over Western Lake Erie.

The cold wave that was first observed north of Montana on the 4th inst. has overspread the plains States east of the Rocky Mountains, and its front had reached the Gulf Coast at 8 P. M. Friday. The extreme northwest reaction toward higher temperatures has already set in.

The Lake Erie storm will pass rapidly down the St. Lawrence Valley during Saturday, causing heavy snow in Northern New York and Northern New England, and rain, probably turning to snow, in the mountain districts of Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia, and rain, followed by clearing, in the afternoon in Atlantic Coast districts.

The temperature in the upper Ohio Valley will fall decidedly on Saturday, and the fall will set in in the Middle Atlantic Coast States late Saturday and continue Sunday.

Lower temperature will also prevail Saturday in the Ohio and lower Mississippi Valleys, extending to the Atlantic Coast districts south of the Carolinas by Sunday morning.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be high northeast, with snow; Middle Atlantic Coast, high northeast to north; South Atlantic Coast, high northeast, becoming northwest.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow in north, rain in south Saturday; Sunday fair and colder, high south shifting to west winds.

Southern New England—Snow Saturday, probably turning to rain in south; Sunday fair and colder; strong east to southeast winds on the coast.

New Jersey—Rain Saturday; Sunday fair, much colder, brisk to high southeast winds shifting to northwest.

Western New York—Snow and colder Saturday; Sunday snow, variable winds, becoming brisk northwest.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Saturday, except snow in mountain districts, colder by night; Sunday fair, much colder, brisk southeast to south winds, becoming northwest.

Northern New England—Snow Saturday, with rising temperature; Sunday snow and colder, strong northeast winds on the coast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	20	29	4 P. M.	20	35
6 A. M.	23	28	6 P. M.	18	36
9 A. M.	20	30	9 P. M.	17	35
12 M.	19	32	11 P. M.	15	35

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 20; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 29; at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature, 37 degrees at 7 P. M.; minimum, 26 degrees at 1:45 A. M. Humidity, 60 per cent. at 8 A. M., 86 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M., yesterday registered 30.36 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.90 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
1:30	Hotel Majestic	Slight
2:05	133 St. and Willis Av.; Max Schulz	$100
4:30	27 Gold St.; Nathan Wallick	$50
7:55	788 E. 158 St.; Geo. Leitz	Slight
P. M.		
1:05	Front of 65 7 Av.; Wadee & Smith	$200
2:40	22 W. 17 St.; Eli Seaman	$25
3:25	81 W. 125 St.; Wm. Japuto	Slight
4:15	789 9 Av.; C. Hoffman	Slight
6:05	231 E. 98 St.; H. Freedman	Slight
6:15	125 E. 97 St.; A. Krockenbush	Slight
6:35	1,214 Bryant Av.; H. Hauch	Slight
6:40	126 Sheriff St.; David Rovner	Slight
7:55	1,560 Southern Bvd.; M. Lasky	Slight
9:10	2,306 3 Av.; A. Winston	Slight
9:50	26 W. 137 St.; Chas. Cohen	Slight
10:00	479 2 Av.; P. Maher	$500
10:10	211 8 Av.; D. Waldman	$1,500

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

Positive Sacrifice—5-story 20-family cold-water tenement in the West 50s. Rents $2,640; price $23,500; easy terms. Apply Room 415 Bishop Building, 271 West 125th St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Best list of houses, lots, farms, and country estates for sale or rent at White Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale, and the better sections of Westchester County. Chauncey B. Griffen, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

ALL DESIRABLE HOUSES for sale or rent in Mount Vernon are listed at the busy corner. ANDERSON REALTY CO. Telephone, 585 Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon and vicinity; choice homes for sale and rent; personal management of your property solicited. The Oliver Hubbard Co., 18 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Rockland County.

River Front Factory Property—About 26,000 square feet, with wharfage, on western shore of Hudson River, about 40 miles from New York; convenient freight service; can be sold or rented to responsible party on convenient terms. Address Opportunity, 355 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In ideal Ridgewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodelled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good size garden ground; fruit and shade trees, hedges, &c.; Ridgewood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgewood, N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Ridgewood—889 & 528-W. Tel. Rector—4794-5.

EXTRA WELL-BUILT EIGHT AND NINE room houses, large reception hall, all modern improvements, sewer, sidewalks, macadam road, convenient station, lot, 40x116; $300 cash, balance monthly payments. HERMAN NEIHAUS, 112 Hobart St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY. 1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Save your rent this year; make it help buy a home at Fanwood, the beautiful; houses ready, with all improvements; send for pictures. H C Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

For HUDSON COUNTY real estate write to Board of Real Estate Brokers of HUDSON COUNTY, N. J. P. O. Box 57, Jersey City, N. J.

Summit, N. J.—Fine old residence, modernized; exceptional neighborhood and surroundings; large grounds; barn, garden, fruit. Owner, 674 Springfield Av.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Colonial house at Danbury, Conn., 9 rooms, bath, furnace, gas; large shady yard; plenty fruit; barn and chicken house; best street; 2 hours from New York; bargain. Miss Rosetta Robinson, 87 Deer Hill Av., Danbury, Conn.

WATER FRONT, BLACK ROCK. Four acres; new hollow tile house, garage, stable, and tenant; cost $75,000. Box 242, Short Hills, N. J.

Real Estate Wanted.

Middle-aged gentleman, Canadian, 12 years his father's partner in large dry goods concern, desires position of trust and responsibility; would prefer entering large real estate firm to learn business; best of New York and Canadian references. G 50 Times.

Real Estate for Exchange.

CASH and EQUITY in 3-story dwelling in 121st St. for small investment property. J. H. Skillin, 174 Fulton St., N. Y.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

133 EAST 104TH ST. A three and two story extension dwelling to let; near Lexington Av.; eight rooms and bath; rent only $500; possession now. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

A.—510 WEST END AV., 4 stories, 2 baths, parquet floors; rent $200. Caretaker.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

DESIRABLE SITES. WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER. Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located; LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER. Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

FIREPROOF FACTORY. West 21st, 531 to 537. Fifth floor, 90x100 ft, $2,500; smaller lofts; immediate possession. Owner, C. Hofferberth, on premises.

Store to let, best location for men's hat store, ladies' ready-to-wear, or restaurant. Hilfman, 737 Tremont Av.

For Rent.—Two large, light lofts; rent reasonable. Apply restaurant, 203 Front St.

Modern house, electricity; "L" station corner; $75; whole or part. 249 East 57th.

43d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission will receive until 4 P. M. on Feb. 19 applications for the positions of civil service examiner, mechanical engineering, and civil service examiner, civil engineering. The minimum age for each position is 25 years and the compensation of each person when employed will be $10 a day. The commission desires to obtain high class men for this work. Application blanks will be mailed upon request. The dates of the examinations will be announced later.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces the postponement to March 4, 5, and 6 of the open competitive examination for inspector of mechanical and electrical engineering, for men only, at the New York Custom House, to fill one vacancy at $2,190 a year and one at $2,000 a year in the field service of the office of Supervising Architect, Treasury Department. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in mechanical and electrical engineering, drawing and design, training and experience. A rating of at least 70 per cent. in the subject of training and experience is a prerequisite. The duties consist of inspecting and testing the mechanical and electrical equipments entering into the modern Government or office building. It is desired that applicants shall have had practical experience in the design, construction, and inspection of work in the following branches of mechanical, electrical, and sanitary engineering: Heating and ventilating apparatus, plumbing, water supply, and drainage, conduit and wiring work, elevators, vacuum cleaning systems, and electric generating plants. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The East Side Evening High School for Women, Hester and Norfolk Streets, will be open for registration next week from 7:30 to 9:30 P. M. each day.

The Schoolmasters' Association of New York and Vicinity will have a dinner at the Princeton Club, Lexington Avenue and Gramercy Park, on the evening of Feb. 20. It will be followed by a discussion of "The Spiritual Element in Teaching." Addresses will be made by President Charles A. Richmond of Union College and John Howard Van Amringe, former dean of Columbia. The Head Masters' Association, which will hold its annual convention in this city on Feb. 20, will be invited to be present at the Schoolmasters' Association's dinner.

Dean Frederick P. Keppel of Columbia University will address the pupils of the Riverdale Country School, Riverdale-on-Hudson, on the morning of Feb. 20.

Rose M. O'Connor, stenographer and typewriter in the office of District Supt. Lee, at a salary of $750 a year, has been transferred to the Division of Reference and Research at a salary of $900 a year.

Frances I. Baker has been appointed as clerk with knowledge of typewriting in Secretary Palmer's office. Otto F. Misselhorn has been appointed as a first grade clerk in the same office.

The Board of Education has approved the emergency appointments of M. Howard Brown as stenographer and typewriter and Alfred R. Wolcott as clerk in City Supt. Maxwell's office.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A gentleman with an artistically and richly furnished high-class modern bachelor apartment on East 48th St., just off 5th Av.; large living room, two bedrooms, and tiled bath; all light; electric light and all-night elevator; would rent part or all to a responsible party; might sell. Murray Hill 1906.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS. Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

THE LUDINGTON, 205 West 101st St., two doors from Broadway. High-class elevator apartment, newly furnished throughout; one and two large rooms, with use of kitchen if desired; gas, maid service, laundry included; $4.50 to $15 weekly; all-night service; transients accommodated.

FIVE LARGE, OUTSIDE ROOMS, FIRST CLASS HOUSE; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FOR HOUSEKEEPING; MODERATE RENTAL. KING HAVEN, 445 WEST 153D. TEL. AUD. 1097.

Great opportunity; new, handsomely furnished suites, 2, 3, 4 rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, showers, silver, linen; low rent; $10 weekly upward to desirable parties. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., cor. 127th.

351 West 71st St. and 221 West 71st St., (Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.)—Large, warm rooms, with kitchenettes, gas, telephone, and maid service; linen and silver, laundry included; $3.50 to $10 weekly.

Beautifully furnished eight outside rooms, corner apartment; southeast exposure; reasonable to right party for three months. Address Kingsley, 75 East 81st St. Phone Lenox 3463.

One or two nice bedrooms, separately or together; all conveniences; no other roomers; near 110th Subway; breakfast optional; gentlemen or couple. Riverside 2477.

SUBLET, FURNISHED. one 3-room apartment. HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 562 West 113th St., corner of Broadway, apartment 4 C.

To sublet until October, with privilege releasing, apartment, 4 rooms, bath; rent $45. Steele, Morningside Park Apartments, 40 Morningside Av., 118th St.

Riverside Drive, 450, Near 116th St.—Handsomely furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths; 5th floor; 6 windows on Drive; $250 monthly till May 1 or longer. Abrams.

39TH, 52 WEST.—Suite two rooms, furnished or unfurnished; electric light, telephone, extension suitable for studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Five delightful rooms; high-class home; comfortable quarters for refined people; immediate possession. Mayhew, 219 West 80th.

If looking for desirable furnished apartments, long, short leases, in choice localities, apply Clark & de Florez, 30 East 42d.

65 Central Park West.—Elegantly furnished eight-room apartment; will sublet until June 1; $250 per month. Robinson.

Gentleman would like sublet parlor and two bedrooms, use kitchen, to gentlemen with references; moderate. Phone 6529 River.

For Rent.—110 West 39th St., selected furnished apartments; 3-4-5 rooms. Call office Bustanoby's.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—A parlor floor, kitchen, bath, phone; beautifully furnished; reasonable.

456 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful small apartment; $85 month. Supt.

East Side.

APARTMENT, EAST 53D ST., NEAR PARK AV., TO SUBLEASE. at low price obtained through leasing while under construction; 5 rooms, 2 baths, seventh floor; unfurnished, for term of lease to October, 1915, or furnished to October, 1914. Apply Tel. 4447 Plaza.

To Sublet—Two large rooms, private bath; $45; exceptional offer; full hotel service. 35 East 27th St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

561 West 147th, cor. Broadway, (The Edwin.)—Modern elevator building; corner apartment of outside rooms; overlooking Hudson; also a handsome 8-room doctor's apartment; moderate. Owner on premises. Audubon 216.

Washington Heights.—Lowest rent; 86 Wadsworth Av., corner 177th; all improvements; 5-6 rooms; $28-$42; Broadway Sub. to 181st.

98th, 166 West.—Eight rooms, just decorated; all improvements; near Subway, Central and Riverside Parks; second-fourth floors; $45.

109th, 245-247 West.—Four rooms, newly decorated; steam heated halls and closets; near Broadway and Riverside Drive; $22.

507 West 113th.—Attractive four room apartment to sublet; rent reasonable. Apply Agent, on premises.

47th, 16 West.—Charming kitchenette apartment; bath, hot water; conveniences; moderate rental.

Avoca, 170th and Fort Washington.—Sublease new modern five-room apartment; liberal reduction.

Sublet attractive six-room apartment, 220 West 98th St. See manager, on premises.

Brooklyn.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42. 6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 59th. Telephone 2867 Bryant.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN. $100 REWARD. CADILLAC, LANDAULET, 1910, NO. 47779; N. Y. LICENSE 9315; BREWSTER GREEN BODY, BLACK CHASSIS. STOLEN FEB. 5TH, 9 P. M., FROM 154 WEST 118TH ST. COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. E. B. HOPWOOD, 55 JOHN ST., NEW YORK. TEL. 3796 JOHN.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN. $100 REWARD. FORD, 1913, 4 CY., 20 H. P., TOURING, NO. 217929; N. Y. LICENSE 23474. STOLEN FEB. 4TH, ABOUT 9:30 P. M., WHILE STANDING IN FRONT OF 695 ST. NICHOLAS AV., NEW YORK. COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. E. B. HOPWOOD, 55 JOHN ST., NEW YORK. TEL. JOHN 3796.

LOST—One round Oriental pearl about 9 grains, from stud either at Metropolitan Opera House or between there and University Club, on 5th Av., Wednesday evening, Feb. 4. Liberal reward if returned to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av., New York.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 1,065,005 of the Bowery Savings Bank, 130 Bowery, New York. The finder is requested to return it to the bank. If not restored before the 3d day of March, 1914, application will be made to the bank for a new book.

LOST.—Black bag containing money, gold watch, check, vicinity of Broadway and Liberty St. Liberal reward for return to 115 Broadway, Room 1,410, or Florence Evans, Hotel McAlpin.

LOST—Oct. 25, in the Palace Theatre or on Park Av., between 69th and 75th Sts., straight diamond flexible bracelet, stamped "D & Co." $250 reward for return to Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST.—Valuable diamond and cabochon sapphire bracelet, Friday afternoon, between 12:30 and 2:30; gold and platinum setting. Phone Huyler, 6300 Columbus. Reward.

LOST.—Black seal leather eyeglass case, gold rim, initials L. D. G., containing gold spring eyeglasses. Room 505, 320 5th Av.

LOST.—A pearl stud, at Charity Ball, or between Waldorf and 9 East 82d St. $100 reward if returned to 9 East 82d St.

LOST—Small box, with three rings and a pair of pearl earscrews; liberal reward; no questions asked. 142 West 64th St.

LOST.—A fob, with a K. of P. charm. Suitable reward if returned to Harry Levy, 2,325 3d Av.

LOST.—Mink neck fur of three skins, Thursday. Reward. Keena, 43 West 46th St.

LOST.—Friday, Jan. 30, gold pin, turquoise; reward. Miss Mead, 129 East 76th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

DOG. LOST.—Feb. 5, black chow, male; answers to name of "Nigger"; reward. Dr. M. L. Rhein, 38 East 61st St.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE UNdersigned has severed all connection with J. M. Levin and the Nonpareil Clothing Co., Elizabeth, N. J. MOSES L. SIFF.

A COPY of The New York Times of any issue of October, 1903, and a copy of each month of the year 1904 is wanted. Address, stating price, Box B 13 Times Annex.

Business Opportunities.

Forty cents a line.

Manufacturers and importers selling through merchandise brokers, do you wish a representative at Davenport, Iowa, who will conscientiously take care of your interest? Give full particulars; bank references furnished. National Brokerage Co., Dept. 27, Davenport, Iowa.

$5.00 MONTHLY FOR NEW YORK OFFICE; ADDRESS IN MOST MODERN OFFICE BUILDING IN CITY; MAIL CAREFULLY FORWARDED OR MAY BE CALLED FOR DAILY; ONLY HIGH-GRADE BUSINESS ACCEPTED; REFERENCES REQUIRED. D 154 TIMES.

Slot machine, vending, penny article impossible heretofore of slot machine selling. World's largest penny seller. Machine publicly tested. Investigation by legitimate investors desired. Address in first instance B 363 Times.

Exceptional opportunity offered gentlemen with capital take half interest in corporation ready to start business importing tropical products; contracts with plantation on hand netting $61,045; give age, former position. Address Import, Box 145 Times Downtown.

Large knit goods plant, well established, seeks good salesman, knit goods experience, with investment, to become active partner. Address by letter only, Accountant, Room 4,004, Metropolitan Life Building.

A qualified investor with services and $25,000 or upward has an opportunity to enter wholesale business in a very old, well established company of highest reputation. Box R 304 Times Downtown.

$5,000.—To well-rated party, will sell half interest in new patent; no manufacturing or personal attention required; highly indorsed and big royalty outlook; principals only. Owner, G 58 Times.

Loan of few thousand dollars wanted by well-established concern of character, ability, and security. Address L 23 Times.

Partner wanted with $3,000 in manufacturing business; retiring on account of illness. D 136 Times.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Let us give you estimate on cleaning your cellars or yards of dirt and rubbish. 'Phone Chelsea 1546. T. J. Dennis, 512 W. 15th St.

LABELS AND STICKERS for all classes of business; satisfactory work at correct prices guaranteed; forward samples for estimate. H. E. M., Sinclair Apartment, Graham Court.

SALESMAN.—Cloak and suit; city; one who is thoroughly experienced and who has a strong following among the cloak and suit trade in the city. Stern-Herman Company, 5 West 31st.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST. Patents worked out, secured, disposed of; patents purchased; we speak all languages.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co. 135 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Rooms, single or en suite; heated; running water; excellent table.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

29TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, sunny rooms; telephone; excellent French cuisine.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Suite of two rooms and bath; references.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Single room; board optional, ideal location. Phone 6613—Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large, small rooms; gentlemen or families; board; telephone; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, small front rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Large, small rooms; first-class references.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; excellent table; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; BACK PARLOR; TABLE GUESTS.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large rooms; every convenience; board; best location; refined home.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; double, single rooms; private baths; steam, electricity.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; gentlemen preferred; references.

72D, 266 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; refined home, excellent table; few guests accommodated.

75TH, 139 WEST. Quiet, refined home; front, sunny rooms, with board; references.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, well-heated, attractive room; smaller room; choice table; telephone.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; attractive, newly furnished house; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests accommodated.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room.

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST. Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large, double room; private bath, and board.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST. The House Richards—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor, dining room; table guests; reasonable.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Nice single rooms; newly furnished; electricity; generous table; references.

80TH, 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor floor suite; southern exposure; reasonable; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; moderate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; references.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; steam, electricity; excellent meals; table guests; references.

85TH ST., 333 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, two; conveniences; breakfast optional; private family.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen in refined, exclusive home; easy access car line; references; excellent German-Jewish cuisine.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive large double rooms; steam; electricity; table a specialty.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; parlor dining. Telephone 3371 Riverside.

95TH ST., 171 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single, en suite; excellent meals; reasonable. Fick.

96TH ST., 49 WEST.—Rooms with board; Park street, near Subway and "L."

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home. 252 West—Table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Table guests accommodated. Telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 147 WEST.—Saloon floor, newly furnished, single or jointly; good home surroundings; German-American cooking.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; separate or en suite; private bath; steam; parlor dining room; American table; reasonable.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Small, sunny room, with excellent table board. Kerker.

148TH ST., (414 Convent Av., near 148th St.)—Large front room.

149TH ST., 544 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway and beautiful Riverside Drive; healthiest section; "The Audubon," first-class private family hotel; few vacancies; large rooms; all conveniences; private bath, $10 to $12, one; $14 to $20, two; rates include first-class board; parlor dining rooms, separate tables; reception parlor; every comfort of a real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

Charming Winter Home, Away from city and noise, yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan; grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter; "THE EVELYN LODGE." Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Medium sized rooms; one, $9 upward; two, $15 upward.

MOST DESIRABLE front room; modern conveniences; reached by two subways; good food. Phone 5262—Riverside.

near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

COUPLE and child desire board, near Lexington and Sixties. Morgan, 1,368 Broadway.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Large front room on second floor; suitable for 2 or 3; references.

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Attractive, sunny room, medium size, high-class elevator apartment off Union Square; moderate. Apt. 72.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; closet and dressing room; private bath; $8.

30TH, 131 EAST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; conveniences. Mad. Sq. 3624.

48TH ST., 127 EAST.—Elegant large room; beautifully furnished; private bath; kitchenette; telephone; other rooms; $8, $10, $12.

72D ST., 178 EAST.—Elegantly furnished, steam-heated rooms; bath; conveniences; $3.50 up.

139TH ST., 459 EAST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE; TELEPHONE; CONVENIENCES.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

West Side.

9TH ST., 23 WEST.—Fine, large room; bath connected; suitable two; reference; telephone.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Comfortable, well heated rooms, all conveniences; private house, $4 up.

10TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; newly decorated; all conveniences; exclusive.

45TH ST., 156 WEST.—Furnished rooms; light; all conveniences; for couples or refined actors.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large, light room; private bath; gentleman; nicely furnished.

50TH ST., 35 WEST.—Elegant parlors, private baths, kitchenettes, telephones; splendid location; $3, $10, other rooms.

50TH, 65 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished sunny rooms; modern conveniences; telephone; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, sunny room; also single room; every convenience.

55TH, 345 WEST.—LARGE, SUNNY ROOMS; ALSO FRONT BASEMENT.

56TH, 363 WEST.—Hot water every room; single, double; steam; showers; telephone; Subway, "L"; $2.50-$7; restaurant connected.

56TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor, alcove, bath; telephone; references. 6236 Columbus.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

58TH, 120 WEST.—Gentleman going away, will rent handsome large room, or entire suite.

58TH ST., 21 WEST.—Elegant parlors; private bath, kitchenettes; telephone; $40-$50.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

ZAHN & KERR,
General Agents,
206 Broadway.

February 4th, 1914.

The New York Times:—

On December 21st, 1913, we advertised a moving picture theatre for sale in the Business Opportunity column of The New York Times. The following day we received a call from an interested gentleman, but as this particular place did not interest him we sold him another valued at $20,000.

This is solely the result of one advertisement, which I consider a remarkably good investment.

ZAHN & KERR,
By W. F. Kerr.

Telephone advertisements to The Times—1000 Bryant.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

65TH, 54 WEST.—Three attractively furnished housekeeping rooms; newly renovated; private entrance. White.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room; private bath, marble shower, electricity; exceptionally well-appointed private house; suit particular people; breakfast if desired; also smaller room.

69TH, 108 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; private bathroom; modern conveniences; meals optional.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Attractive, handsome, well-furnished rooms; conveniences; telephone; Subway, "L"; reasonable.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally comfortable; every convenience; also small room.

71ST ST., 165 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Two immaculately clean rooms; singly or en suite; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined people.

71ST., 351 and 221, (Between Riverside Drive and Broadway.)—Large, warm rooms, with kitchenettes, gas, telephone, and maid service; linen and silver, laundry included; $3.50 to $10 weekly.

71ST, 151 WEST.—Large, cozy room; southern exposure; also inside room; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 282 WEST.—Suite of two rooms and dressing room; running water; also large corner front room; electricity.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; private bath; medium room; telephone; Subway.

73D, 162 WEST.—Very desirable furnished rooms; select location; telephone; Subway express; references.

73D, 103 WEST. Large, comfortably furnished rooms; homelike; references.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, splendid home for refined people.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large room; private bath; continuous hot water; telephone; Subway.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room; southern exposure; private house; electricity, hot water heating; references.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; two gentlemen; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, adjoining bath; suitable two; single room.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly-furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

78TH, 217 WEST.—Newly decorated; all modern conveniences.

81ST, 167 WEST.—Suitable bachelor or couple; handsomely furnished parlor suite; convenient "L" or Subway. Kerby. Schuyler, 9922.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; running water; every convenience; exclusive home; gentlemen. Sherwood. Telephone, Schuyler 4794.

82D, 43 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms, with private baths; references; phone.

82D ST., 53 WEST.—French family, rent large and small rooms; all conveniences; near "L" station.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private house; telephone; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; piano.

82D, 118 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; southern exposure; single room.

85TH, 175 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; handsomely furnished; running water; suitable one, two; breakfast optional; reasonable. Feinberg, 5092 Schuyler.

85TH ST., 333 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, two; conveniences; breakfast optional; private family.

85TH ST., 207 WEST.—Sunny parlor suite; quiet surroundings; piano. Schy. 7235. Curtis.

91ST ST., 126 WEST.—Attractive front suite; conveniences; private family; board optional. Wheelock.

93D, 35 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single front rooms; southern exposure; conveniences. 8045 J Riverside.

93D ST., 49 WEST.—Large rooms; private house; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, desirable rooms; private bath; quiet surroundings. Owner; references.

95TH, 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales after business; also large light room; private bath; telephone.

95TH, (Riverside Drive.)—Large, beautiful rooms; southern exposure. 3790 Riverside. Apartment 60.

97TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large and small, adjoining bath; only refined, cultured people; electricity; vacuum cleaning; references. Riverside 2087.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Large, sunny outside rooms, southern exposure, lavatory connecting; high class apartment house; excellent meals; Subway one block. Apartment 7E.

103D ST., 214 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, steam-heated front room; convenient Subway, "L"; small private family; telephone. Casey.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

103d, 81 WEST.—Light front room; steam; bath; Subway, elevated; $2. Hoffsomer.

105TH, 163 WEST.—High class rooms; select neighborhood; subway, "L" cars; must be highly recommended; gentlemen only. Robison.

105TH, 151 WEST.—Well furnished rooms; elevator, telephone, Subway, "L"; reasonable. Hiller.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Large, small front room, newly furnished; elevator; reasonable. Livingston.

107TH ST., 266 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; comfortably furnished; modern conveniences. Riverside 3090R.

111TH ST., 611 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, SUNNY ROOM; ELEVATOR. MURRAY.

112TH ST., 536 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, in elevator apartment, near Subway. Apt. No. 11.

113TH, 523 WEST.—Neatly furnished, homelike, single, double rooms; southern exposure; telephone. Lyman.

115TH, 357 WEST, (Morningside Park)—Trained nurse would let large room or room to nurses or business women; convenient bath; large closet; kitchen privileges; elevator; telephone; near 116th "L." Thomas.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Light outside single and double rooms; private bath; electricity; elevator; telephone; reasonable.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Desirable heated room; closet; adjoining bath; very reasonable. Mowbray.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms; elevator, telephone, shower; reasonable.

118TH ST., 419 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Light, airy rooms, single or double. Apt. 52.

120TH ST., 434 WEST, (Apt. 3H.)—Two attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette; east, south; permanent; call after 2 o'clock.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Desirable front rooms, adjoining bath; $3.50; elevator, telephone. Sherman.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone, Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Front suite rooms; nicely furnished; modern apartment; kitchen privileges. Worrell.

124TH, 534 WEST.—Light, cozy, furnished room for one, two; all improvements. Lefebvre.

126TH ST., 323 WEST.—Large, small rooms; bath; heated; conveniences; private house; telephone. Godereau.

126TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH, 145 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny, adjoining bath, with closets; steam, electricity; phone; elevator; reasonable. Unterberg. Apartment 24.

130TH, 25 WEST.—Front, back parlor; suitable for professional gentleman.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated room; independent entrance; private family. 5080 Morningside. Carroll.

135TH ST., 655 WEST.—Single, connecting rooms, overlooking Hudson; hotel service. Apt. 34.

138TH ST., 529 WEST.—Subway; pretty room; first apartment; every convenience; $3. Ellis.

139TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside, sunny room, next bath; reasonable; elevator. Apt. 31.

140TH, 608 WEST.—Very desirable large room; southern exposure; Subway; telephone. Apartment 44.

158TH, 646 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; running water; near bath; refined surroundings; private house; Subway; references.

176TH, WEST, (214 Audubon Av.)—Large outside room; private bath; elevator; independent entrance; private family; reasonable. Apartment 2.

AMSTERDAM AV., 325, (Cor. 75th.)—Rooms in apt., single or connecting; elevator; all modern conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references. Goodwin.

BUSINESS LADY finds comfortable room with business woman; high-class elevator apartment. 1,380 St. Nicholas Av. Box 240.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,649, (141ST.)—ELEGANT SUNNY ROOM; PRIVATE; CONVENIENCES.

EXCELLENT ROOMS, one facing Morningside Drive; airy, sunny; private family. G 49 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private family; all conveniences; gentlemen; breakfast optional. Morningside 3409. Apartment 2C.

THE LUDINGTON, 205 West 101st St., two doors from Broadway. High-class elevator apartment, newly furnished throughout; one and two large rooms, with use of kitchen if desired; gas, maid, laundry included; $4.50 to $15 weekly; all-night service; transients accommodated.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END AV, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

WEST END AV., 790, (98th St.)—Large front room, adjoining bath; three windows.

WEST END AV., 226.—Newly furnished rooms to let; private house; heated.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

DESIGNER.—A PERMANENT EXCELLENT POSITION IS OPEN FOR A WOMAN WHO CAN CREATE SNAPPY POPULAR PRICE SILK, LACE AND CHIFFON WAISTS. APPLICATIONS TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. ELGIN SILK WAISTS, 1001 FILBERT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

FIRST-CLASS MILLINERS; GOOD SALARIES TO COMPETENT PEOPLE. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 564 5TH AV.

HAIRDRESSER—French preferred; must be thoroughly experienced and accustomed to high class trade. Apply Superintendent, James McCreery & Co., 34th St.

SCHOOL TEACHERS employed can add $10 to $25 weekly commission to their incomes by little effort. Adirondack, S 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady stenographer and office assistant, about 18 to 20 years of age, in a wholesale importing house; must have experience. Address in own handwriting, stating full particulars, Stenographer, 1,364 Broadway.

Instruction.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

CHOIR BOYS.—Four intelligent choir boys with good voices, between the ages of 10 and 12, wanted at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. Apply immediately by letter to T. Tertius Noble, 1 West 53d St.

DESIGNER for Axminster carpets; must be first-class. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

FOREMAN wanted, first-class automobile engineer, to take entire charge of Ford repair department; must have had extensive experience with Ford car; a live wire with executive ability is what is required; no amateurs or has-beens need apply; good salary and bonus paid to the right man. Apply by letter, with copies of references as to ability, &c., to the Trinity Garage, 5th St. and Hudson Boulevard, Union Hill, N. J.

LACE and embroidery importers desire young man with good handwriting. G 56 Times.

MANAGER of employment department wanted by large manufacturing concern, located Middle West, employing 6,000 people, mechanics of all trades, including toolmakers, cabinetmakers, moulders, &c.; reply, stating age, nationality, experience in detail, and salary expected. Box D 155 Times.

OFFICE MAN.—About 50 years old; must have had good general experience; be sober, steady, punctual, and live in Brooklyn. X 280 Times Annex.

RETAIL SHOEMAN.—REALLY EXCEPTIONAL MAN WHO KNOWS SHOES AND HOW TO CORRECTLY SELL THEM TO AN EXCLUSIVE TRADE. DON'T REPLY UNLESS YOUR PAST WORK AND HABITS WILL BEAR CLOSE INSPECTION. GIVE YOUR WHOLE STORY WITH FIRST LETTER; SALARY. CONFIDENTIAL. S 208 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN to take a line of ladies' waists; must have acquaintance through New England States; also one in the State of New Jersey; commission basis. American Waist & Garment Co., 129-131 West 22d St.

SALESMEN.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced salesmen for their Victor Talking Machine Department. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

SALESMAN, with department store connection, to carry line imported fancy table covers, napkins, &c.; commission. S 204 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Canvassing city trade on commission, may increase his earnings with side line; no samples. Address G 45 Times.

SALESMAN for infants' wear; jobbing and office trade; commission basis. G 48 Times.

WANTED—Young man who can repair and regulate Victor Talking Machines by prominent music house. Victor, Box A, Station F, New York City.

Instruction.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAY MAIL CLERK "EXAMS" Feb. 21. Get prepared for this and other "Exams" by former U. S. Civil Service Secretary-Examiner. Booklet H11 free. Write to-day. PATTERSON CIVIL SERVICE SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary; competent woman; responsible position; highest references. H. A., 467 West 144th St.

CHILD'S NURSE or attendant to invalid; refined lady; best references. G 34 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Some knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; willing to start moderately. A. B., 111 East Houston St. Tel. 3276 Orchard.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—YOUNG LADY, EFFICIENT, EIGHT YEARS' PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, SEEKS POSITION AS EXECUTIVE WITH LARGE CORPORATION; CAN FURNISH EXCELLENT REFERENCES AS TO CHARACTER AND ABILITY. ADDRESS L 31 TIMES.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Eight years' experience; employer's interest studied; high school education; notes correctly transcribed; good speller and grammarian; $15. E 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper; capable; American girl; beginner; two years high school; excellent penman; $8. R 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires work; direct machine dictation; copying quickly and accurately done. 110 West 34th St., Room 702.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEwriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.—Neat, bright, beginner; $6; American; rapid, accurate. R 283 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE.—Young lady wishes night position as switchboard operator. M. K., 2,096 Washington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; experienced, neat, reliable. I. Applebaum, 80 Osborn St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, 25 years of age, with five years' business experience, seeks position with large corporation; have a very good education; assist on books, filing, &c.; also a good typist; can furnish excellent references. Address R. S. M., 4 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN, taking business course, desires employment for board; best references. Z 267 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Simplified systems installed, books opened, closed, audited, written up; special examinations and investigations conducted; financial statements and income tax returns rendered; personal service, work confidential; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone Beekman 2730.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Certified; auditing, investigations, accounting systems; superior service, moderate charges. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone 6970 Cortlandt.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and general office worker, experienced, good education, best references, desires position. L. J. T., 1,403 Avenue A.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; college education; competent; modern methods; well recommended; conscientious; opportunity, not salary, first consideration. R 350 Times Downtown.

BOY (15) desires position in office, where he can advance himself; ambitious, honest, and willing worker. D 147 Times.

BUTLER.—Young man, German, wants position in private house as butler. G 52 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 35; single, machinist; experience 10 years, (5 one place;) Daimler, Simplex, Pierce, Isotta; good for traveling; speaks English, French, German, Italian, Spanish fluently. 307 West 70th St. Tel. Col. 2037.

CHAUFFEUR wishes steady position with private family; drive and repair any type car; understands care of horses and gentleman's place. Address C. Johnson, 466 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; truck; can change at once; A1 reference. S 213 Times Downtown.

COOK, BUTLER.—Japanese desires position; references. Masuta, 139 W. 123d St.

CREDIT MAN, correspondent, thorough business experience in office, seeks position. B 14 Times Annex.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.—College graduate, six years' experience, desires position, city. C 172 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 35, superior education, speaking, writing five languages, desires position of trust and responsibility; world-wide experience; export, import, finance; highest references. R 372 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR expert, Nauheim baths, Schott movements. William P. Hock, phone Schuyler 3954.

NURSE.—Masseur treatments by expert; terms reasonable; references. Address G 47 Times.

PUBLISHERS. Young man (26) desires position with publisher; several years with monthly and weekly publications; capable and thoroughly experienced in all departments. S 210 Times.

SALESMAN and office man, having 22 years' experience and acquaintance with New York, Philadelphia, and out-of-town office jobbers and retailers in dry goods and notion lines, seeks position as manufacturer's representative; management of New York office and salesroom preferred; highest credentials. B 11 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man with five years' experience in clothing and gents' furnishings, desires position as salesman where hard work will bring advancement. Energetic, B 9 Times Annex.

SECRETARY.—Very cultured gentleman wants position; best references; knows Spanish; age 30. G 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant; well qualified; capable handling correspondence own initiative; seven years' experience; excellent references. S 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, 21, graduate business school; four years' experience various lines; salary $12. R 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced, high school graduate; references. Doblin, 78 Sackman St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright willing boy; beginner; American; $7-$8. R 284 Times Downtown.

TEN YEARS' selling experience in wholesale and retail grocery business, a wide acquaintance in Western New York, and the initiative for building business, enable him to represent in that territory a manufacturer or jobber who is not now satisfactorily represented; unusual references and details of my record supplied at first interview. Trustworthy, Box B 7 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) with knowledge of stenography and typewriting, and of good education, desires position; best references. N 96 New York Times, 304 Washington St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 24, good character, well recommended, both commercial and banking experience, desires a position where strict adherence to business will warrant advancement. Ambitious, 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, energetic, wishes position with reputable firm, where advancement is the reward for good work; well acquainted with advertising work. D 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN, trained in journalism, law, finance, seeks change from present position on daily newspaper. R 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, seeks position which promises advancement. Sasserath, 122 West 143d.

YOUNG MAN, 17, graduate high school, desires position in dentist's office. Dentist, R 373 Times Downtown.

79TH ST. SETTLEMENT, 232 East 79th St., asks for work for some of its boys, whom it confidently recommends. They are from 15 to 18 years of age, well developed, intelligent, capable, and of good habits. They would willingly take any kind of work and do it faithfully. Lenox 1989.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

BEST HUNGARIAN, GERMAN, AND POLISH cooks, laundress, and waiters, male and female; also laborers for factories, mines, and contractors. American Employment Agency, Louis Waraday, Proprietor, 88 Avenue A.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9527 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 13 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT help, reliable reference, at Progressive Agency, 34 West 131st. Harlem 5370.

COOK.—First class, English woman, best references, wishes position in country. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl, recently landed; $15; a partly trained girl, $18. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler—9136.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY. FINAL CLEARANCE SALE. New and used cars. They must be sold; we have retired from the Automobile Business; 2 new "1913" Alco Limousines—never run—two of the most beautiful cars in town; 1 "1912" Limousine—second hand; bargain. The above is all we have left in cars, trucks, bodies, new or used, and they must be sold this week. AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, M. J. Beggins, Manager Used Car Dept., 1,888 Broadway, New York City.

Lozier, 1912, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, with complete equipment; mechanically perfect and superb in appearance; really like new; cost $5,000. No proposition for a piker. If you will inspect quickly and pay $1,250 for it, call Room 1,227 Tribune Building.

For Sale.—1909 Packard "30" limousine, in splendid condition; had $600 recently spent on it; has been kept in private garage and presents fine appearance; will sell for $1,200, as owner is going South for Winter. Write to B. C. Helm, 229 W. 69th St., N. Y.

Great bargain; Autocar, 1911 model, 22-30 horsepower, 4 cylinder, 4 passenger, tourabout body; new silk mohair top; fine condition. $450. Dr. Kaplan, 494 Stone Av., Brooklyn. Telephone East New York 142 before 10 A. M.

WE SELL AND REPAIR Auto Radiators, Windshields, Fenders, and Lamps of all makes. HUDSON AUTO LAMP CO., 1,650 BROADWAY. COL. 8194.

A Bargain.—Must sell my late foredoor, five-passenger touring car; fully equipped, extra shoe, tubes, and tools; demonstration anywhere. Tel. 4263 Stagg. Office, 161 Meserole St., near Graham Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Five-passenger, forty horse power 1912 Staver car, overhauled, in good shape, complete, together with slip covers and two additional demountable rims; price $550. Inquire Room 707, 15 East 40th St.

Times Square Auto Company, world's largest dealers in new and used automobiles and accessories; examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. S. W. Cor. 56th St. and Broadway.

Circumstances compel me to dispose of new 1914 Stevens-Duryea model C-Six touring at a reduction in the price; this car has not been used. X 283 Times Annex.

Fiat, (Italian) roadster, equipped with latest starter, &c., automatic tire pump; a powerful, speedy car. Universal Auto Painting Co., 245 West 55th St.

Lozier, 1909, in good mechanical condition, with landaulet body; owner will dispose of same for $450. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

Auto Tires!—500 first-class tires for sale, $3.50-$7; all sizes; vulcanizing work guaranteed. Yorkville Tire Works, 312 East 75th.

Renault, 1911 cabriolet, newly painted, in first-class condition; owner will sacrifice. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 B'way.

For Sale—1909 Leon Bolle Chassis, $375. 1910 Rambler Chassis, $175. Fine running condition. Elkin, 250 West 49th St.

Packard, 1911-13 Imperial town car. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

Packard 1907 limousine; excellent condition; reasonable price. Tel. 3308 John. Mr. Smith.

Ball & Roller Bearings.—Gwilliam Co. 253 West 58 St. Columbus 8356.

Packard 30 runabout; fine condition; must sell. Stevens, 103 West 51st St.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD LANDAULET. In perfect condition; late model; expert and careful driver; rates reasonable. C. D. Brock, 15 West 65th. Phone 9295—Columbus.

Elegant Packard limousine for rent, hourly, monthly. Verlangiere, 532 West 122d; 7670 Morningside.

$25 weekly for two hours daily service of beautiful limousine. De Meo. 736 Home St.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Motor Apparel.

THE HOTTUM CO., INC.,

Makers of

Automobile and Livery Apparel, Uniforms,

MEN'S CUSTOM CLOTHES.

Friend of all Chauffeurs.

THE HOTTUM CO.,

1915 Broadway, Cor. 64th St.

Tel. Columbus 526.

Schools.

Thirty cents a line.

Dancing.

F. CLARENZ RIVERS, THE ST. HELENE, 2,128 BROADWAY, NEAR 74TH ST. TEL. 1050 COL. Private and class instruction; society and stage dancing; salon available for dancing, &c.

Modern Dances.—Tango, hesitation, Boston, &c., rapidly taught at home; refined by personal attention; private or en classe. Eugenia Christian, 611 West End. 6752 River.

DANCING.—Society's latest dances taught privately; one step, hesitation, tango, etc. Frances Morgan, 102 West 71st. Col. 2507.

Modern dances taught privately by refined lady. Mlle Minders, 113 West 76th. Tel. Schuyler 10021.

DANCING.—First door west Vanderbilt Hotel; Miss Arthur, Mr. Margraff. M. H., 3,493.

Modern dances taught, private or class. Miss Hilton, 268 West 72d St.; 3016 Col.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5402 Franklin.
956 Broadway, at 23d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Great money saving sale on all standard visible typewriters; see them; open evenings. National Typewriter Exchange, 3½ East 42d St.

Purchase and Exchange.

Thirty cents a line.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold.
Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver.
Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum.
Benjamin Feingold, 469 6th Av., between 28th and 29th Sts.
Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

A COPY of The New York Times of any issue of October, 1903, and a copy of each month of the year 1904 is wanted. Address, stating price, Box B 13 Times Annex.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST. Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; 25 to 75 per cent. for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Diamonds, jewelry, silver, antiques, purchased. Robert Enzko, 598 Madison Av. Est. 1878.

Pianos and Organs.

Thirty cents a line.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS.
$75. $115. $135.
USED PLAYER PIANOS.
$375. $400. $450.
USED GRAND PIANOS.
$375. $450. $500.
EASY TERMS. LARGE ASSORTMENT.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 EAST 14TH ST.

Steinway upright piano, in excellent condition; will sell for $115. Anguera, 312 West 42d.

LEINS PIANO in good condition; price $250. Address Z 368 Times Annex.

Machinery.

Thirty cents a line.

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 122 Centre St., N. Y. City.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry.

Forty cents a line.

Russian wolfhound puppies; best pedigree and registered. Dr. E. E. Tanner, 2,230 Clarke St., Milwaukee, Wis.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

FOUND 1,300 WAITING TO DIE IN JERUSALEM

Dr. W. E. Aughinbaugh, Commercial Globe Trotter, Had Interesting Trip.

BURIAL INSURANCE SCHEME

Saw Moving-Picture Actors Mobbed When Making Pictures from Life of Christ.

After an absence of four and a half months, during which he visited seventeen countries of Europe, Africa, and Asia, Dr. W. E. Aughinbaugh, commercial globe trotter, got back to the Breslin yesterday with the news that business around the Mediterranean is generally poor, so far as selling American goods is concerned. Dr. Aughinbaugh was unable to get any farther into Turkey than Galatea and Constantinople, on account of the cholera quarantine.

In Jerusalem the traveler was told by the American Consul that there were 1,300 naturalized American Jews who had gone there to die.

"The Consul told me," said Dr. Aughinbaugh, "that his investigations had developed that over here in the United States there are associations which work on a principle which is almost the inverse of life insurance. For a certain sum, which runs from $300 to $1,500, these associations take charge of an elderly person, who has to be more than 60 or 65 years, according to the company doing the insuring, and agree to furnish him food and shelter during the rest of his life, and to take him to Jerusalem to be buried and to pay the burial expenses.

"Many of those who have paid out their money for this privilege are found when they get to Palestine to have a surprising amount of vitality left. The Consul is of the opinion that the sea voyage and the change of climate have a tonic effect, with the result that these persons, far from being ready for the grave when they arrive, seem to be beginning a new lease of life. The Consul told me he had trouble making some of the agents of these companies live up to their bargains.

"While I was in Jerusalem, a moving-picture concern, which had been spending two months making preparations, started in to make scenes depicting chapters in the life of Christ, and the English actor who impersonated the Master came in for a lot of unpopularity. Especially outraged were the Christians of Jerusalem at what they felt was a sacrilege, and when the actor essayed to enter Jerusalem after the fashion of Christ in the New Testament, he was pulled from the ass on which he was riding and actually mobbed. The Turkish Governor had to intervene to save his life. The woman who impersonated the Virgin Mary was dragged into our hotel to prevent her being stoned.

"I found that business in Greece was still prostrate from the effects of the war. I traveled down to Syria and partly into the country. The big breakwater which is being built at Jaffa will necessitate the use of thousands of tons of cement, but nobody over here is interested in its construction, and here is another good opportunity lost to the United States. They invited proposals from the United States, but no American bid on the work, though English, German, and French contractors were quick to do so.

"I visited Damascus this trip. They don't make Damascus blades there any more, but import them from Germany. By the way, I found at Jaffa an American named Hardegg running a hotel—and a pretty good hotel it is, too. However, instead of numbering his rooms he has them named after Biblical characters. I noticed the names of Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, Rachel, and Naomi over the doors. I can assure you that when my wife and I were being assigned to our quarters we were somewhat embarrassed when the room clerk shouted: 'Front, take the lady up to John and the gentleman to Rachel.' When the system had been explained to me I inquired why the rooms were so named. The clerk told me the proprietor had an idea that it gave a sort of local color to the place for American tourists visiting the Holy Land.

"They are putting in trolley cars at Jaffa and Damascus. They tried to get Americans to bid on the work, but nobody over here seemed interested. By the way, I heard a piece of commercial news at Jaffa which is of interest. The man who is bottling water from the River Jordan and shipping it about the world to be used for christenings, is said to be more than $40,000 behind on his venture so far.

"I spent a month in Egypt. Davis, the American ethnologist, is making some wonderful discoveries there, one thing being a new Sphinx. The Nile had never been so low in its history as it was while I was there, I was told. Navigation was practically suspended. I don't know whether anything got out about it, but in November, while I was in Egypt, an incipient revolution was nipped in the bud. Trouble started with the distribution of what are called the 'Woof' funds—the money belonging to the syndicate that controls the Mohammedan Church. Some of the fanatical Islamites started out on a holy war, but Kitchener was prepared, and the movement was snuffed out.

"In Algiers I met a man from our Agricultural Department in Washington, who was sniffing around as to the best method of importing some Algerian date palm trees. He told me the French Government had so far forbidden the exportation of young trees, and that we are very anxious to have some of them to try in California.

"I was in Tangier one day while the Spaniards were fighting a battle with the Moors 90 miles off, and I was at Gibraltar on Christmas Day in time to see part of a dramatic incident. The British fleet was just holding divine service when a wireless message arrived from a merchantman that had gone on the rocks of Morocco 30 miles away, telling that the Moors had attacked her crew and murdered the second officer and two men. Immediately two ships got up steam and left for the spot. They arrived in time to prevent further slaughter, and after bombarding a native town got the merchantman off and towed her back. Things seem to be happening all the time in that part of the world."

IN NEW JERSEY.

MONTCLAIR.—One egg from a package of five dozen shipped from Clementon was found in the bottom of the mail sack by a clerk in the parcel post department yesterday. It was not even cracked.

MONTCLAIR—Gov. James F. Fielder has accepted the invitation of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick to speak at the annual dinner at the Hotel Montclair on the night of March 17.

DOVER.—Two hound pups and three small pigs were killed on Thursday night on the farm of Alfred Predmore by the panther which escaped from a circus in the Fall and has been wandering about here since.

LONG BRANCH.—A fire in the West End Villa, on Cottage Place, owned and conducted as a Summer boarding house by J. Harris of New York, destroyed that building and damaged adjoining cottages. It is thought to have been incendiary. The loss on the West End villa is estimated at $15,000.

TRENTON.—Criticism of the management of the State Prison and of the policy of the State in caring for the sick, features the annual report of Joseph P. Byers, Commissioner of Charities and Correction, submitted to Gov. Fielder yesterday. He recommends legislative action.

TRENTON.—Robert C. Hutchinson, clerk to the Board of Trustees of the State School Fund, is to be the first person ousted as the result of the Democratic Administration's plan to economize. He is the Burlington County member of the Republican State Committee.

TRENTON.—Attorney General Westcott yesterday announced the appointment of Herbert Boggs as Assistant Attorney General. Boggs has been Corporation Attorney for Newark.

BRONDER ART SALE ENDS.

"Venetian Balcony Scene," by Carl T. Becker, Sold for $250.

A painting by George H. Bogert, "Evening," went for $150 to W. A. Gramer at the closing sale of the paintings of Mrs. Valerie L. Bronder and Walter E. Hildredth at the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms last evening. N. A. Phillips paid $250 for a "Venetian Balcony Scene," by Carl T. Becker, and the same buyer gave $120 for "On the Grand Canal, Venice," by T. Calderon. A pretty little Henry P. Smith "Venice" went to George H. Fearsons for $60, and the same buyer gave $42.50 for a single figure picture by Beauquesne, "The Sentry"; $175 for a "Marine," by Pannini; $70 for de Champ's "Brigands," and $80 for "The Ferry," by Koek-Koek. "Sunset," by W. E. Plimpton, went to J. Reynolds for $135, and T. K. Richards paid $60 for "Surf at Newport," by W. T. Richards, and $55 for a charming water color, "Coast Scene," by Richards.

Sanford R. Gifford's "On the Lagoon, Venice," went to August for $170, and an excellent portrait of "Napoleon III.," dated 1859, by D. A. Woodward, went to C. M. Higgins for $90. A fine portrait of "Henry Clay" went to Clapp & Graham for $165. A beautiful English scene, "On the Thames Above Great Marlow," went to Willever for $90. "In Sunny Tennessee," by Harry Roseland, brought $42.50, and a brilliantly colored religious picture, attributed to Rubens, 23 by 33, in an elaborate carved wood Italian frame, brought $50.

The returns for the sale were $8,889.

OLD BEDSTEAD BRINGS $900.

Highest Price Paid at Adam Sale for One of Elizabethan Period.

The sixteenth century English oak bedstead brought the top price at the Adam sale at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, going to E. W. James for $900. It was of the Elizabethan period, solid head board with canopy, the foot posts resting on square bases. It was elaborately carved.

A pair of French armchairs, First Empire period, in white and gold, went to Towne for $220; a pair of French bergeres, carved and gilded frames, went to F. W. McDonald for $200; a Louis Quinze drawing room suite of the period, carved and gilt wood frames, Beauvais tapestry, used by King Edward VII. on one of his visits to Edinburgh, brought $675; McDonald paid $340 for a marble and ormolu mantel set, Louis Seize period.

A Louis Seize marquetry desk with drop front, the lower part a cupboard with two doors, went to Mrs. A. Jones for $290, and R. N. Beadleston paid $215 for an interesting seventeenth century chestnut side cabinet. Frederick gave $220 for eight English oak stools, and Bernet, agent, gave $510 for an English oak trencher table, sixteenth century; W. O. Hickok paid $235 for a seventeenth century English oak chaise couch; an English oak dole cupboard went to Cooper for $200; Frederick paid $200 for a Queen Anne period court cupboard, carved, with paneled and inlaid doors, and the same price for an elaborately carved seventeenth century oak court cupboard, Jacobean period. An English oak dresser and plate rack went to the same buyer for $200.

A carved all-wood mantel, Adam period, went to H. H. Rogers for $200, and Fox paid $280 for a pair of Adam carved wood fireplaces.

The returns for the day were $19,715. The sale will be continued this afternoon.

STUDENT DIES FROM A BLOW

Hit on the Head, Young Fernicola Finally Becomes Paralyzed.

An autopsy will be performed on the body of Nicholas Fernicola, 26 years old, of 69 Adams Street, Newark, who died early yesterday in St. Michael's Hospital in Newark. Fernicola was a medical student at the Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia. He came home on Thanksgiving Day and complained of pains in his head. He was attended by a physician. About a week later Fernicola lost the power of speech, and two weeks later he was stricken with paralysis on the left side.

Fernicola was taken to St. Michael's Hospital on Jan. 11. According to his relatives, the medical student said some one had hit him on the head with a book while he was at the medical school, but the hospital records say that he was hit on the head with a baseball while playing with other students.

The cause of Fernicola's death is given at the hospital as abscess of the brain. The autopsy will be performed to determine the exact cause of death.

$1,000 HAUL FOR THIEVES.

Third Robbery in Two Months at Dayton Arms Apartment.

Practically at the same time Wednesday night that burglars tied and gagged Mrs. Mary Perry at 512 West 136th Street and robbed the home of Mrs. Chamberlain at 624 West 139th Street thieves ransacked the apartment of Mrs. Robert Neuberger at the Dayton Arms Apartment, 603 West 140th Street, and stole $1,000 worth of jewelry. They fled as Mrs. Neuberger returned to the house and left one bag of silverware packed and ready to be taken away. Two other robberies have occurred in the house within the last two months.

Mrs. Neuberger said last night that she had been visiting friends and returned to her apartment about 9 o'clock. The shades in the windows in the front of the house were drawn, and she thought this suspicious, so she hurried inside. As she opened the door of her apartment she saw two men leap from the window of the dining room to the courtyard at the side of the building. The apartment is on the first floor.

She ran to the window, but the men had disappeared. Other tenants were aroused by Mrs. Neuberger, but a search failed to reveal the thieves. On the window sill were finger prints, but that was the only clue. Among the articles taken were a lavalliere set with sixty small diamonds, a solitaire diamond ring, a silver meshbag, several gold pins, two gold watches, and two bracelets.

POLICE VISITORS IN COURT.

Probationers See How to Present a Case Against Prisoner.

A squad of probationary policemen, notebook and pencil in hand, visited the Essex Market and Jefferson Market Courts yesterday to see how a regular policeman conducts his case in the courts. Patrolman Isador Cantor, an instructor, accompanied the squad.

"We have sixty-one young men in the school," he said, "and we are taking them through the courts that they may see for themselves just what a policeman is expected to do in the presentation of the case against prisoners he has arrested."

In Jefferson Market Magistrate Cornell made an address to his visitors. He said complimentary things regarding the faith to be put in the oath of a member of the force. This, he said, was often in contrast to the easy manner in which many witnesses juggled with the truth.

SAVES WOMAN FROM FIRE.

Policeman Gropes His Way Through Smoke and Rescues Mrs. Holland.

Mrs. Martha Holland, 60 years old, was rescued from a fire in the four-story tenement house at 211 Eighth Avenue last night by Patrolman Fisher of the Seventeenth Street Station. The fire started on the first floor, occupied by David Wardman as a clothing store. It filled the building with smoke. The tenants escaped through a hallway to West Twenty-first Street, with the exception of Mrs. Holland and her daughter, Mrs. Lena Dyson.

Patrolman Fisher heard Mrs. Dyson on the second floor crying that her mother was overcome by smoke. Groping his way, Fisher found Mrs. Holland lying on the floor. He carried her to the street, where she was revived. The fire caused a loss of $1,500.

TUBERCULAR CASES NEED AFTER-CARE

Council of Jewish Women Traces Patients Discharged from Sanatoriums.

SOCIAL WORK REQUIRED

Miss Sadie American Suggests That City Should Provide Sanitary Tenements.

The Council of Jewish Women has just made public through the Health Department, the result of a long and careful investigation into the subsequent histories of patients discharged from tuberculosis sanatoria. The work was in charge of Miss Sadie American, and the investigations and tabulations were made by Miss Julia Schoenfeld. The medical data was analyzed by Dr. Charles F. Bolduan.

The report has to do with patients discharged from Bedford Hills (Jewish,) and Ray Brook, and Otisville. Out of 975 cases no trace could be found of 424, which Dr. Bolduan points out, is not strange when it is considered that the cases were discharged from the sanatoria between 1904 and 1909.

"It is well known," he says, "that when tuberculosis comes into a home it quickly becomes a drain upon the resources of the family. Forced to economize, the family moves again and again, always to cheaper quarters, and sometimes the home is broken up. The 'no trace' cases are also accounted for by the social status of the patients."

For the 975 cases, information given at the time of their discharge shows that 196 were apparently cured; 248 "ravages arrested," 328 improved, and 203 unimproved or progressive. The investigators found that the cases marked "discharged as unimproved" made up 44 per cent. of the deaths. The proportion of dead in the cases discharged as "apparently cured" and as "arrested" is only 3 and 15 per cent., respectively.

"A large majority of sanatorium patients permanently learn while in such institutions the principles of health, the necessity for light and air and proper food," said Miss American in drawing conclusions from the report. "As far as their means allow they seek to carry these principles into their homes and at work. This is shown by the number sleeping with open windows and by those seeking better house and work conditions. There would, therefore, appear to be the strongest call to insure to discharged patients the possibility of living up to the principles they have been taught, lest added to relapse shall come distrust of the teaching and the teachers of society's interest as a hollow mockery."

Miss American said that while many have changed their occupations it was largely because of lack of strength to pursue them. It is a good sign that in making such changes they look for more sanitary working conditions. She said the investigations showed the disappearance of forty-one avocations and the appearance of twenty-one new ones, all of which, she pointed out, indicate a serious effort to fit reduced strength to the requirements of industry. One of the conclusions reached by the investigators is that there is need for what might be called industrial guidance, the providing of out-of-doors or other suitable work for those discharged from sanatoria. This selection of work is even more important for women than for men and it is urged that careful experiments might well be made in various forms of floriculture, vegetable farming, the raising of poultry, and other like forms of employment.

"What the statistics given in the report cannot show," said Miss American, "was that undernourishment in addition to bad housing and the strain of overwork in the young is persistent cause of low vitality and susceptibility to infection, an inference sustained by the appalling number of young victims. Another contributing cause of the disease is the low vitality due to overburdening, through the additional strain of supporting the disabled. Of the 975 coming under the scope of this study 33 per cent. were under 20 years of age, and 73 per cent. under 30 years of age."

The investigators find that social control only can hope to cope with tuberculosis; its causes, they point out, lie too deep for philanthropy, which is at best but remedial and not preventative. The community must assure good working conditions that will not undermine health, a return for labor that will insure adequate food and clothes and shelter. Even the discovery of an immediate cure, the investigators think, would be but remedial for what is needed is the prevention of tuberculosis, which is a task that will require all available resources. Social control will be able to accomplish little without the co-operation of the individual singly or in organized groups.

The Council dwells upon the need of more sanatoria, sufficient to provide for all hopeful cases which take into account the patients' religious customs as well as his habits, and in which there should be studied and developed during his or her stay native ability and adaptability to occupation and trade. The Council finds that the majority of sanatoria seem disinclined to keep a patient more than six months. It is urged that curable cases be kept for a longer period or until completely recovered. This, however, might be obviated by the establishment of industrial colonies, which are recommended in the report. In advanced cases an extension of care is demanded. Such patients are the chief source of infection if allowed to remain among the people. The protection of the community demands that this care be given, the report says.

The next step to be taken, the investigators believe, must be the appointment, in connection with every sanatorium, of specially trained social workers who shall take up the work not at the discharge of the patient but on his entry. They should obtain information as to the conditions under which the patient lived, and arrange for a medical examination of other members of the family, all this in preparation for the patient's homecoming and subsequent care. It is urged that the sanatorium keep in touch with the patient for at least two years, or preferably five years.

The removal of the family to sanitary quarters and proper provision for the housing of those without family are other essential curative and preventive measures advocated.

"Undoubtedly the objection will be raised that the city has no power to make such provision," said Miss American. "But power rests with the citizen to give or withhold. The construction of model tenements in the sense of making provision for sun, light, air, and a rental which the poorest workman can meet, and yet paying a proper percentage upon capital invested, would certainly tend to bring about better conditions. Very few of the present so-called model tenements meet the needs of the very poor, but rather those of a class able to pay higher rents."

The investigators say that provision should be made at or in connection with sanatoria for trying out of occupations suited for the strength and capacity of the patient. The report continues:

"In short, if we would not lose the capital invested in health and effort, if we would prevent the sliding into the slough of despond, of lowered energy and vitality on the part of those who, because of failure or inability to secure that which they have been taught they must have, lose hope and become indifferent, then we must provide in connection with the sanatoria, which the patients have learned to trust, and in close co-operation with the city itself wherever facilities for this exist or can be provided, a more carefully developed after-care for the patients, and before-care for his family. We must provide the resourceful trained worker to act with every discharged patient as guide and mentor, not only medical but social, and this civic servant should be given power and means to see to it that no family lives in such quarters as to sacrifice the good the patient has received, nor to sacrifice itself. This civic servant should make every effort to prevent the self-respecting worker from being thrown back on the dispensers of charity, which he so much resents. At the present time, many refuse this aid until driven to it by the loss of all that they had gained."

THIN OYSTERS THE SAFEST.

Board of Health Goes Into the Theory That They Carry Typhoid.

The Health Department has made a review of the work done to insure that oysters sold in the New York market shall be free from contamination and fit for food. The officials say that the reason for reviewing the subject is what has been written and said of oysters as disseminators of typhoid fever. The conditions which are favorable to the absorption of pollution are shown. The oyster, so far as is known, feeds upon microscopic animal and vegetable life, which it gathers by allowing the water to filter through its gills. The oyster is discriminating, and rejects certain micro-organisms, but unfortunately those which enter the water with sewage are not among those organisms which the oyster refuses. The oyster must filter many gallons of water daily in order to obtain its food, and any bacteria which may be in the water are favorably located for entrance into the human stomach through the agency of the oyster.

The fact that oysters will grow in brackish water is well known to oystermen, the review continues. So it is almost invariable that along well-populated shores there must be considerable pollution, even under the strictest supervision possible on the part of the local health authorities. The authorities believe that the importance of the tidal phenomena due to artificial or natural conditions is one which the oyster growers give scant attention. It is a commonly accepted theory that all matter dumped into a bay or river is quickly carried out to sea on an ebbing tide. In many instances this matter will frequently be carried backward and forward, sometimes taking days to reach the sea. This was demonstrated by the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission.

Another important point made in the review is that when oysters grown in salt or slightly brackish water are removed to water which is nearly fresh they absorb water and become "fat." This treatment is referred to as "plumping" or "drinking."

The officials warn that this "drinking" process is objectionable from a sanitary standpoint. It is practiced in creeks or rivers and it is an extremely difficult matter to keep such streams sufficiently free from pollution to render the practice safe. The danger of pollution from this source is shown by investigations made. At one "drink" in the vicinity of this city an Inspector counted twelve boats "drinking" their oysters on the same tide. Though this creek is situated in the centre of a salt marsh, its shores uninhabited, and with no visible source of sewerage in the vicinity, a bacteriological examination revealed a high degree of pollution.

During the Spring of 1912 a thorough investigation of Jamaica Bay and estuaries was made and samples of water at different tides taken for bacteriological analysis. As a result of this investigation the "floating" or "drinking" of oysters in Jamaica Bay is now forbidden. This practice is also forbidden by the Board of Health in waters of Indian Creek and Canarsie Creek. An examination of the waters of Chesquake Creek, N. J., also brought out the fact that the waters there are polluted and as a result the Health Department no longer allows oysters to be "floated" there.

All who would sell oysters within the limits of the city are required to obtain permits from the Board of Health. The location of all storehouses must be given, as well as the "drinking" places of the oysters.

The health officials find that in so far as this city is concerned it may be said that oysters probably play but a small part, if any, in the annual Autumnal rise of typhoid fever, for the infections constituting this rise regularly occur in July and August, the time when there is only a small consumption of oysters. In an analysis of more than 4,000 cases of typhoid fever occurring in New York City, in 1907, Billings noted that 2 per cent. gave a history suggestive of oyster infection. At the same time in more than half of the number of cases the source of infection had to be marked unknown, so that the proportion of oyster-borne infection may have actually been considerably higher than 2 per cent. Chapin, in commenting upon conditions in Providence, says that in the years 1902 to 1905, of 263 cases of typhoid fever patients who replied definitely whether they had eaten oysters only twenty-six, or about 10 per cent. said that they had. He adds that "very few oysters are eaten by laboring people, but at present laboring people furnish fully their share of typhoid fever."

The health authorities say that one of the earliest outbreaks of oyster-borne typhoid mentioned in literature upon the subject occurred at Wesleyan University in 1894, and was carefully studied by Prof. Conn. The outbreak embraced twenty-six cases, and was limited to the students of the university who had attended an initiation banquet on Oct. 12. The infection was finally traced to oysters. These had been grown in the deep water of Long Island Sound and had been deposited in the mouth of a fresh-water creek for a day or two to fatten before being sent to Middletown. Within 300 feet of the place where they were deposited was the outlet of a private sewer coming from a house wherein there were two cases of typhoid fever. The outbreak of typhoid fever last year in Goshen, N. Y., was traced to oysters infected by "drinking" at the mouth of a sewer-polluted creek emptying into Jamaica Bay.

The investigators have found that in almost all instances of oyster-borne typhoid fever described in this country, "fattening" or "drinking" of the oysters played a prominent part. Fortunately, the officials say, the public is beginning to understand the nature of this "drinking," and the demand for "fat" or white oysters is rapidly dying out. In time, it is predicted, this will probably lead to an abandonment of the practice, and so to a lessening of the danger of infection.

So the Health Department, while keeping a constant watch upon the oyster beds and safeguarding the public health, desires that more people be educated to understand that in the case of the white or fat oyster "all is not gold that glitters," and that the more sober-colored and thinner oyster is not only as good eating, but is far more healthy for public consumption.

NEW YORK GIRLS FOUND.

Birdie Quinlan and Clara Davis, Who Ran Away, Safe at Bridgeport.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 6.—Birdie Elizabeth Quinlan, aged 15, and Clara Davis, aged 17, of New York, for whom their parents and the New York police had searched for several days, have been located in this city. They are staying at the home of Clara Davis's aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Davis of 701 Myrtle Avenue.

"We were not treated right at home," Clara Davis said. "Our parents did not give us enough freedom, so we just ran away, that's all."

Fewer Marriages in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Marriages in the State in 1913, since the law relating to mental and physical impediments was in force, decreased 1,153, according to a report made to the Secretary of State, made to-day. The new law became effective Aug. 1. The births increased by 1,555.

NURSES GIVE SHOW OF BABY LIFE HERE

Dolls in Varied Garb Make Odd Exhibit at Henry Street Settlement.

NATIVE DRESS IS SHOWN

Chinese Baby Bears Off the Palm—Settlements' Work in the Tenements Vividly Depicted.

It costs $2.09 on an average to prepare for a new baby down on the lower east side. This information was obtained at a most interesting exhibit at the Nurses' Settlement on Henry Street of which Miss Lillian D. Wald is the head. It is a baby exhibit. The exhibit of the Settlement doesn't include the babies—that would be impossible, but dolls are dressed in real baby cloths as they have been worn by the little ones of different nationalities visited by the nurses on their rounds. Most of these outfits are hand embroidered and lace trimmed.

The most beautiful and effective "new baby" dress is that of the Chinese. The big Chinese doll which wears the clothes which the nurse found a Chinese baby wearing might be the baby itself, it looks so natural. It has a beautiful little Chinese silk coat and trousers in brilliant colors and a little round Chinese cap on its head.

The American baby apparently is the only one which does not wear a head covering in its early days. The children of other nationalities invariably wear caps of some kind. The Chinese mother makes one concession to American ideas, and with its gorgeous costume the Chinese baby wears little wool American socks.

Next to the Chinese the Indian baby is the most interesting. It is not the dress of the little Indian baby which attracts especial attention, but his cradle. There are Indians living in tenements in rear houses in the poorer districts of the city whose babies are put in crude cradles similar to those which aboriginal Indian mothers carried on their backs. In the rear tenement the little Indian baby is still a little stoic, when the nurses find it standing upright in its cradle in a chair. The parents are Indians employed in the theatres.

The Greek baby is the least attractively dressed, wearing a little colored calico or print slip, a concession to American fashion, but underneath this, in the same calico, the baby is tightly swathed as in its own country. The Russian baby is pinned up warm and tight in a blanket, a part of which is tied over its head.

There is hand embroidery and lace on the pillow to which the Hungarian baby is fastened. It wears a little lace trimmed cap and the straps which hold it to its pillow are in hand work. The elaborately dressed Bohemian baby has colored cross-stitched straps, and the Syrian baby is wrapped in silver embroidered cloth. The negro baby is elaborately garbed. The little dress has wide bands of lace insertion. All the clothing was worn by different babies in New York City, and will be returned to the owners.

The exhibition is of interest also in showing what the nurses accomplish in caring for sick babies. One exhibit shows a baby which one of the nurses found which was burning with a fever. The baby is in a tiny carriage on a small feather bed, warmly wrapped in woolen clothes, a woolen cap on its head and warm woolen comforters over it. That is "before" the nurse arrives. There is an "after," which brings out characteristic of the foreign families on the east side. The baby is put to sleep in comfortable night clothing in a bed, the sheets and pillow cases of which are of linen and beautifully embroidered.

Homespun linen, lace and embroidery are found in the bed linen and towels of Italians, Hungarians and several other nationalities. A very beautiful lace bedspread, all hand-made, is shown. It comes from an Italian family of the tenements.

The embroideries in the nurse's exhibition make the American housewife envious. They are family treasures of poor people brought from Europe.

The typical Italian bed of the tenements is interesting. There are two iron pieces, which support plain pine boards the width of a bed. The supports are as simple as can be. Each has an upright piece at the end and a crossbar of the iron. On the boards is the mattress, which is home-made. There is a cover made of heavy, coarse, homespun linen, and this is filled with dry cornhusks. It makes a springy bed, if not oversoft. In a family where space is at a premium one of these primitive bedsteads is left standing during the day and all the beds are piled on it, one above the other. The iron supports and the boards of the others are placed against a wall. A sleeping room at night becomes a living room by day.

As substitutes for bathtubs beautiful old copper or brass jars once were utilized in the tenements. Brought from the old country, most of them have been sold to grasping dealers. A great glass punchbowl on a standard is one of the queer things which a nurse had to substitute for a bathtub. It is one of their exhibits. Another is a small saucer, which a mother instructed to give a bath used, with doubtful results. A coal scuttle has been used in some cases of emergency for a bathtub. The nurses have it on view.

WINS BRIDE FROM CHURCH.

Dr. Pineo Persuades Mission Board to Release Miss Skilton.

FREEPORT, N. Y., Feb. 6.—Miss Mabel Skilton, daughter of Charles N. Skilton of Rockville Centre, L. I., received a cable message from Dr. Julian Pineo, a surgeon of Newark, N. J., a few days ago, when she was on her way to mission work at Bombay, to which she had been assigned by the Presbyterian Church, notifying her that the church had consented to grant her her release from her missionary duties and that she was free to return to this country to marry Dr. Pineo. Miss Skilton returned to America and the wedding will be solemnized soon.

Miss Skilton has been for several years a missionary in Bombay. [illegible] this country [illegible] a lecture in the Central Presbyterian Church at Newark. Dr. Pineo was an interested listener [illegible] lecture. Miss [illegible] of the [illegible] application [illegible] duty [illegible] started for Bombay. Dr. Pineo continued [illegible] church authorities to grant her freedom, and he was successful finally.

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The Balmacaan
A Timely Hat of Cloth.

Words do not begin to describe the unusual style and quality Truly Warner succeeded in putting into this hat. Welted seams on a diamond shape block give it a five-dollar tone and a becomingness all its own. Get it to-day at the nearest Truly Warner store. The price is only $2. Mail order charges prepaid.

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Suits and Overcoats
$15.00

YOU are liable to find a regular $30 Suit or Overcoat at $15, as this is "clean-up" time with us. You surely *must* get a bargain no matter what you buy at $15, as none are worth less than $20.

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Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open till 11 P. M.)
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HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.
NOW! ALL NEW! Circus ACTS. Greatest Show ever seen anywhere. under a Roof.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evgs. 8 sharp.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT
Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY. Lew Fields .... Proprietor
Evs. at 8 sharp. Matinee To-day at 2 sharp.
Sensational Success of the London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production
THE GIRL ON THE FILM
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY, FEB. 12.

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 7292.
11 to Closing Time. Adm. $1. Varieté, Dancing. Restaurant. DOROTHY TOYE, Oy-Ra and Dorma Leigh, Marcel's Art Studies. Afternoons 4 to 6. The Dansant—Rosita Mantilla.
NEXT SUN. NIGHT: "PROFESSIONAL" NIGHT DANCING CONTEST.

39TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Thurs.
BLANCHE RING in "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES."
Supported by HARRY CONOR.

SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Thurs.
A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

Little 44 St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:45. Mats. T'day, Wed. & Thurs, 2:30.
The Unique Theatre of America
Housing Plays by Authors of International Reputation
BERNARD SHAW'S
Amazing Comedy,
"The Philanderer"
All Seats for All Performances, $2.00.

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. T'day & Thur., 2:30.
Joe Weber & Walter Hast present THE WELSH PLAYERS in CHANGE
Next Week—POST in OMAR the Tentmaker.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Matinee To-day, 2:30.
The Things That Count
Mats. Next Week—Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15.
GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER
Moves Feb. 9th to Booth Theatre.

NEXT WEEK | SEATS NOW.
William Faversham
Presents a cast of distinguished stars,
MR. FAVERSHAM CECILIA LOFTUS
CONSTANCE COLLIER R. D. MACLEAN
JULIE OPP
In a spectacular production of Shakespeare's OTHELLO

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. To-day at 2:15. To-night at 8:15.
The Love-laugh of the year.
KITTY MACKAY
"Whom did the Adam's boys marry to keep on populatin' the world?"

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'day., Wed., Thurs. at 2:15. HIGH JINKS

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS. 39th, nr. B'way. To-night 8:30. Mat. To-day, 2:30. Pop. Price Mat. Wed.
THE LIMIT OF LAUGHTER, SURPRISE AND SENSATION IN FIVE NEW PLAYS.
Sunday Concert at 3—Sapirstein, Pianist.

48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mat. 2:20.
SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY Mats. To-day & Thurs.

Manhattan OPERA HOUSE, 34th & 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'day & Wed.
Extra Mat. Feb. 12. WITHIN the LAW with JANE COWL.

WEST END 4 Performances Daily, 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M.
THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE The Photo Drama Sensation.
Next Week.................THE DEADLOCK.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. T'day, Wed. & Feb. 12 at 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day, 2:15. AT BAY Next Week—NAT C. GOODWIN.

VITAGRAPH THEATRE formerly Criterion. B'way & 44th St.
OPENS TO-NIGHT. Prices 25c. to $1.00
4 Shows Daily—11:30 A. M., 2:30, 5:30, 8:30 P. M.
"A Million Bid" Gripping Sensational Drama in Five Parts.
John Bunny (Himself) in "The Honeymooners." A Novelty! A Surprise!
"Goodness Gracious" A 3,000 Foot Laugh. Seats Now Ready.

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BLANCHE WALSH, Lasky's "Red Heads," THE GREAT LESTER, CHIEF CAUPOLICAN, Bronson & Baldwin, oths.

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People's (B'y & Sp'g.) Ed. LeeWrothe & Ginger Girls
Bronx (3 Av. & 156 St.) Miner's Big Frolic.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
To-day Mat. & Ev., MAJOLIKA; Sun. DIE CHRISTIANS in PFARRER v. KIRCHFELD.

BRONX Opera House, 149 St., E. of 3 Av. Mat. To-day. THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE with CHARLOTTE WALKER
Next Mon.—THE FIGHT by Bayard Veiller.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day. QUEENS OF PARIS

REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c
Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 9:30, 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 15-25c.
THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation

UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. 15 & 25c.
5 Times Daily. 10, 2, 4, 6 & 8. TRAFFIC in SOULS

Carnegie Lyceum. Daily, 2:15, 8:15. Mats. 25-50.
VICTOR HUGO'S Les Miserables Nights, Sat. & Sun. Mats. 35-1.00

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
MAUDE ADAMS
IN J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY, THE LEGEND OF LEONORA

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:30.
MISS BILLIE BURKE
in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success,
THE LAND OF PROMISE

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38 St. Ev. at 8. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Lincoln's Day at 2.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY WITH A PUNCH!
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HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
Wm. Collier A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
MABEL AND EDITH TALIAFERRO
in RACHEL CROTHERS' New Comedy,
YOUNG WISDOM

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:20.
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GLOBE Mat. To-day QUEEN OF THE MOVIES

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
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The Little Cafe
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150th Time Wed. Mat., Feb. 11th—Beautiful Souvenir Stein presented to Every Lady.

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The International Operetta Sensation,
SARI SETS THE HEART TO SINGING—THE FEET TO SWINGING.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
THE MISLEADING LADY

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:20.
Frances Starr THE SECRET

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
EVA MOORE & H. V. ESMOND
with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. T'day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
POTASH & PERLMUTTER

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CYRIL MAUDE in GRUMPY.

GRAND 23 St., 8 Av. 25c to $1.00 Mat. T'day. Chauncey OLCOTT—"Shameen Dhu."

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T'day, Wed. & Feb. 12.
COHAN'S BEST PLAY
Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. T'day, Wed. & Feb. 12, 2:15.
THE YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE W. 48 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'day & Wed., 2:30.
DOROTHY DONNELLY with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA

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Every Eve. 8:15. T'day Mat., 2:15.
The Sensational Military Play
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To-day at 2. Amore dei Tre Re. Bori; Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
To-night at 8. Pop. Prices. Aida. Gadski, Ober; Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Evg. Concert. Richard Wagner Night. Soloists: Fremstad, Martin, Griswold.
Next Mon at 7:30. Meistersinger. Destinn, Mattfeld; Berger, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Ch'go Opera Co. Louise. Garden, Berat; Dalmores, Dufranne, Warnery, Huberdeau. Conductor, Campanini.
Wed. at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Goritz, Weil, Althouse, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 1:30. Siegfried. Gadski, Ober, Sparkes; Jorn, Griswold, Reiss, Goritz, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly. Cond., Polacco.
Fri. at 8:15. La Traviata. Hempel; Cristalli, Amato, Bada, Begue. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Mat. at 1:45. Tristan und Isolde. Fremstad, Ober; Berger, Weil, Braun. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Faust. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Rothier, Gilly. Cond., Hageman.
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Beethoven, Wagner, Schumann, Mendelssohn, Tschaikowsky.
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Bach, Schumann, Schubert, Tschaikowsky.
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To-morrow (Sunday) Aft. at 3.
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No Admission Charged.
Gerard Chatfield, at the Pianola.
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Assisting Artist, Miss Katharine Goodson. Seats, $2 and $1.50. Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

JARDIN DE DANSE Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30
8:30 TO CLOSING
TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN AMERICA "FURLANA"—Dance Approved by Pope.
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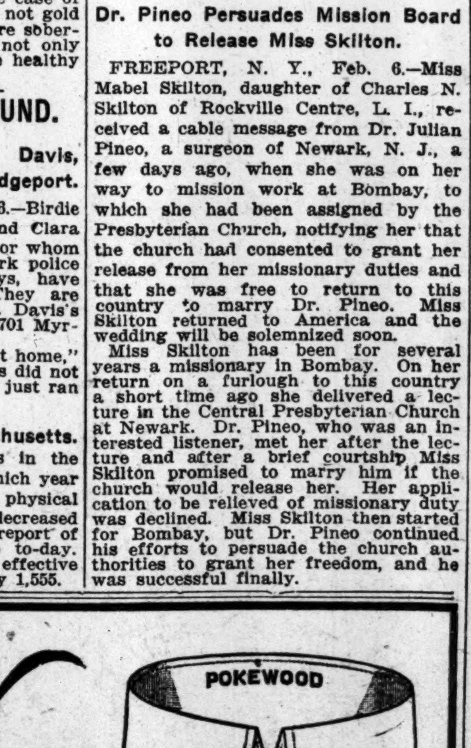

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